# RACING HORSE Judging and Assessment Competition, 2011 AWJAC 2011 @MSU ABWG ANIMAL Prepared by: J Singford & J Balley

# OVERVIEW: STABLE 1

- Thoroughbred racing stable in central California
- ~16 horses in training at a time
- Horses are run in handicap and stakes-level races



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# **OVERVIEW: STABLE 2**

- Thoroughbred racing stable in southern California
- ~22 horses in training at a time
- Horses are raced in claiming to stakeslevel races



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# **PERSONNEL**

# Stable 1

- Trainer has been training for >30 years
  Considered a top trainer in California
  At the barn everyday, watches all horses train, often walks to the track with the horses
  Barn-dedicated exercise rider (16 yrs
- exercise rider (16 yrs experience)
- Also has jockey license
- Other riders and jockeys have been the same for many years

### Stable 2

- Trainer has been training for ~10 years
  - Recently won top-level races in U.S. and abroad
  - Has extensive exercise-rider experience (still rides own racehorses)
- Has own stable pony, accompanies racehorses to the track for training
   Various riders and jockeys used

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# **HOUSING: STABLE 1**

- ■Box stalls
  - 3 m x 3 m (10' x 10')
  - Solid partitions between horses
- ■Bedded with shavings
  - ■10 cm (4")
- All shavings removed and replaced in AM
- Manure and wet shavings removed in PM



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# **HOUSING: STABLE 2**

- ■Box stalls
- ■3.7 m x 3.7 m (12' x 12')
- Grill partitions between stalls
- ■Bedded with straw ■20 cm (8")
- All straw removed and replaced in AM
- Manure and wet straw removed 2x/day



# **ROUTINE HUSBANDRY: STABLE 1** 4 horses/groom Same grooms past 20 years New employees are rare ■ Groomed 5 days/week, 30 min/day After training horses are: • Walked until cool by a walking machine BathedIce boots for 30 min

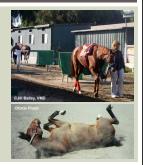
# **ROUTINE HUSBANDRY: STABLE 2**

3-4 horses per groom
 Grooms of various experience and capabilities

Stable bandages on all legs before stalling

- Groomed daily, 35 min/day
   All horses taken out of stalls in PM
- 20 min in sandy round pen (18 m (60'))
- After training horses are:
   Walked by hand until cool
   Bathed (unless too cold/inclement weather)
   Provided with therapeutic leg care if needed

  - Stable bandages wrapped on all legs before stalling



# **FEEDING PROGRAMS**

# Stable 1

- Timothy hay available ad libitum in hay nets
- Alfalfa hay in AM
- Concentrated pellet fed in PM
- Water provided in buckets
  Fresh water in AM, buckets washed 3x/week
  Checked 2x/day

- Salt lick always available in stall

# Stable 2

- Timothy/oat hay available ad libitum in hay nets
- Grain mix + alfalfa hay fed in AM + PM
- Water provided in
- buckets Buckets washed in AM when fresh water is given
  Checked 3x/day
- Trace mineral salt lick
- always available in stall

SUPPLEMENTS			
Stable 1	Stable 2		
■ Vet gives new horses flaxseed* oil to cleanse Gl tract ■ All horses are fed calcium and joint supplements ■ Horses in training receive weekly injections of vitamins and Adequan® *  *a.k.a. linseed oil *Polysulfated Glycosaminodycan	Platinum Performance® feed supplement given to all horses  Adequan®* and other joint therapies utilized as indicated for horses in training  "~65% of horses in stable receive these therapies		

# **VETERINARY PRACTICES**

# Stable 1

- Same regular track veterinarian >20 years
- Equine-specialty
  hospital is also used
  for state-of-art
  diagnostics,
  therapeutics, &
  surgeries

# Stable 2

- Regular track veterinarians are a group practice (5 DVMs)
  - Provide all modern diagnostics, treatments, and surgeries at the barn and/or racetrack facilities

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### **VETERINARY CARE** Stable 1 Stable 2 ■ Dewormed 2x/year ■ Dewormed 4x/year Fecal floats 2x/year, horses with high counts wormed more often Uses pyrantel ■ Vaccinated against: Acupuncture and shockwave therapies ■Influenza and Rhino+ (quarterly) No vaccines ■West Nile, EEE/WEE\*, Immunomodulators are used to boost immune rabies, and tetanus (biannually) system ■ Dental exams 2x/year ■ Dental exams 1x/year AWJAC 2011 @MSU ABWG

# **ROUTINE MEDICATIONS** Stable 1 Stable 2 All horses receive an injection of Bute\* from vet >24 h pre-race All horses receive an oral dose of Bute\* from trainer/groom ~24 h pre-50% horses receive Banamine®<sup>§</sup>/Robaxin®<sup>+</sup> injections from vet ~48 h pre-race for muscle stiffness race Horses with muscle stiffness receive an additional dose of Bute\* ~48 h pre-race

- Bleeder medication is given to 60% of horses racing and doing speed
  work work
- No medications violations in past 3 years

Bleeder medication is given to all horses racing and doing speed work

One medications violation incurred in past 3 years

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### LAMENESS MANAGEMENT

### Stable 1

- Trainer observes each horse with the rider up before training
- If groom detects a problem, trainer also checks legs after training
- The day after speed work or a race, the trainer and regular vet observe horses for lameness
- Trainer calls
  vet to examine
  horses with gait
  scores ≥2\*



Grooms check legs as they prepare horses for training

Stable 2

- Trainer observes gait on the way to training
- Trainer calls vet for horses with gait scores >3\*
- Trainer calls vet to examine horse if unable to resolve lameness (≤3\*) within 2 days

\*1-5 scale, 1 = not lame

# **HOOF CARE**

# Stable 1

- Horses are shod every 5 weeks
  - Aluminum racing plates with rims
  - Farrier uses calipers, angle gauges, and levels
- The trainer is present for shoeing of horses



# Stable 2

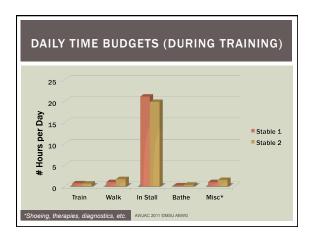
- Horses are shod every 3 weeks
  - Aluminum racing plates
  - with toe grabs

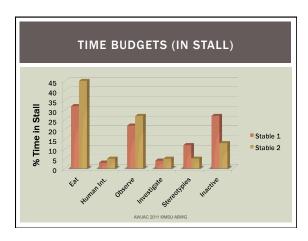
     Hooves are trimmed to slightly elongate the toe
- Grooms communicate with farrier





HEALTH OUTCOMES			
Stable 1	Stable 2		
BCS range 4-5 80% have a BCS of 4.5	BCS range 3-5 70% have a BCS of 5		
<ul> <li>~2 horses/year experience colic</li> <li>~1 horse/year with respiratory problems</li> <li>~2 horses/year have gait scores ≥2</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>~3 horses/year are pulled from training due to bowed tendons</li> <li>~1 horse/year with respiratory problems</li> <li>~5 horses/year have gait scores ≥3</li> </ul>		





# **TRAINING: STABLE 1**

- Train for ~5 months before racing starts
- Horses exercise on the track for 25 min/day, 5 days/ week
- week

  Horses do timed speed work

  1 day/week

  On the day of speed work, regular exercise is shortened to a warm up

  After speed work, horses are walked for 1 h

  The day after speed work

  - The day after speed work, horses are walked 1 h (no other exercise)





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# **TRAINING: STABLE 2**

- Train for ~3 months before racing starts
- Horses are turned out on pasture at a local farm when not in training
   Horses exercise on the track for 40 mln/day, 6 days/week
- Horses do timed speed work
- 2x/week
  Speed work immediately follows regular exercise
- After speed work, horses are walked for 1 h
- Horses rest 1 day/week



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# TRANSPORT TO RACE

# Stable 1

- Horses are trailered to the race 2 days before
- the race 2 days before

  Horses are always
  transported w/stablemate

  If the race is >6 h away,
  horses are rested and
  given water 1x during trip

  Upon arrival, horses are
  given water from home
  barn (w/electrolytes)

  Water offered frequently (6
  - Water offered frequently (6 L (1.5 gal)/30 min))
    Intake is monitored

# Stable 2

- Horses are trailered to the race 1 day before Barn goat accompanies horse to races
- Upon arrival, the horse is given water from racetrack barn to drink ad libitum



# Stable 1 The Horses race 2x/mo, 6 months/year After a race, horses are walked for 1 hour/day for 2 days Stable 2 The Horses race 1x/week for 6 months/year After a race, horses are walked 1 hour/day for 2 days

### PRE-RACE PHYSIOLOGY\* & BEHAVIOR Stable 1 Stable 2 ■Salivary cortisol = ■Salivary cortisol = 1.8 ng/ml 4.1 ng/ml ■Heart rate is 48 bpm ■Heart rate is 67 bpm ■~2 horses regularly ■~4 horses regularly are lathered, are lathered and prancing entering prancing, and the gate hopping entering the gate \*Measures taken 10 min before race AWJA

## **CAREER LONGEVITY** Stable 1 Stable 2 Average competitive Average competitive racing career ~4 racing career ~3 years years ■Primary reason for ■Primary reason for retiring = lacks retiring = no longer athletic ability to be racing-sound competitive at stakes-level