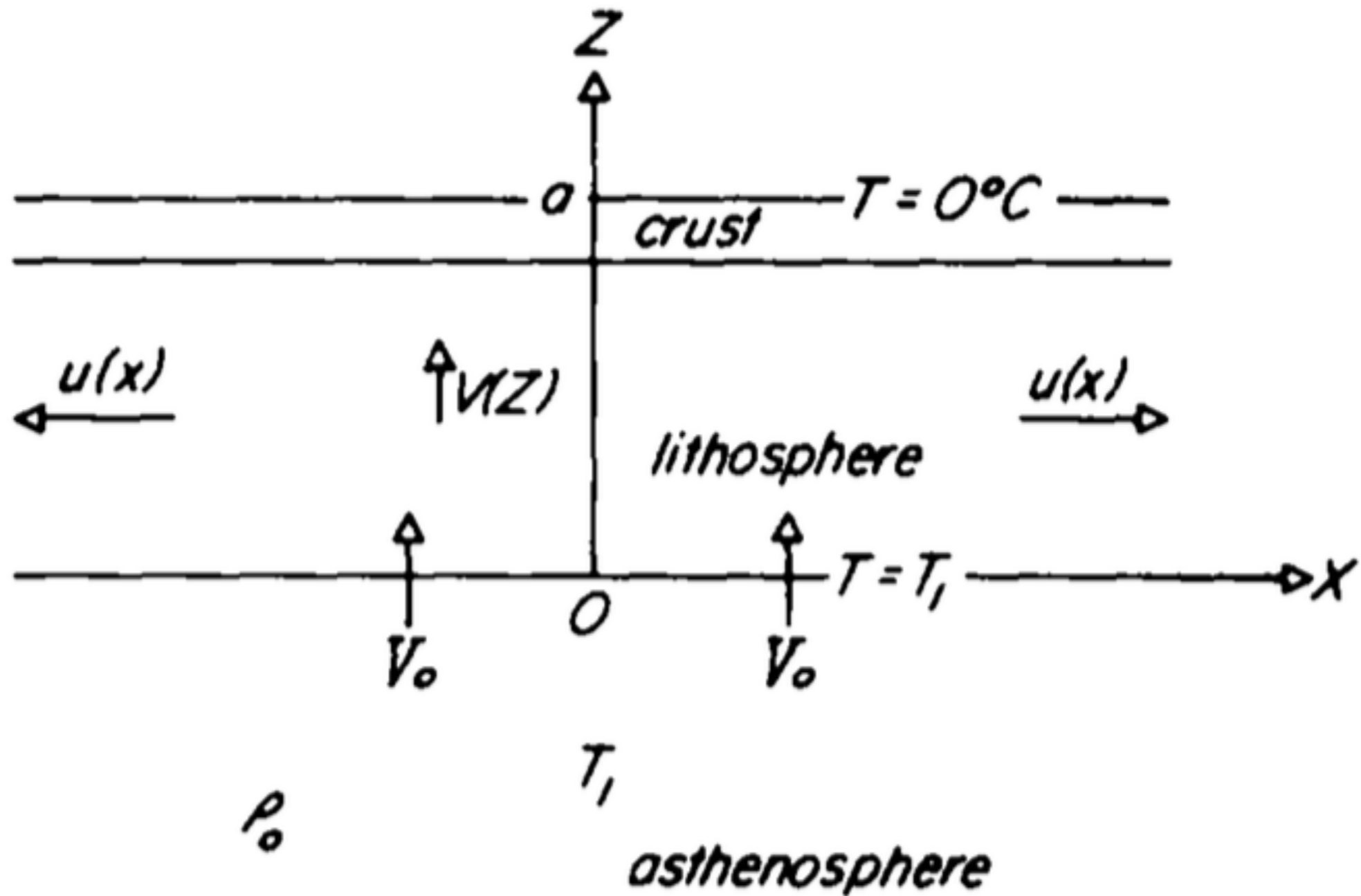


# **Modelos Quantitativos de Bacias Sedimentares**

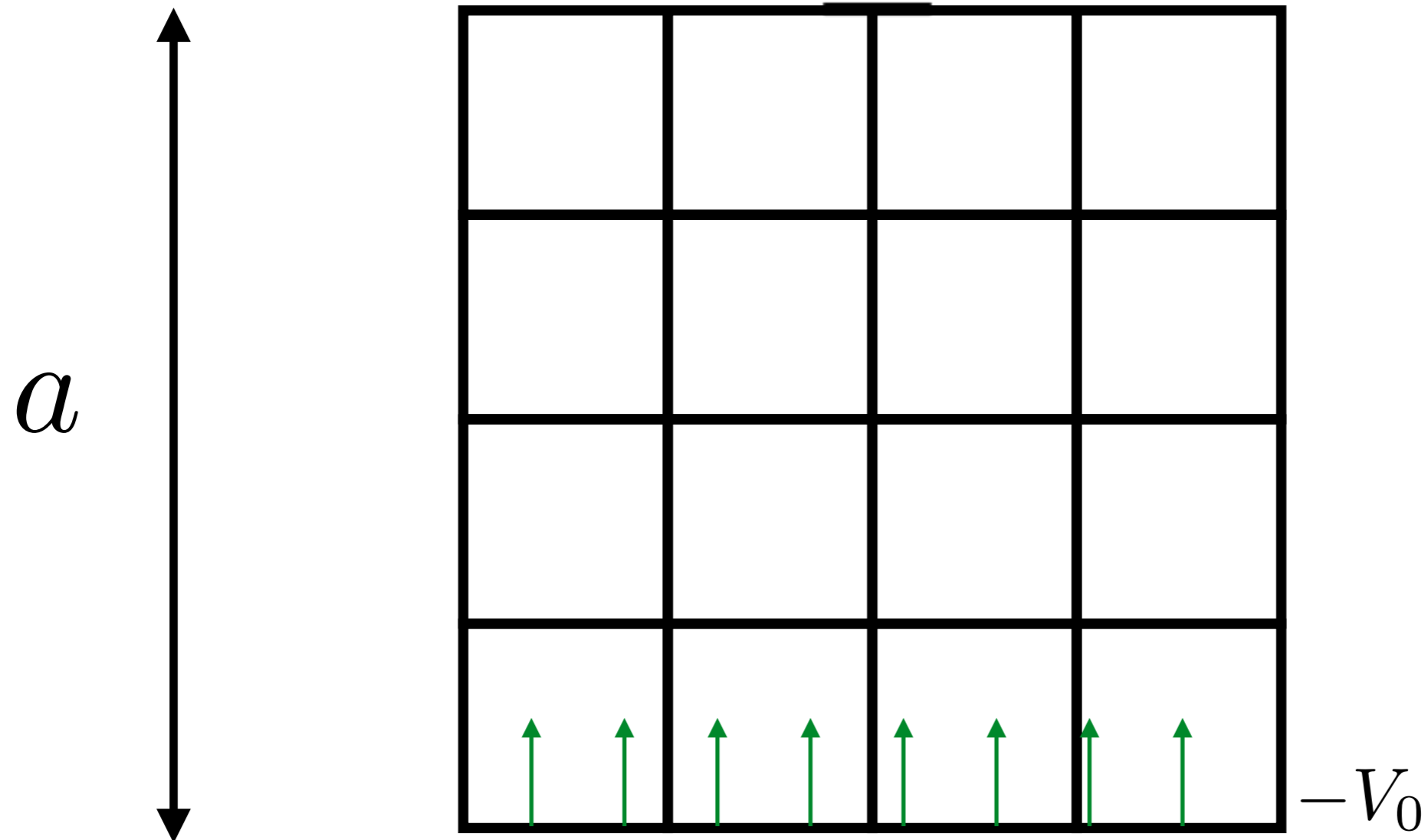
AGG0314

Modelos de extensão continental - Parte II  
Estiramento não-instantâneo

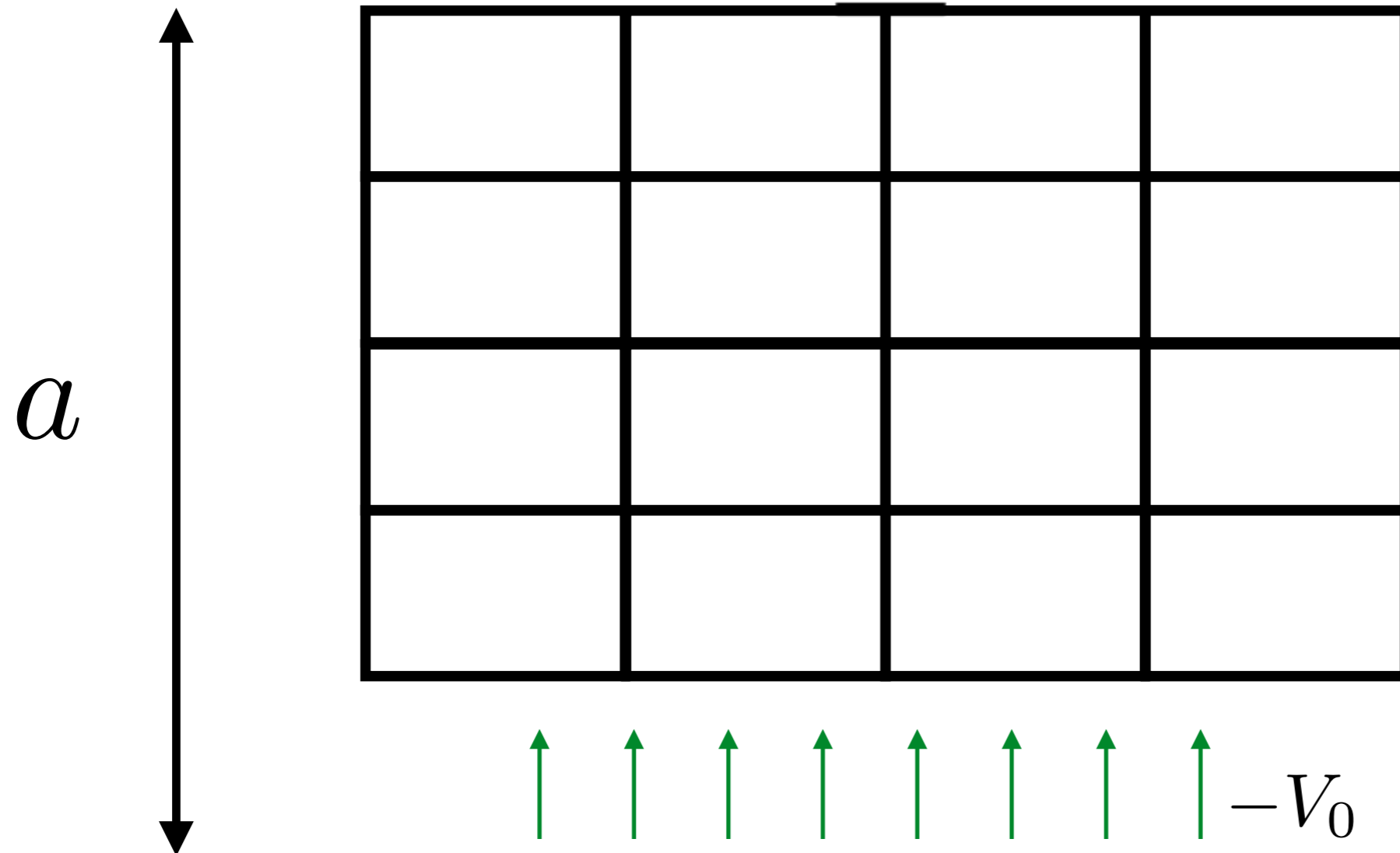
# Jarvis & McKenzie (1980)



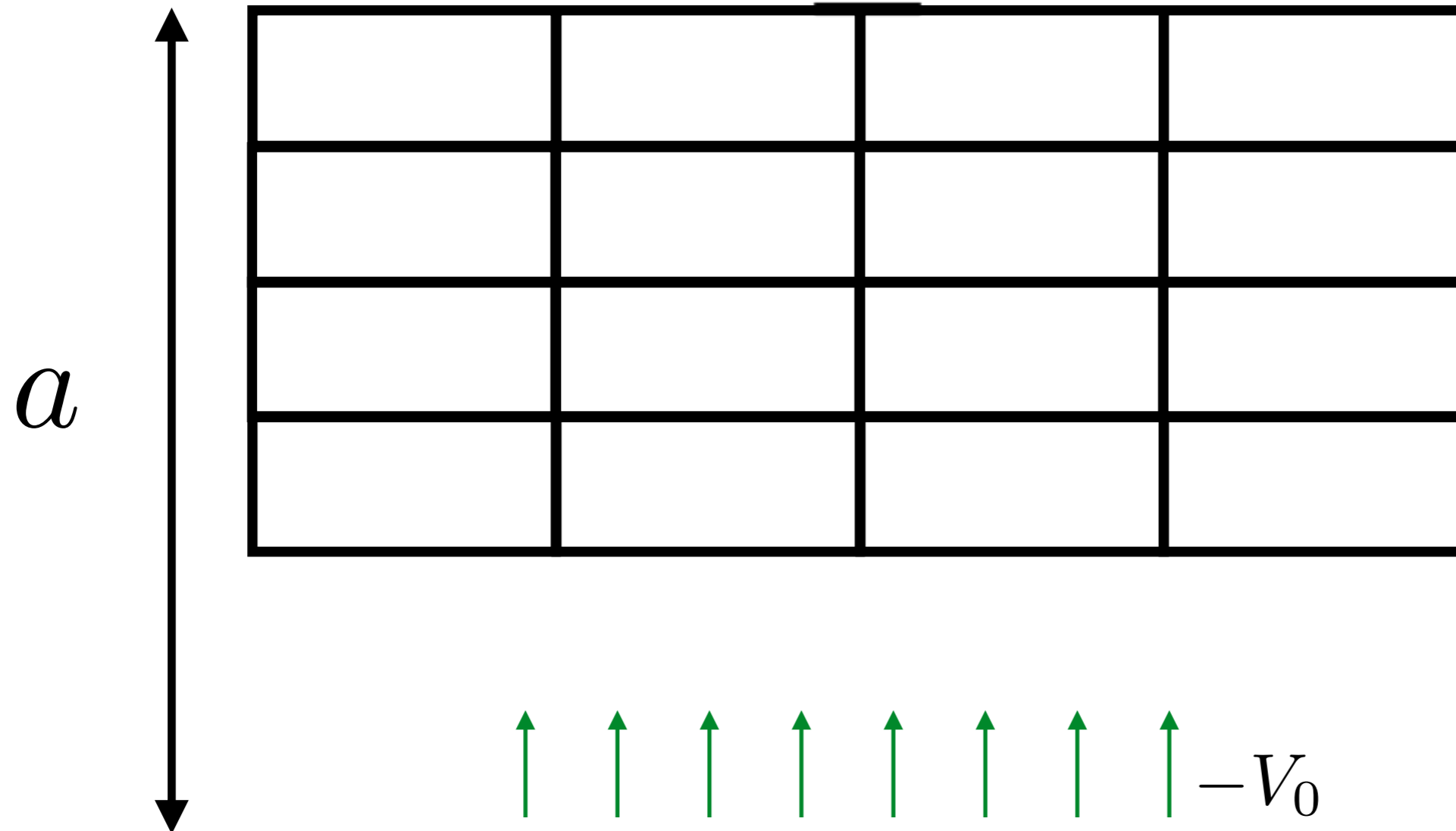
# Estiramento uniforme



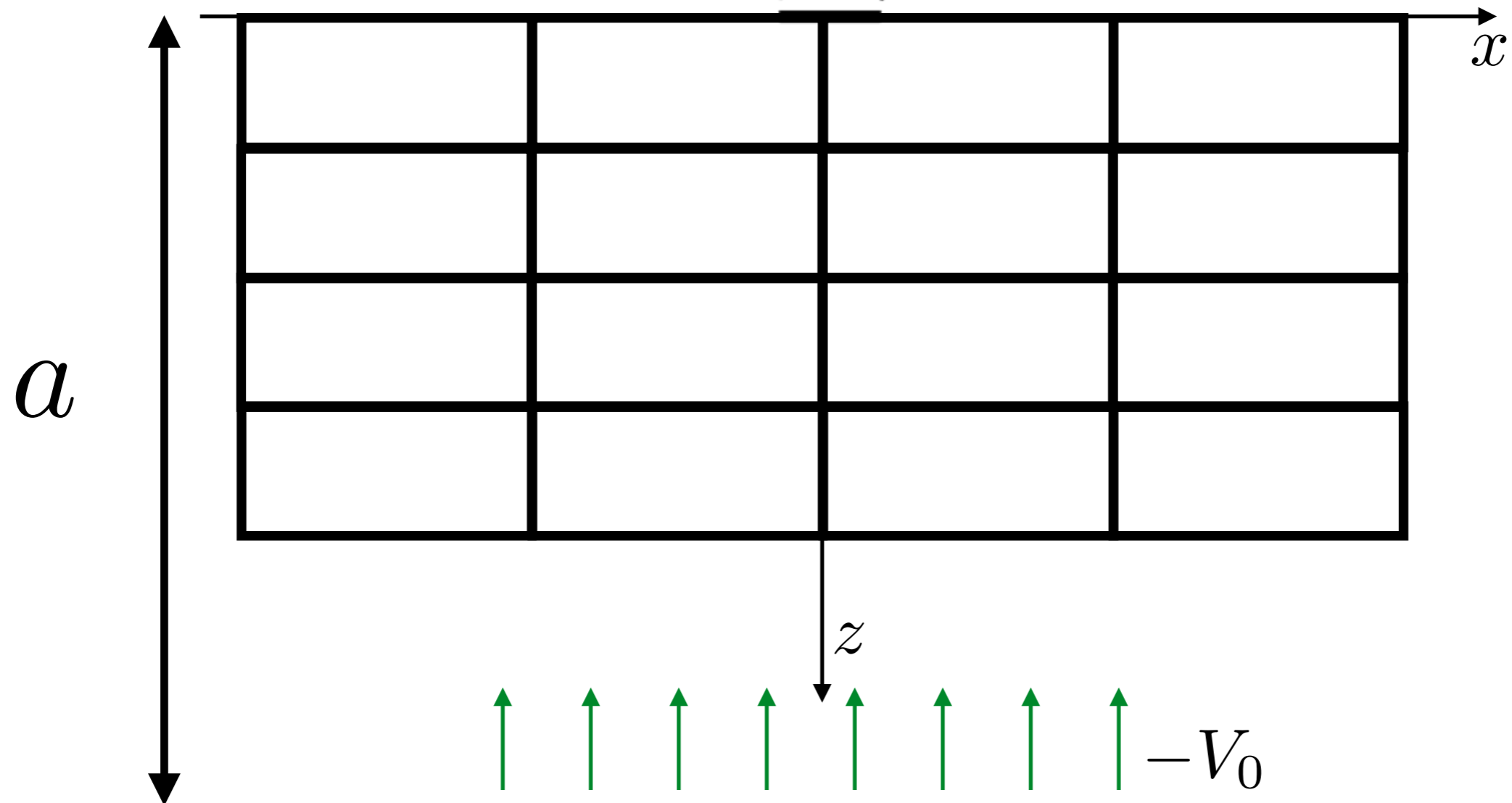
# Estiramento uniforme



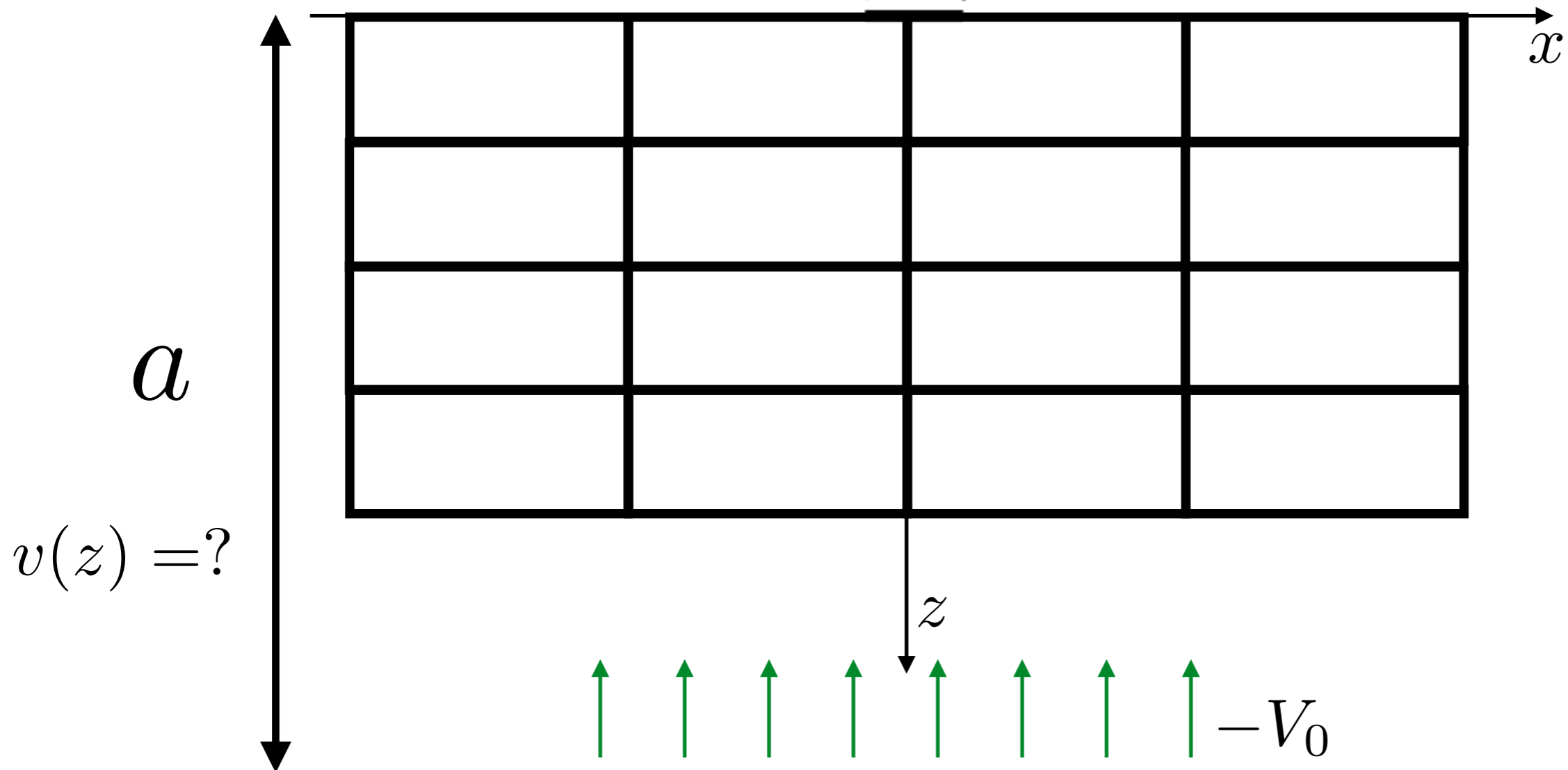
# Estiramento uniforme



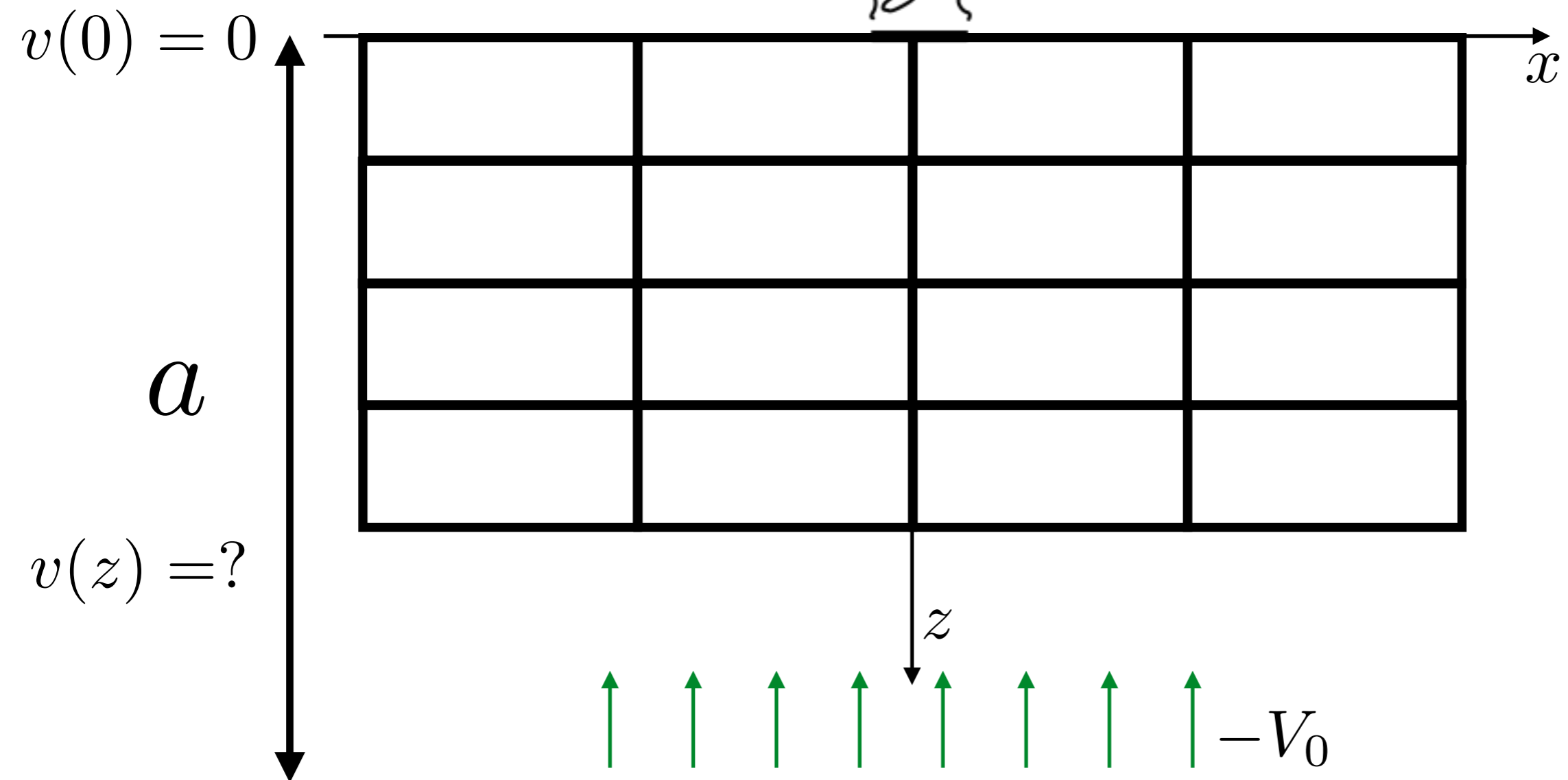
# Estiramento uniforme



# Estiramento uniforme

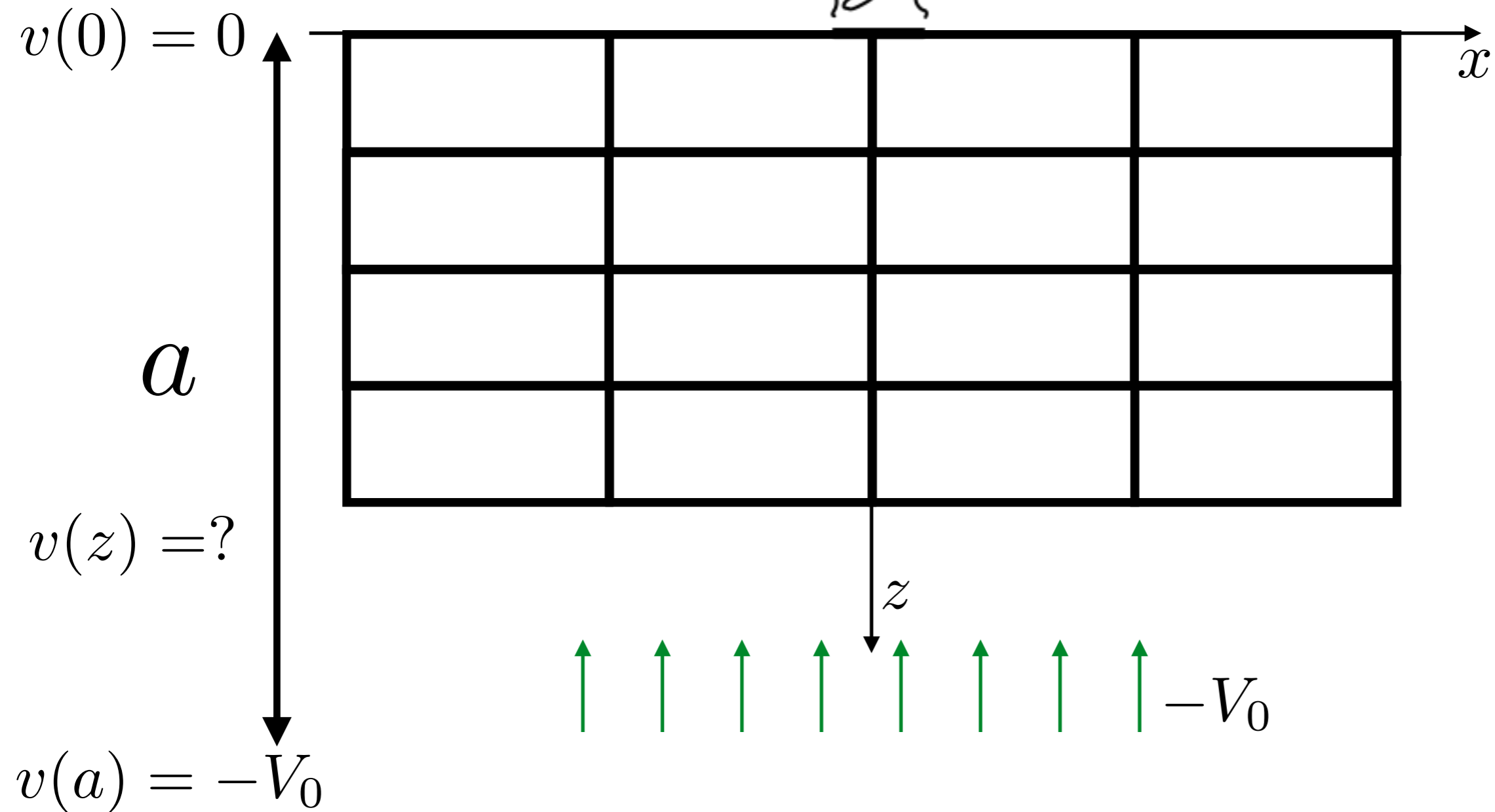


# Estiramento uniforme

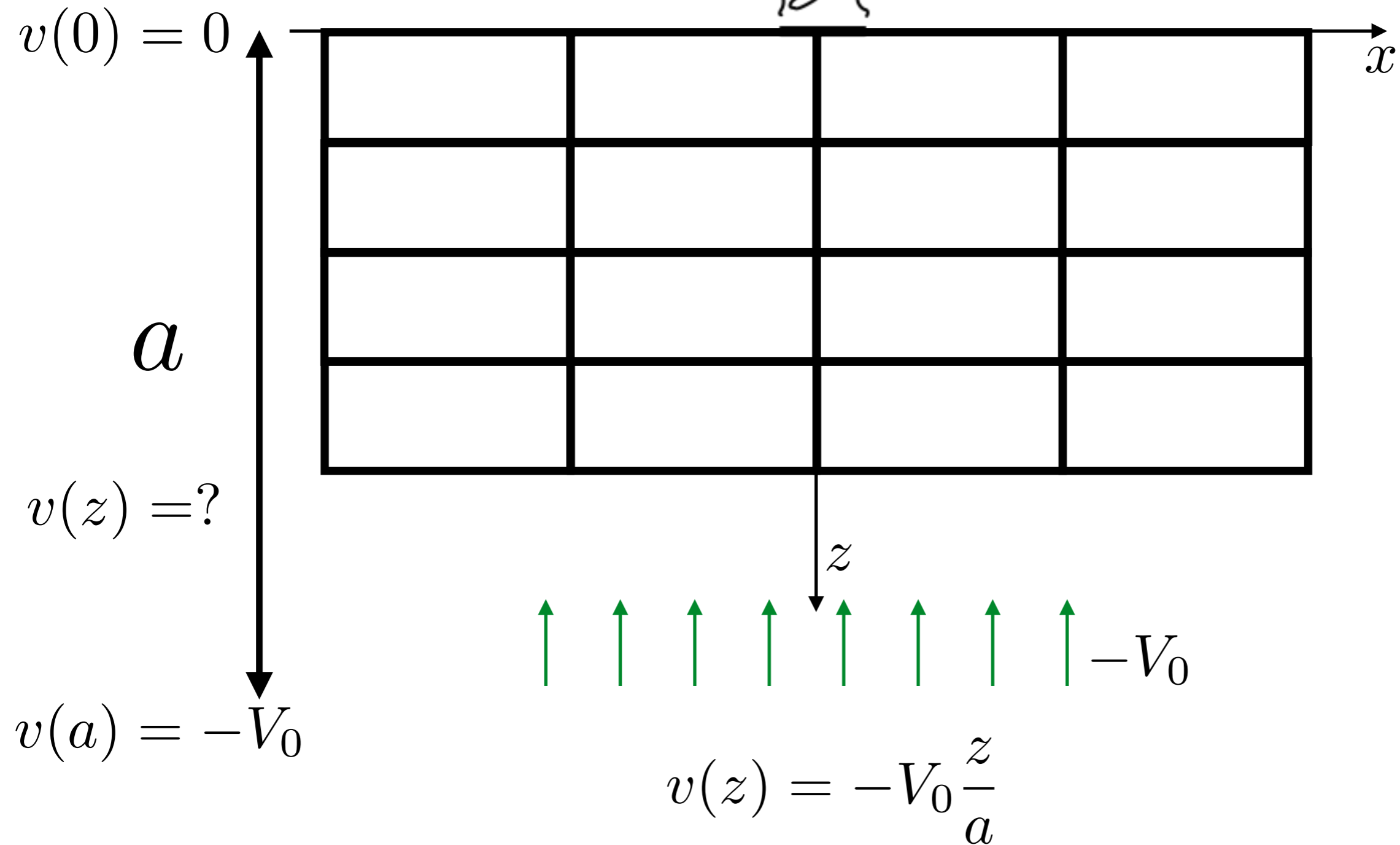




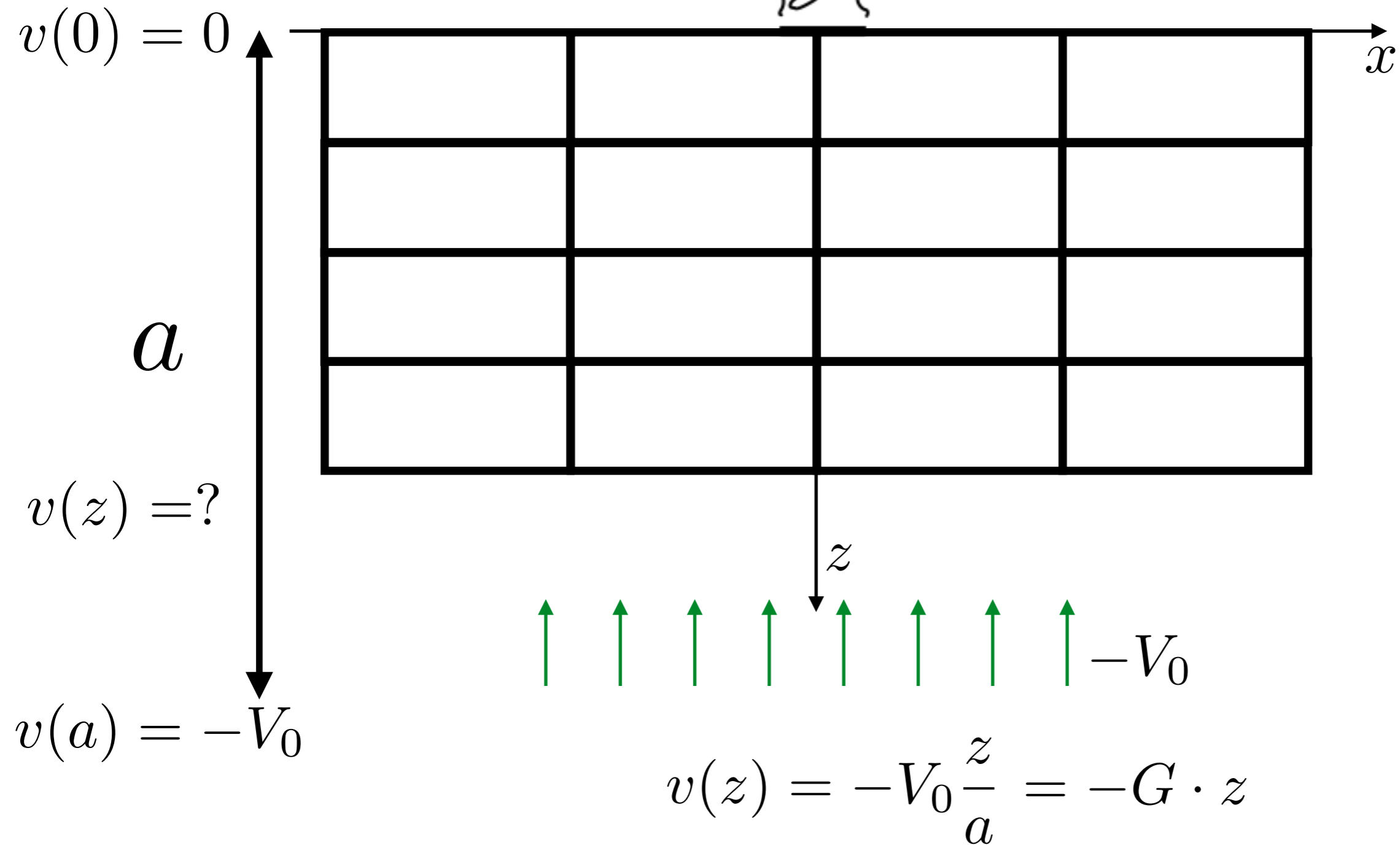
# Estiramento uniforme



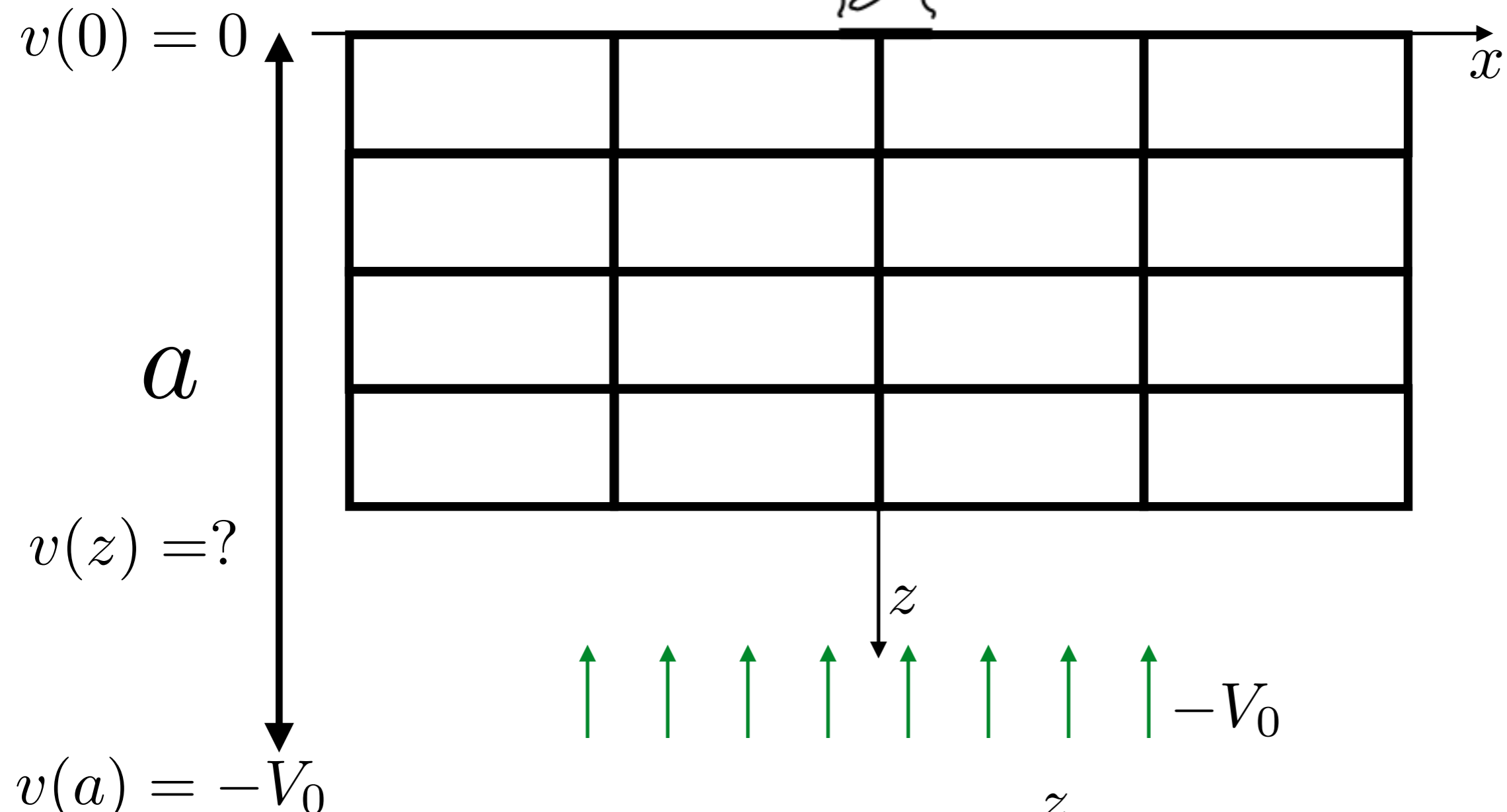
# Estiramento uniforme



# Estiramento uniforme



# Estiramento uniforme



$$v(z) = -V_0 \frac{z}{a} = -G \cdot z$$

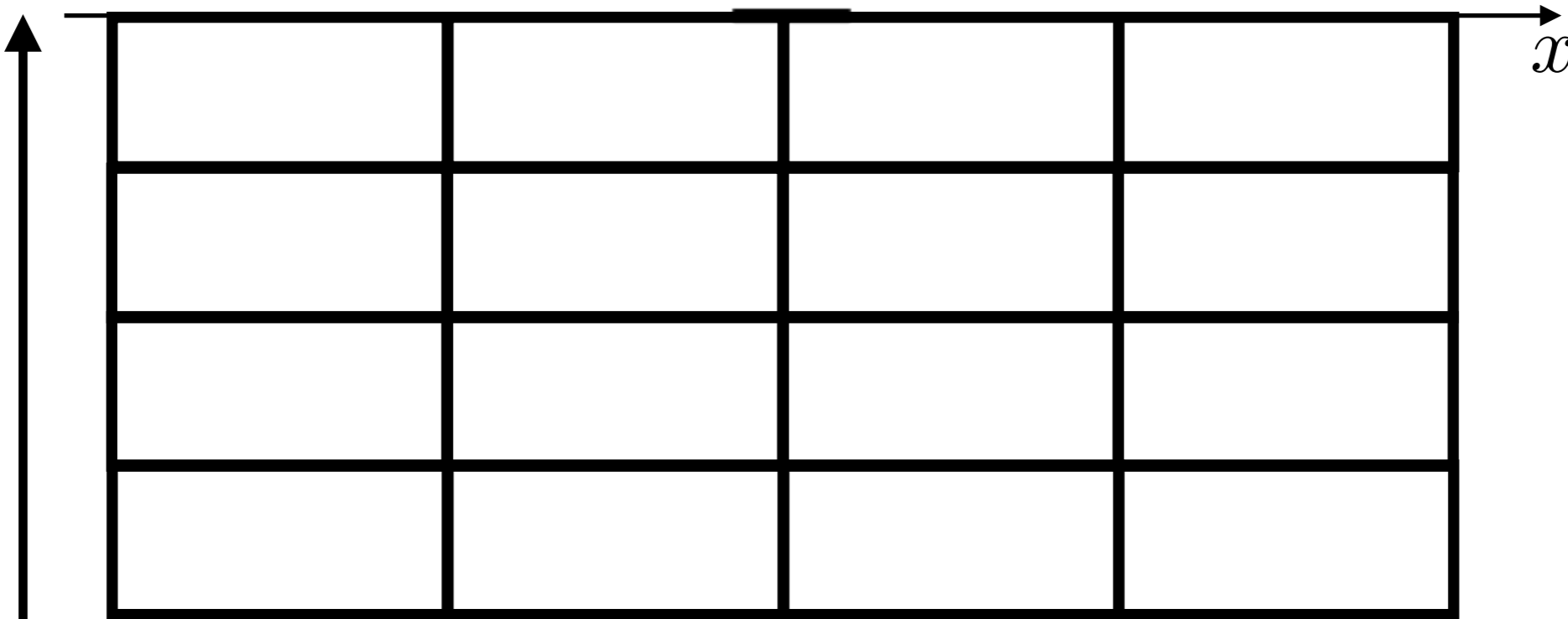
$$G = \frac{V_0}{a}$$

# Estiramento uniforme



$$u(x) = G \cdot x$$

$$v(0) = 0$$



$$v(z) = ?$$

$$v(a) = -V_0$$



$$v(z) = -V_0 \frac{z}{a} = -G \cdot z$$

$$G = \frac{V_0}{a}$$

Qual é a relação  
entre  $V_0$  e  $\beta$ ?

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entre  $V_0$  e  $\beta$ ?

$$u = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

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$$u = G \cdot x$$



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entre  $V_0$  e  $\beta$ ?

$$u = \frac{dx}{dt} \qquad u = G \cdot x$$

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$$\frac{dx}{dt} = G \cdot x \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{dx}{x} = G \cdot dt$$

Qual é a relação  
entre  $V_0$  e  $\beta$ ?

$$u = \frac{dx}{dt} \qquad u = G \cdot x$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = G \cdot x \rightarrow \frac{dx}{x} = G \cdot dt \rightarrow \int_{x_i}^{x_f} \frac{dx}{x} = \int_0^{\Delta t} G \cdot dt$$

Qual é a relação  
entre  $V_0$  e  $\beta$ ?

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$$\rightarrow \ln(x_f) - \ln(x_i) = G\Delta t \rightarrow \ln\left(\frac{x_f}{x_i}\right) = G\Delta t$$

Qual é a relação  
entre  $V_0$  e  $\beta$ ?

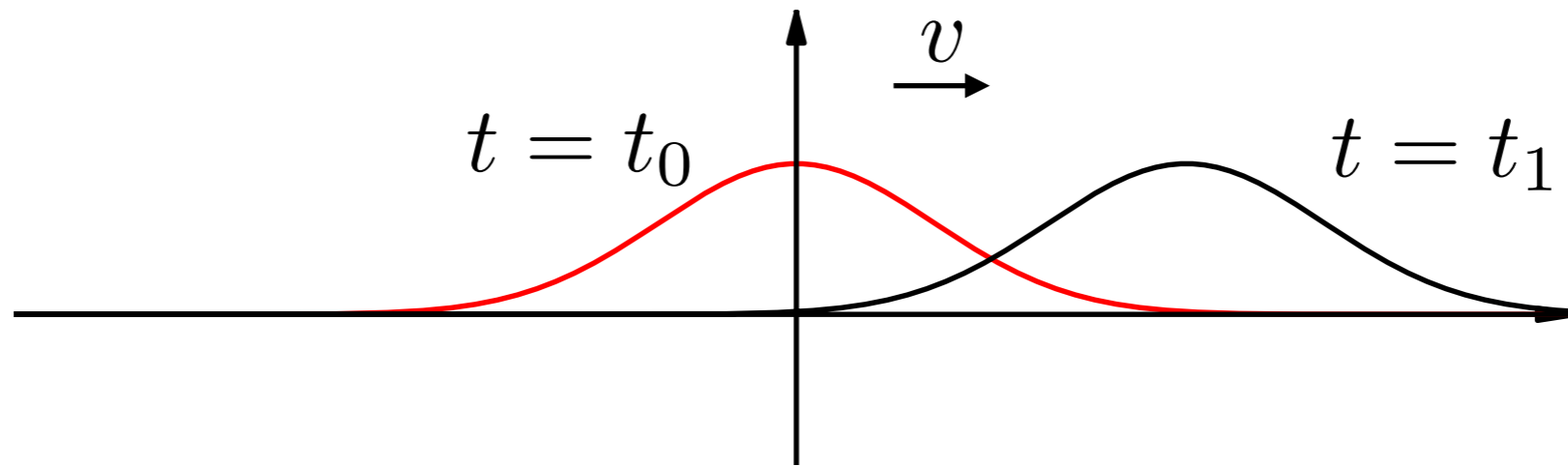
$$u = \frac{dx}{dt} \quad u = G \cdot x$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = G \cdot x \rightarrow \frac{dx}{x} = G \cdot dt \rightarrow \int_{x_i}^{x_f} \frac{dx}{x} = \int_0^{\Delta t} G \cdot dt$$

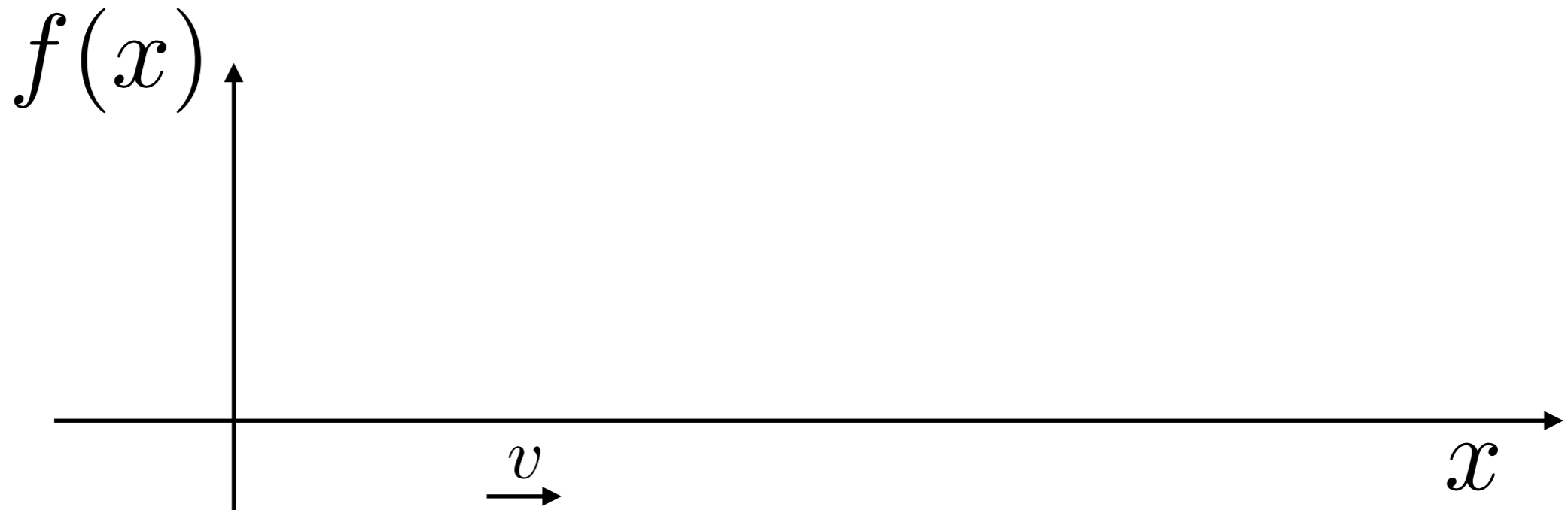
$$\rightarrow \ln(x_f) - \ln(x_i) = G\Delta t \rightarrow \ln\left(\frac{x_f}{x_i}\right) = G\Delta t$$

$$\rightarrow \ln(\beta) = G\Delta t$$

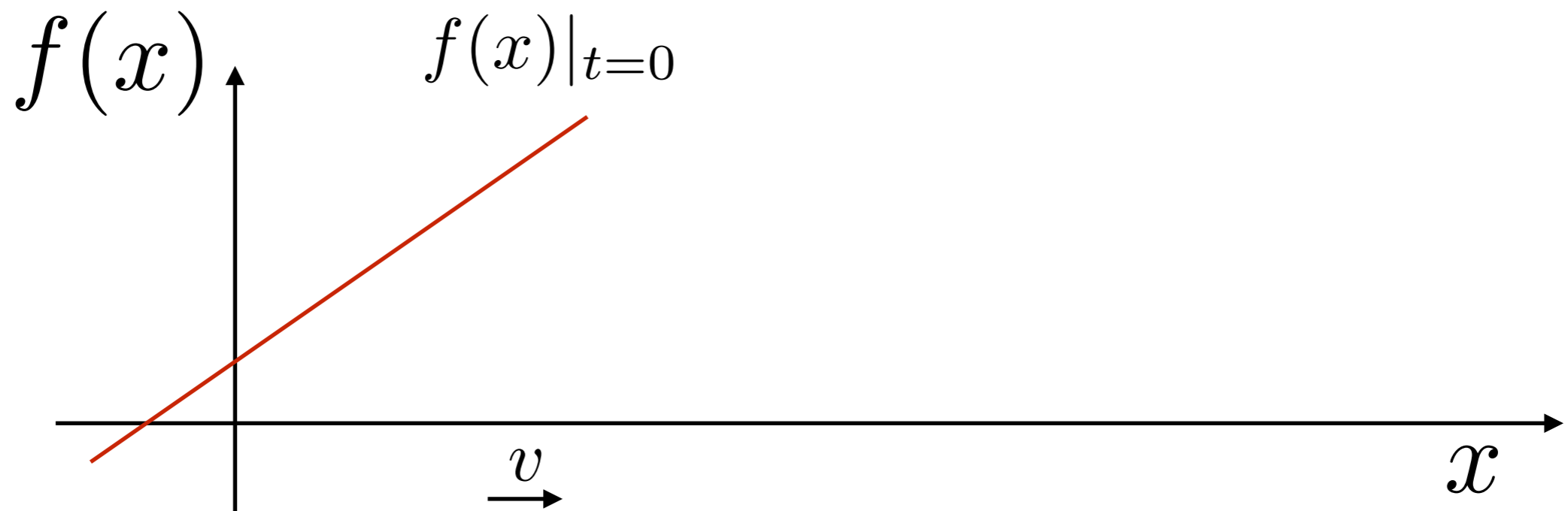
# Advecção (em 1D)



# Advecção (em 1D)

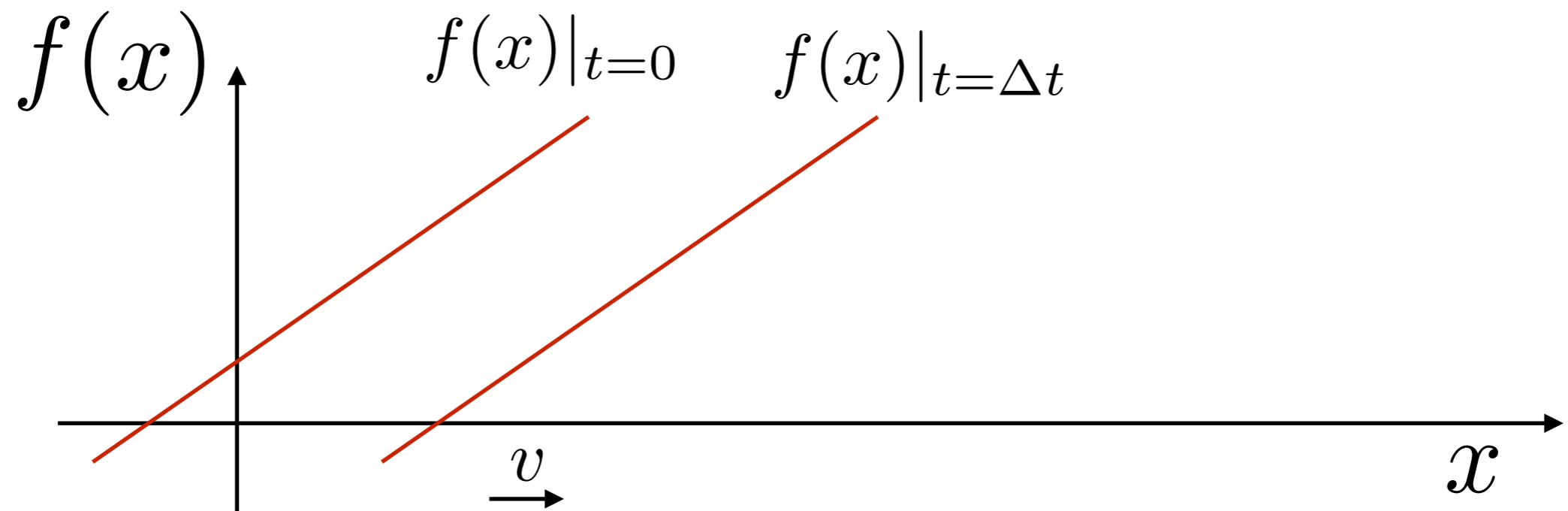


# Advecção (em 1D)

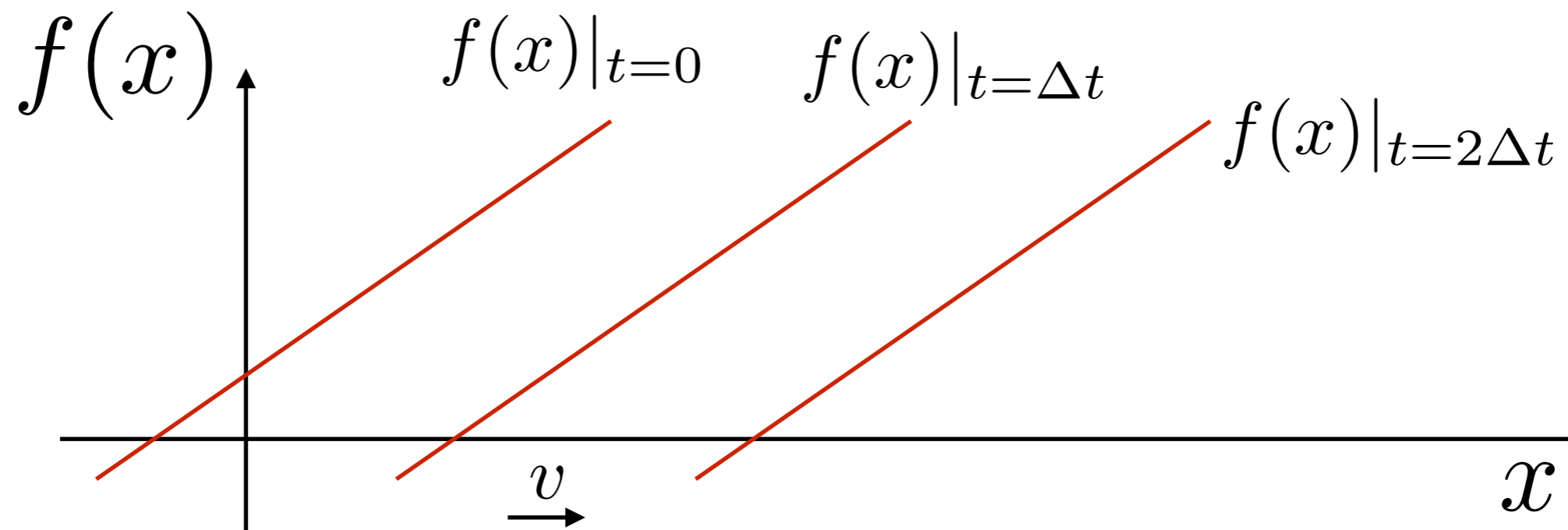




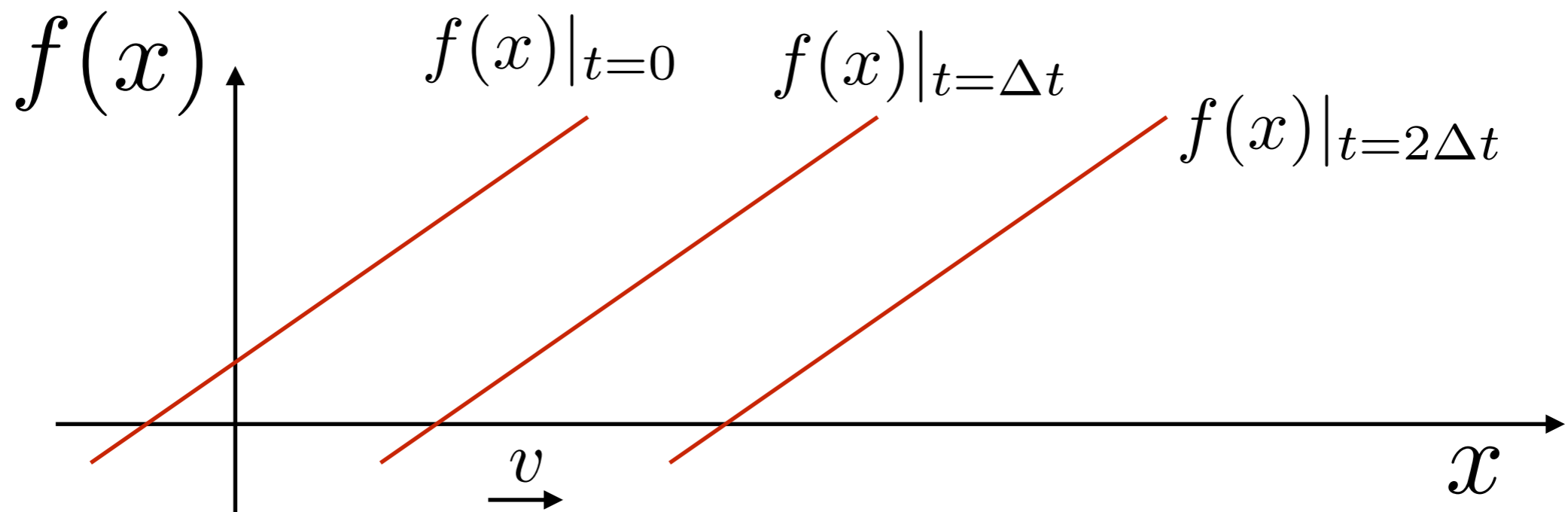
# Advecção (em 1D)



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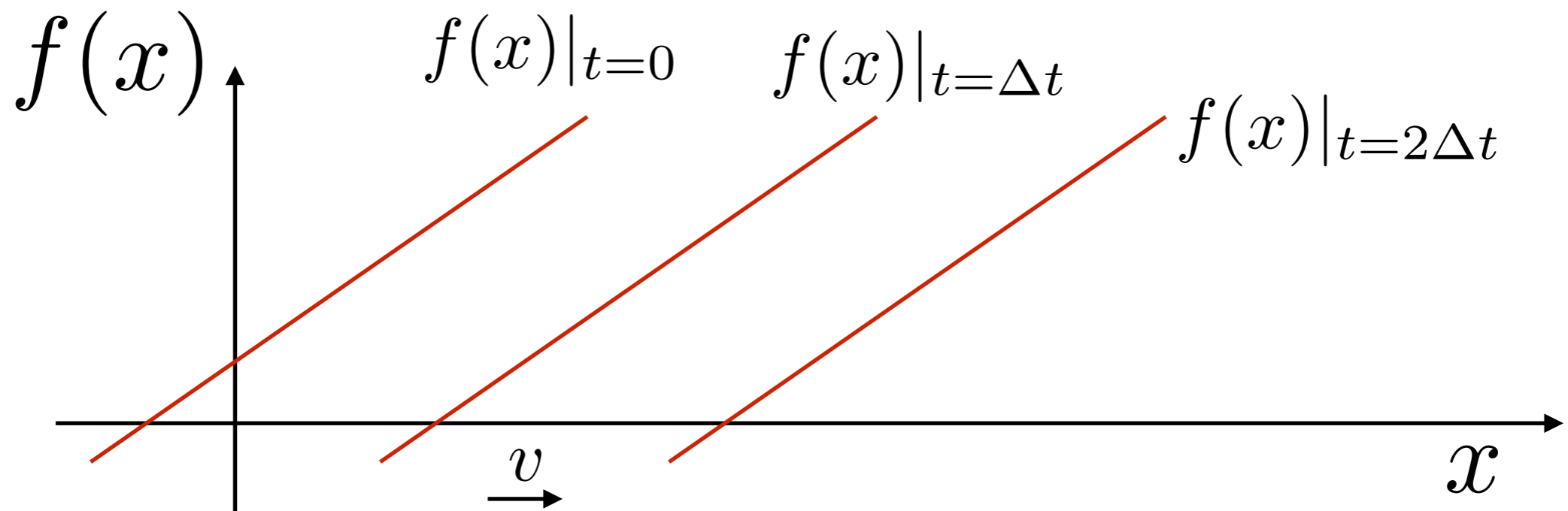


# Advecção (em 1D)



$$f(x)|_{t=0} = a + b \cdot x$$

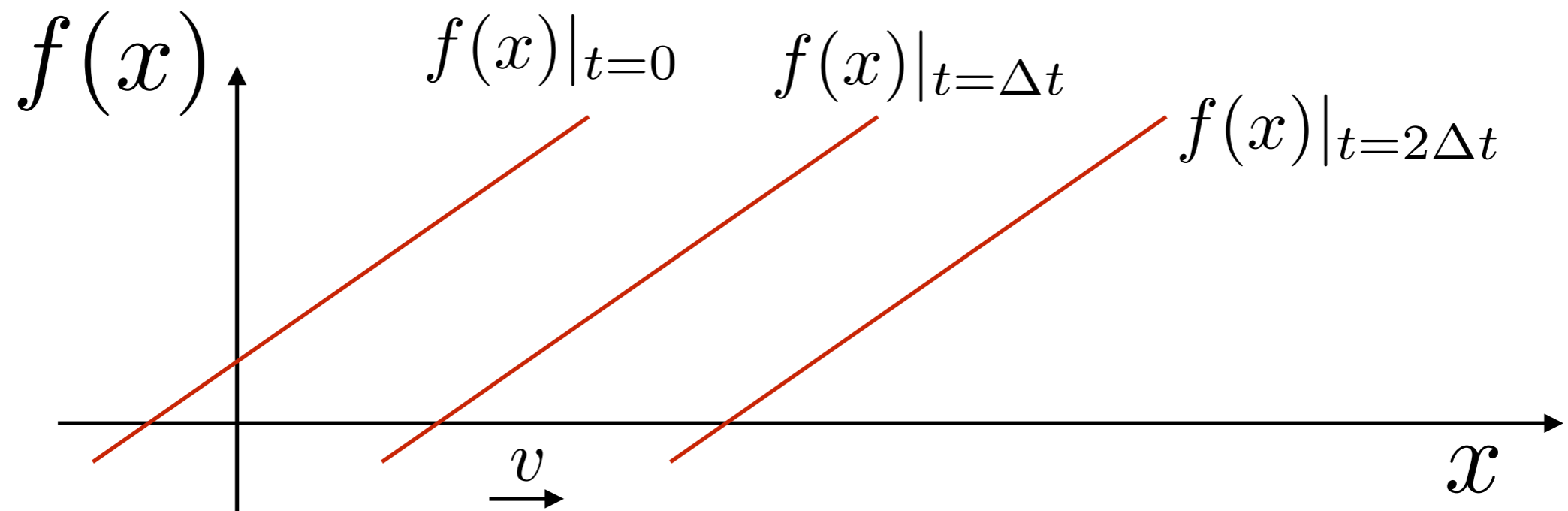
# Advecção (em 1D)



$$f(x)|_{t=0} = a + b \cdot x$$

$$f(x, t)$$

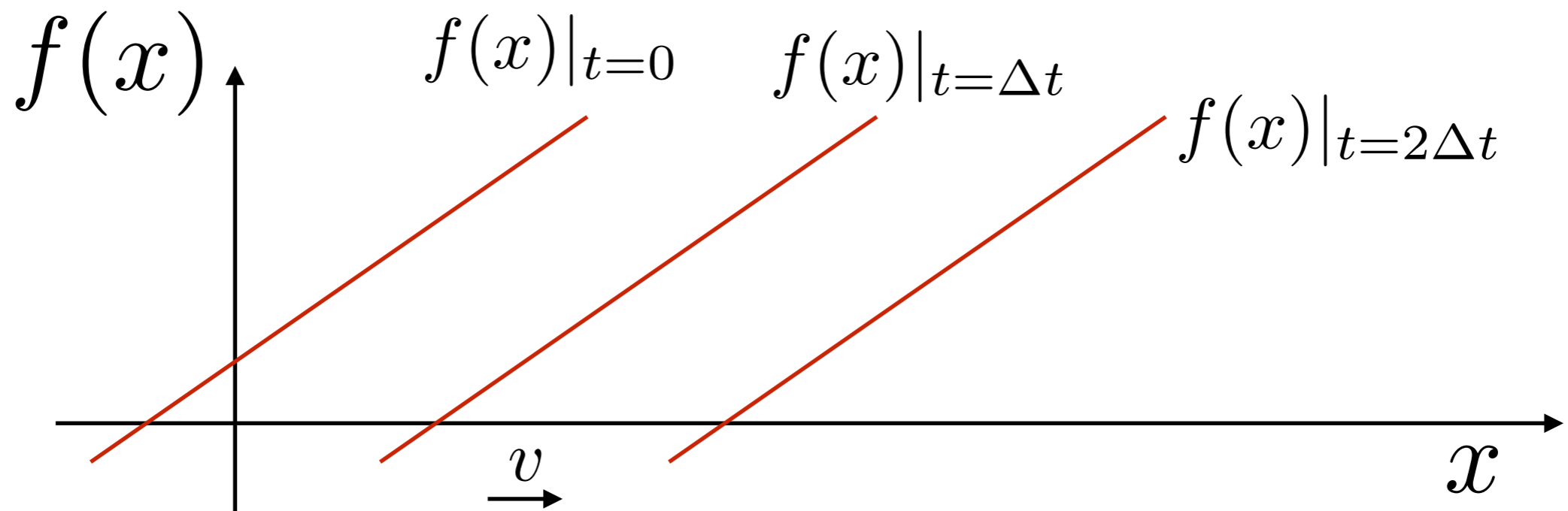
# Advecção (em 1D)



$$f(x)|_{t=0} = a + b \cdot x$$

$$f(x, t) = a + b \cdot (x - vt)$$

# Advecção (em 1D)

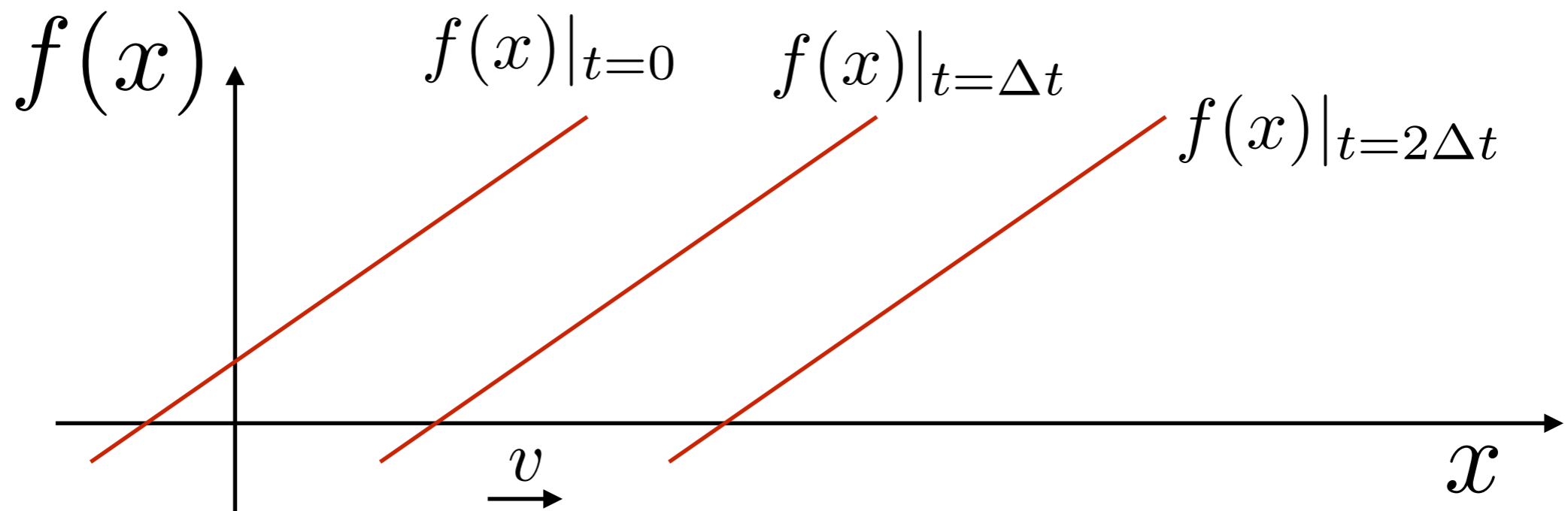


$$f(x)|_{t=0} = a + b \cdot x$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = -v \cdot b$$

$$f(x, t) = a + b \cdot (x - vt)$$

# Advecção (em 1D)



$$f(x)|_{t=0} = a + b \cdot x$$

$$f(x, t) = a + b \cdot (x - vt)$$

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$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = -v \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$

# Equação de difusão térmica com termo fonte

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \kappa \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{H}{c}$$



# Equação de difusão térmica com termo fonte

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \kappa \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{H}{c}$$

$\kappa = \frac{k}{c\rho}$

# Equação de difusão térmica com termo fonte

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \kappa \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{H}{c}$$

$\kappa = \frac{k}{c\rho}$

Equação de conservação de  
energia térmica

# Equação de difusão térmica com termo fonte

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \kappa \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{H}{c}$$

$\kappa = \frac{k}{c\rho}$

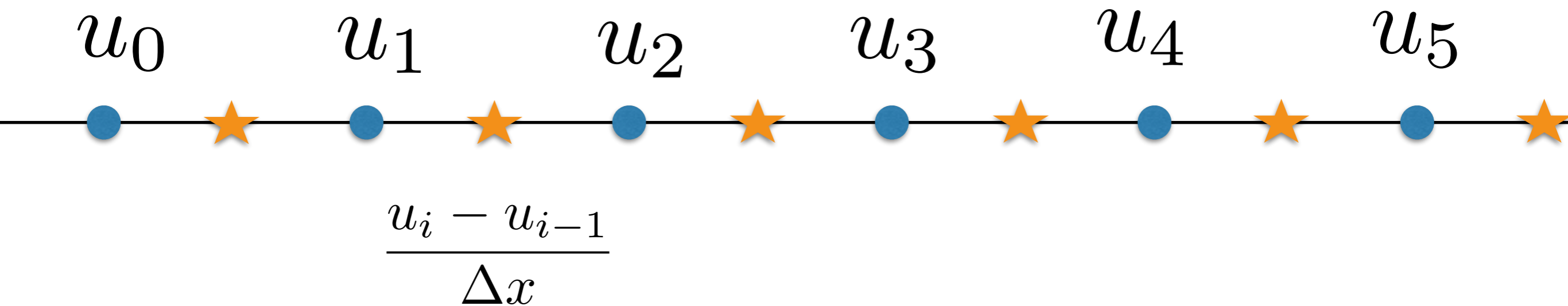
# Equação de conservação de energia térmica

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = -v \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} + \kappa \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{H}{c}$$

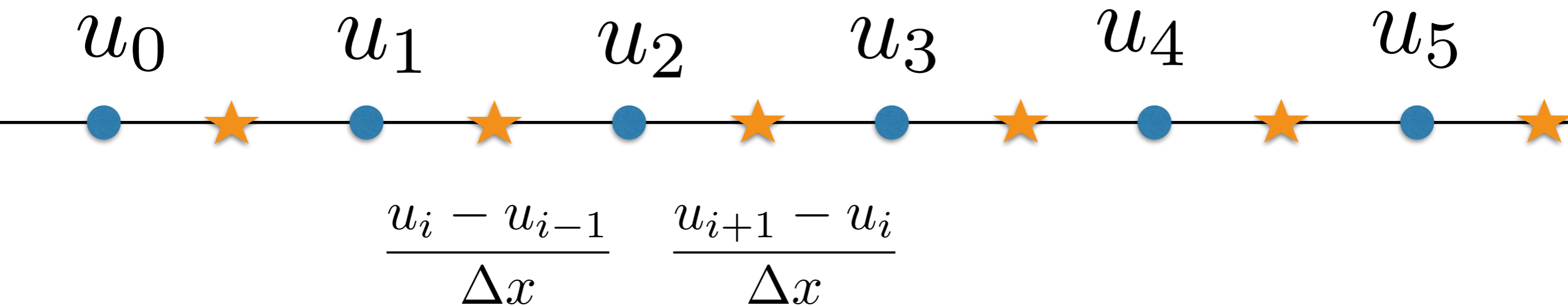
# Termo advectivo em diferenças finitas



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