

Física para Ciências Biológicas – 4310190 – 2022

Gabarito lista de casa - 9

1) Comprimento de onda:

a) Massa: 5 g

Velocidade: 3 m/s

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{h}{mv} = \frac{6,626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}}{5 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 3 \text{ kg}\cdot\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}} = 4,4 \cdot 10^{-32} \text{ m} = 4,4 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ nm}$$

b) Elétron com energia cinética de 20 V = 20 eV. $1,60 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ J} = 3,2 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{ J} = E$

$$E = p^2/2m, p = \sqrt{2mE} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 9,11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg} \cdot 3,2 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{ J}} = 2,414 \cdot 10^{-24} \frac{\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\text{J} = 1 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} = 1 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2\cdot\text{s}^{-2}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{6,626 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}}{1,9 \cdot 10^{-24} \frac{\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}}} = 2,7 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ m} = 0,27 \text{ nm}$$

2) Energias transições A, B e C

Energia: $E_i - E_f$

$$E_A: 4,6 \text{ eV} \quad f = \frac{E_i - E_f}{h} = \frac{4,6 \text{ eV} \cdot 1,60 \cdot 10^{-19} \frac{\text{J}}{\text{eV}}}{6,626 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}} = 1,11 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$$

$$E_B: 1,4 \text{ eV} \quad f = \frac{E_i - E_f}{h} = \frac{1,4 \text{ eV} \cdot 1,60 \cdot 10^{-19} \frac{\text{J}}{\text{eV}}}{6,626 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}} = 3,4 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$$

$$E_C: 3,2 \text{ eV} \quad f = \frac{E_i - E_f}{h} = \frac{3,2 \text{ eV} \cdot 1,60 \cdot 10^{-19} \frac{\text{J}}{\text{eV}}}{6,626 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}} = 7,72 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$$

3) O $T_{1/2\text{fis}} = 850$ dias e o $T_{1/2\text{bio}} = 11$ dias

Usando:

$$\frac{1}{T_{1/2\text{ef}}} = \frac{1}{T_{1/2\text{fis}}} + \frac{1}{T_{1/2\text{bio}}}$$

Teremos:

$$\frac{1}{T_{1/2\text{ef}}} = \frac{1}{850} + \frac{1}{11} \rightarrow T_{1/2\text{ef}} = 11 \text{ dias}$$

