Easy Planning

Novo Modelo de Planejamento e Gestão Estratégica Em Construção Neves and Gray (2020)

Prof. Dr. Marcos Fava Neves

Faculdade de Administração (FEA/RP) – Universidade de São Paulo, desde 1995 Escola de Administração de Empresas (EAESP/FGV), desde 2018 Center for Agricultural Business - Purdue University (Indiana/USA), desde 2013 PAA – FAUBA – Universidade de Buenos Aires, desde 2006 Criador da Markestrat (www.markestrat.com.br) em 2004 Especialista em planejamento estratégico no agronegócio

www.doutoragro.com

1. WHERE ARE WE NOW?



2. WHERE WE WANT TO GO?



3. HOW TO GET THERE?

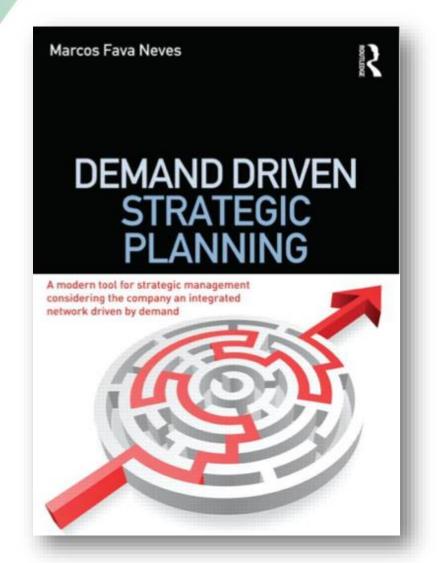


4. WHICH STRATEGIC PROJECTS?





Strategic Planning Books











Strategic Planning and Management Method

(Fava Neves & Gray, 2020)

1- WHERE ARE WE NOW?

BASIC

✓ Company Network, History and Other Topics

EXTERNAL ANALYSIS

- ✓ Market Evolution and Economic Trends
- ✓ Consumer Behaviour and Trends
- ✓ Competitors and Rivalry Analysis
- ✓ Suppliers and Buyers Markets Analysis
- ✓ Political/Legal Environment
- ✓ Technological Environment and Substitutes
- ✓ Natural Environment and Risks

INTERNAL ANALYSIS

- ✓ Physical Assets
- ✓ Financial Resources
- ✓ Technology
- ✓ Management and Organizational Culture
- ✓ Human Resources
- ✓ Cost/Price Structure
- ✓ Supply Chain
- ✓ Channels
- ✓ Alliances
- ✓ R&D
- ✓ Target Segments
- ✓ Current Value Proposition
- ✓ Portfolio and Services
- ✓ Reputation, Brands, Packaging
- ✓ Communications
- ✓ Sales Force
- ✓ Marketing Orientation and Relationships
- ✓ Government Relations

Output: Final List of Opportunities and Internal Activities Needed

2- WHERE WE WANT TO GO?

- Setting Quantitative Goals and Objectives
- Defining the New Guiding Philosophy
- Defining the new value proposition

Output: Final List of Objectives

3- HOW TO GET THERE?

- ✓ Basic Strategic Definitions
- ✓ Choosing Market Segments
- ✓ New Markets (Channels) for Current Solutions
- ✓ Financial Strategies: New Partners, IPO...
- ✓ Business Diversifications
- ✓ Vertical (Supply Chain and Channels) Coordination and Integration
- ✓ Acquisitions or Mergers
- ✓ Selling or Renting the Business (Units or Others)
- ✓ Value Creation, Capture and Sharing (Relationship & Marketing)
- ✓ Collective Actions Strategies

Output: Final List of Strategic Projects

4- WHICH STRATEGIC PROJECTS?

- ✓ Detailing the Strategic Projects
 Frame with Preliminary Budgets
- ✓ Prioritizing the Strategic Projects in Waves
- ✓ Structuring the Management Committee for the Strategic Plan
- ✓ Projects Team Definition (Internal Talents and Outsourced)
- ✓ Deeper Elaboration of Projects
- Mapping and Prevention of Possible Problems
- Rethink Prioritization Based on Budget Restrictions
- ✓ Plan is Ready to Go!

Output: Projects Complete and Ready to Start

- Make it Happen Start ProjectsExecution
- ✓ Committee's Management
- ✓ Continuous Engagement, Leadership and Discipline
- ✓ Increasing Strategic Flexibility.













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What is a Project?

A project is a set of coordinated activities with established objectives and timeline, with a finite and transient duration. The project involves several functional areas and hierarchical levels while extrapolates the routine.







Fundamental Topics in Project Management

	Detailed Description of the Plan Developed in the Concept Phase
1- Coordinator	Definition of a coordinator for the project.
and team	Appoint a team or someone committed to getting the project going.
2 - Objectives	The project must have clear objectives. In the same way the objectives of the strategic plan were made, the project (operational) objectives must be defined.
3 - Scope	Define the outline (project boundaries). List the actions that are part of the project. Clarify what is not a part of the project (in cases where boundaries are not very clear).
4 - Results	The results expected from the actions to be developed must be clear and well defined; it is the expectation at the end of the project.
5 - Expected Schedule	Make a time matrix scheduling the project's activities. Define activities in an analytical structure which successively decomposes the project's final result into stages and sub stages, until a level is reached where activities are sufficiently small for deadline estimates to be defined.





Fundamental Topics in Project Management

	Detailed Description of the Plan Developed in the Concept Phase
6 - Points of Control (indicators)	Indicate the important points for the committee to follow up on the project. For example, the end of an economical analysis, a technical essay, the opinion of a specialist, etc. Indicators: Point out items that will evaluate the efficacy of the project's result. For example: Cost: Reduce ABCD's production cost by x%. Margin: Increase the EFGH's product line margin by y%. Quality: Reduce the contamination index to z%. Image: Change to w% the positive image evaluation index of products, according to perception research.
7 - Budget / Resource Balance	A large percentage of all projects will involve expenses in order to implement defined actions. Therefore, the budget of what will be spent should be discussed by the committee and the expenses approved.
8 - Contingency Plan	Actions to be taken can be highlighted, where there are unexpected or undesirable events.

Table 12.3 Fundamental topics in project management.

Source: Developed by the author, based on Pensa Projects and contributions from Roberto Waack.









Project X - NAME

OBJECTIVES

XXXX

ACTIONS

- X
- X
- X
- X
- X
- X
- >

TEAM

Coordinator:

Participants:

RESULTS

Main KPIs

Source: Elaborated by Markestrat.





AgroBio Project 8. Strategic Intelligence

Objectives

Develop a strategic intelligence system, incorporating strategic issues for the development of the industry as well as improvements in monitoring systems.

Actions

- Map international NGOs that attacks GMOs and create a dialogue.
- Constant update AgroBio's database (IT).
- Include in AgroBio's database information and tracking of laws and IP decisions.
- Strategic management of data to generate information and support decision making.
- Create an environment in which associated organizations may share trends and information about new technologies being developed.
- Monitor possible topics impacting the industry.
- Work together with CIB to avoid duplicity.
- Catalyst position in partnerships with research companies and funding organizations.

Source: Elaborated by Markestrat.

8. Strategic Intelligence							
Indicators	KPIs	Unity	Goals				
Map NGOs against GMOs	NGOs mapped	%	100%				
Relationship with these NGOs	Meetings and communications with NGOs	number	2 per year				
Improvements in AgroBio's database	Tracking of laws and IP decisions	-	-				
Proximity with CIB	# of meetings with CIB	number	Increase of 20%				
Foster partnerships with research and funding	# of mostings	numbor	Increase of 20%				

of meetings

Answering to tech changes

TEAM	SINERGY	PRIORITIZATION
Coordinator:		
Mário	Legislative and Executive Issues (3)	Final: 4th (7,2)
Participants:		
Alessandra		Relevance: 7,4
Adriana	Industry Representation and	Urgency: 7,1
Eliane	Relationship (4)	Easiness: 7,1
Companies Representatives		

Source: elaborated by Markestrat.

companies

New technologies





Increase of 20%

Reduce by 10%

number

Time (days)

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How to Prioritize The List of Projects? Project Prioritization Tool

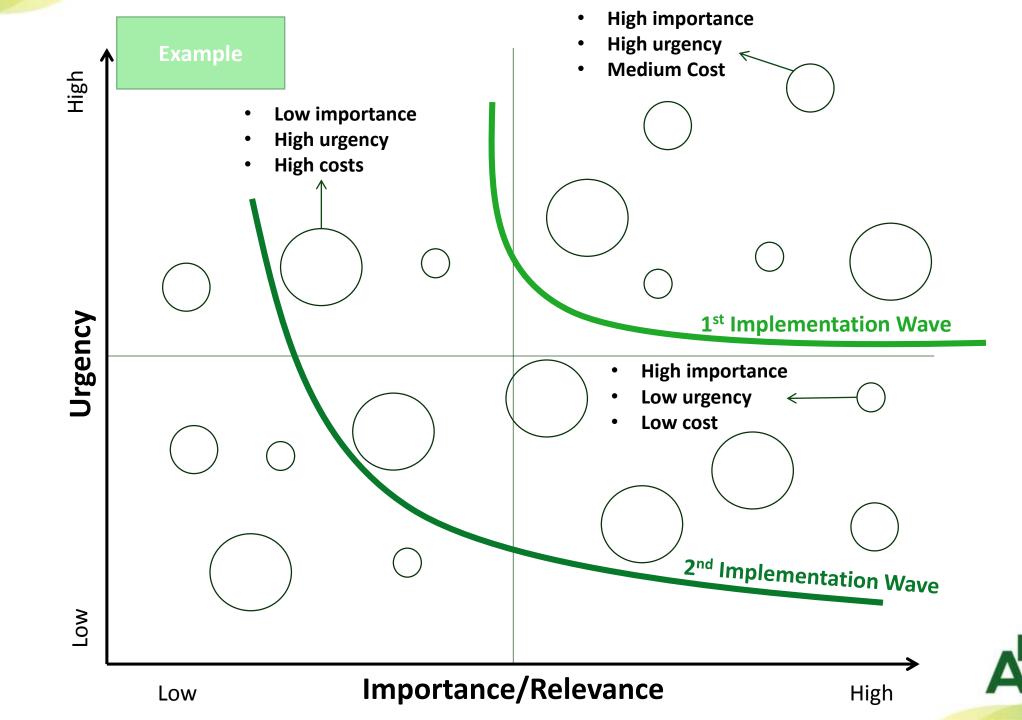
Project/Actions	Relevance (impact on company results, return over investment dimension)	Urgency (need for fast implementation, time dimension)	Easiness (easy or difficult to do, resources dimension)	Volume of Investments Needed, cash dimension (\$\$) (the lower the highest grade)	AxBxCxD
Project A	4	8	3	8	
Project B	7	9	7	7	
Project C	2	4	10	6	
Project D	10	5	1	9	
Project Z	9	7	7	3	

Obs: Within the 4 criteria of analysis, you can use weights to make them more or less important.





Source: Prof. Marcos Fava Neves



MAPA DO SITE

ASSOCIADOS

USUÁRIO

SENHA

>

QUEM SOMOS

BIOTECNOLOGIA

NOTÍCIAS

INFORMATIVO

LEGISLAÇÃO

CONTATO

HOME > QUEM SOMOS

QUEM SOMOS

A Associação das Empresas de Biotecnologia na Agricultura e Agroindústria (AgroBio) é uma associação civil, sem fins lucrativos e sem nenhuma conotação político-partidária ou ideológica.

EMPRESAS ASSOCIADAS

Fazem parte da AgroBio as seguintes empresas:























OBJETIVOS

ESTRUTURA ADMINISTRATIVA

EMPRESAS ASSOCIADAS

POLÍTICAS INTERNAS

BIOTECNOLOGIA

Neste espaço, você vai encontrar as principais legislações e informações relevantes relacionadas ao tema. A AgroBio compilou este material para facilitar a sua busca.



Procure aqui



AgroBio Prioritization of Projects







AgroBio 2016-2018 Strategic Map

VISION

Be a world reference in industry representation, defending the biotechnology development on production chain and in value generation in Brazilian agribusiness.

OBJECTIVES

Acting in the development and defense of biotechnology applied to agribusiness, representing its associates in legal and regulatory issues, providing a legally safe environment.

To act in the improvement of the legal and regulatory environment maintaining interface with regulatory governmental bodies

Strengthen relationships with other entities related to the sector aiming at the defense of biotechnology in Brazilian and world agribusiness

Communicate in an efficient and educative way in order to raise the awareness of the public on issues related to biotech in agribusiness

Improve the association's internal environment for better results and performance

Acting internationally, coordinating approvals and maintaining good relationships with international agents in biotechnology

MISSION

To act in the improvement of a functional regulatory structure and in obtaining a legally safe environment for the development of biotechnology applied to the sustainable production of food, bioenergy, wood and fiber.

STRATEGIC GUIDELINES

Regulatory and Legislative

-

1. CTNBio and Regulatory
Issues

2. Judicial Actions

3. Legislative and Executive Environment

Relationship



4. Industry Representation and Relationship

5. Trading and FTO

Internal Environment



6. Operational and Statutory Issues

7. Growth Strategies

Strategic Issues



8. Strategic Intelligence

PROJECTS



Source: Elaborated by Markestrat



AgroBio Prioritization of Projects

Projects	Relevance (0 to 10)	Urgency (0 to 10)	Easiness (0 to 10)	Final Score	Prioritization
CTNBio e Regulatory Issues	10,0	10,0	7,6	9,2	Short Term
Operational and Statutory Issues	8,0	9,4	8,6	8,7	Short Term
Sectoral Representation and Relationship	8,8	8,4	8,1	8,4	Short Term
Strategic Intelligence	7,4	7,1	7,1	7,2	Medium Term
Judicial Actions	8,0	7,5	5,4	7,0	Medium Term
Legislative and Executive Environment	7,4	7,1	5,9	6,8	Medium Term
Trading and FTO	7,0	7,9	5,1	6,7	Medium Term
Strengthening Strategy	6,8	6,0	6,1	6,3	Long Term

Source: Elaborated by Markestrat.

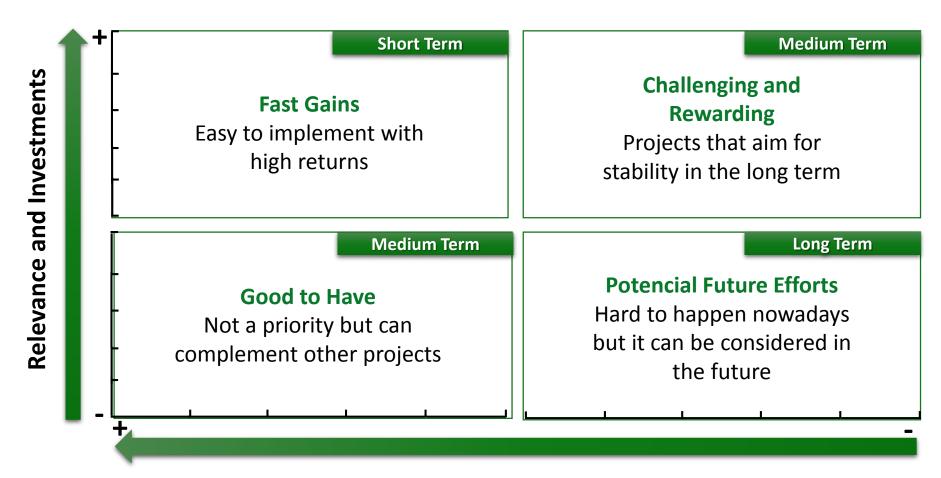








Another Alternative for Prioritization of Projects 4 Modules Matrix



Easiness/Urgency



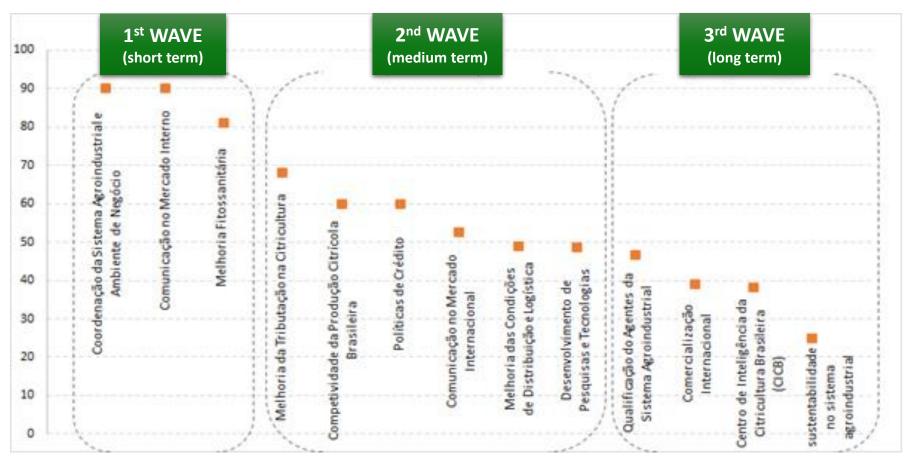






Prioritization of Strategic Projects for the Orange Juice





Source: Elaborated by Markestrat.







Coplana Cooperative: Brazilian Premium Peanuts





COPLANA PREMIUM PEANUTS Português

		LISTA DE PROJETOSESTRATÉGICOS COPLANA 2017			
TOTAL	MEDIA		LIDER	EQUIPE	
200	10.00	GRÃOS 01 - Aumento da Capacidade de Pré-Limpeza (TIR)	Paulo Bortolin	Vicente, Mineiro e Matheus	
200	10.00	GRÃOS 02- Sistema de Armazenamento para Produto Acabado (TIR)	Paulo Bortolin	Vicente, Mineiro, Faverton,	Jarbas
189.5	9.48	GRÃOS 04- Nova Unidade de Tratamento de Sementes (TIR)	Mineiro	Paulo, Paulo, Anselmo, Edne	el
187.4	9.37	GRÃOS 09 - Planta de Extração de Óleo (TIR)	Paulo Bortolin	Vicente, Mineiro e Anselmo	
182	9.10	GRÃOS 07- Fomento de Áreas de Produção de Amendoim	Paulo Henn	Marta, Ednel, Dedé	
180.5	9.03	GRÃOS 08- Programa de Pesquisa de Amendoim (Estação Exp.)	Paulo Henn	Marta, Amauri, Pablo	
177	8.85	GRÃOS 12- Projeto de Redução de Custos de Produção no Campo	Amauri	Paulo Henn, Ednel e Guilher	me
167	8.35	GRÃOS 03 - Novo Armazem a Granel para Amendoim Casca (TIR)	Vicente	Mineiro, Paulo Bortolin, Jark	oas e Matheus
151.5	7.58	GRÃOS 06- Adequação do Regime de Trabalho (TIR)	Gustavo	Marta, Mineiro, Mirela, Ferr	nando e Almir
106.5	5.33	GRÃOS 05- Aumento da Capacidade de Blancheamento (TIR)	**Chico	Cesar, Vicente, Rafael Peixin	nho, Mineiro e Paulo Bortolin
100.5	5.03	GRÃOS 11 - Fabricação de Pasta de Amendoim (TIR)	**Chico	Cesar, Vicente, Rafael Peixin	nho, Mineiro e Paulo Bortolin
70	3.50	GRÃOS 10 - Projeto de Geração de Energia com a Casca (TIR)	**Paulo Bortolin	Vicente, Mineiro e Anselmo	
TOTAL	MEDIA		LIDER	EQUIPE	
200	10.00	SILOS 02 - Troca do Secador de Soja por Novo com Capacidade 60t/h	Vicente	Paulo Bortolin, Paulo Henn,	Dedé
200	10.00	SILOS 03- Reforma Geral do Secador de Milho com Peças da Soja	Vicente	Paulo Bortolin, Paulo Henn,	Dedé
199	9.95	SILOS 01 - Prospecção de Novos Produtores, Tradings e Armazenadores	Paulo Henn	Fernando e Dedé	
TOTAL	MEDIA		LIDER	EQUIPE	
194.5	9.73	COMERCIAL 05 - Projeto Nova Loja da Filial de Jaboticabal (TIR)	Luiz Torquato	Ednel, Mirela, Cesar e Dagm	ar
183.5	9.18	COMERCIAL 01 - Projeto Filial de Minas Gerais (TIR)	Ricardo	Luiz Torquato, Ednel, Mirela	e Marcos Minari
180.5	9.03	COMERCIAL 07 - Projeto de Segmentação Estratégica	Luciana	Juliana, Ednel e Marcelo, Fiã	io e Mirela
180.5	9.03	COMERCIAL 08 - Projeto de Grandes Grupos e Empresas de Insumos	Ednel	Rodolfo, Luciana e Marcelo	
180.5	9.03	COMERCIAL 09 - Projeto Conhecimento de Fidelização de Cooperados	Juliana	Marta, Luciana, Regiane, Fiã	io, Mirela e Ednel
180	9.00	COMERCIAL 04 - Projeto Filial de Insumos Pecuários (TIR)	Gustavo Vilela	Luciano, Luiz Torquato, Cesa	ar
178	8.90	COMERCIAL 06 - Projeto Centro de Educação Socio Ambiental	Amauri	Igor, Marta, Regiane e Pedro	o Sgarbosa
176.5	8.83	COMERCIAL 02 - Projeto Filial de Monte Aprazível (TIR)	João Lourenção	Ednel, Luiz Torquato e Edua	rdo Pacífico
159.4	7.97	COMERCIAL 03 - Projeto Filial de Batatais (TIR)	Marcelo	Edvaldo, Marquinhos	
TOTAL	MEDIA		LIDER	EQUIPE	
200	10.00	ADMFIN 02 - Programa de Desenvolvimento de Lideranças, Sucessão	Gustavo Chioda	Mirela, Tamiris	
200	10.00	ADMFIN 03 - Melhoria da Gestão Orçamentária	Dirson	Rafael, Mirela e Stella	
199	9.95	ADMFIN 04 - Escrever Normas e Procedimentos, Políticas e Manual	Rafael	Dirson e Comitê Gestor	
178.5	8.93	ADMFIN 05 - Inteligência Analítica de Informações	Flávio	Fião, Junior, Mirela, Chico e	Ednel
177	0.60	ADMINIM Decarama da Adaguação da Sita Canlana	Iuliana Marata	Dadea Daniana Fiña a Misal	



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Structuring the Committee

Who are they: Organization members and possible external agents.

Defines the responsibilities of the Committee and of the Project Coordinator.

Changes teams and priorities during implementation



Management Committee:

- ✓ Defined by the controllers
- ✓ Small decision-maker group
- ✓ Project's evaluation and adjustments forum
- ✓ Monthly meetings
- ✓ Interact with company management routine
- ✓ Strong discipline and leadership

Questions:

- ✓ Company is heading the right direction?
- ✓ The main resources are allocated where it should?
- ✓ External environment variables and trends are still valid or should be reviewed?
- ✓ Critical activities are being developed?
- ✓ Strategic guidelines need to be adjusted or rebuild?
- ✓ Progress has been made until now?
- ✓ Objectives and timelines are being fulfilled?
- ✓ Method adjustments are necessary?





Strategic Management Meetings of the Committee



Project Number	Project Actions	Deadlines





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Defining the Teams



- Each project may have 6 to 10 participants
- People from different areas of the organization
- Resources with unique expertise
- Integrated with other teams in related projects (same person in both to build the bridge)
- A project is a nice way to learn and train people
- The responsible for coordinating the group, writing the minutes can be a young talent
- Take care with political issues
- Take care with allocations in order to avoid one person in several projects
- Take care with the distribution of leadership of the projects to avoid one person centralizing several
- Teams should be well distributed and stimulated



Source: Project-Management.com











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	A B C D E F G H	I J K	L M N
2	Markestrat' value generation		
5	Plano Estragégico "Empre	sa X"	
6	PROJETO	EQUIPE	
7	1 . Nome do Projeto		ponente das Equipe
9 10	OBJETIVOS	COORDENADOR(A)	
11		Coor	denador do projeto
12 13		INDICADORES DE DESEN	иреnно — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
14 15	ESCOPO	quais os principais in	dicadores de performance do projeto
16 17	Até onde o projeto vai		
18			
19 20	PRODUTOS FINAIS		
21 22	quais os principais produtos que surgirão deste projeto		
23 24	PRINCIPAIS ATIVIDADES/AÇOES	Prazos	Responsável
	A) OPERACIONAL		
	atividade 1		resposável pela atividade 1
	atividade 2 atividade 3		resposável pela atividade 2 resposável pela atividade 3
29	atividade 5		resposaver pera attividade s
	B) ESTRATÉGICO		1
	atividade 4		resposável pela atividade 4
	atividade 5		resposável pela atividade 5
	atividade 6		resposável pela atividade 6
34			1
-12		•	

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	8																									
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The Use of Software for Plan Management

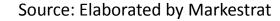
- For management and tracking of plan's execution, several tools may be used, varying with the
 complexity of the plan, number of projects, resources that the organization owns, the team
 knowledge on project management tools, and the level of control wanted.
- Some tools that can be used vary from simple or customized **Excel spreadsheets to project** management softwares (online and offline).
- Some examples of software used for managing projects:
 - ✓ Oracle Primavera
 - ✓ Microsoft Project
 - ✓ Deskaway
 - ✓ jxProject
 - ✓ GanttProject
 - ✓ OpenProj
 - ✓ Project Planner

- ✓ Project Engine Personal
- ✓ Streber
- ✓ Eventor
- ✓ Go Plan
- ✓ Wrike
- ✓ Project2Manage
- ✓ Task Juggler

- ✓ Open Workbench
- ✓ Planner
- ✓ NB Projet
- ✓ Tutos
- ✓ OmniPlan
- ✓ DotProject









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Difficulties in Planning Implementation	Mitigation (how to reduce?) (source: Prof. Marcos Fava Neves)
1. Insufficient human resources	Hire people, outsource
2. Political and cultural issues (oppositions)	• Ability to recognize and change it (lobbying and politics). Create status positions.
3. Divergent goals, lack of focus and short term vision	Understand, seek for common ground. Listen to everyone.
4. Perception of a "top/down" process	• Since the beginning, promote participation (questionnaire, suggestion boxes, intranet, breakfasts) – They all should fell they are "parents" of the plan.
5. Loosing motivation over time	Stimulating monthly meetings, rewards and incentives.
6. Lack of environmental analysis (PEST)	Always update STEP analysis, keep the integrated vision
7. Lack of discipline and monitoring	Implement strategic management meetings
8. Arrogance and lack of leadership	Choose wisely the project leader, train people.
9. Lack of standards	Create chart, tables and slides templates.
10. Poor governance and controls	Ethical standards, consensus and clear rules.
11. Poor communication and integration	Constantly communicate the entire organization, involve different departments
12. Low importance given and accommodation	Stimulus, gather those who make it happen.
13. Lack of financial resources and knowledge	• IPO, financing, credit, training, hiring.
14. Risk aversion and conservative behavior	Broad process of convincing, testimonials.
15. Lack of technologies and other resources	Internal development and resource's flexibility.





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3. HOW TO GET THERE?

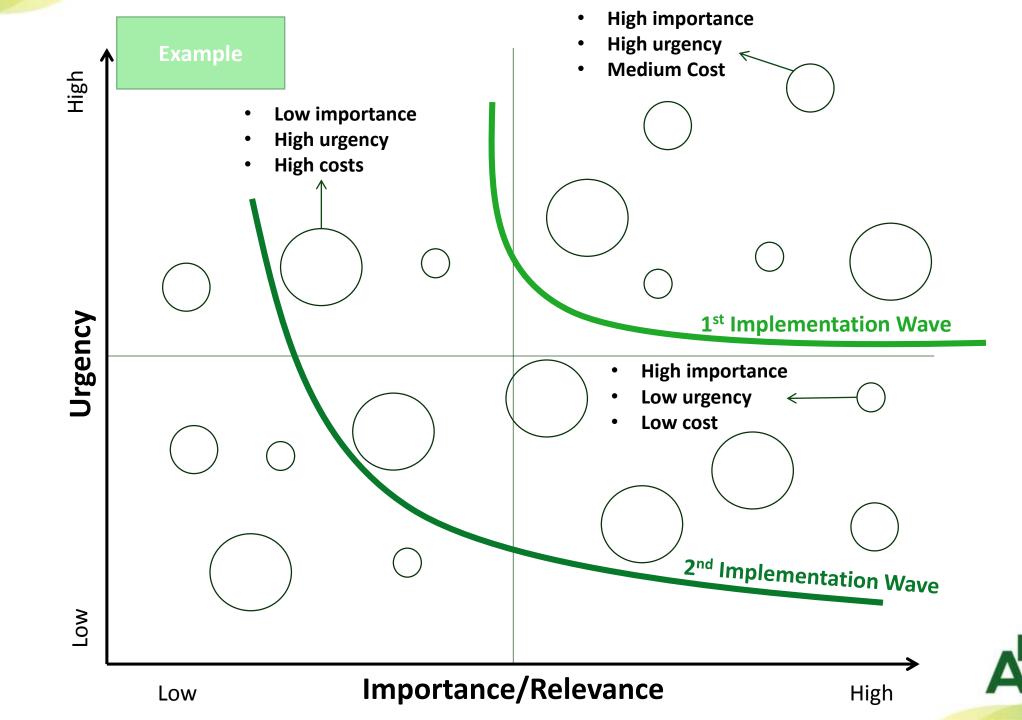


4. WHICH STRATEGIC PROJECTS?









- 4.1 Detailing the Strategic Projects Frame with Preliminary Budgets
- 4.2 Prioritizing the Strategic Projects in Waves
- 4.3 Structuring the Management Committee for the Strategic Plan
- 4.4 Projects Team Definition (Internal Talents and Outsourced)
- **4.5 Deeper Elaboration of Projects**
- 4.6 Mapping and Prevention of Possible Problems
- 4.7 Rethink Prioritization Based on Budget Restrictions
- 4.8 Plan is Ready to Go!

1. WHERE ARE WE NOW?



2. WHERE WE WANT TO GO?



3. HOW TO GET THERE?



4. WHICH STRATEGIC PROJECTS?







Important Aspects for the Effective Implementation of the Strategic Plan

Component	Specific Tasks
Build an organization that is capable of executing the strategy	 Create an organizational structure of support for the strategy. Develop abilities and distinct competencies on which strategy is based. Select people for key positions.
Establish a budgetary support strategy	 See that each organizational unit has a budget to conduct its part of the strategic plan. Make sure that resources are being used efficiently.
Construct internal management support systems	 Establish and administrate policies and procedures which facilitate the strategy. Develop management and operational systems to provide critical capacities to the organization's strategy.
Distribute prizes and incentives that are strongly connected to the objectives and strategy	 Motivate organizational units and individuals to carry out the strategy. Designate prizes and incentives that lead to the employee's desired performance. Promote orientation to results.
Mold corporate culture to adjust to the strategy	 Establish shared values. Define ethic standards. Create a work environment that supports the strategy.
Exercise strategic leadership	 Lead the process of creating values, modeling culture and motivating the creation of the strategy. Keep the organization innovative, responsive and alert to market opportunities. Lead strategy policies, creating consensus. Reinforce ethical and behavioral standards. Initiate corrective actions to improve the strategy's execution.

Table 12.1 Important aspects for the effective implementation of the strategic marketing plan and the planning process as a whole.

Source: Thompson and Strickland, 1990.



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Marcos Fava Neves is an *international expert* on global agribusiness issues and a part-time professor of planning and strategy at the School of Business (FEARP) of the University of São Paulo (USP) and FGV Business School, both in Brazil. He graduated as an agronomic engineer from ESALQ/USP - Piracicaba in 1991. He earned his master's degree in 1995 and his doctorate in management in 1999 from the FEA/USP School of Economics and Business – São Paulo. Marcos completed postgraduate studies in European agribusiness at ESSEC-IGIA in France in 1995 and in chains/networks at Wageningen University, in the Netherlands (1998-1999). In 2013 he spent the year as a visiting international professor at Purdue University (Indiana, USA) where he maintains the linkage as a permanent International Adjunct Professor. Since 2006 he is an international professor at the University of Buenos Aires, Argentina.



He has *specialized in strategic-planning* processes for companies and food chains and works as a board member of both public and private organizations, being member of mor than 10 international boards since 2004. Also in 2004, he created the Markestrat think tank with other partners, today employing around 60 people and doing international projects, studies and research in strategic planning and management for more than 250 agri-food business organizations. Some of these projects were very important in suggesting public policies for food chains that were implemented in Brazil with economic and social impacts.

- Also as an experience in the private sector, from 1992 to 1993 he worked in citrus juice exporter and from 1994 to 1995 in a veterinarian company. In 2008, he became CEO of Brazil's second-largest biofuel holding company, a position he occupied until 2009, when he returned to the University of São Paulo (USP) and Markestrat.
- At the academic side, since 1995 (when he was hired by USP), Marcos has advised more than 30 doctorate dissertations and master's theses and helped to form around 1200 Bachelors in Business Administration in Brazil with around 120 courses taught to undergraduates at USP.
- His writings are strongly focused on supplying simple and effective methods for business. He has published more than 100 articles in international journals and has been author and editor of 63 books by 10 different publishers in Brazil, Uruguay, Argentina, South Africa, Singapore, Netherlands, China, the United Kingdom and the United States. He is also a regular contributor for China Daily Newspaper and has written two case studies for Harvard Business School (2009/2010), one for Purdue (2013) and five for Pensa/USP in the nineties. Recognized as the Brazilian academic with the largest number of international publications about orange juice and sugar cane chain and one of the top 3 most cited Brazilian authors in the area of food and agribusiness. He has reached more than 4000 citations in Google Scholar index.
- Marcos is one of the most active Brazilian speakers, having done more than 1050 lectures and presentations in 25 countries. He received around 150 recognitions from Brazilian and international organizations, and is considered a "Fellow" of the IFAMA (International Food and Agribusiness Management Association), title received in Minneapolis 2015.
- Coming from a family of farmers, he is a worldwide defender of agriculture and farmer's role in the development of the society. In the social side, together with his parents, Marcos is one of the creators and maintainers of Mucapp, a NGO that in 20 years has built more than 450 houses for families in Brazil that face very unfavorable conditions.





