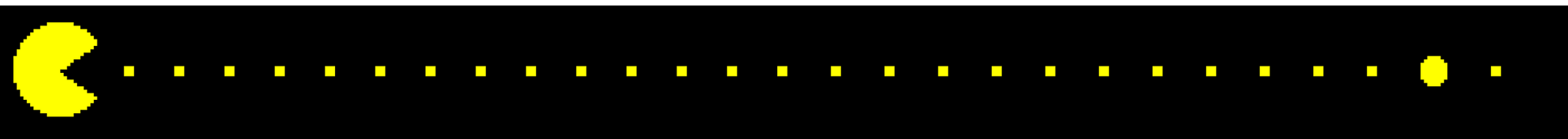


INIBIÇÃO ENZIMÁTICA

Carolina Manchola



IMPORTÂNCIA DOS ESTUDOS DE INIBIÇÃO ENZIMÁTICA



This site is for US health care professionals only.

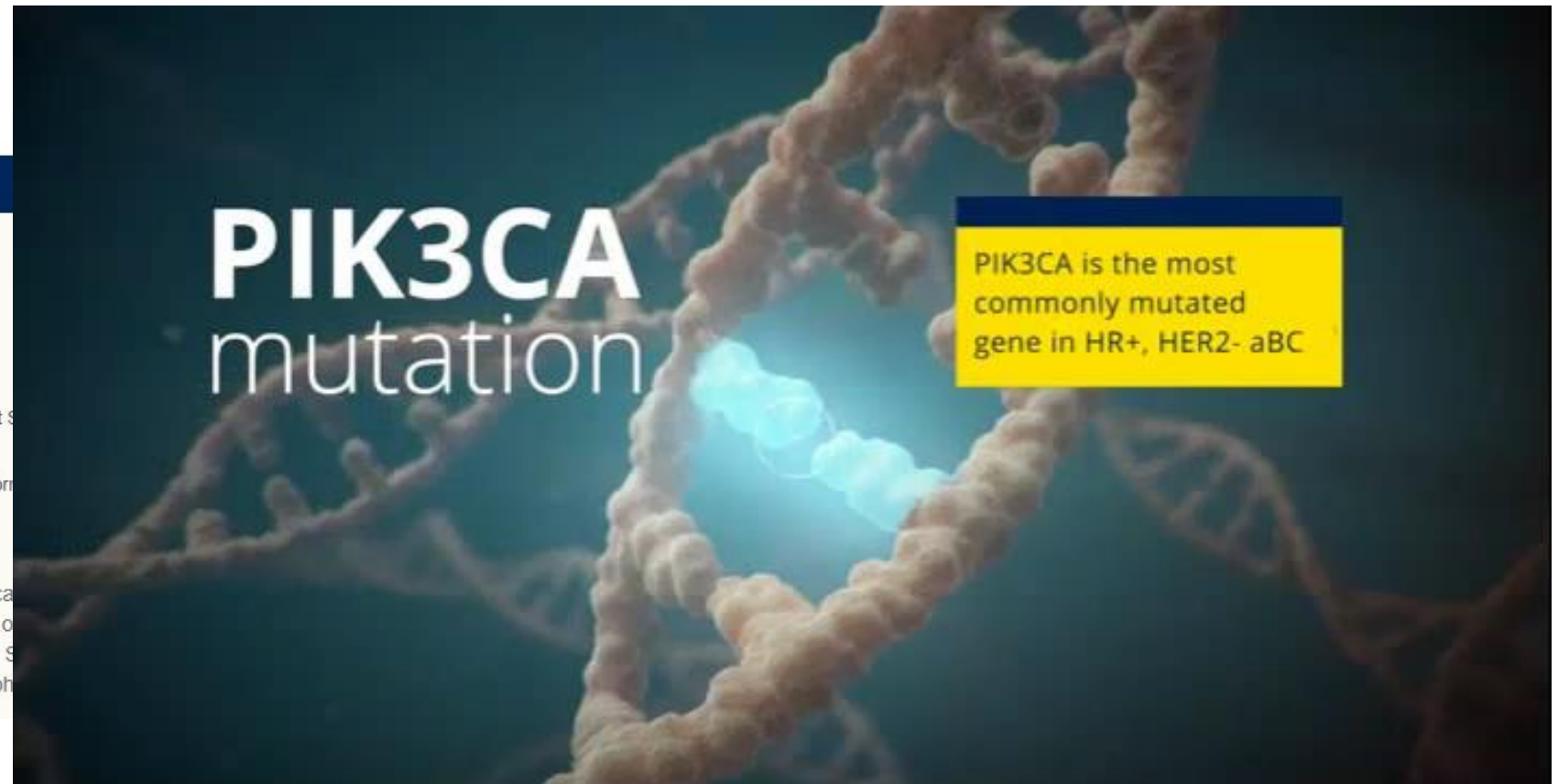


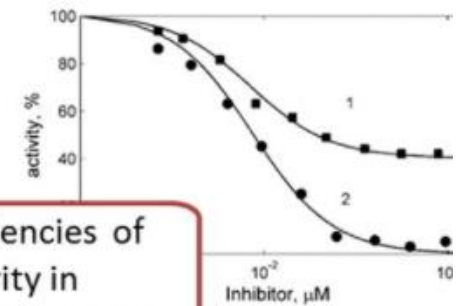
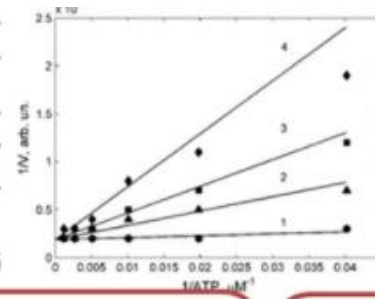
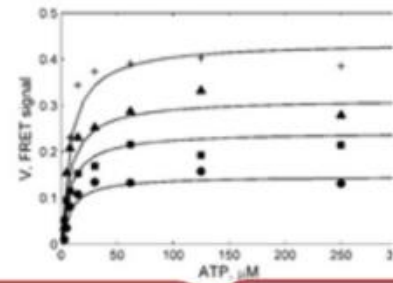
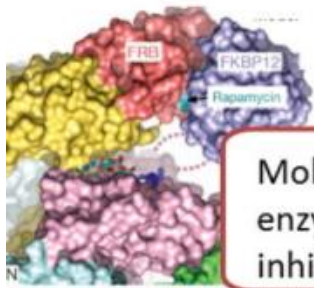
Quick Links

- Prescribing Information
- Visit Patient S
- Contact a Rep
- Co-Pay Inform

Important Safety Information

PIQRAY® (alpelisib) tablets is contraindicated in patients with severe hypersensitivity to it or its components. Severe Hypersensitivity: Severe hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis. [See more](#)

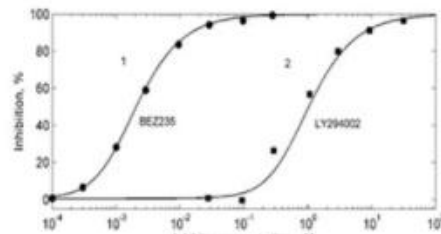
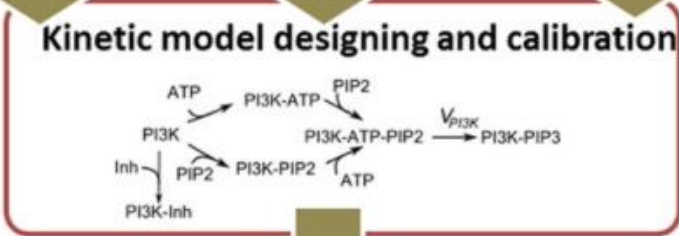




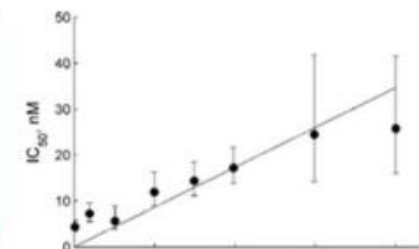
Molecular structure of enzyme-substrate-inhibitor complexes

Experimental data on enzyme kinetics in different *in vitro* assays

Dose dependencies of enzyme activity in different *in vitro* assays



Prediction of the IC₅₀ for drugs in different *in vitro* and *in vivo* conditions



Relação das constantes numa reação enzimática



$K_M = (k_{-1} + k_2) / k_1 = [ES] \text{ dissociando} / [ES] \text{ complexando}$

Se $[ES]$ está se dissociando mais do que complexando,
 $(k_{-1} + k_2) > k_1 = \text{Baixa afinidade de E por S} = K_M \text{ alto}$

INIBIDORES ENZIMÁTICOS

São agentes que interferem na catalise

Podem causar

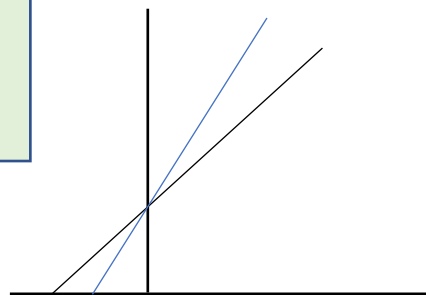
Inibições Irreversíveis

Denaturam ou mudam a conformação protéica

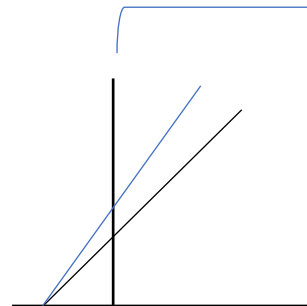
combinam-se com um grupo funcional na molécula da enzima ou o destroem ou ainda formam uma associação covalente estável.

Inibições Reversíveis

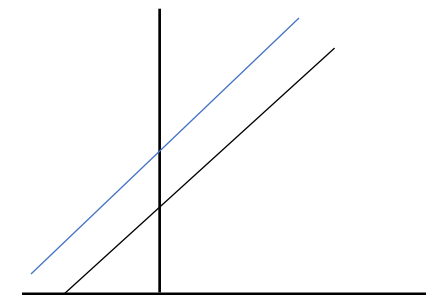
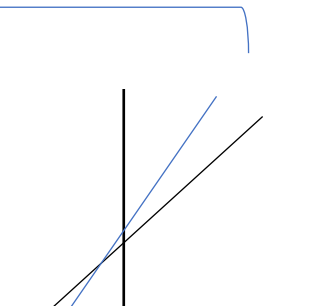
Competitivas
Inibidor semelhante ao substrato



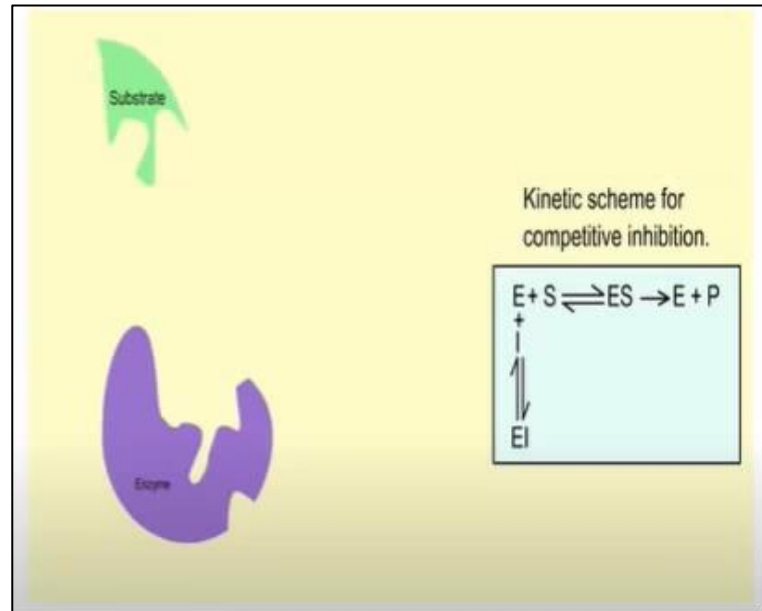
Não competitivas
O inibidor se liga num lugar diferente do sitio ativo



Acompetitivas
O inibidor se liga apenas no complexo ES



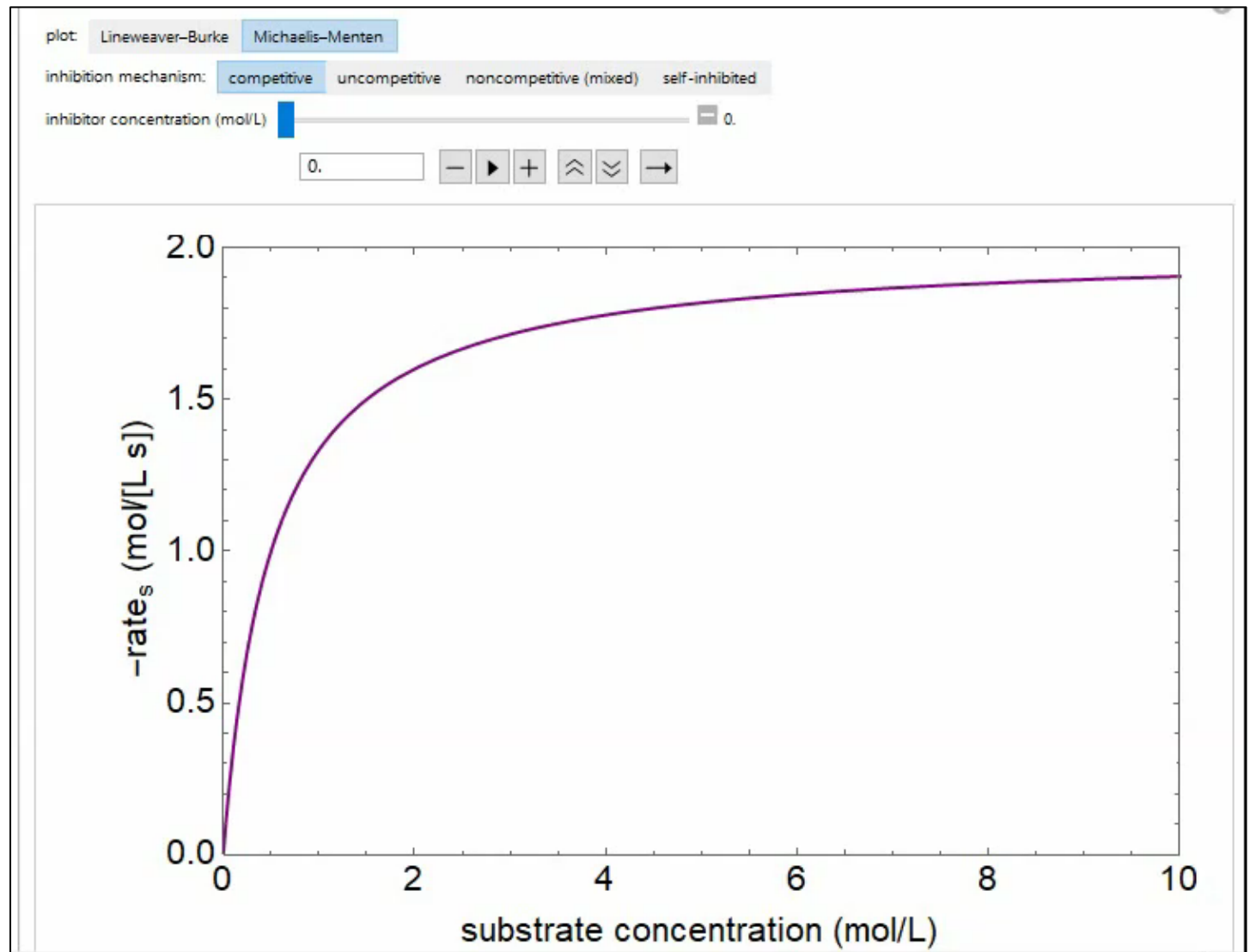
Inibição Reversível - COMPETITIVA



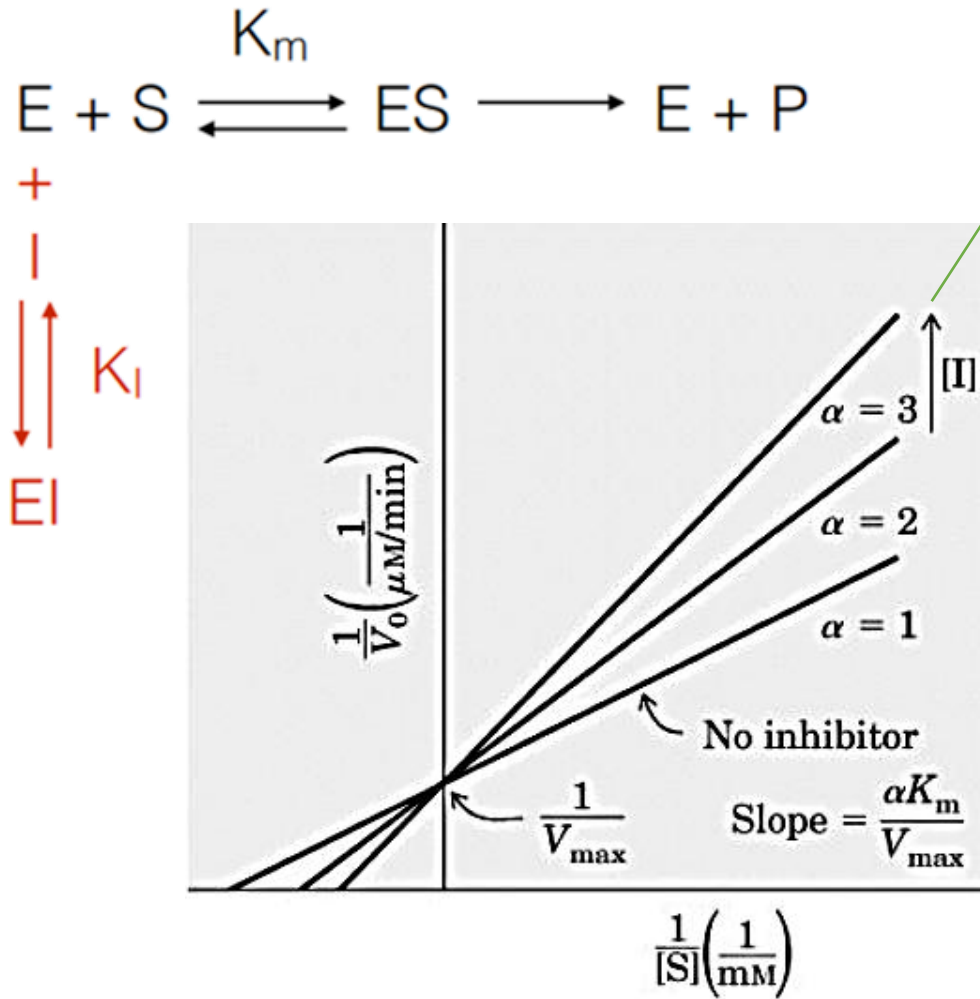
Assim em concentrações crescentes de [I]:

1. V_{max} → não se altera
2. K_M aparente → aumenta
3. Slope → aumenta

$$K_i = K_{EI}$$
$$K_M \text{ aparente} > K_M$$



Inibidores competitivos



O fator que descreve o grau de inibição é chamado α

Quanto maior a concentração do inibidor, maior será o grau de inibição α , neste tipo de inibição competitiva. Sendo assim, α depende da **concentração do inibidor** e da **constante de inibição K_i** que apresente esse inibidor com essa enzima:

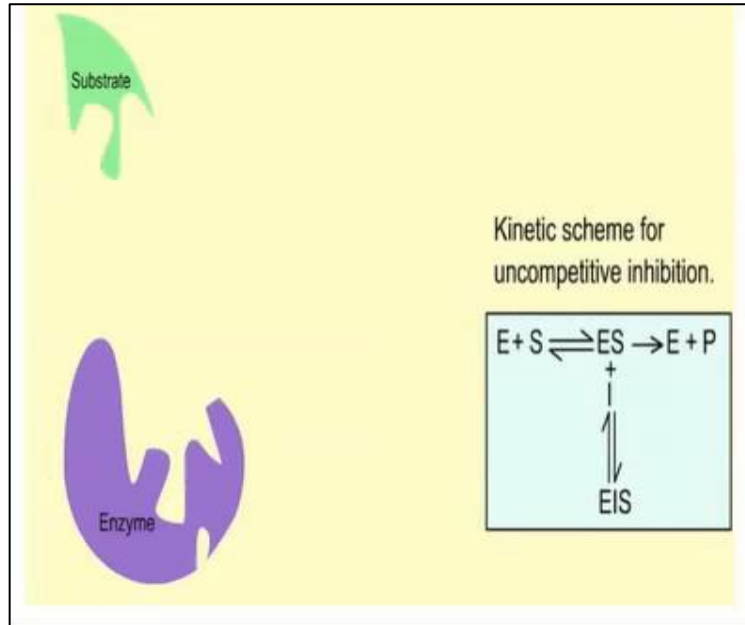
$$y = mx + b$$

$$\frac{1}{v} = \frac{\alpha K_M}{v_{max}} \times \frac{1}{[S]} \times \frac{1}{v_{max}}$$

$$\alpha = 1 + \frac{[I]}{K_i}$$

$$\frac{1}{V_0} = \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{[I]}{K_i} \right) * K_M}{V_{max}} * \frac{1}{[S]} + \frac{1}{V_{max}} \right)$$

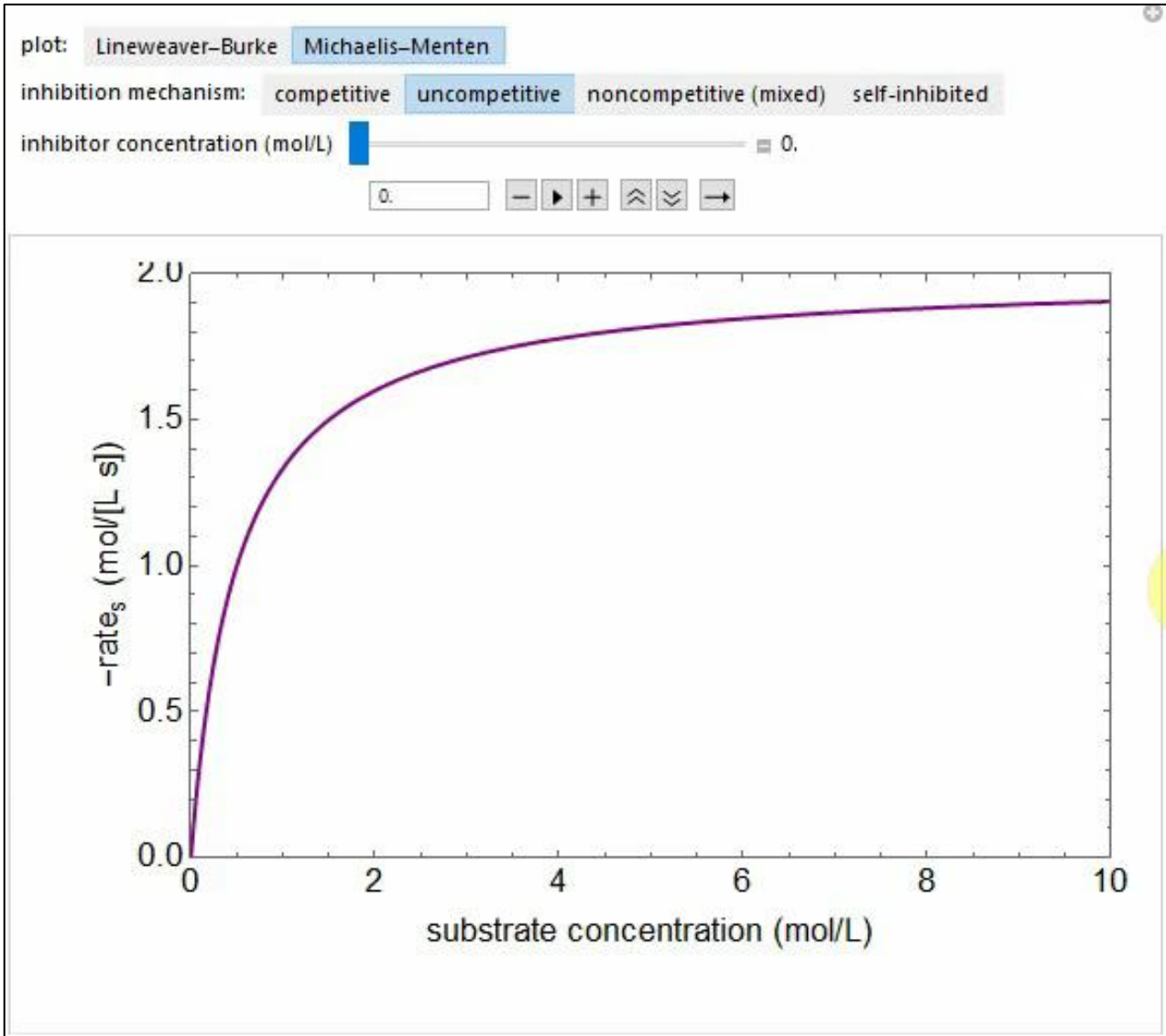
Inibição Reversível – A-COMPETITIVA



Assim em concentrações crescentes de [I]:

1. V_{max} aparente \rightarrow **diminui**
2. K_M aparente \rightarrow **diminui**
3. Slope \rightarrow **Não muda**

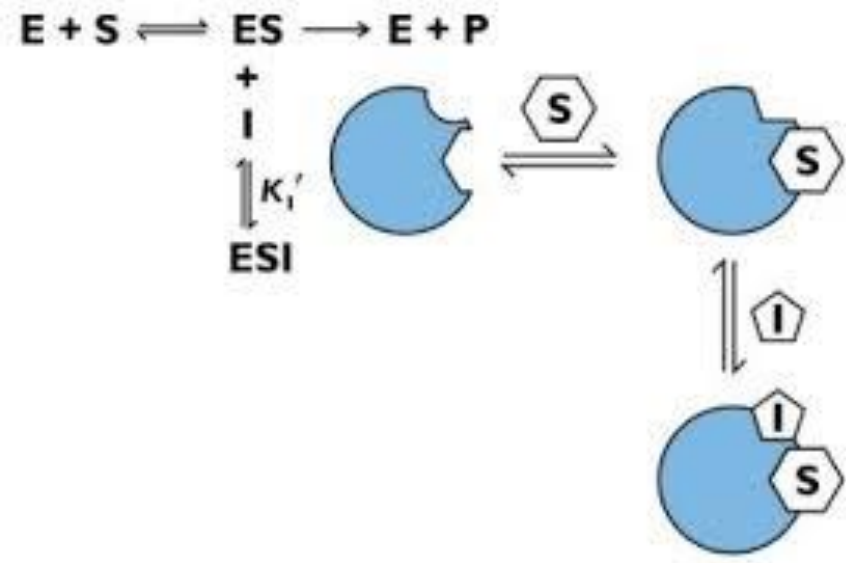
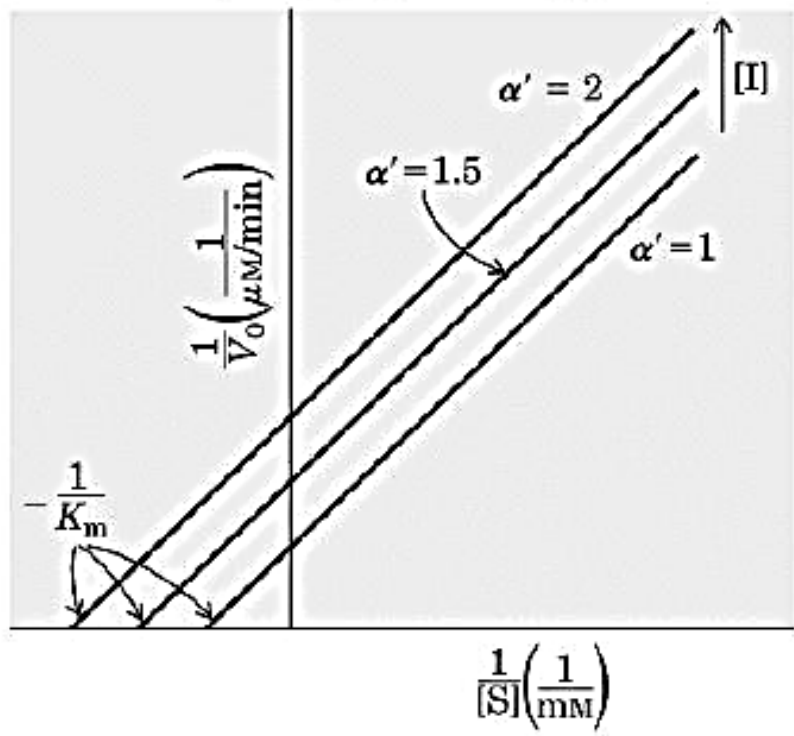
$$K_i' = K_{ESI}$$



$$V_o = \frac{V_{max} [S]}{K_m + \alpha' [S]}$$

$$\alpha' = \left(1 + \frac{[I]}{K_i'} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{V_o} = \left(\frac{K_m}{V_{max}} \right) \frac{1}{[S]} + \frac{\alpha'}{V_{max}}$$

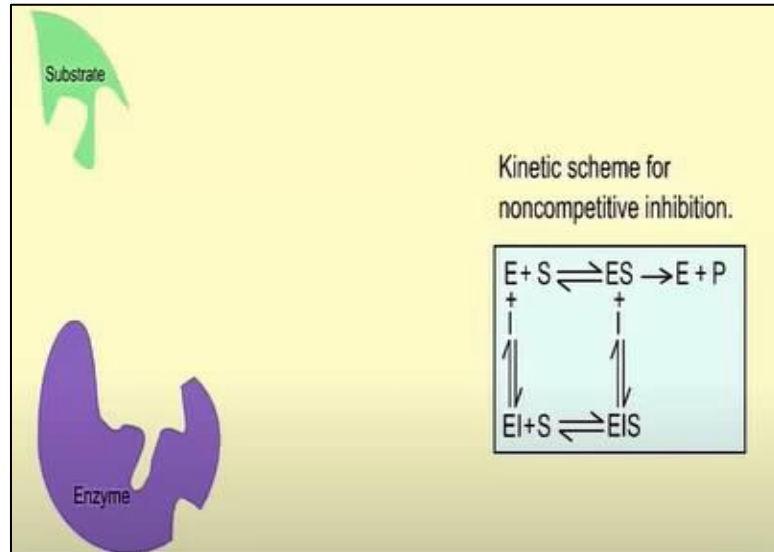


Este tipo de inibidores se ligam ao complexo ES, formando o complexo ESI

O aumento do [S] não reverte a interação ESI

Ao se forma o complexo ESI, inviabiliza a formação do produto.

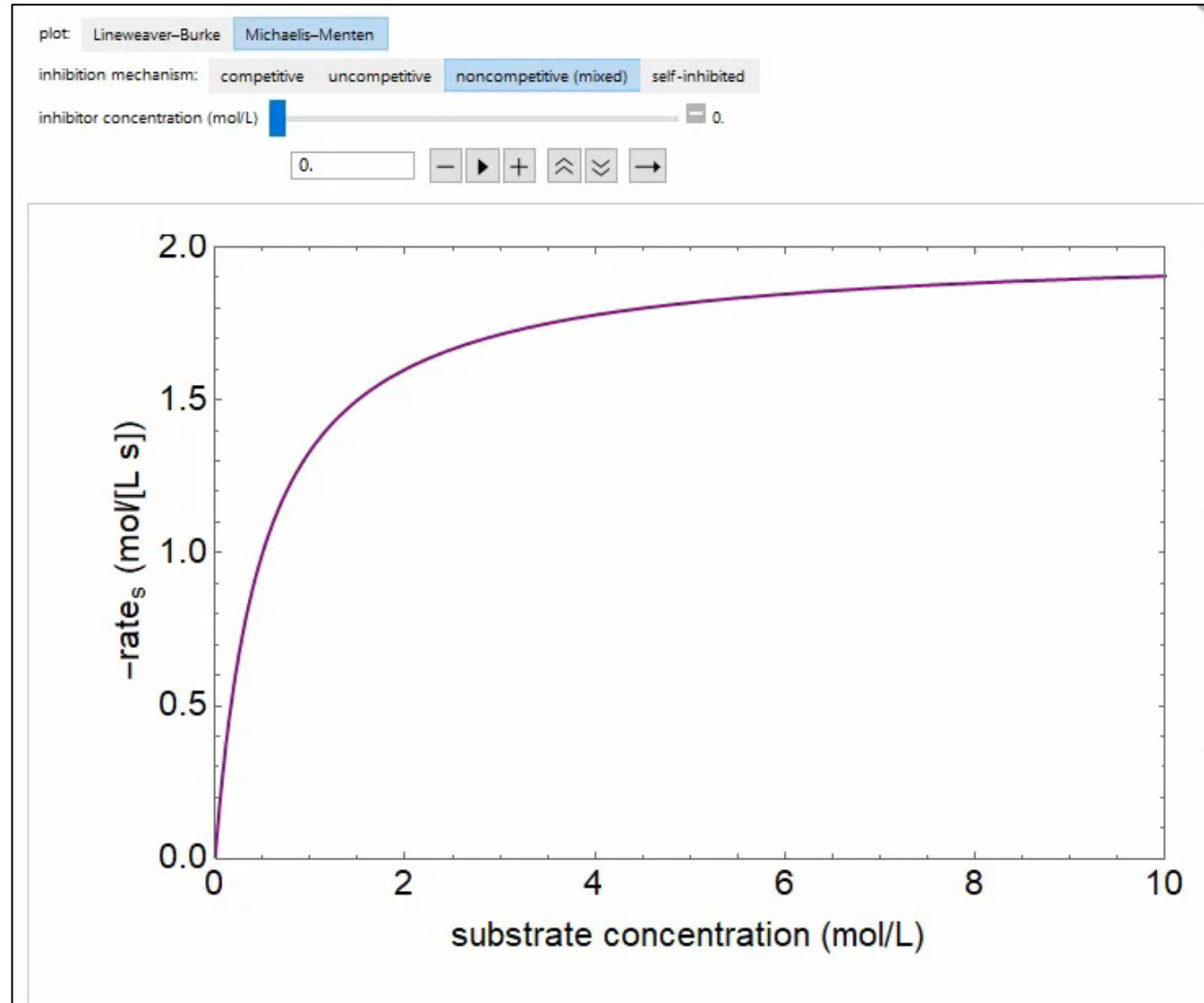
Inibição Reversível – Não COMPETITIVA



Assim em concentrações crescentes de [I]:

1. V_{max} aparente \rightarrow diminui
2. K_M aparente $\rightarrow K_M$ (NÃO MUDA)
3. Slope \rightarrow aumenta

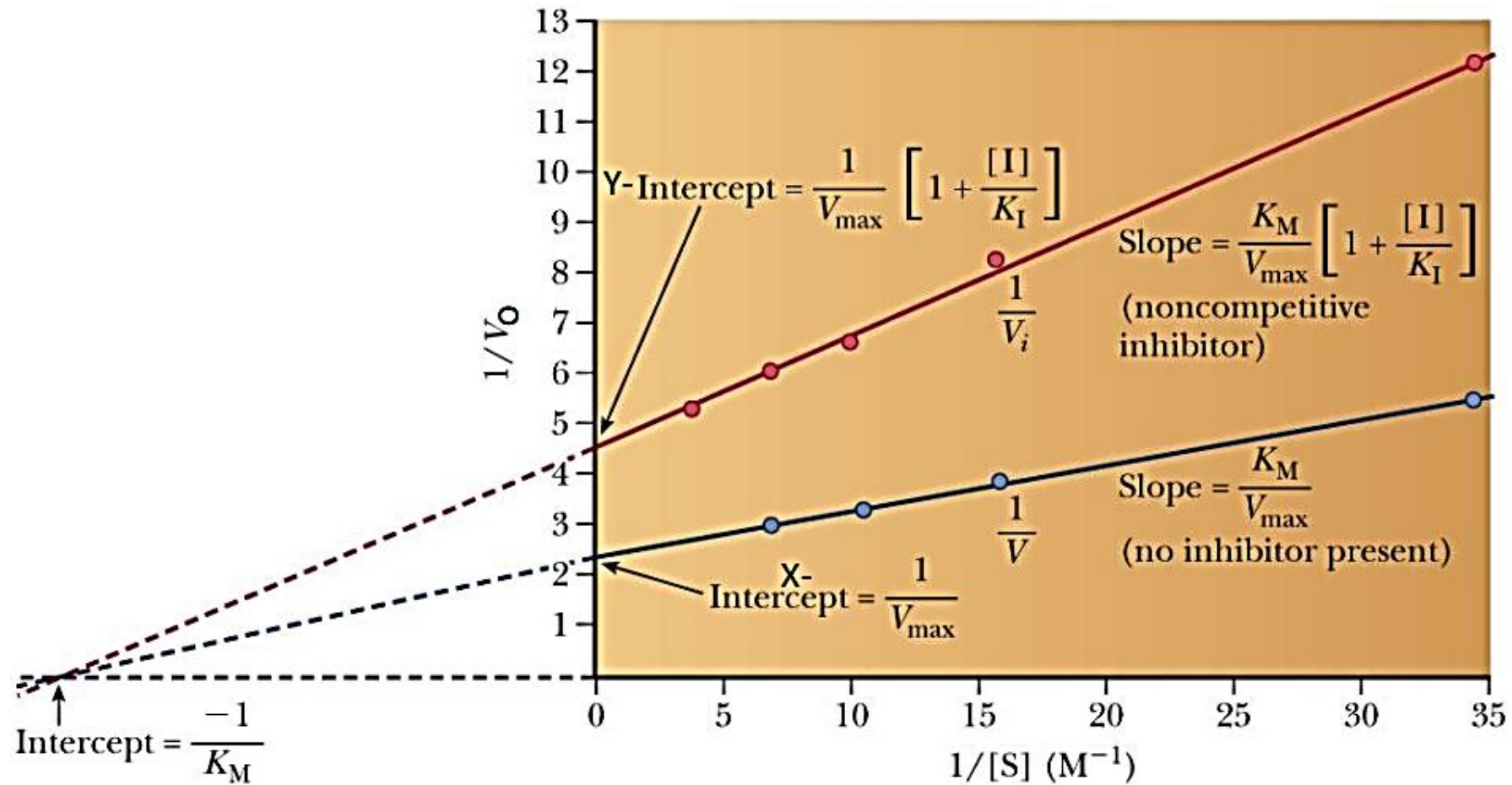
$$K_M = K_i = K_{EI} = K_{ESI}$$



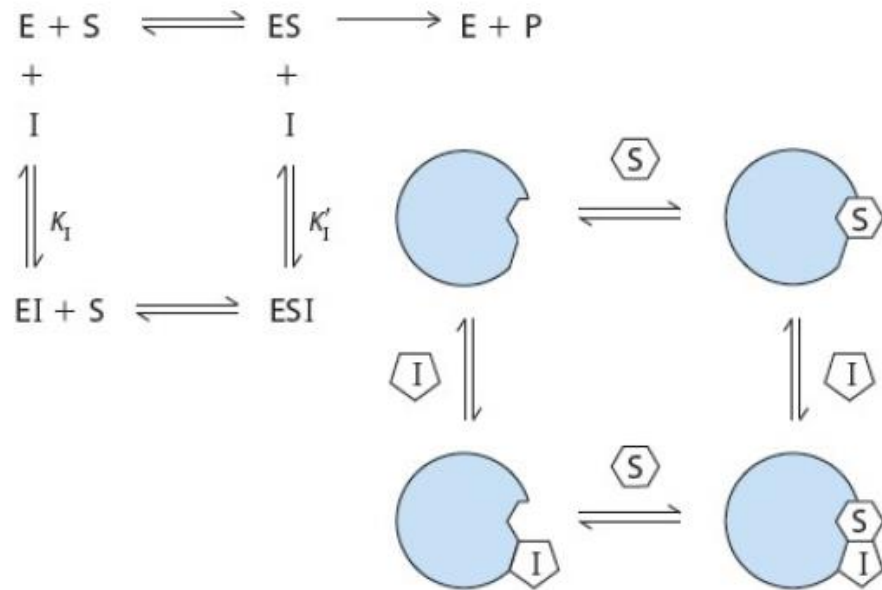
$$V_o = \frac{V_{max} [S]}{\alpha K_m + \alpha' [S]}$$

$$\alpha = 1 + \frac{[I]}{K_i}$$

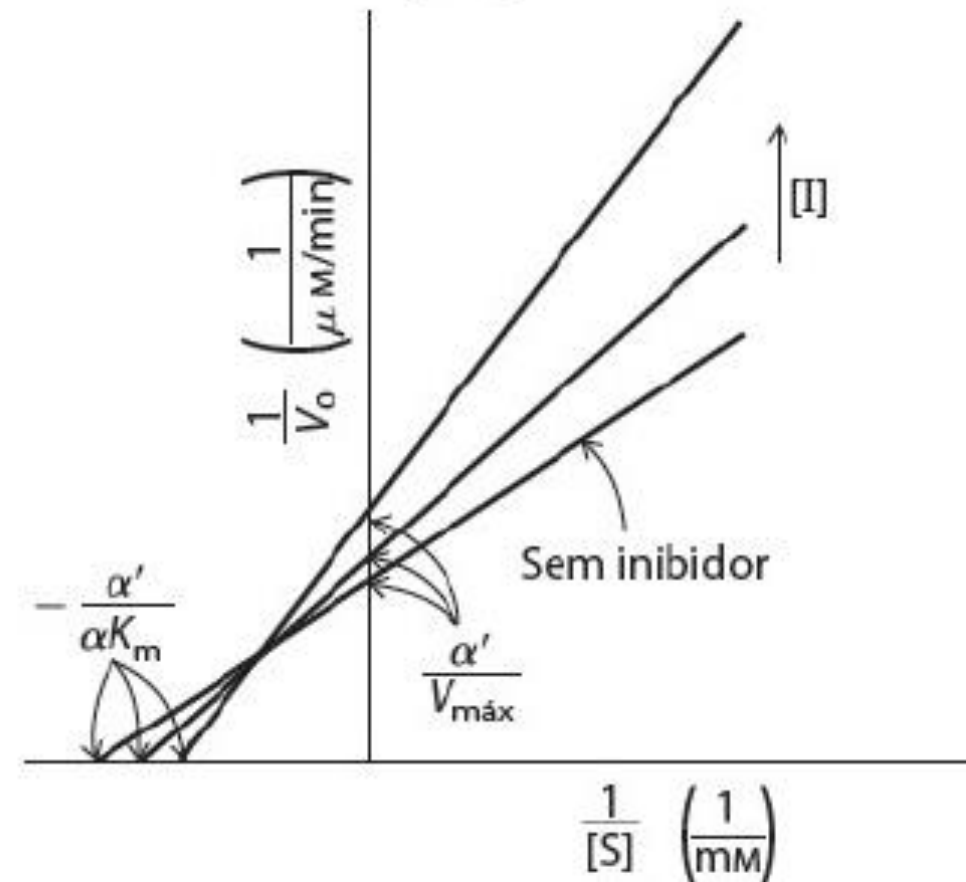
$$\alpha' = \left[1 + \frac{[I]}{K_i'} \right]$$



Inibição Reversível – Não COMPETITIVA MISTA



$$\frac{1}{V_0} = \left(\frac{\alpha K_m}{V_{\max}} \right) \frac{1}{[S]} + \frac{\alpha'}{V_{\max}}$$



Inibidor liga-se a um sítio diferente do sítio ativo, bloqueando tanto E como ES. Portanto afeta tanto o K_m como V_{\max} .

Assim em concentrações crescentes de $[I]$:

1. V_{\max} aparente \rightarrow diminui
2. K_m aparente \rightarrow **umenta ou diminui**
3. Slope \rightarrow aumenta ou diminui

Kinetic and structural analyses reveal residues in phosphoinositide 3-kinase α that are critical for catalysis and substrate recognition

Sweta Maheshwari¹, Michelle S. Miller², Robert O'Meally³, Robert N. Cole³, L. Mario Amzel¹,
Sandra B. Gabelli^{1, 2, 4}

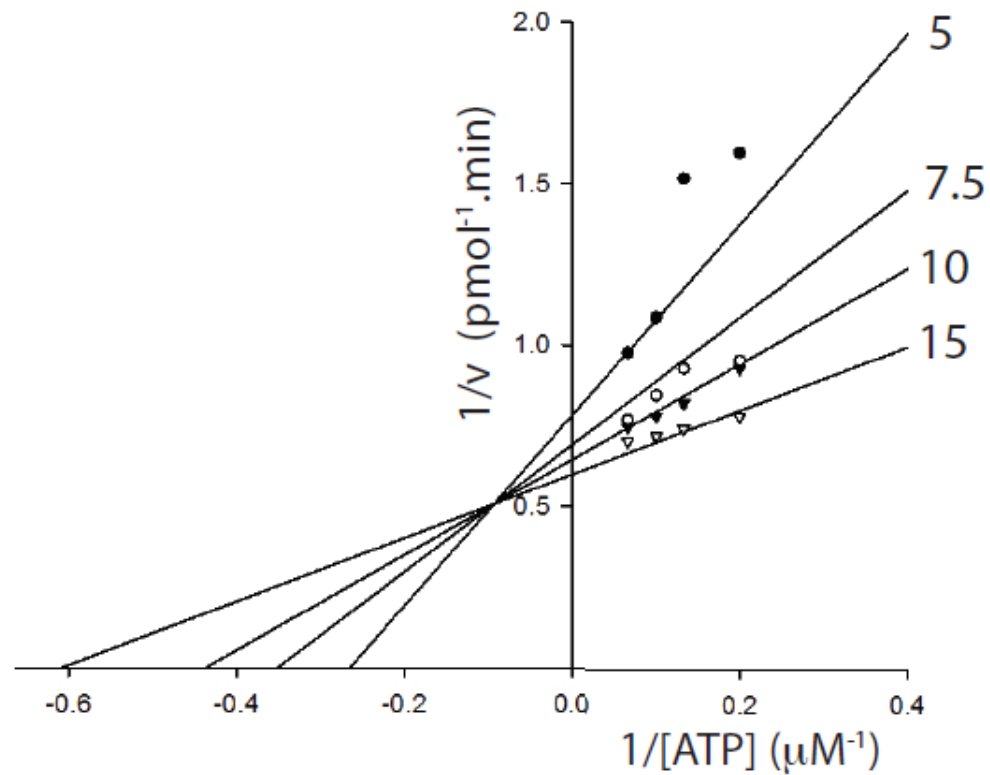


TABLE 6–9 Effects of Reversible Inhibitors on Apparent V_{\max} and Apparent K_m

<i>Inhibitor type</i>	<i>Apparent V_{\max}</i>	<i>Apparent K_m</i>
None	V_{\max}	K_m
Competitive	V_{\max}	αK_m
Uncompetitive	V_{\max}/α'	K_m/α'
Mixed	V_{\max}/α'	$\alpha K_m/\alpha'$