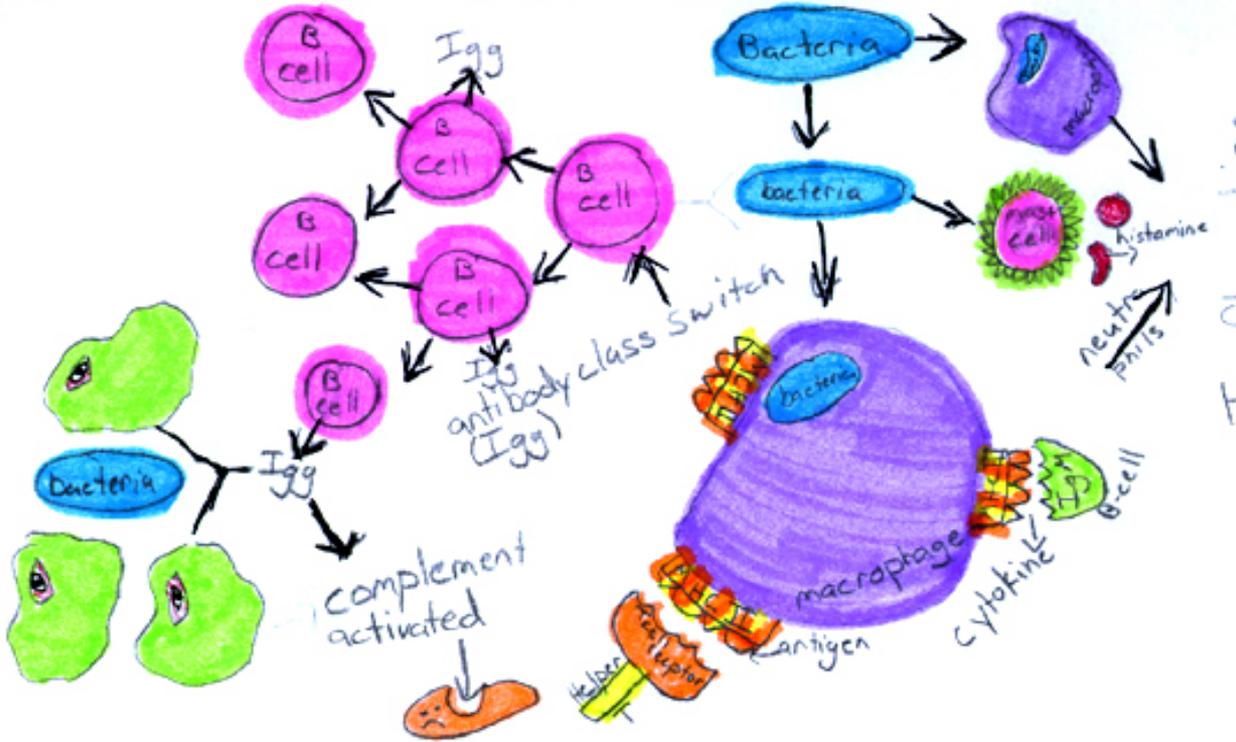


# Imunologia Básica



Inflammation  
(E, H, AR, P)

Humeral Immunity

**IMMUNE  
RESPONSE**

Meaghan Bence  
Kella Kessler  
Mindy Talboo



Inflammation  
(flu like) systemic

Cellular Immunity

Virus

# BMI-296 Imunologia

## Biologia Diurno

### Organização das Aulas

- 1- início às 9hs - aula com pelo menos um intervalo
- 2- provas ME (pesos 1 + 2 + 4)
- 3- período com monitor PAE (Felipe), após as aulas, na mesma sala
- 4- atividade vídeo “Imunologia Animal” (peso 3)

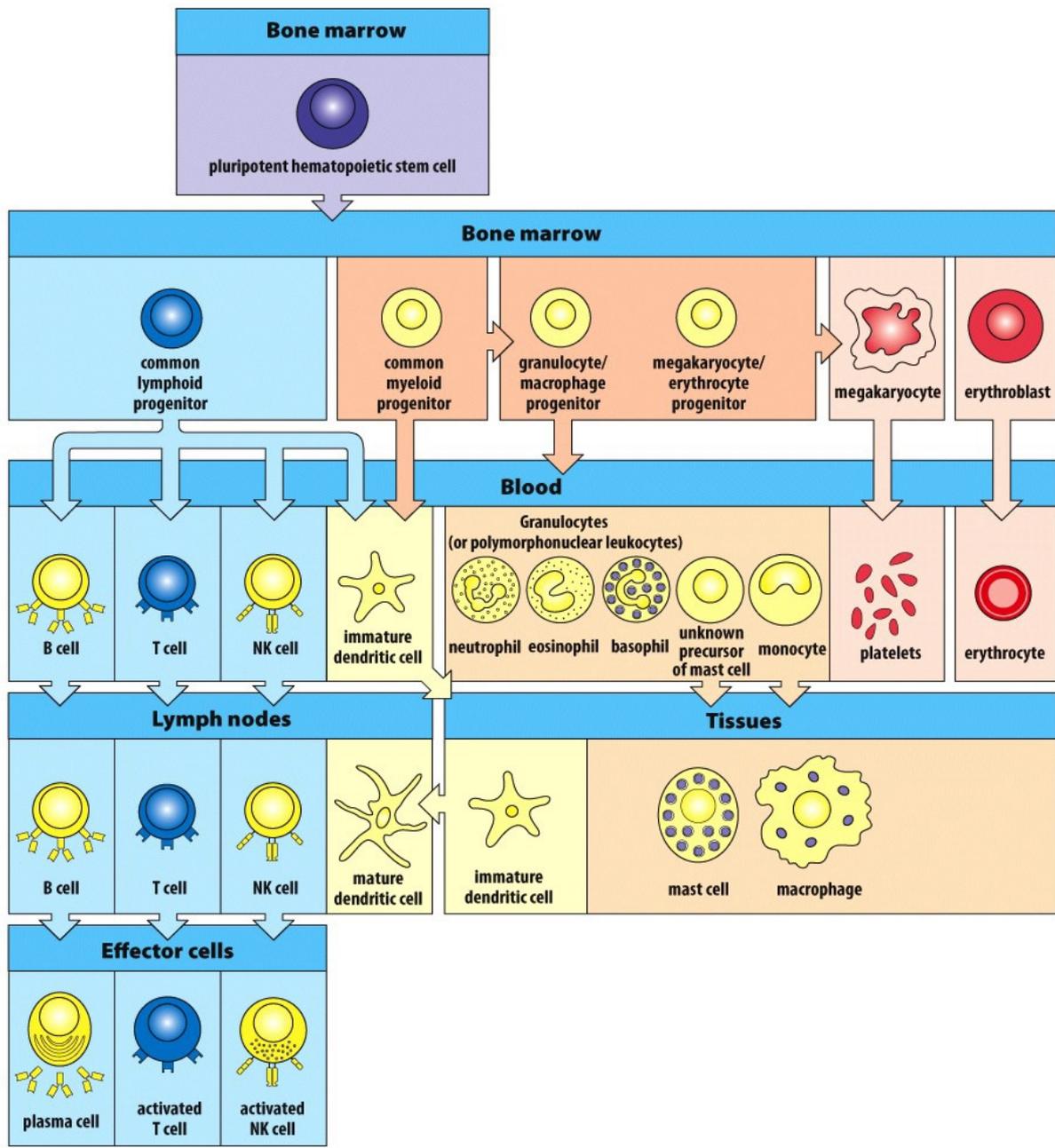
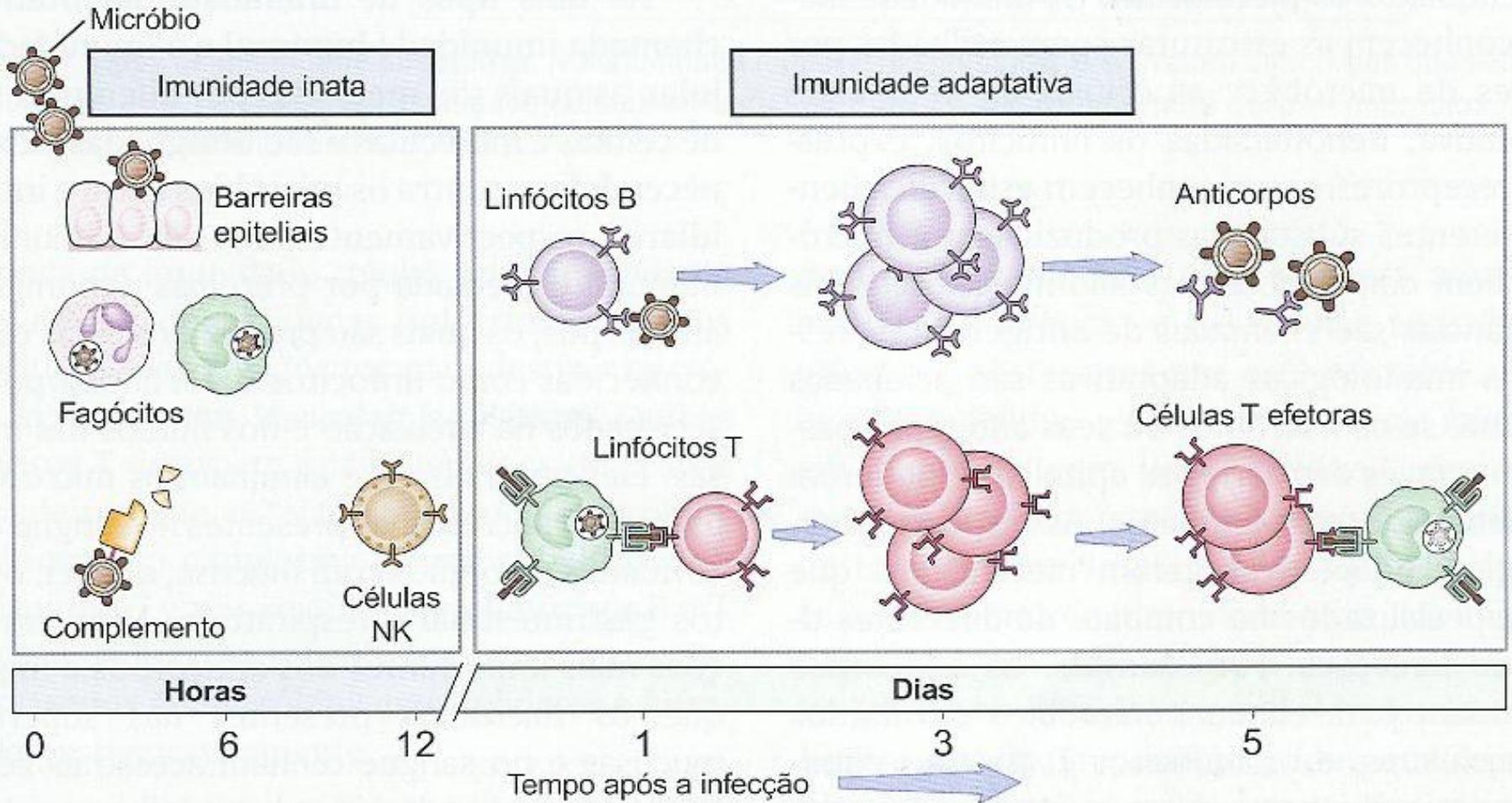


Figure 1.3 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

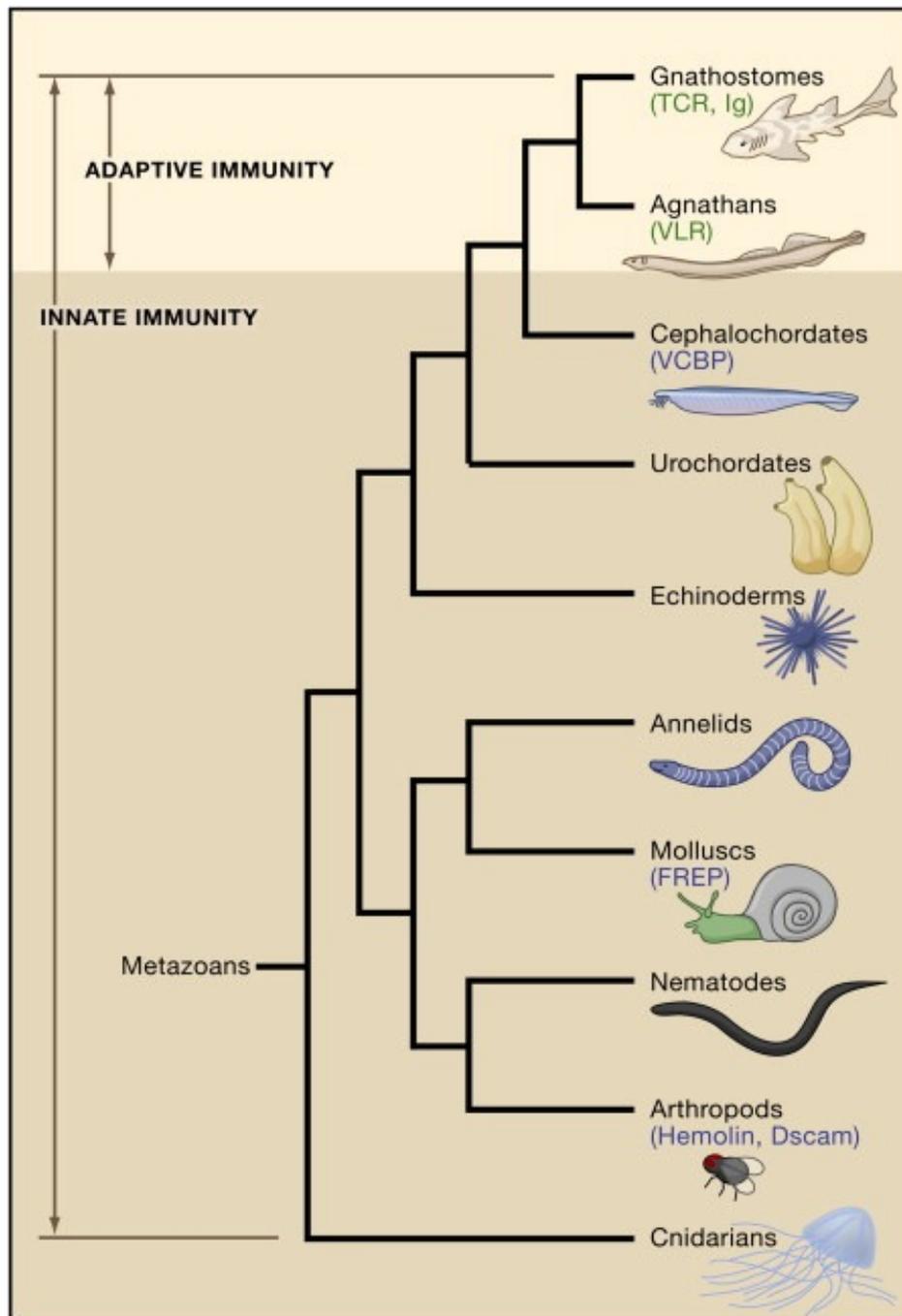


conceito importante!





conceito importante!



Max D. Cooper, Matthew N. Alder

The Evolution of Adaptive Immune Systems

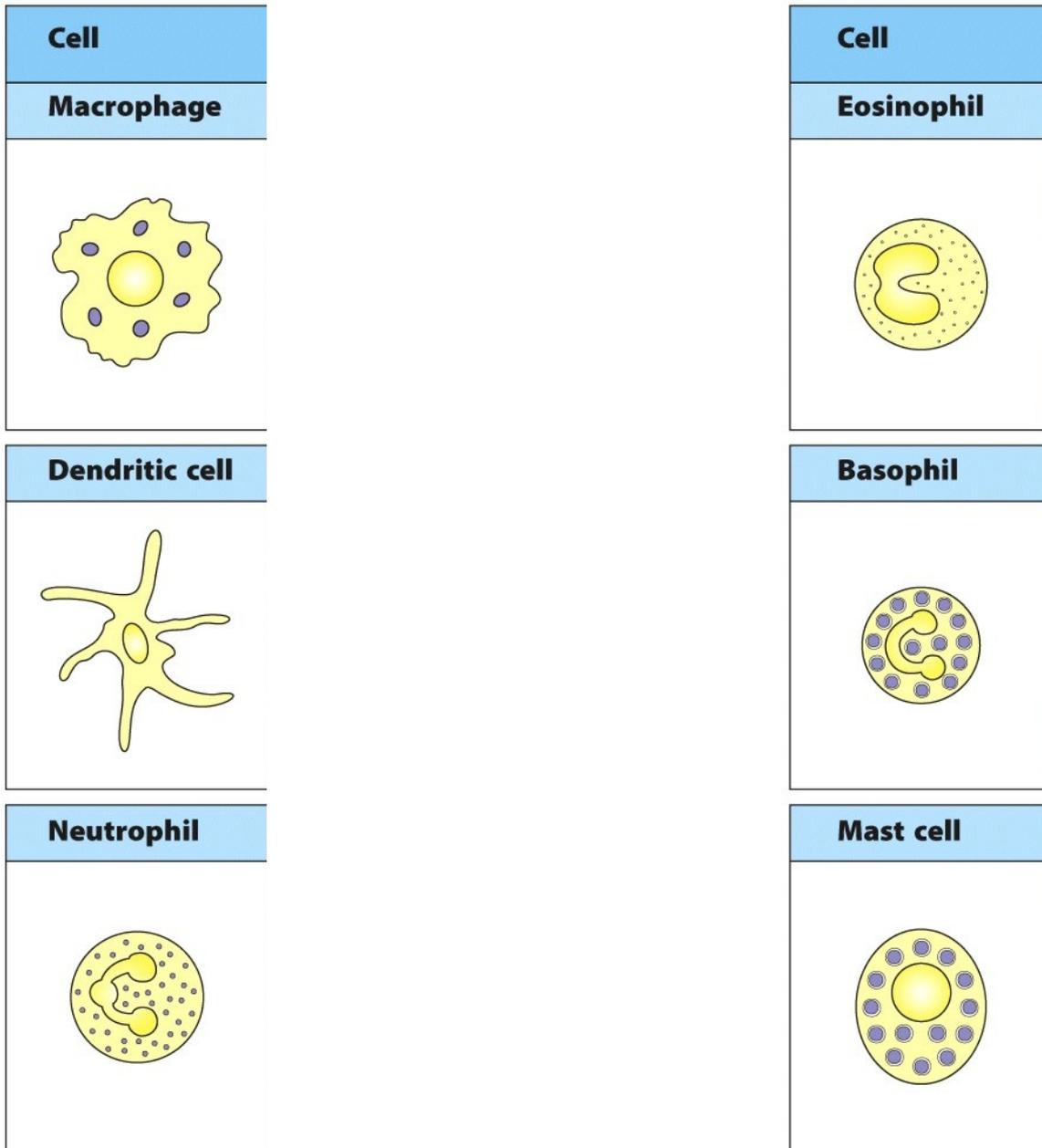


Figure 1.4 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

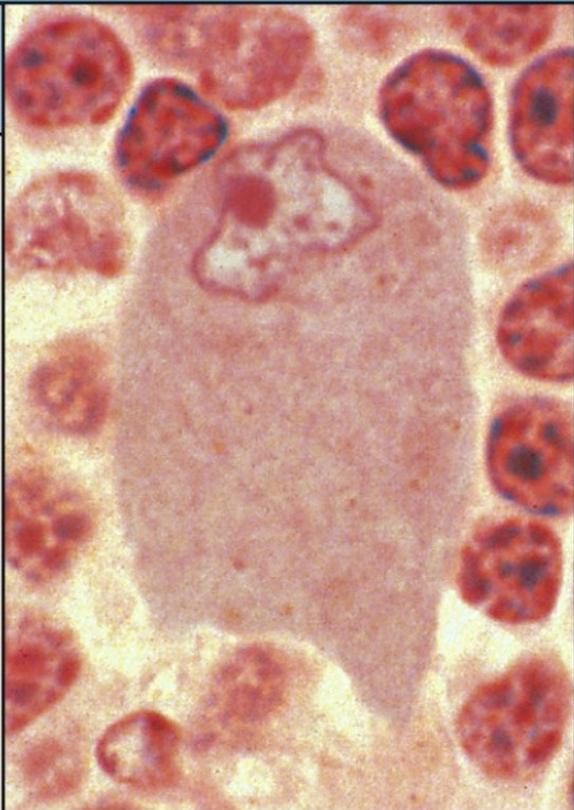
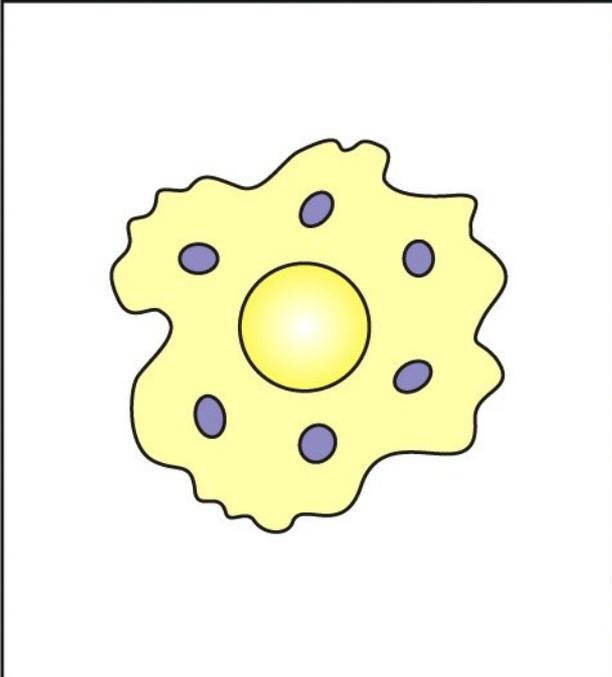
Cell		Activated function
<b>Macrophage</b>	 <p>A light micrograph showing a large, pale macrophage in the center, surrounded by numerous smaller, reddish-stained cells. The macrophage has an irregular shape and a large, clear cytoplasmic area.</p>	<p><b>Phagocytosis and activation of bactericidal mechanisms</b></p> <p><b>Antigen presentation</b></p>
 <p>A schematic diagram of a macrophage, depicted as a yellow, irregularly shaped cell with a scalloped border. It contains a large central yellow nucleus and several smaller purple nuclei.</p>		

Figure 1.4 part 1 of 6 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

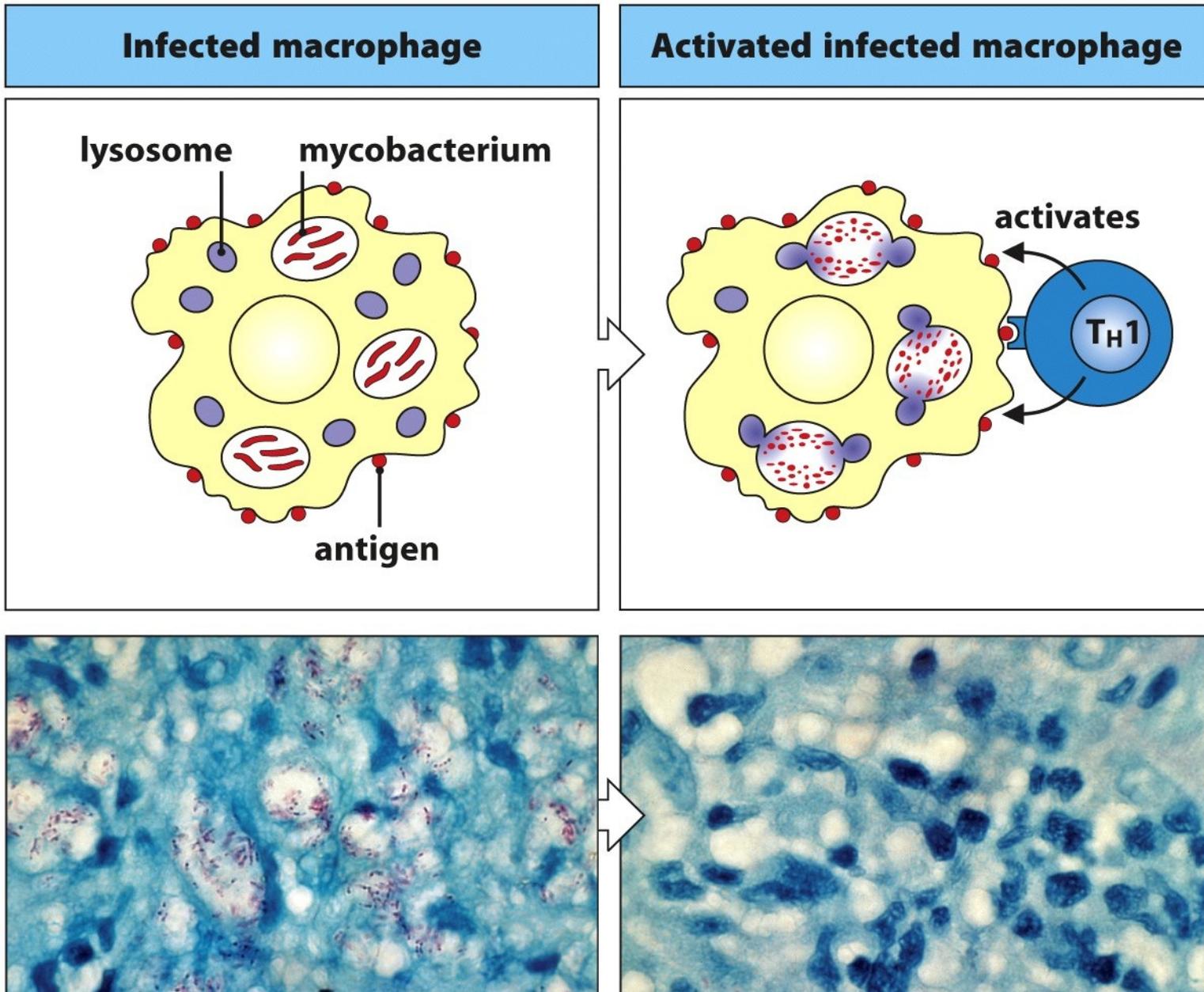


Figure 1.27 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

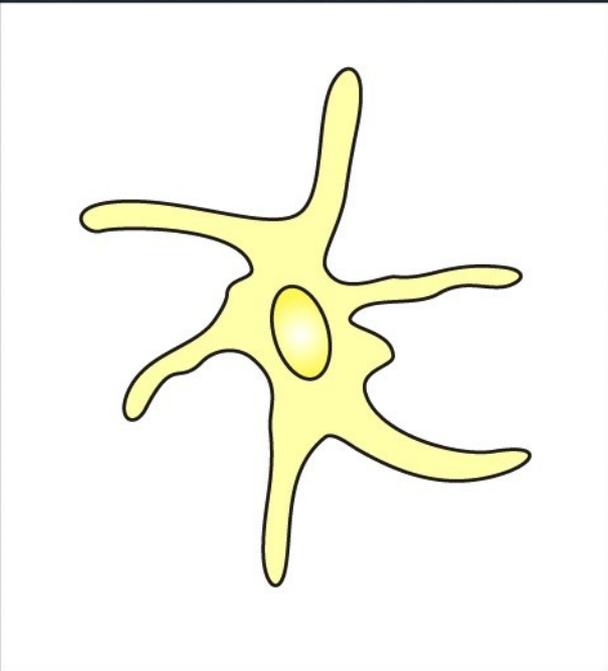
Cell	Activated function	
<b>Dendritic cell</b>		<p><b>Antigen uptake in peripheral sites</b></p> <p><b>Antigen presentation</b></p>
		

Figure 1.4 part 2 of 6 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)



conceito importante!

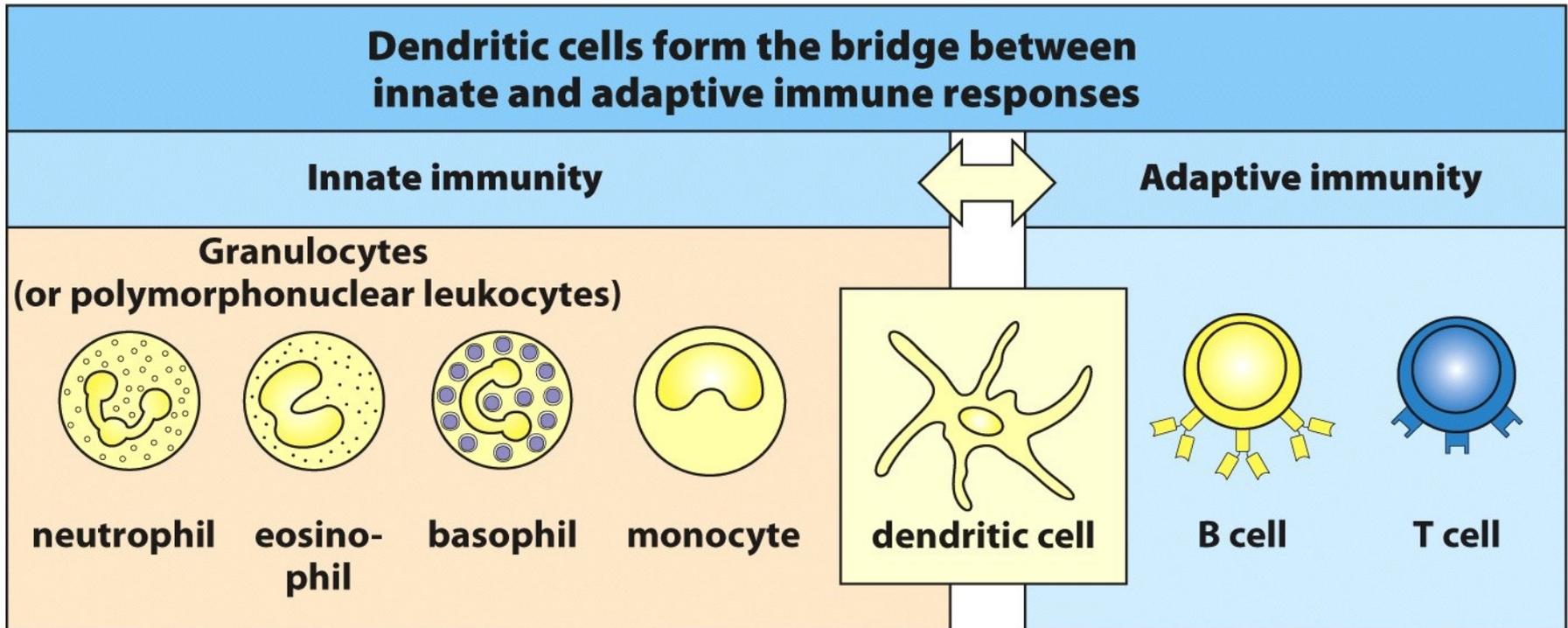


Figure 1.5 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

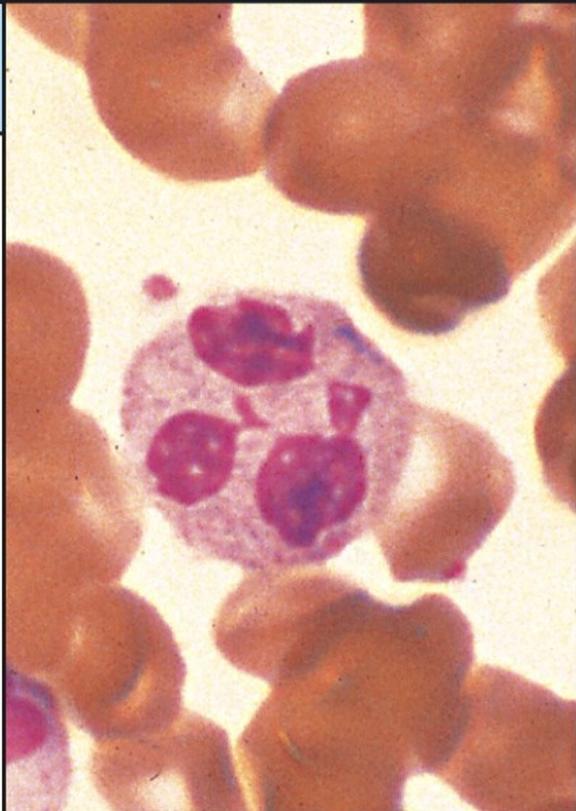
Cell		Activated function
<p><b>Neutrophil</b></p>	 <p>A light micrograph showing a neutrophil in the center, characterized by its multi-lobed, reddish-purple nucleus and light-colored cytoplasm. It is surrounded by numerous red blood cells, which appear as large, smooth, pinkish-orange discs.</p>	<p><b>Phagocytosis and activation of bactericidal mechanisms</b></p>

Figure 1.4 part 3 of 6 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

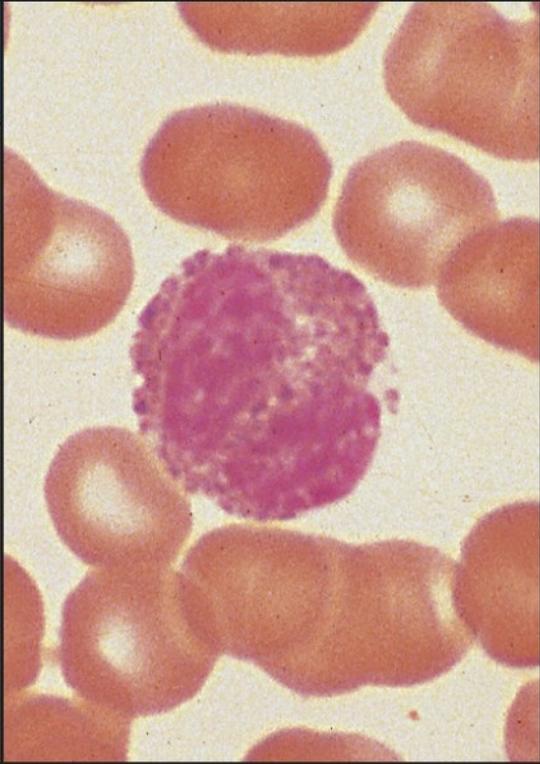
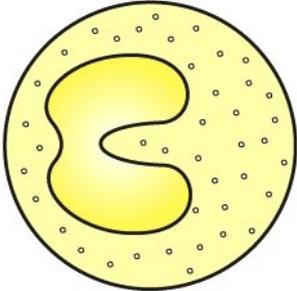
Cell	Activated function	
<b>Eosinophil</b>		<p><b>Killing of antibody-coated parasites</b></p>
		

Figure 1.4 part 4 of 6 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

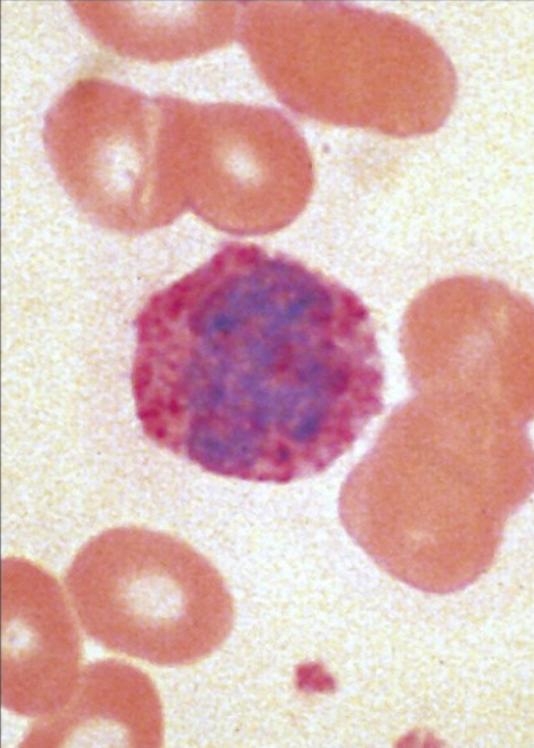
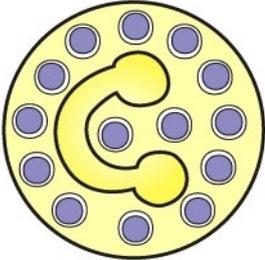
Cell	Activated function	
<b>Basophil</b>		<p><b>Promotion of allergic responses and augmentation of anti-parasitic immunity</b></p>
		

Figure 1.4 part 5 of 6 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

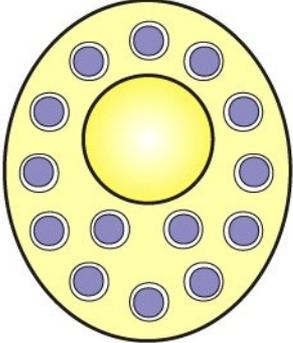
Cell	Activated function	
<p><b>Mast cell</b></p>		<p><b>Release of granules containing histamine and active agents</b></p>
		

Figure 1.4 part 6 of 6 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

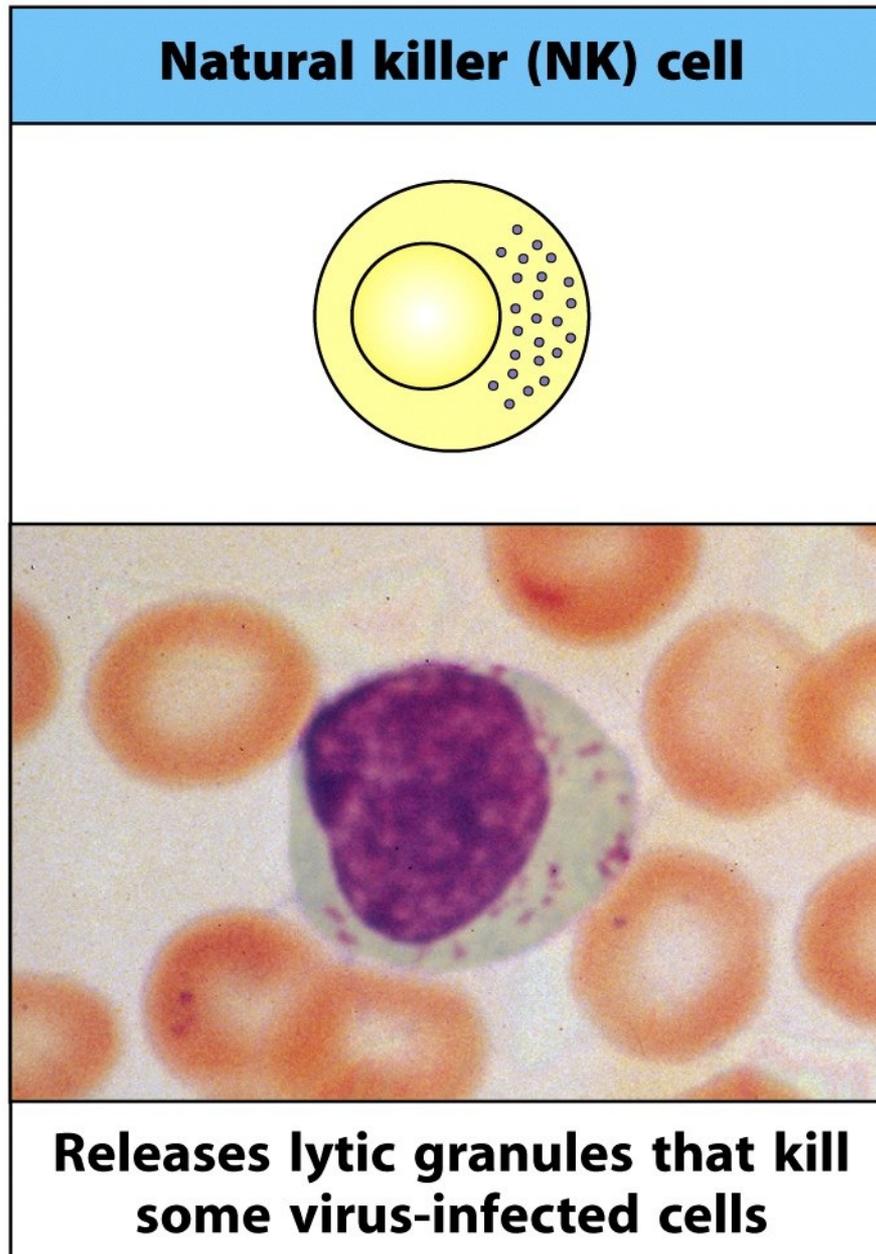


Figure 1.6 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

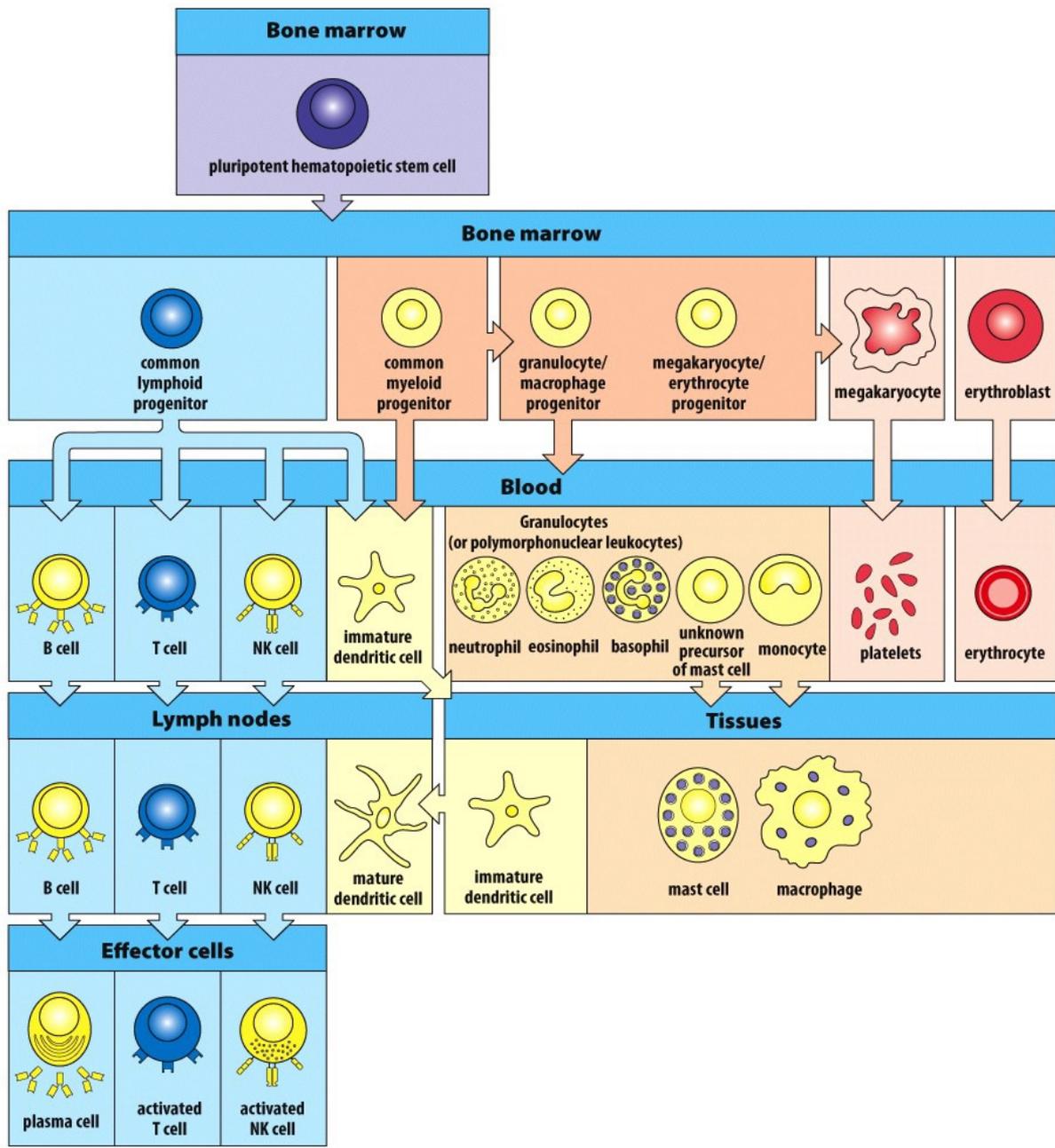


Figure 1.3 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

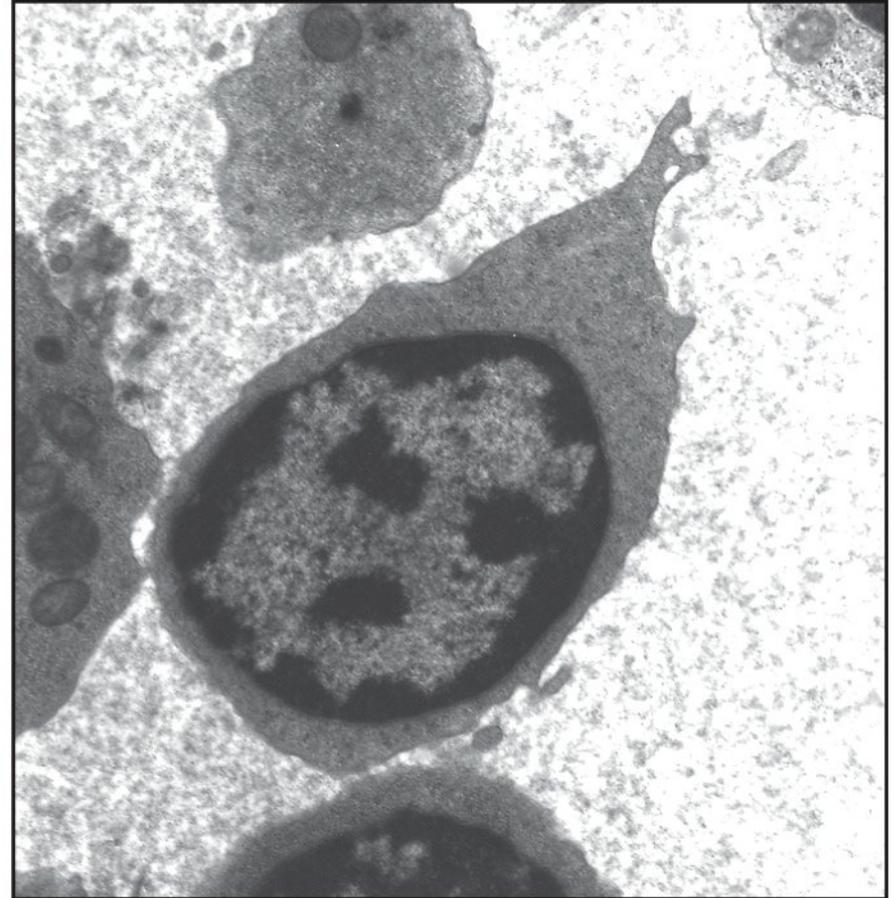
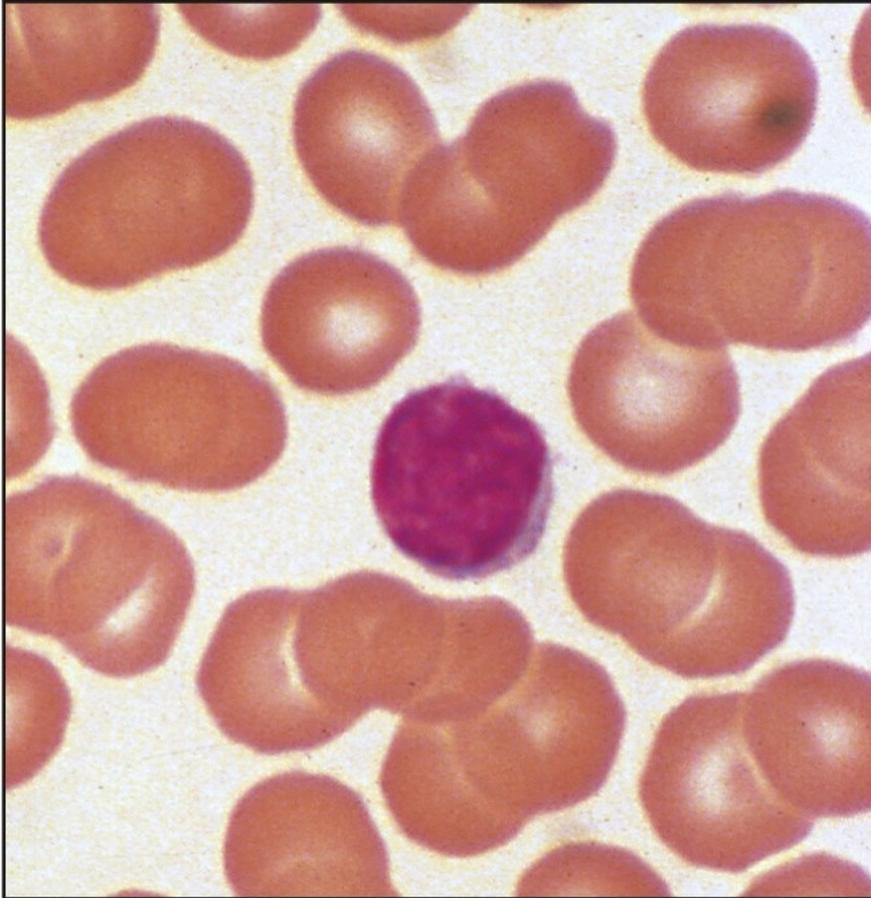


Figure 1.7 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

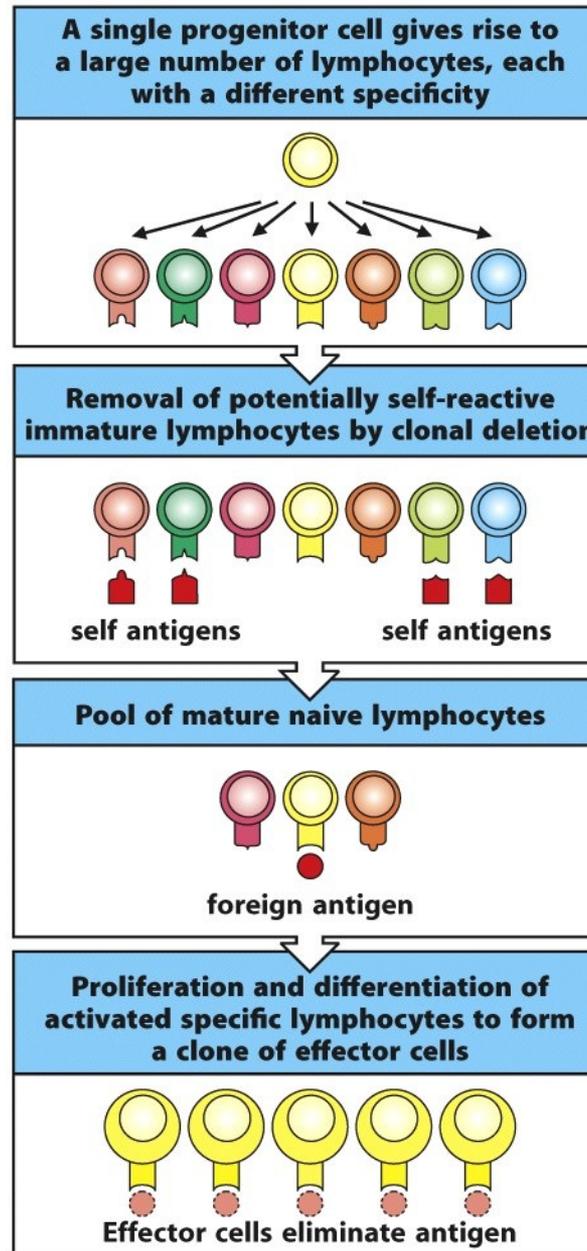


Figure 1.12 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

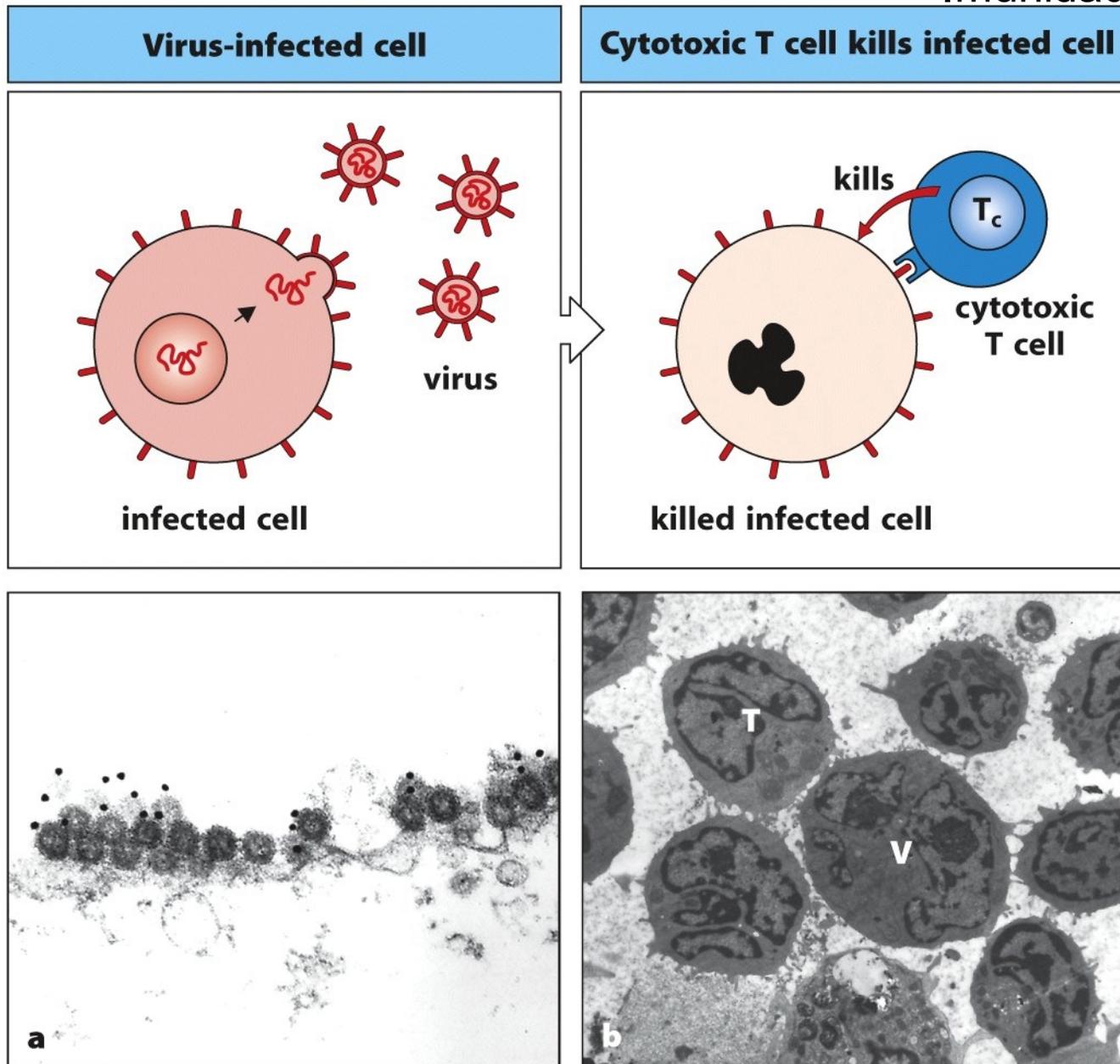


Figure 1.26 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

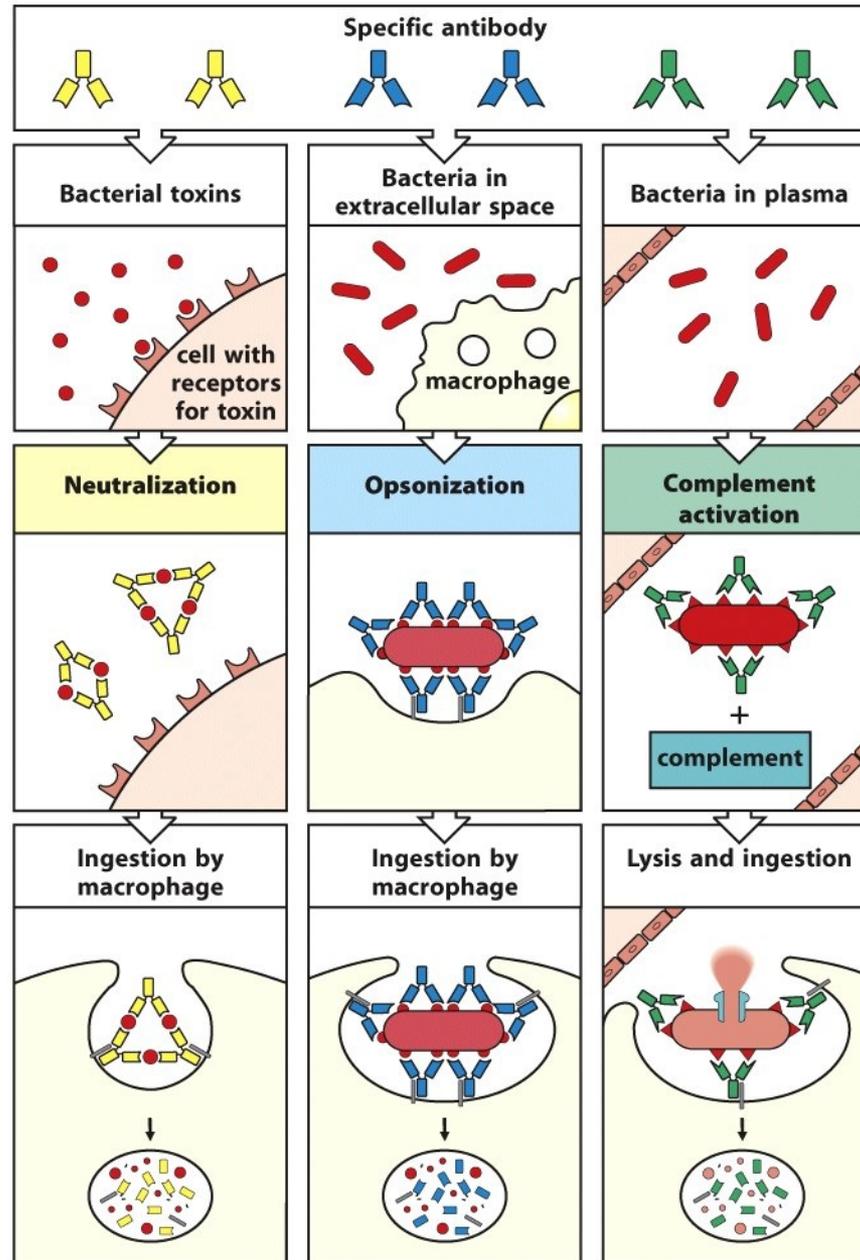
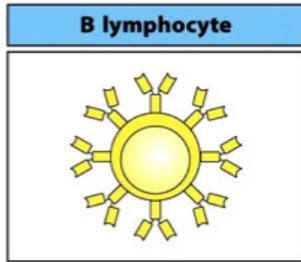
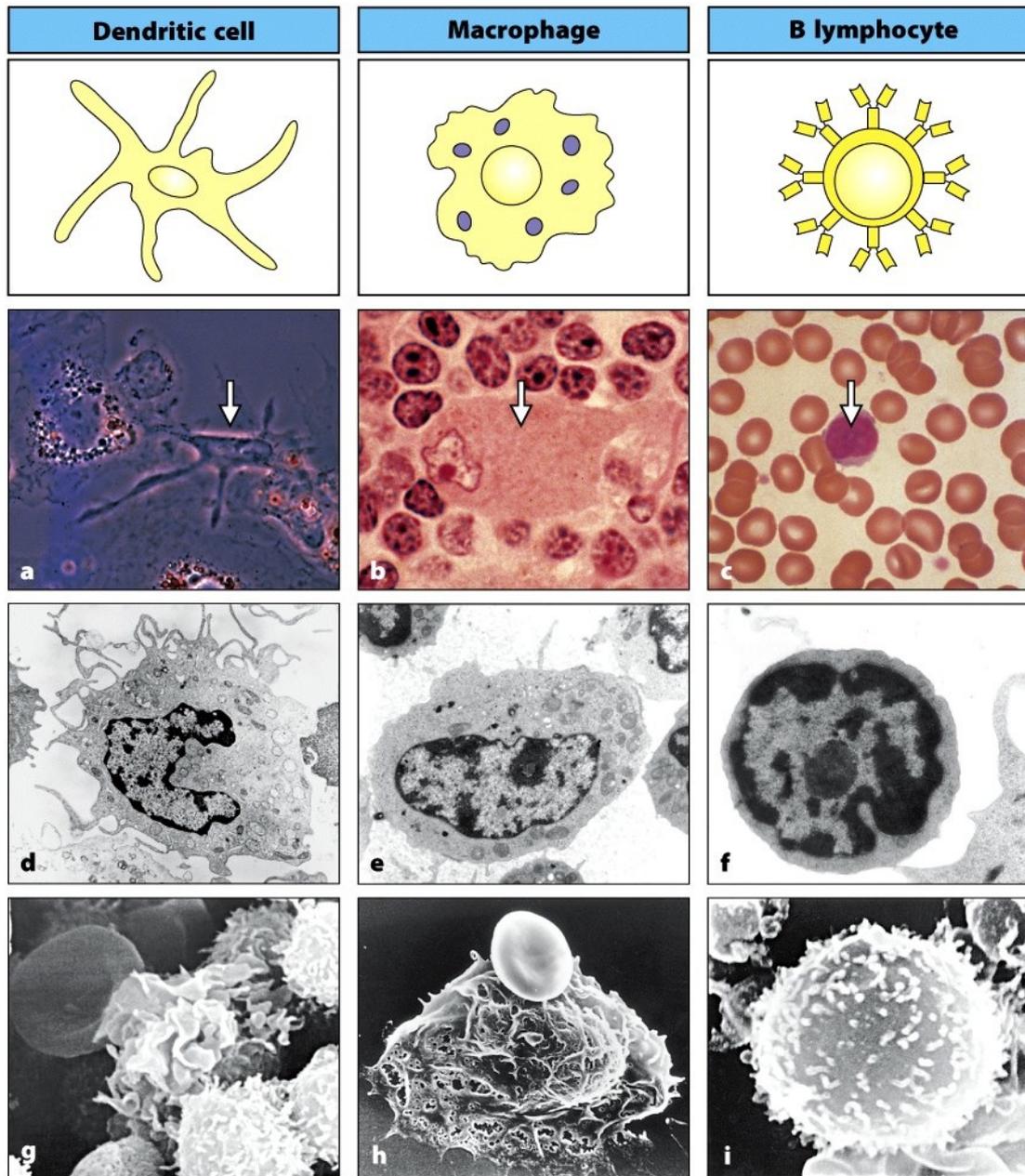


Figure 1.25 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)



Antigen  
Presenting  
Cell

Figure 1.22 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)



conceito importante!

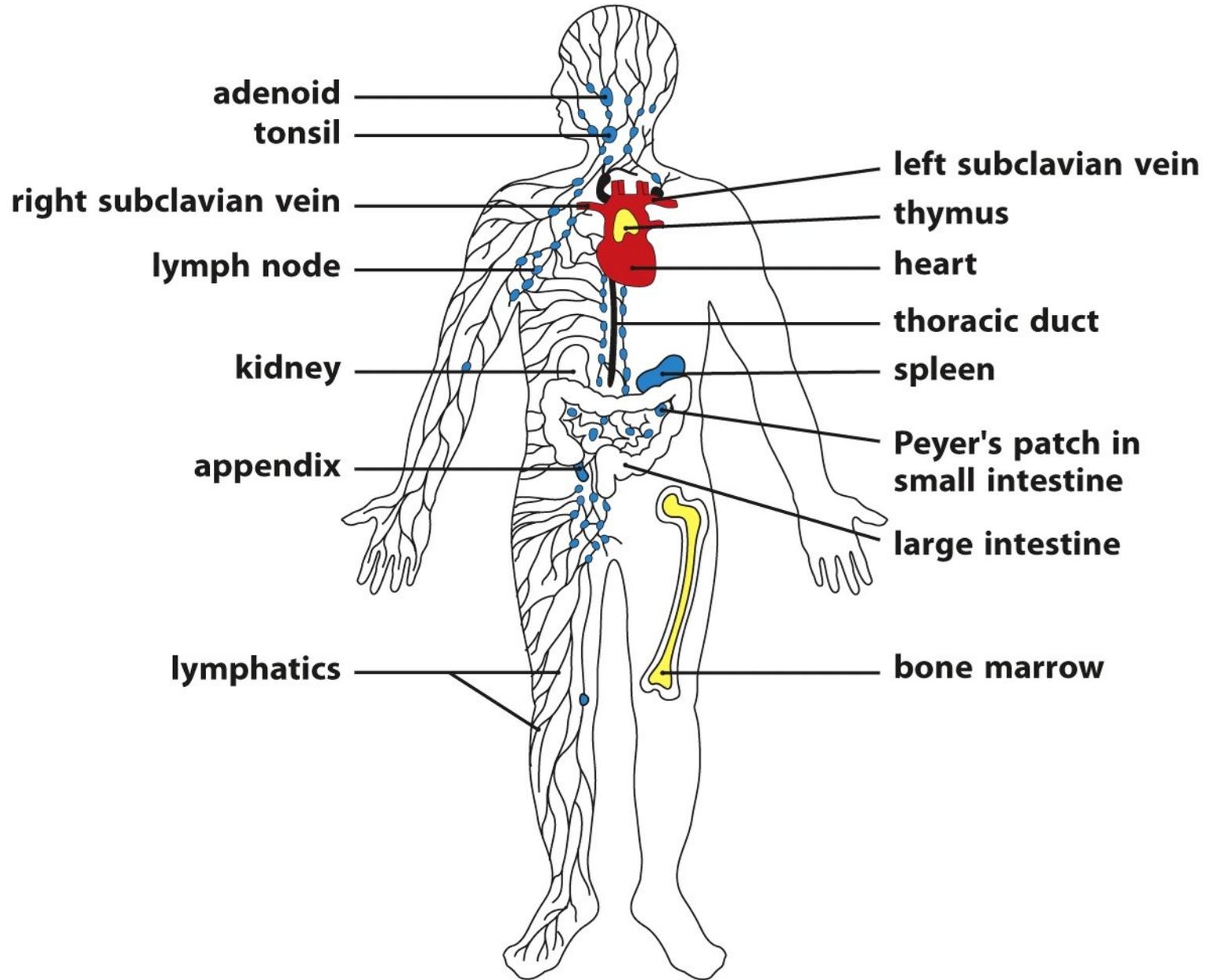
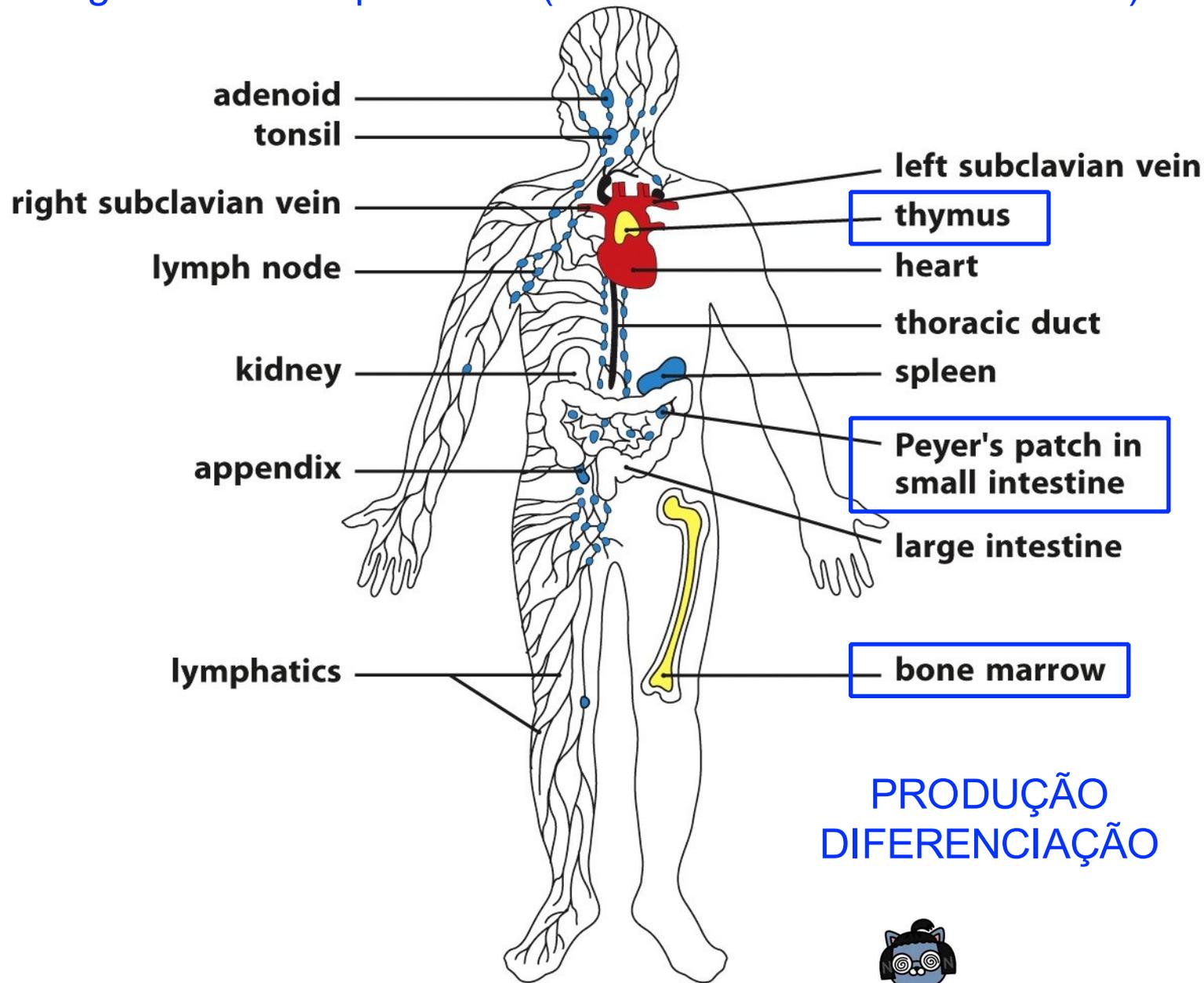


Figure 1.8 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

# Orgãos linfóides primários (maioria dos mamíferos adultos)



PRODUÇÃO  
DIFERENCIAÇÃO



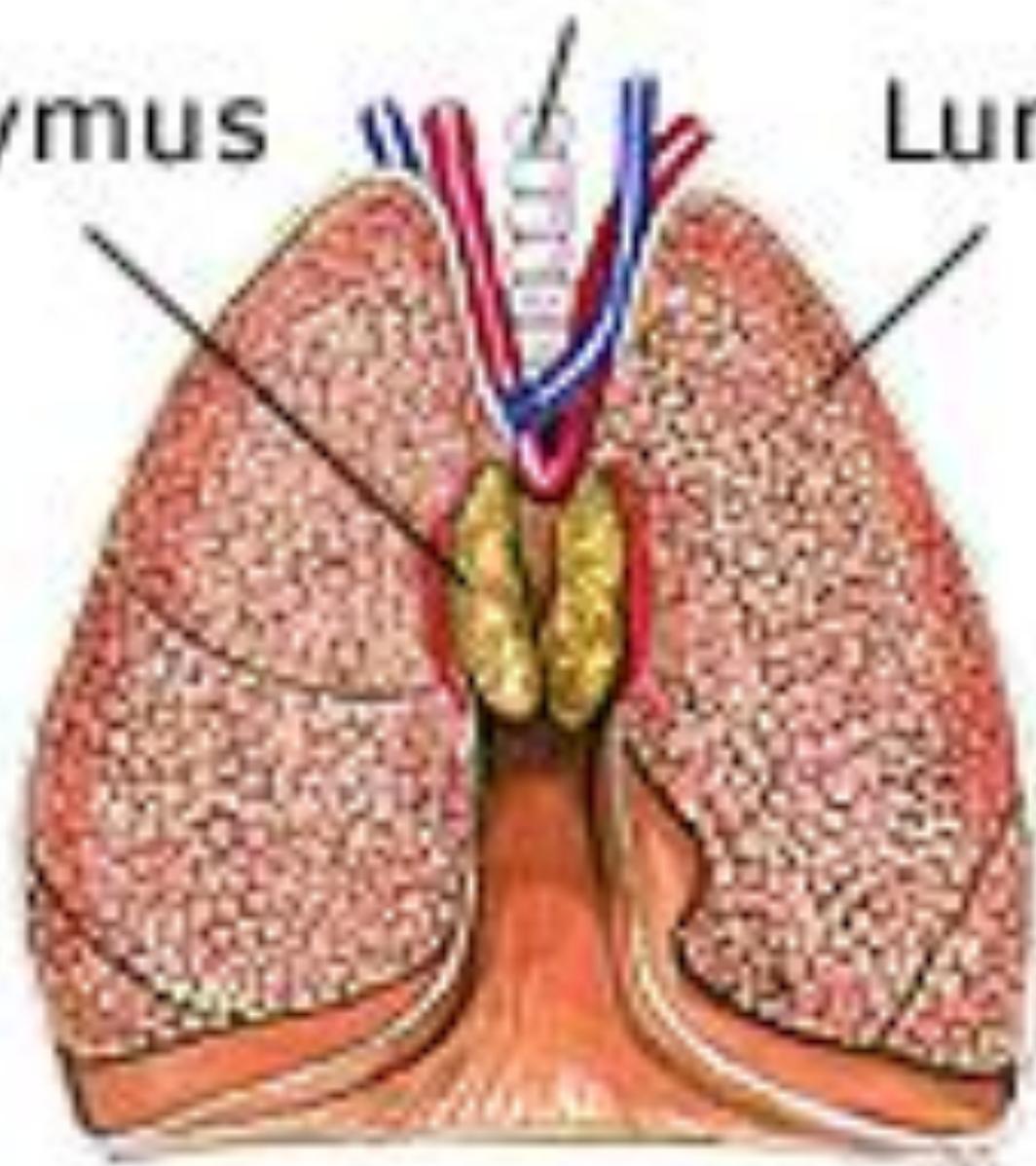
conceito importante!

Figure 1.8 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

Luftröhre

Thymus

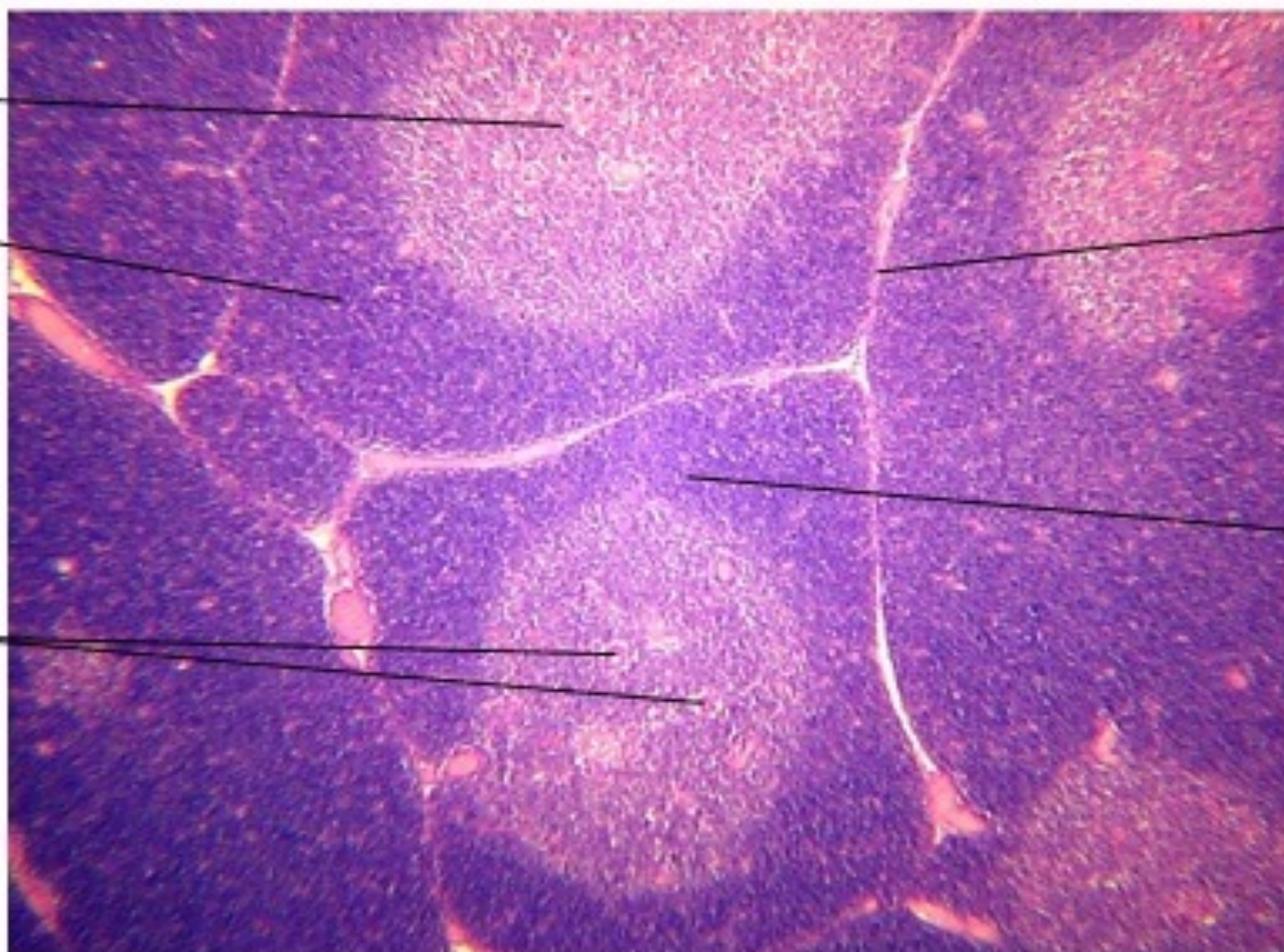
Lunge



médullaire

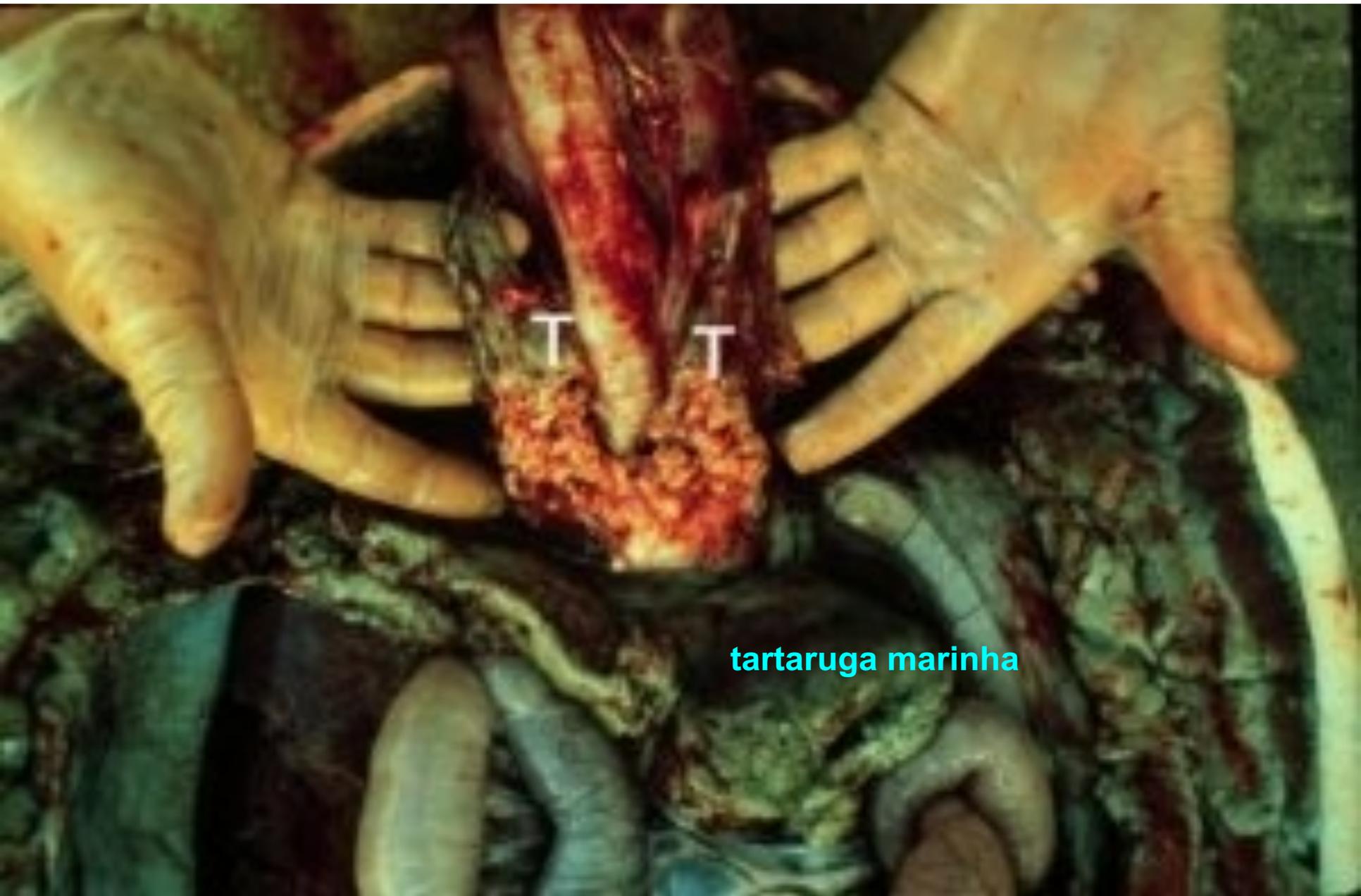
cortex

corpuscule  
de Hassall

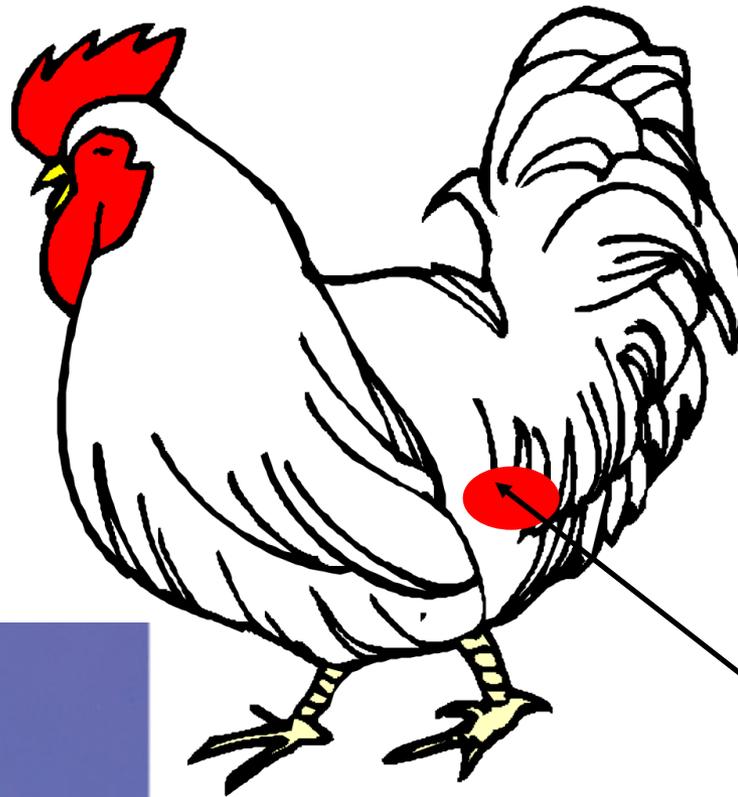


trabécule

lobule



tartaruga marinha



**Bursa de Fabricius  
90% linfócitos B**



**FIGURE 10-5** The bursa of Fabricius obtained from a 1-week-old chicken. It has been cut open to reveal the folds inside.

**Peyer's patches are covered by an epithelial layer containing specialized cells called M cells which have characteristic membrane ruffles**

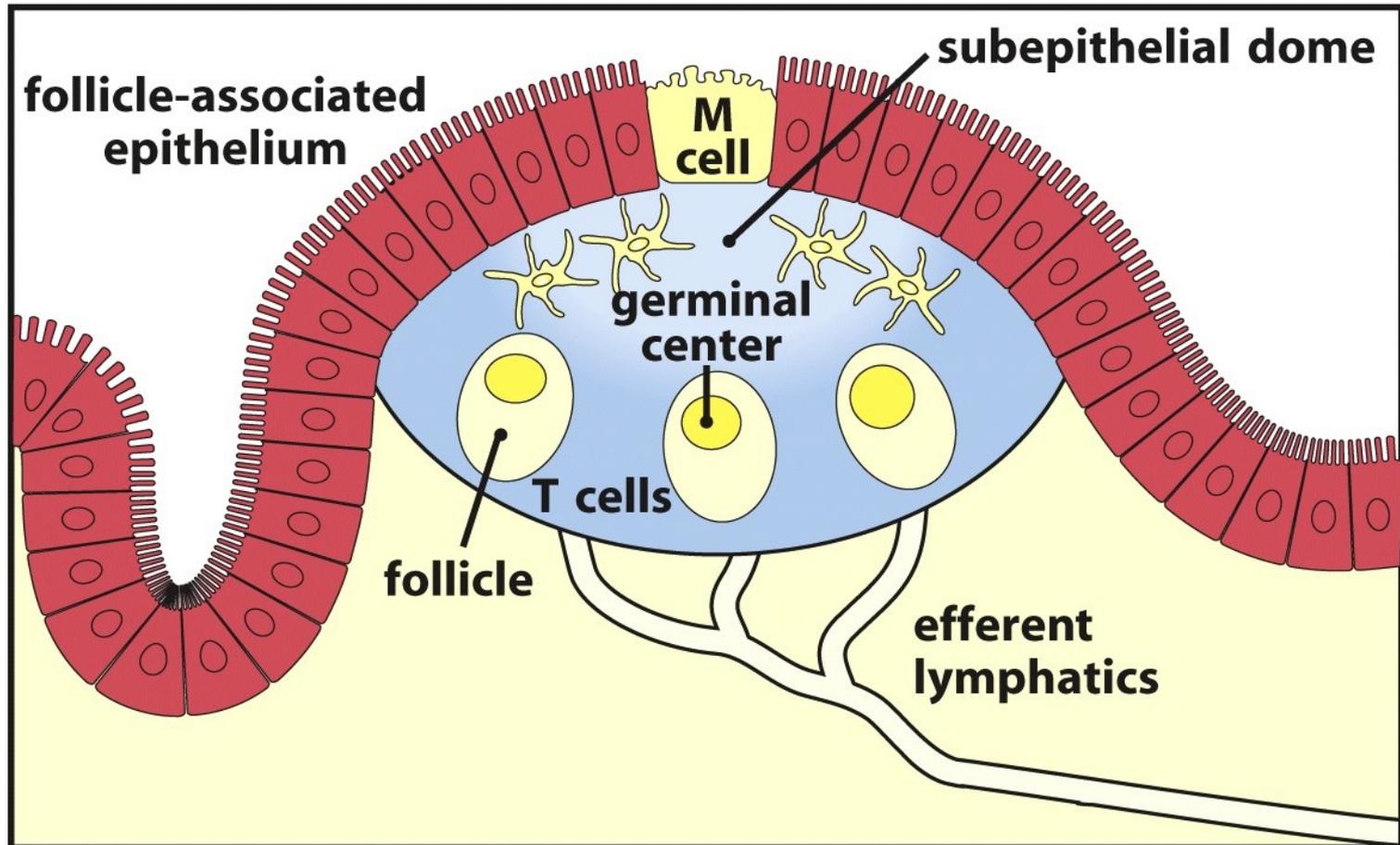
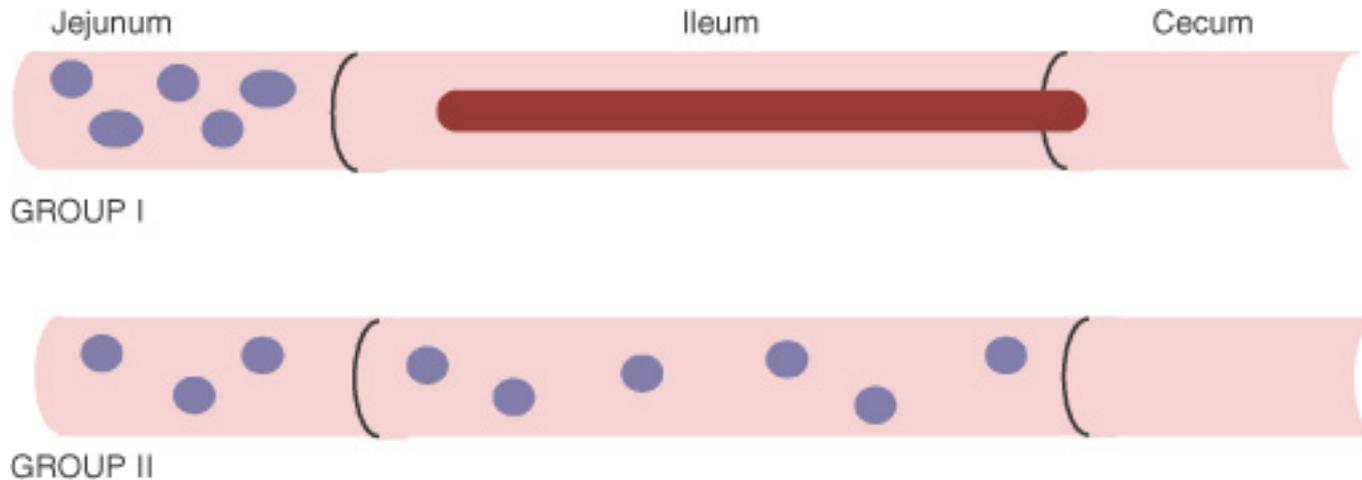


Figure 1.20 part 1 of 2 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

## Produção e diferenciação de linfócitos B (~ Bursa)



**FIGURE 10-7** Schematic diagram showing the differences between the arrangement of Peyer's patches (PPs) in group 1 and group II mammals. The large ileal PP in group I mammals is a primary lymphoid organ that regresses at about a year of age.

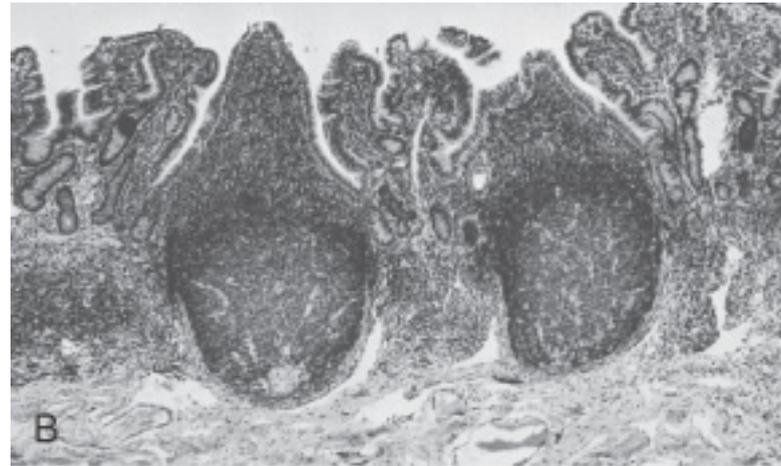
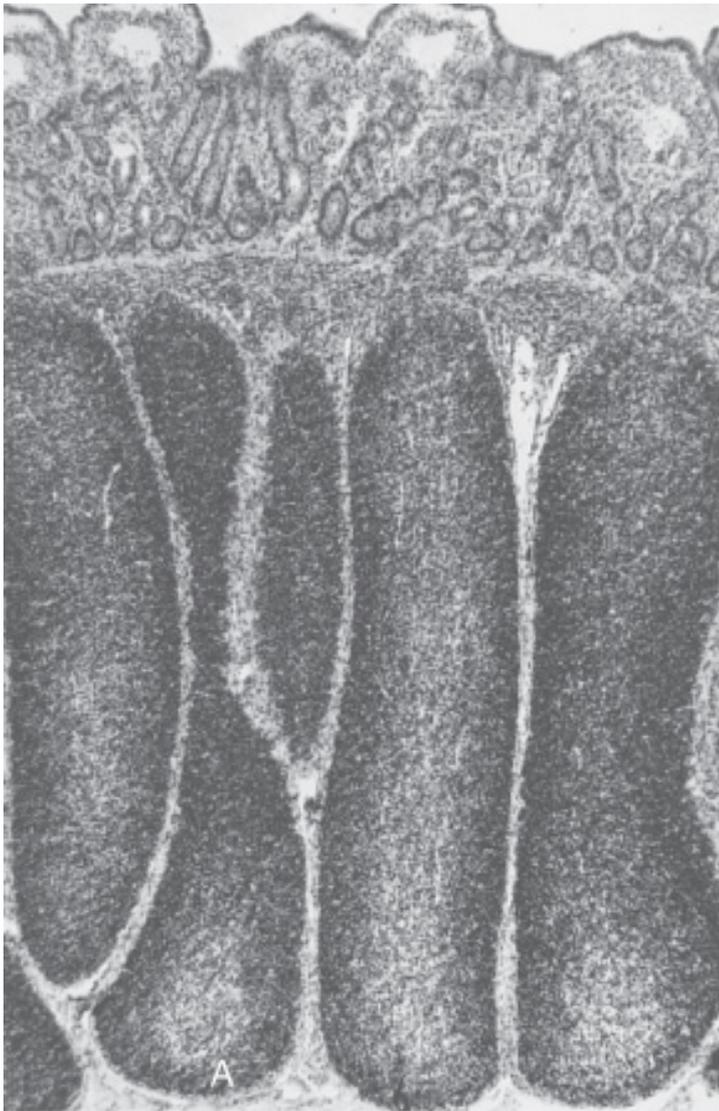
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**Grupo I** - humanos, cães, cavalos, porcos e ruminantes

- \* maturidade máxima logo após nascimento
- \* PPs do íleo regridem em adultos

**Grupo II** - outros primatas, roedores e coelhos

- \* desenvolvimento depende de microbiota intestinal
- \* persiste na vida adulta



**FIGURE 10-8A** Structure of the two different types of Peyer's patch (PP) in sheep. **A**, An ileal PP at age 8 weeks. **B**, A PP from the jejunum, also at 8 weeks. Original magnification  $\times 32$ .  
(From Reynolds JD, Morris B: *Eur J Immunol* 13:631, 1983.)

# PLAYTIME

## RULES

SHARE YOUR TOYS

MAKE NEW FRIENDS

**TAKE TURNS**

**LAUGH AND GIGGLE**

TIDY UP AFTER YOURSELF

**PLAY FUN GAMES**

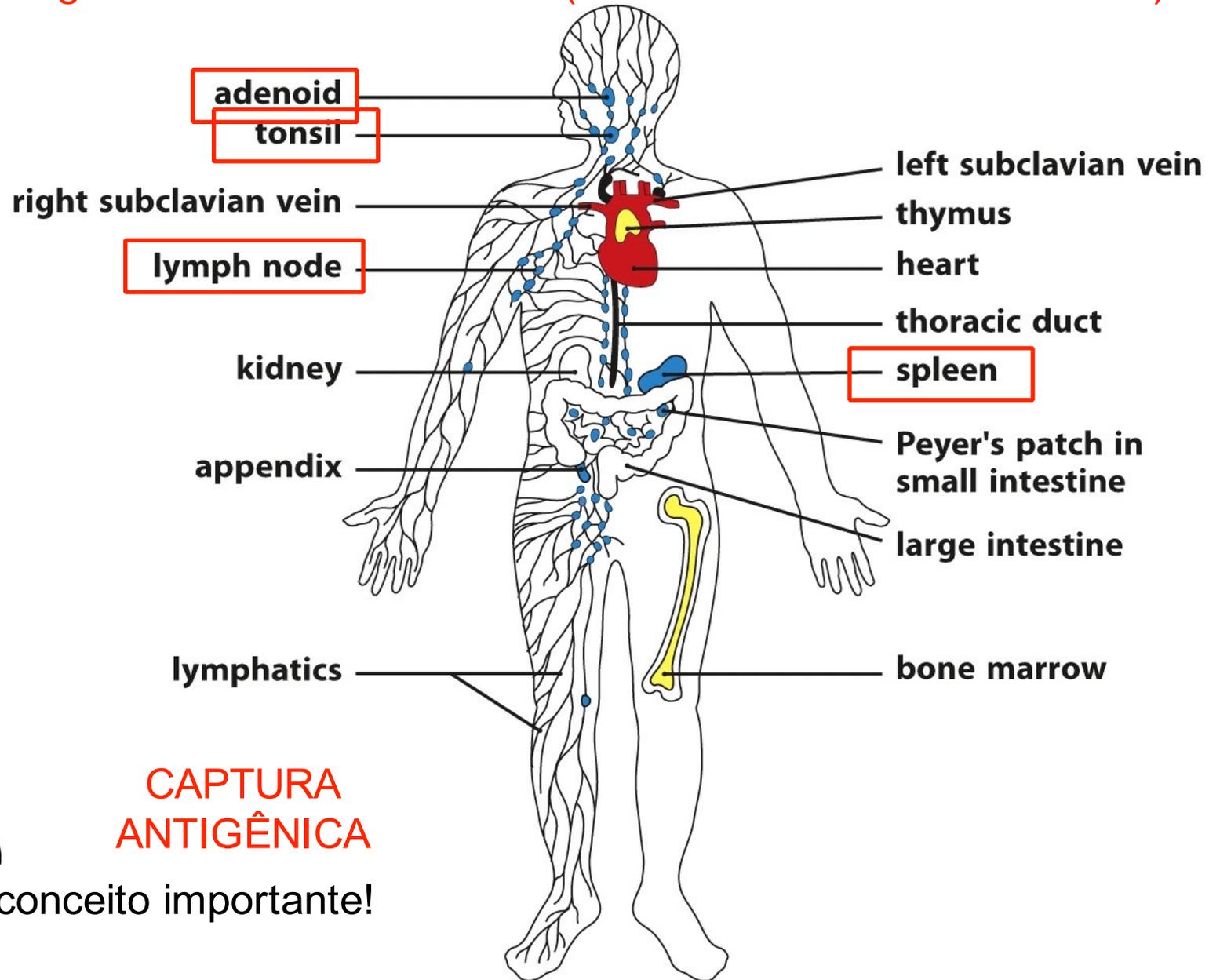
SAY PLEASE AND THANK YOU

**NO FIGHTING**

BE NICE TO EACH OTHER

**HAVE FUN!**

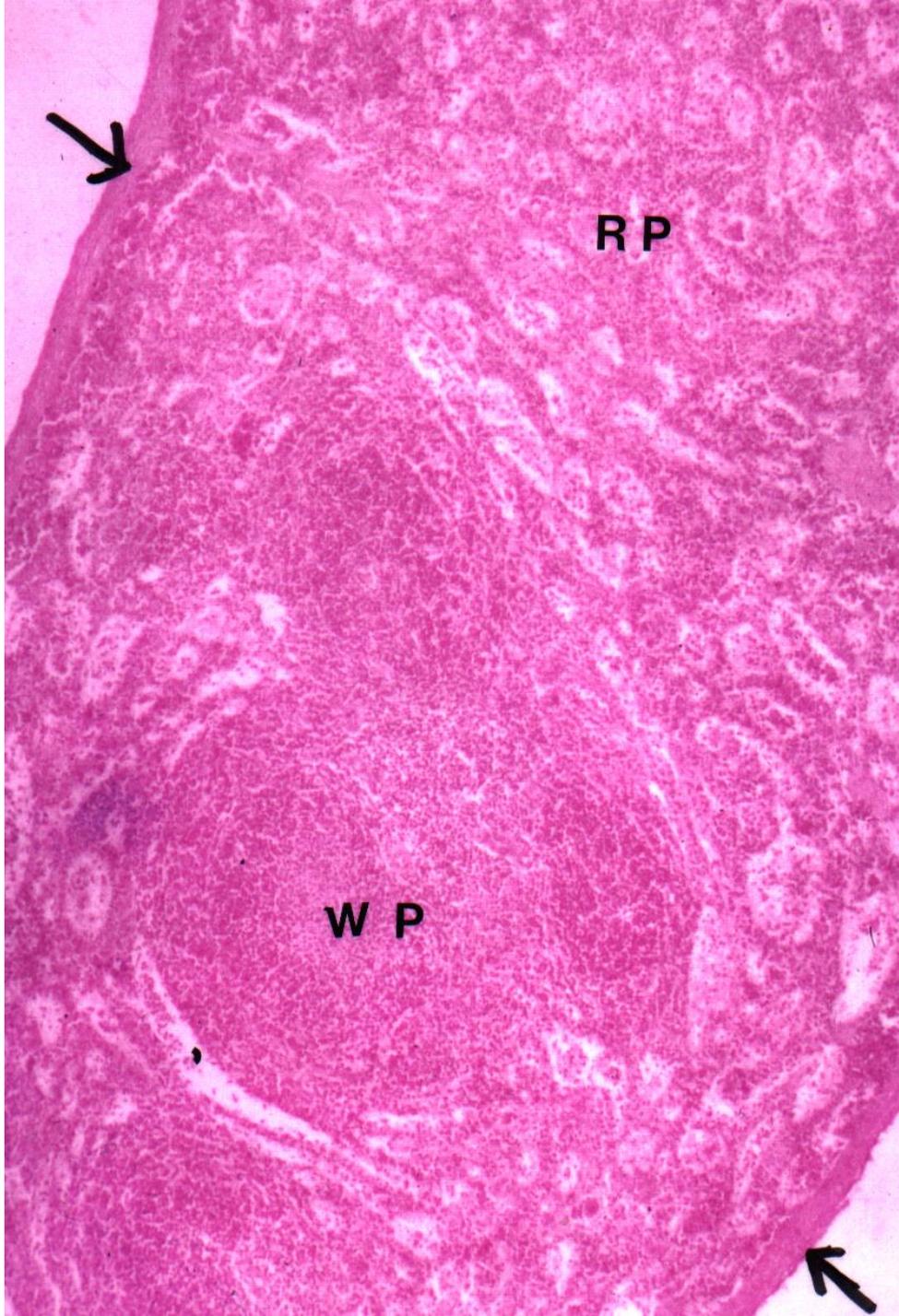
# Orgãos linfóides secundários (maioria dos mamíferos adultos)



**CAPTURA  
ANTIGÊNICA**



conceito importante!



O tecido linfóide **secundário** coordena as respostas imunes ao proporcionar **organização espacial** para as **interações** entre linfócitos e células apresentadoras de antígenos (macrófagos, células dendríticas e linfócitos B).



RP

O tecido linfóide **secundário**

agregando os receptores

**baladas**

linfócito T específico  
contra antígeno de  
leishmania



célula dendrítica  
apresentando antígeno  
de leishmania



# A lymph node

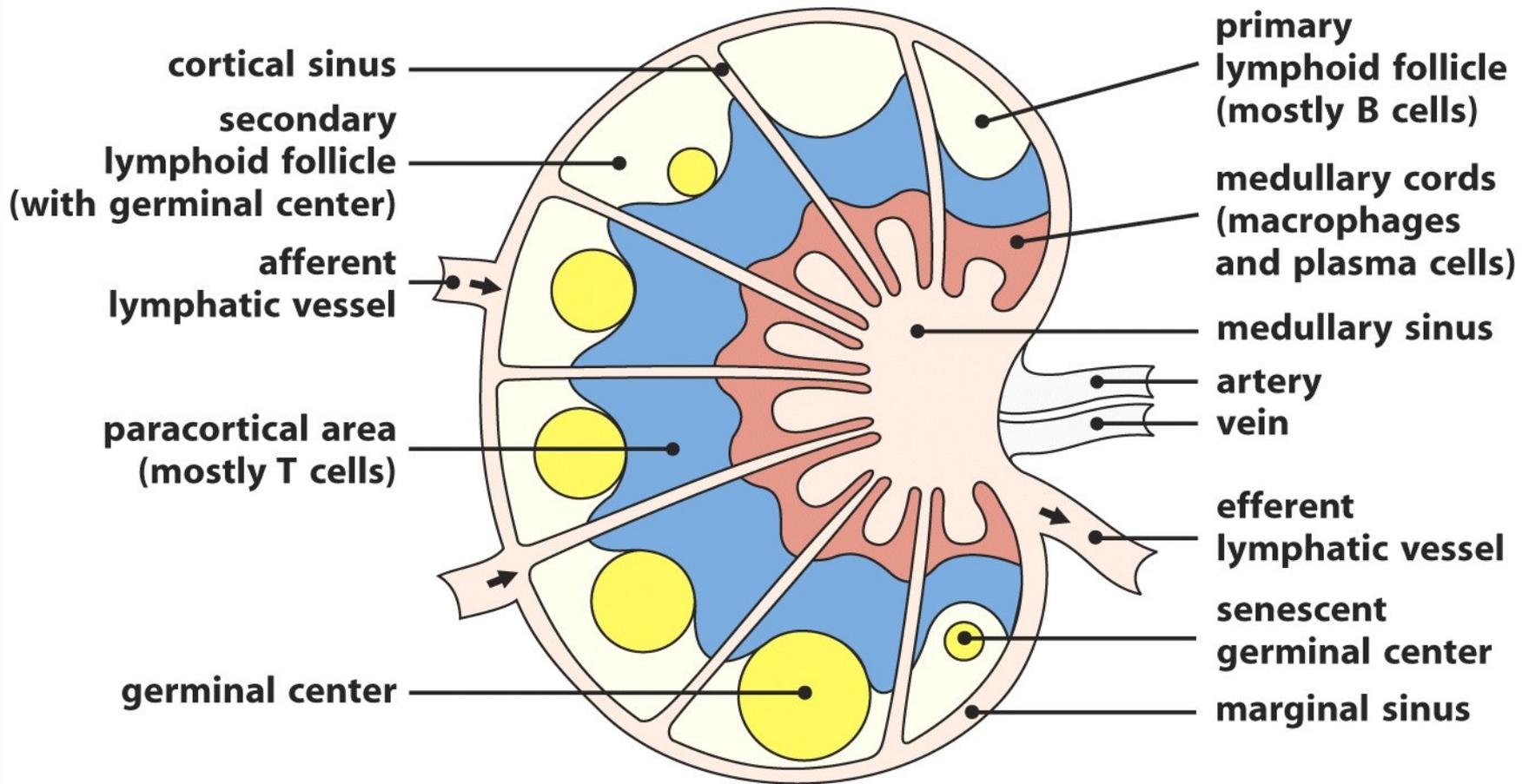


Figure 1.18 part 1 of 2 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

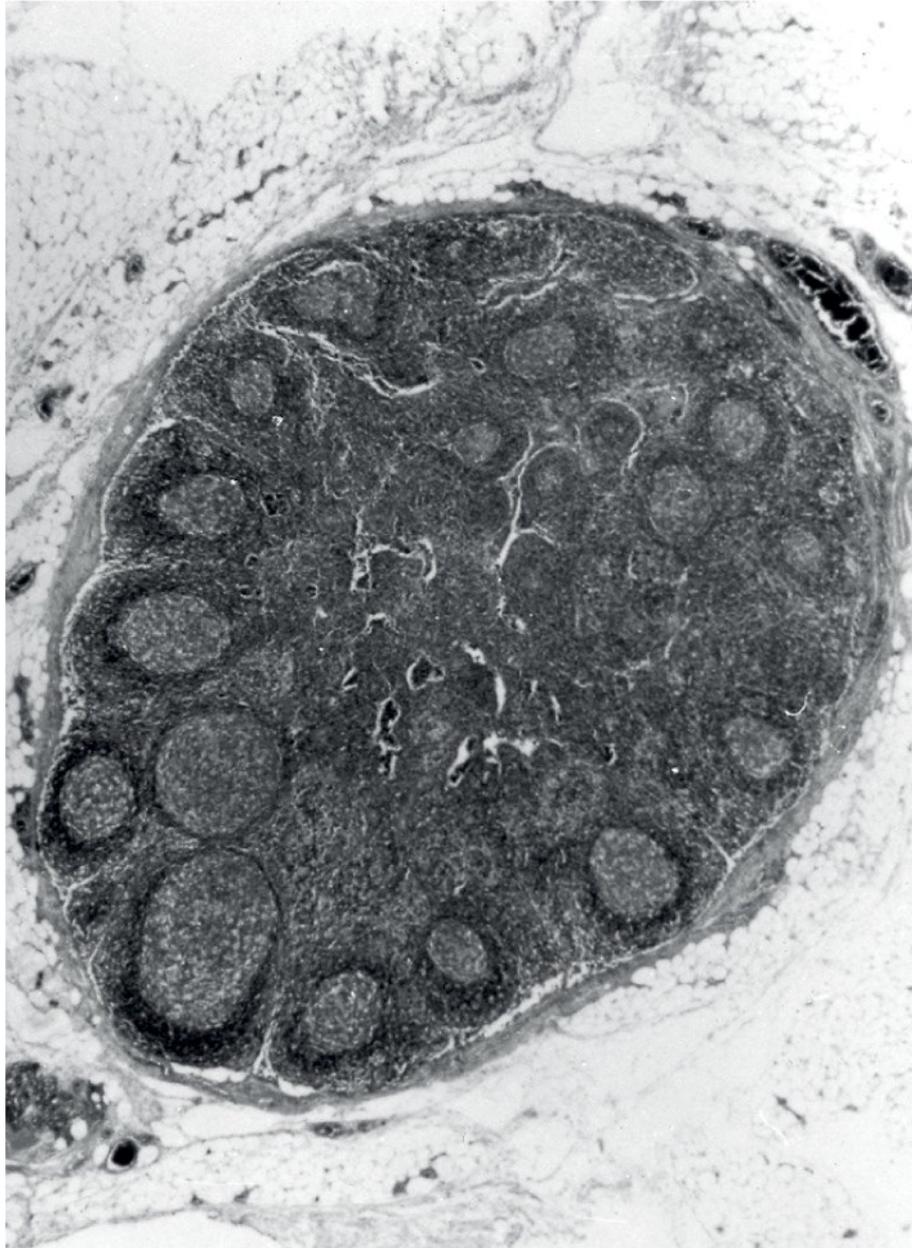
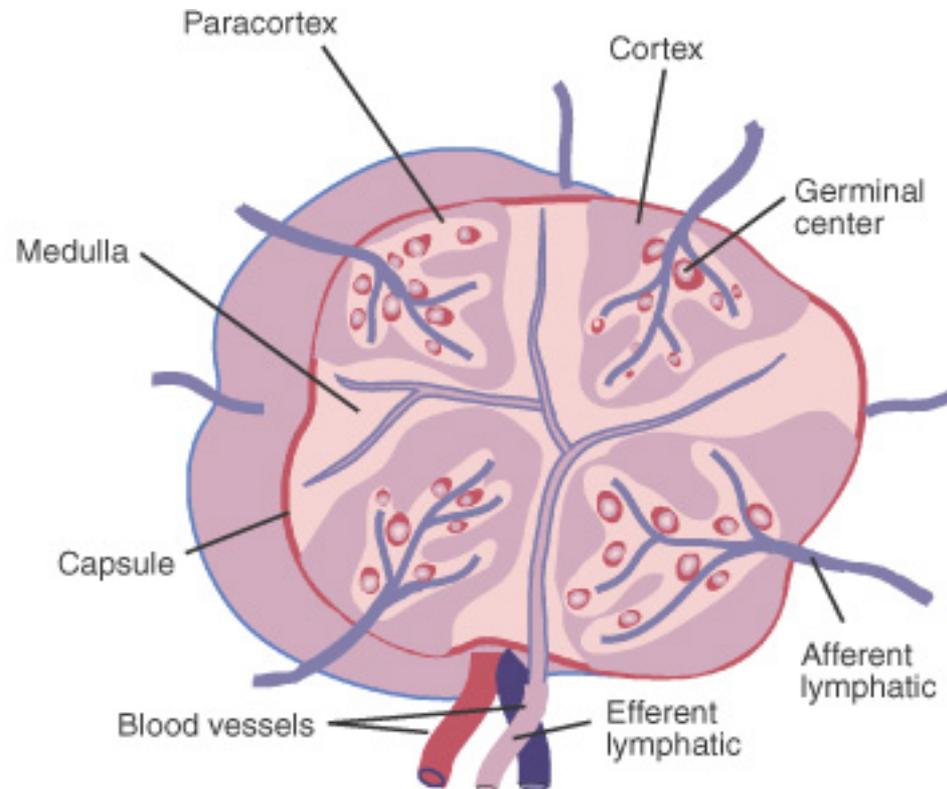


Figure 1.18 part 2 of 2 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

## Estrutura do linfonodo de suínos, hipopótamos, rinocerontes e golfinhos



**FIGURE 10-17** Structure of a pig lymph node. Compare this with Figure 10-18.

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# The spleen

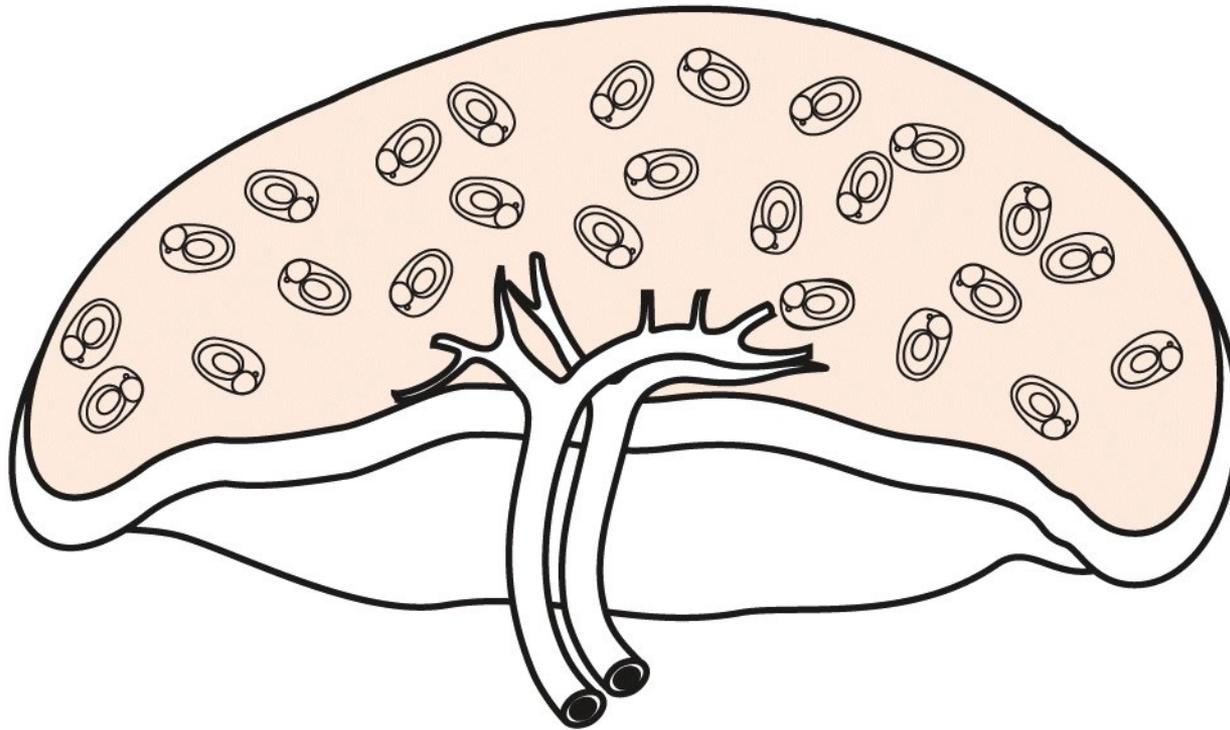


Figure 1.19 part 1 of 3 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

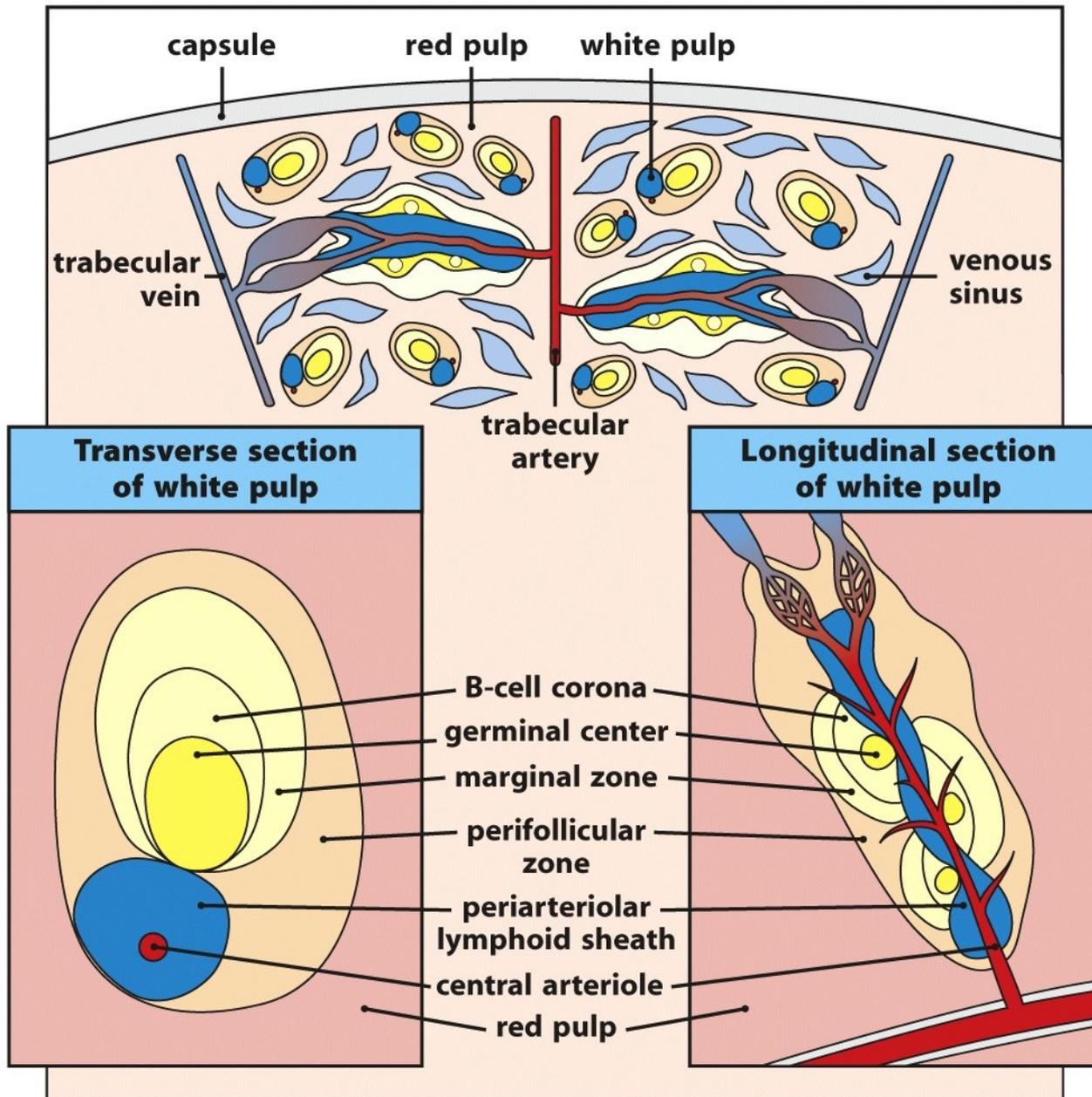


Figure 1.19 part 2 of 3 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

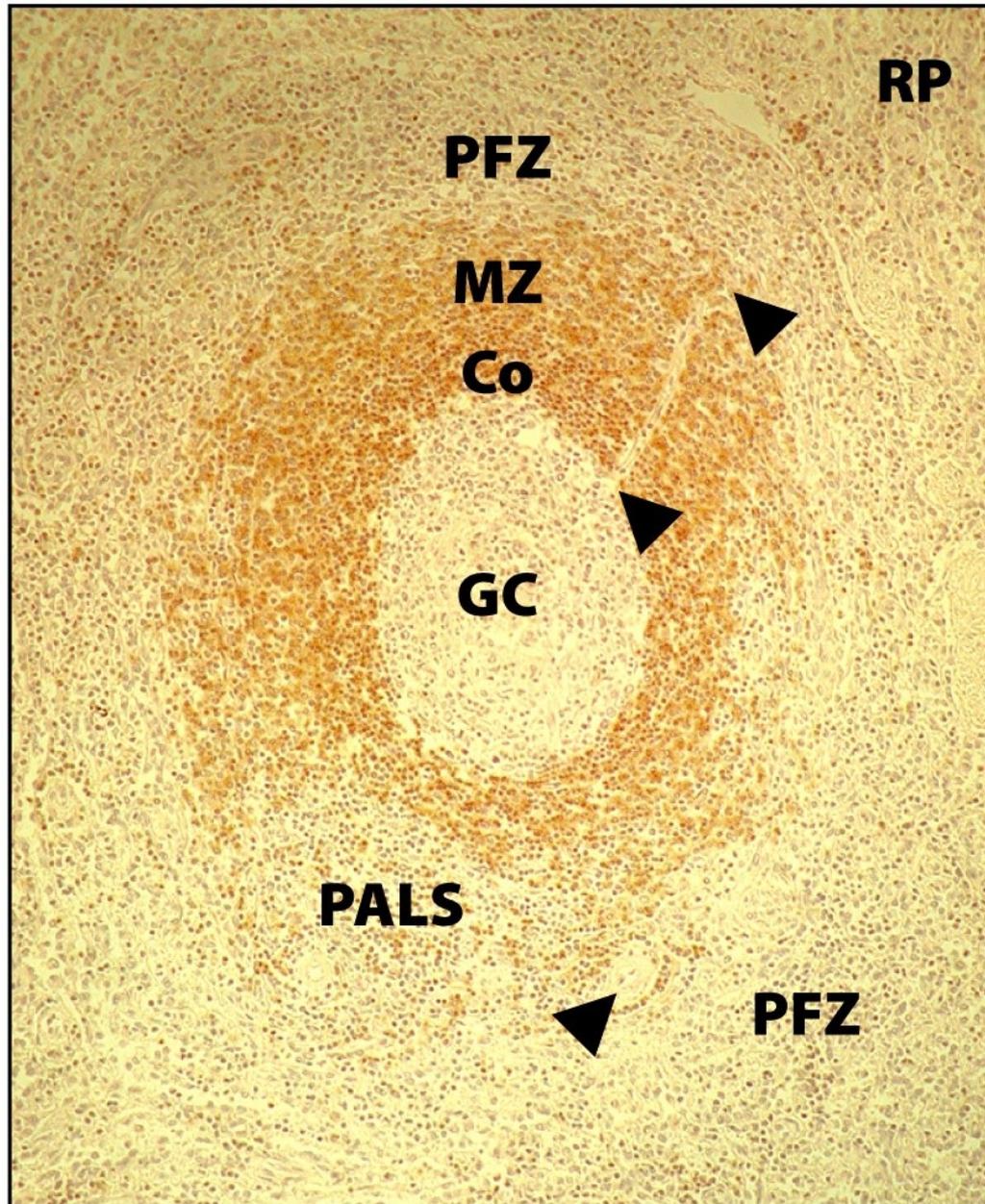
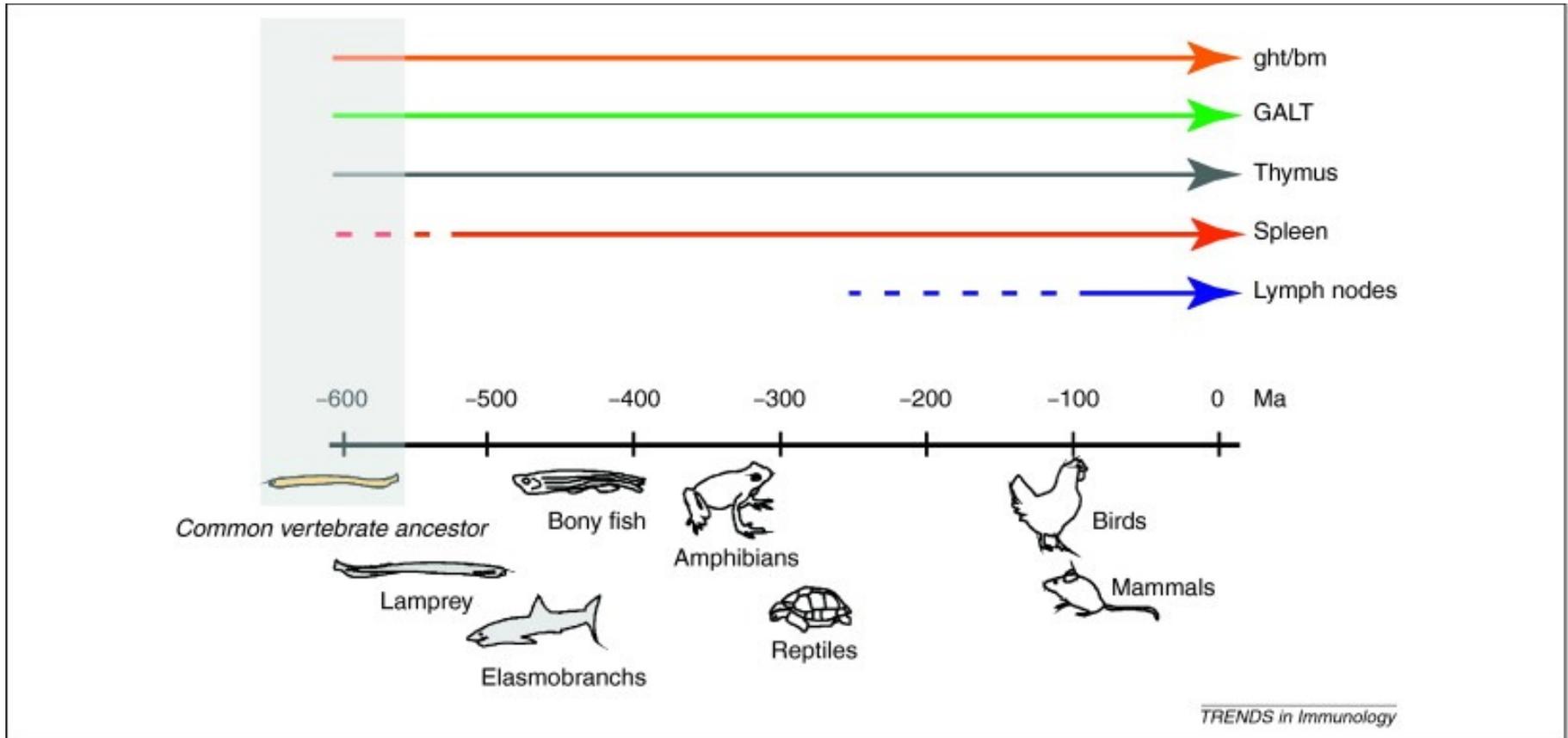
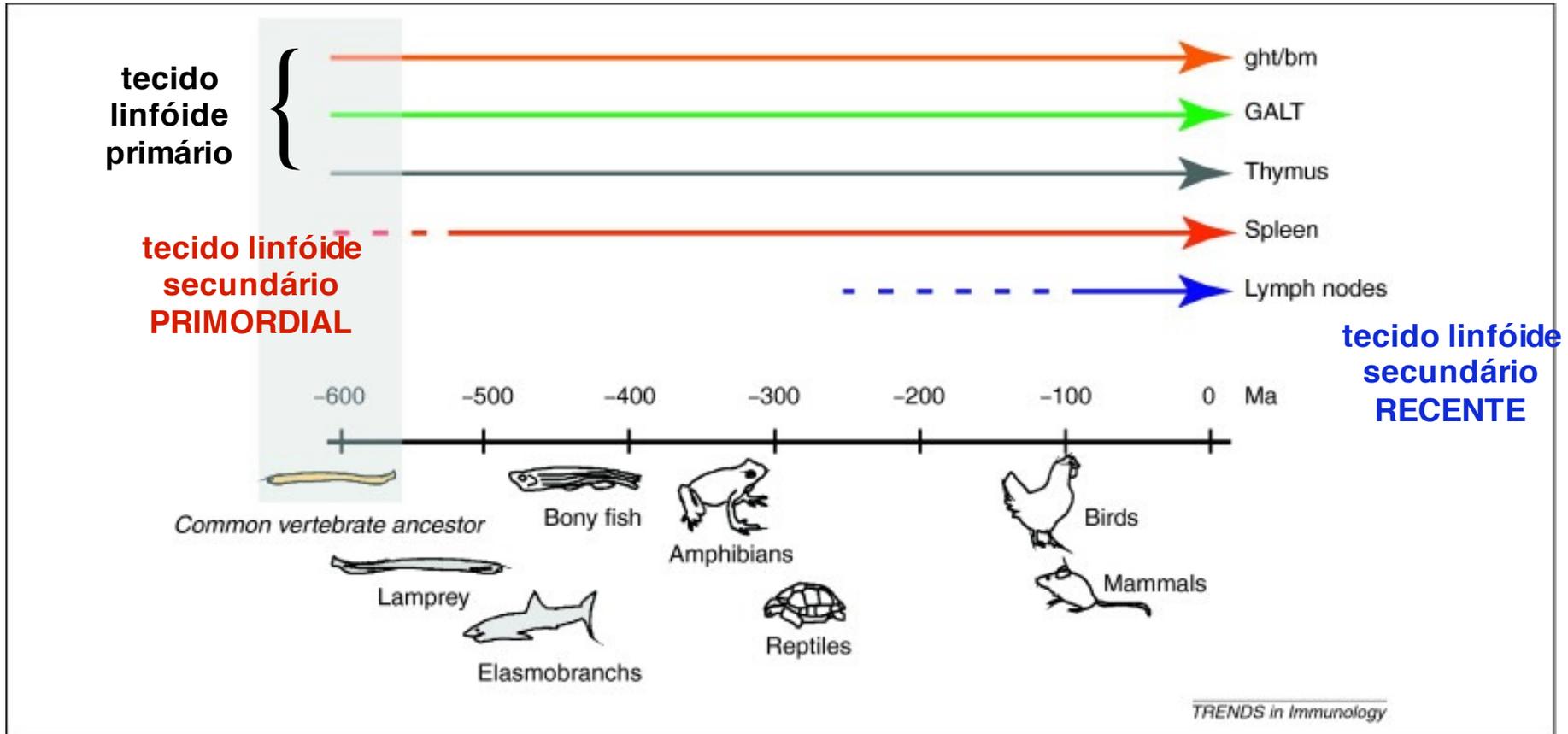


Figure 1.19 part 3 of 3 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

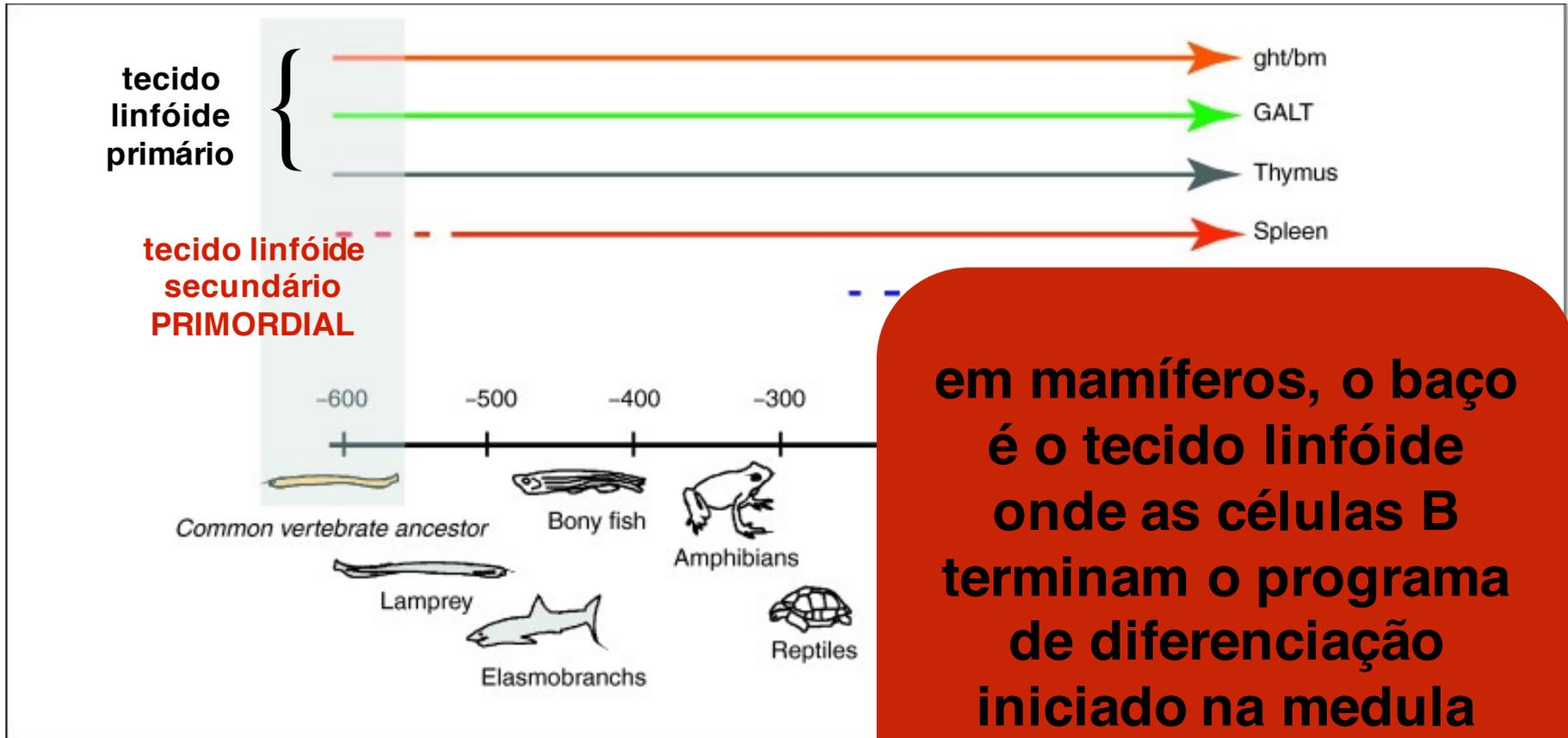
Se olharmos o baço ao longo da evolução, suas funções de homeostasia das células hematopoiéticas ANTECEDEM suas funções imunológicas



Se olharmos o baço ao longo da evolução, suas funções de homeostasia das células hematopoiéticas ANTECEDEM suas funções imunológicas

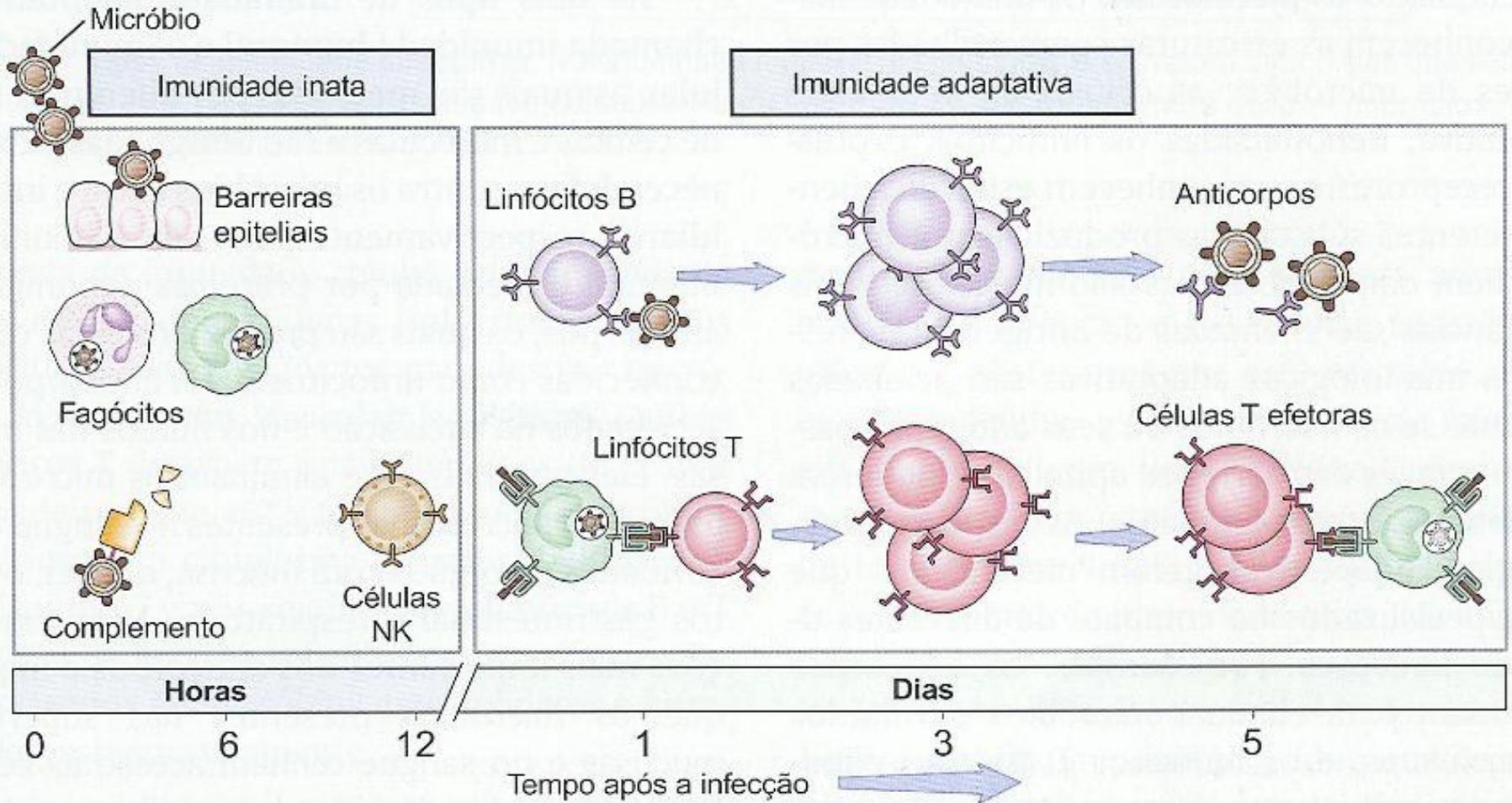


Se olharmos o baço ao longo da evolução, suas funções de homeostasia das células hematopoiéticas ANTECEDEM suas funções imunológicas





conceito importante!





conceito importante!

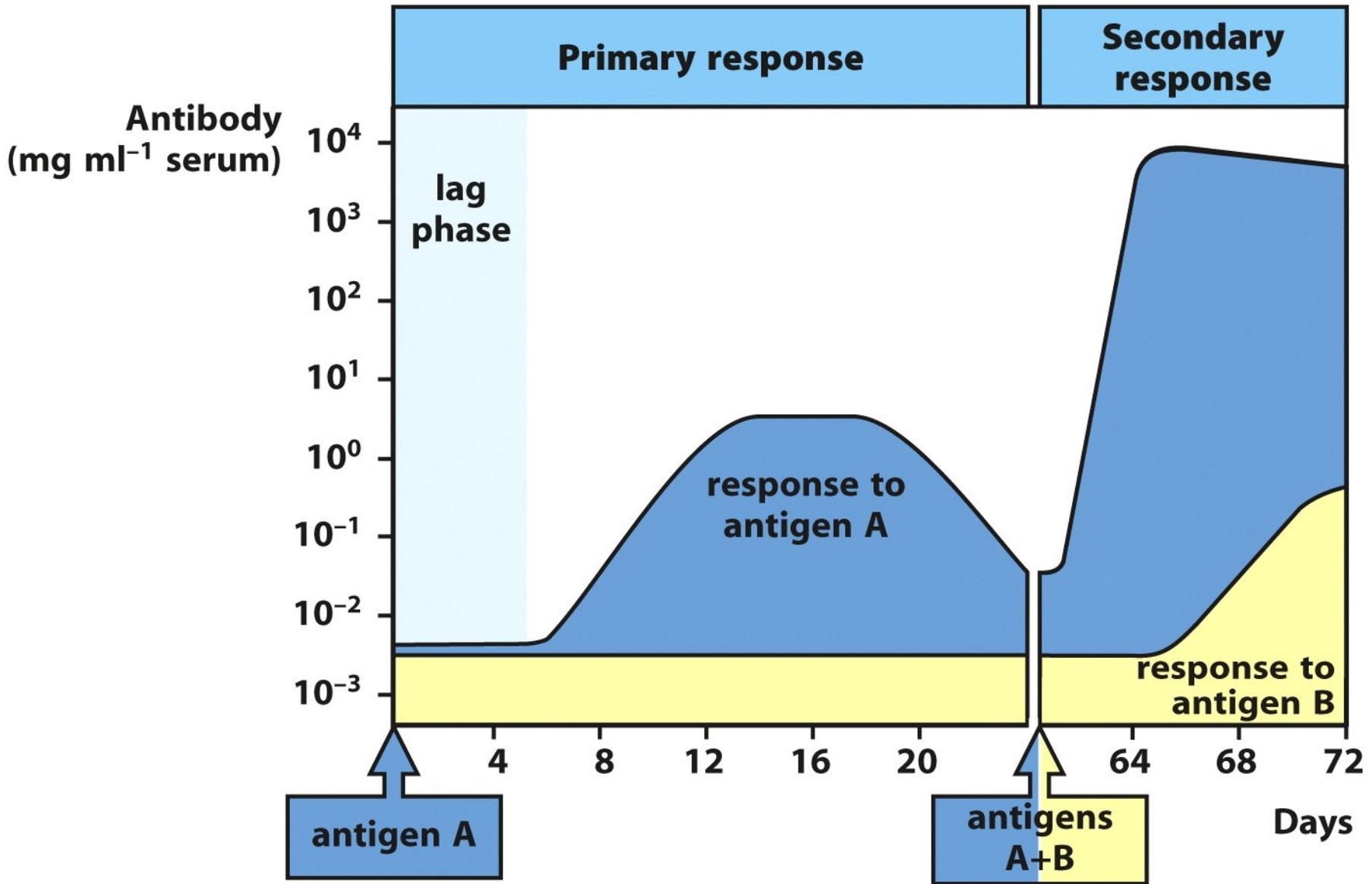


Figure 1.23 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

<b>Phases of the immune response</b>			
<b>Response</b>		<b>Typical time after infection to start of response</b>	<b>Duration of response</b>
<b>Innate immune response</b>	Inflammation, complement activation, phagocytosis and destruction of pathogen	Minutes	Days
<b>Adaptive immune response</b>	Interaction between antigen-presenting dendritic cells and antigen-specific T cells: recognition of antigen, adhesion, co-stimulation, T-cell proliferation and differentiation	Hours	Days
	Activation of antigen-specific B cells	Hours	Days
	Formation of effector and memory T cells	Days	Weeks
	Interaction of T cells with B cells, formation of germinal centers. Formation of effector B cells (plasma cells) and memory B cells. Production of antibody	Days	Weeks
	Emigration of effector lymphocytes from peripheral lymphoid organs	A few days	Weeks
	Effector cells and antibodies eliminate the pathogen	A few days	Weeks
<b>Immunological memory</b>	Maintenance of memory B cells and T cells and high serum or mucosal antibody levels. Protection against reinfection	Days to weeks	Can be lifelong

Figure 1.34 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)



conceito importante!

# Não confundir

tecido linfóide primário e secundário

com

resposta primária e secundária

com

imunidade inata e adaptativa



conceito importante!

# Não confundir

tecido linfóide primário e secundário

com

resposta primária e secundária

com

imunidade inata e adaptativa

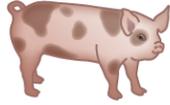


conceito importante!



Ma before present

129 ± 18.5



Mammals

222 ± 52.5



Birds

276 ± 54.4



Reptiles

360 ± 14.7



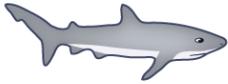
Amphibians

450 ± 35.5



Bony fishes

528 ± 56.4



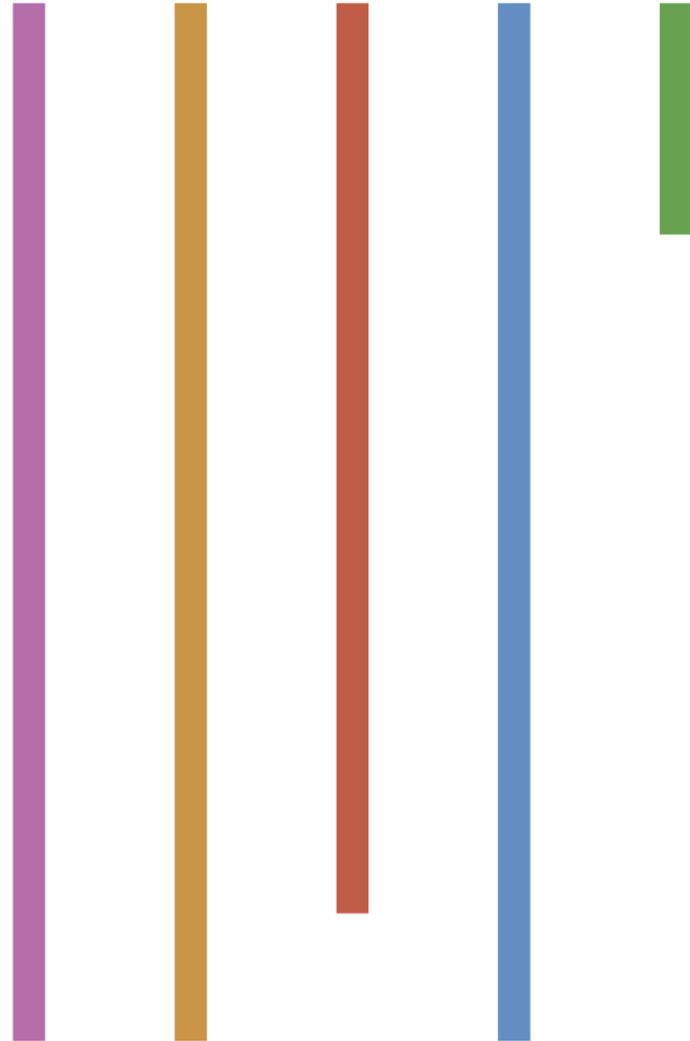
Cartilaginous fishes

564 ± 74.6



Lamprey

Common vertebrate ancestor



Boehm T, Swann JB. 2014.

Annu. Rev. Anim. Biosci. 2:259–283

<b>The immune system protects against four classes of pathogens</b>		
<b>Type of pathogen</b>	<b>Examples</b>	<b>Diseases</b>
<b>Extracellular bacteria, parasites, fungi</b>	<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> <i>Clostridium tetani</i> <i>Trypanosoma brucei</i> <i>Pneumocystis carinii</i>	<b>Pneumonia</b> <b>Tetanus</b> <b>Sleeping sickness</b> <i>Pneumocystis pneumonia</i>
<b>Intracellular bacteria, parasites</b>	<i>Mycobacterium leprae</i> <i>Leishmania donovani</i> <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i>	<b>Leprosy</b> <b>Leishmaniasis</b> <b>Malaria</b>
<b>Viruses (intracellular)</b>	<b>Variola</b> <b>Influenza</b> <b>Varicella</b>	<b>Smallpox</b> <b>Flu</b> <b>Chickenpox</b>
<b>Parasitic worms (extracellular)</b>	<i>Ascaris</i> <i>Schistosoma</i>	<b>Ascariasis</b> <b>Schistosomiasis</b>

Figure 1.24 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)

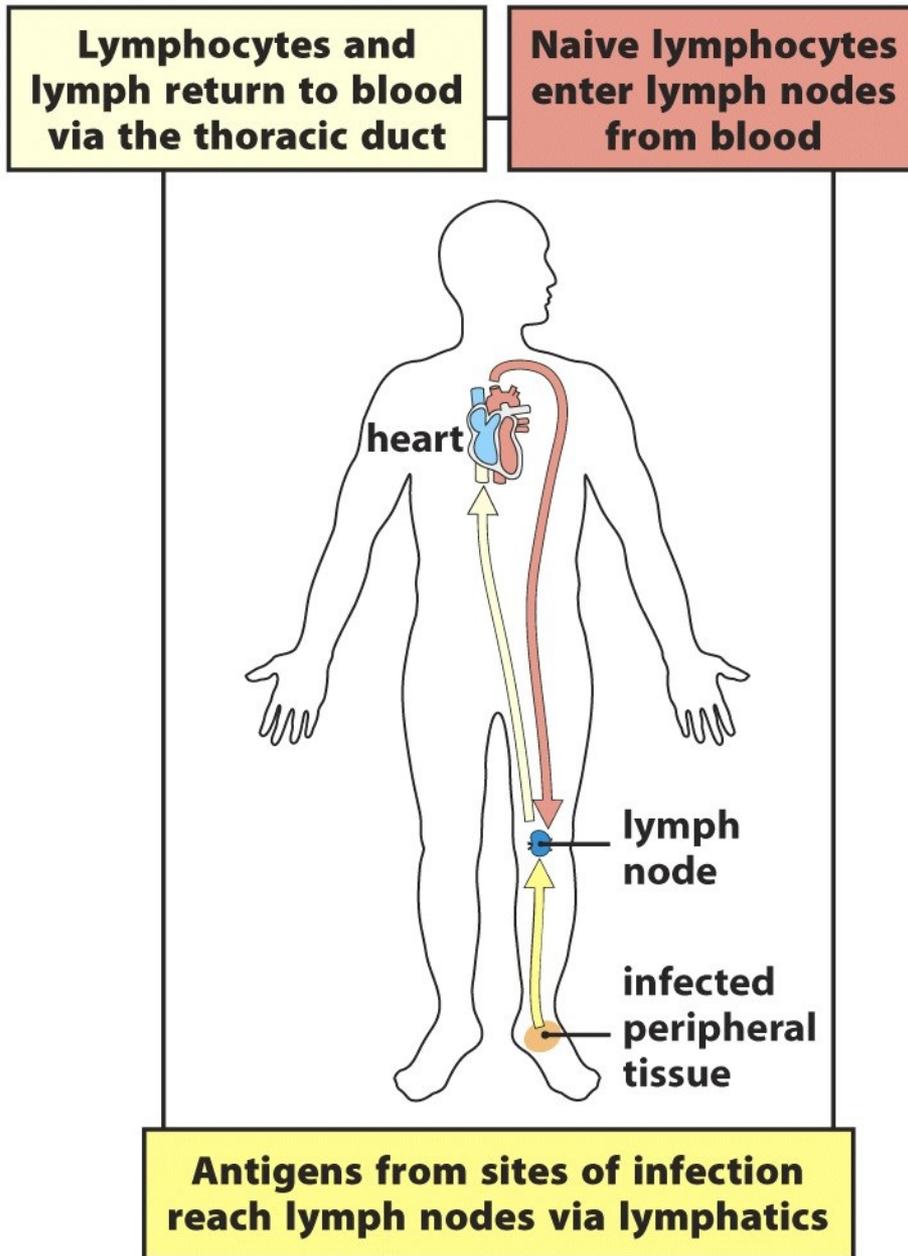


Figure 1.17 Janeway's Immunobiology, 8ed. (© Garland Science 2012)