

Soluções Exercícios 2 da Lista 3

Denotando por $\frac{u}{c} = \tanh \alpha$ temos que a transformação de Lorentz de Σ para Σ' é

$$\begin{pmatrix} dx^{0'} \\ dx^{1'} \\ dx^{2'} \\ dx^{3'} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh \alpha & -\sinh \alpha & 0 & 0 \\ -\sinh \alpha & \cosh \alpha & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dx^0 \\ dx^1 \\ dx^2 \\ dx^3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Denotando $\frac{u'}{c} = \tanh \alpha'$ temos que a transformação de Lorentz de Σ' para Σ'' é

$$\begin{pmatrix} dx^{0''} \\ dx^{1''} \\ dx^{2''} \\ dx^{3''} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh \alpha' & -\sinh \alpha' & 0 & 0 \\ -\sinh \alpha' & \cosh \alpha' & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dx^{0'} \\ dx^{1'} \\ dx^{2'} \\ dx^{3'} \end{pmatrix}$$

Logo a transformação de Lorentz de Σ para Σ'' é dada pela composição das duas.

$$\begin{pmatrix} dx^{0''} \\ dx^{1''} \\ dx^{2''} \\ dx^{3''} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (\cosh \alpha \cosh \alpha' + \sinh \alpha \sinh \alpha') & -(\sinh \alpha \cosh \alpha' + \sinh \alpha' \cosh \alpha) & 0 & 0 \\ -(\sinh \alpha \cosh \alpha' + \sinh \alpha' \cosh \alpha) & (\cosh \alpha \cosh \alpha' + \sinh \alpha \sinh \alpha') & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dx^0 \\ dx^1 \\ dx^2 \\ dx^3 \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} dx^{0''} \\ dx^{1''} \\ dx^{2''} \\ dx^{3''} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh(\alpha + \alpha') & -\sinh(\alpha + \alpha') & 0 & 0 \\ -\sinh(\alpha + \alpha') & \cosh(\alpha + \alpha') & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dx^0 \\ dx^1 \\ dx^2 \\ dx^3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Demonstrando $\frac{u''}{c} = \tanh(\alpha + \alpha')$ *de novo*

$$\frac{u''}{c} = \tanh(\alpha + \alpha') = \frac{\sinh(\alpha + \alpha')}{\cosh(\alpha + \alpha')} =$$

$$= \frac{\sinh \alpha \cosh \alpha' + \sinh \alpha' \cosh \alpha}{\cosh \alpha \cosh \alpha' + \sinh \alpha' \sinh \alpha}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\cosh \alpha'}{\sinh \alpha'} + \frac{\cosh \alpha}{\sinh \alpha}}{\frac{\cosh \alpha \cosh \alpha'}{\sinh \alpha \sinh \alpha'} + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\tanh \alpha + \tanh \alpha'}{1 + \tanh \alpha \tanh \alpha'}$$

$$= \frac{1}{c} \frac{u + u'}{1 + \frac{uu'}{c^2}}$$

Logo

$$\boxed{u'' = \frac{u + u'}{1 + \frac{uu'}{c^2}}}$$