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$$f : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, D \subset \mathbb{R}$$

Seja  $p \in D$  +  $f$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow p} f(x) = L > 0$$

$$\forall a > 0 \exists \delta > 0 \forall y \in ]p - \delta, p + \delta[ \cap D$$

$$f(y) \in ]L - a, L + a[$$

$$* a = L/2$$

$$a = L/2 \text{ existe } \delta_a \text{ + } \forall y \in ]p - \delta_a, p + \delta_a[$$

$$f(y) \in ]L/2, 3L/2[$$

$$\varepsilon = \delta_a$$

$$\forall y \neq p \quad |p - y| < \varepsilon$$

$$f(y) > 0 \quad (f \in ]\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}[)$$

$$\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R} \quad |x - y| \leq |x - y|$$

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15)

$$f(x) - L$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow p} (f(x) - L) = 0$$

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists \delta > 0 \forall y \in ]p - \delta, p + \delta[ \cap D$$

$$(f(y) - L) \in ]-\varepsilon, \varepsilon[$$



$$f(y) \in ]L - \varepsilon, L + \varepsilon[$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow p} \cos(x) = \cos(p)$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow p} (\cos(x) - \cos(p)) = 0$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow p} -2 \sin\left(\frac{x+p}{2}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{x-p}{2}\right)$$

$\parallel \rightarrow$  Sen é cont em

$$2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{p+p}{2}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{0}{2}\right)$$

$$\parallel$$

$$2 \cdot \underbrace{\sin(p)}_{1} - \underbrace{\sin(0)}_0$$

$$\parallel 1$$
$$0$$
$$\parallel$$

$$2 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$