



Ca IT Leaders Forum

Working in the Cloud – using the new ISO/IEC/ITU-T Cloud Computing Standards Dr David Ross, Chief Information Security Officer, Bridge Point Communications David_Ross@bridgepoint.com.au

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David Ross

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- Certified Information Systems Security Professional
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- Standards Australia IT-038 DAPS Committee Member
- CISO, Bridge Point Communications
- Adjunct Associate Professor, ITEE, University of Queensland
- Founding Director, Cloud Security Alliance, Australia







What are we talking about:

- ISO/IEC 17788 Information technology –Cloud Computing – Overview and Vocabulary
- ISO/IEC 17789 Information Technology Cloud Computing – Reference Architecture
- ISO/IEC 19086-1 Information Technology Cloud Computing – Service Level Agreement (SLA) Framework and Terminology
 - (with project split approved pending JTC1 endorsement)
 - ISO/IEC 19086-2 IT CC SLA Metrics
 - ISO/IEC 19086-3 IT CC SLA Core Requirements







Why do you care?

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Common issues encountered with cloud services

- e.g. The Cloud Consumer assumes the Cloud Service is "secure" without understanding the contract.
 - Actual: Cloud Service includes "automatic backup service that copies customer data to an external backup service, providing a further level of security to customer data ... stored for 3 months after being made ... can be extended to up to 7 years if required"
- Perfectly legitimate, but there are 2 meanings for "secure" here
 - By default, the backup is overwritten after 3 months ... no restores over 3 months old!
 - The backups go to a third party ... with whom you have no contract for handling your data!
 - The backups are ... NOT encrypted!







ISO/IEC 17788 Overview & Vocabulary

- Lots of Definitions
- 6 Key Characteristics
- 4 Deployment Models
- 3 Cloud Capabilities Types







cloud computing¹:

 paradigm for enabling Network access to a scalable and elastic pool of shareable physical or virtual resources with On-demand self-service provisioning and administration



What is Cloud?

- 6 Key Characteristics:
 - Broad network access
 - On-demand self-service
 - Multi-tenancy
 - Resource pooling
 - Rapid elasticity and scalability
 - Measured service







cloud service¹:

 one or more capabilities offered via cloud computing (3.2.5) invoked using a declared interface











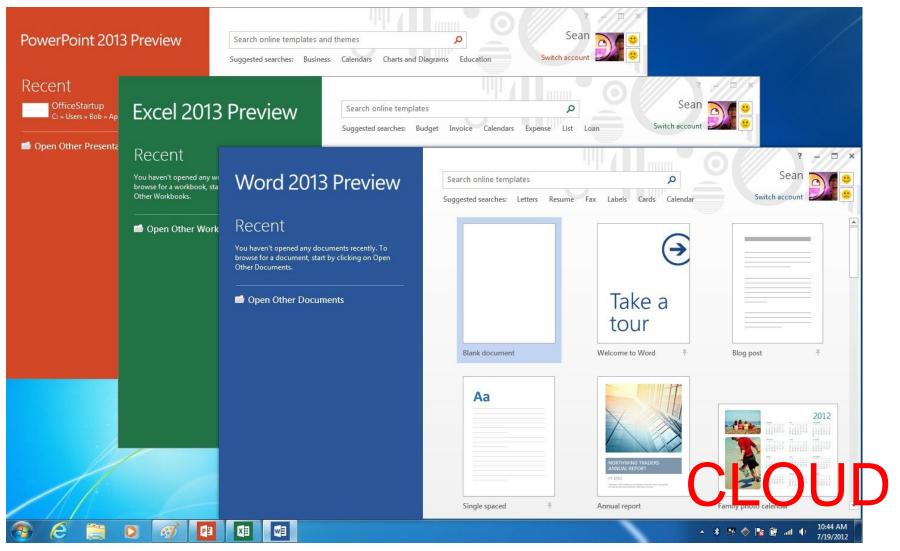


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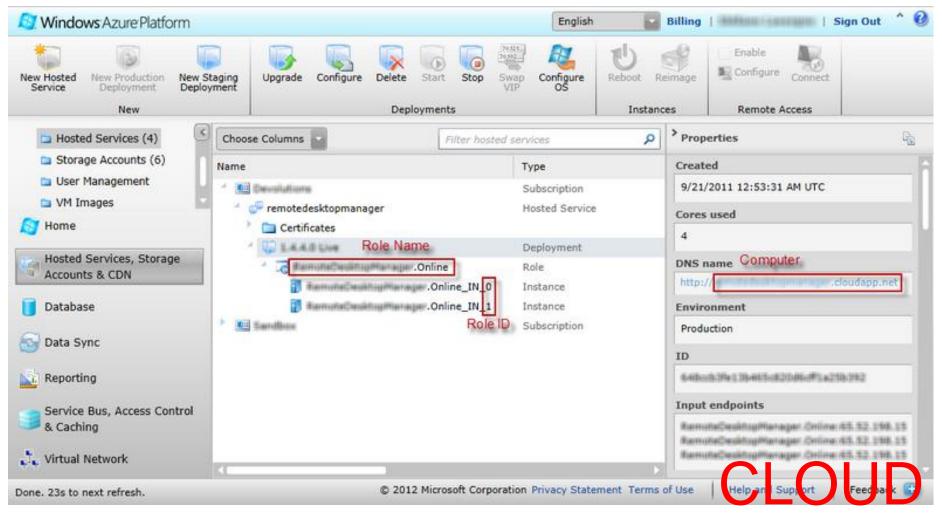


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Navigation	Amazon EC2 Console Dashboard	
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> EC2 Dashboard	To start using Amazon EC2 you will want to launch a virtual server, known as an Amazon EC2 instance.	You are using the following Amazon EC2 resources are Refresh in the US-East region:
> Instances	Launch Instances ▶	 O Running Instances O Elastic IPs 1 EBS Volume I EBS Snapshot
> AMIs	Note: Your instances will launch in the US-East region.	% 2 Key Pairs 5 Security Groups
Bundle Tasks ELASTIC BLOCK STORE		Related Links
> Volumes	Service Health	> Documentation
> Snapshots	Current Status Details	> All EC2 Resources
NETWORKING & SECURITY -	Amazon EC2 (US) Service is operating normally	> Forums
 > Elastic IPs > Security Groups 	 View complete service health details 	> Feedback
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Cloud computing roles and activities

- cloud service provider: party (3.1.6) which makes cloud services (3.2.8) available
- cloud service customer: party (3.1.6) which is in a business relationship for the purpose of using cloud services (3.2.8)
- cloud service user: natural person, or entity acting on their behalf, associated with a cloud service customer (3.2.11) that uses cloud services (3.2.8)
 - NOTE Examples of such entities include devices and applications.
 - [1] ISO/IEC 17788:2014 Information technology Cloud computing — Overview and vocabulary





cloud service partner:

party (3.1.6) which is engaged in support of, or auxiliary to, activities of either the cloud service provider (3.2.15) or the cloud service customer (3.2.11), or both







cloud auditor:

 cloud service partner (3.2.14) with the responsibility to conduct an audit of the provision and use of cloud services (3.2.8)







cloud broker:

 cloud service partner (3.2.14) that negotiates relationships between cloud service customers (3.2.11) and other cloud service providers (3.2.15)







A Read and and a local section of the

4 Deployment Models Public Cloud Private Cloud Community Cloud Hybrid Cloud





But Forget Cloud "Types"

- The original NIST Cloud Types:
 - laaS
 - PaaS
 - SaaS
- Have been superseded by an infinite number of:
 - Guff-as-a-Service...
- The original NIST Cloud Types have been renamed...







3 NIST "Types" now "Capabilities Types"

- De-facto NIST "Types" now abstracted to 2 levels:
 - **Cloud Service Categories**
 - **Cloud Capabilities Types**
- Now 3 "Capabilities Types" (ISO 17788):
 - Infrastructure Capabilities Type,
 - Platform Capabilities Type, and
 - Application Capabilities Type.
- And many "Cloud Service Categories", including:
 - Infrastructure-as-a-Service (laaS),
 - Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS), and
 - Software-as-a-Service (SaaS).







CloudServiceCategories&CloudCapabilities

Cloud Service	Cloud Capabilities Types		
Categories	Infrastructure	Platform	Application
Software as a Service			X
Platform as a Service		X	
Infrastructure as a Service	X		
Network as a Service	X	X	X
Data Storage as a Service	X	X	Х
Compute as a Service	X		
Communication as a Service		X	X







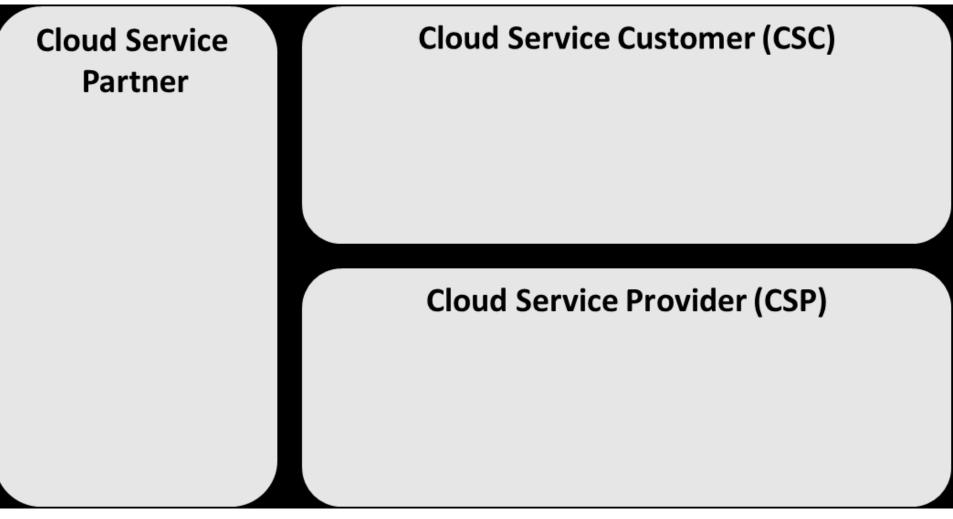
ISO/IEC 17789 Reference Architecture

- More definitions
- Plenty of descriptive text
- Lots of graphics







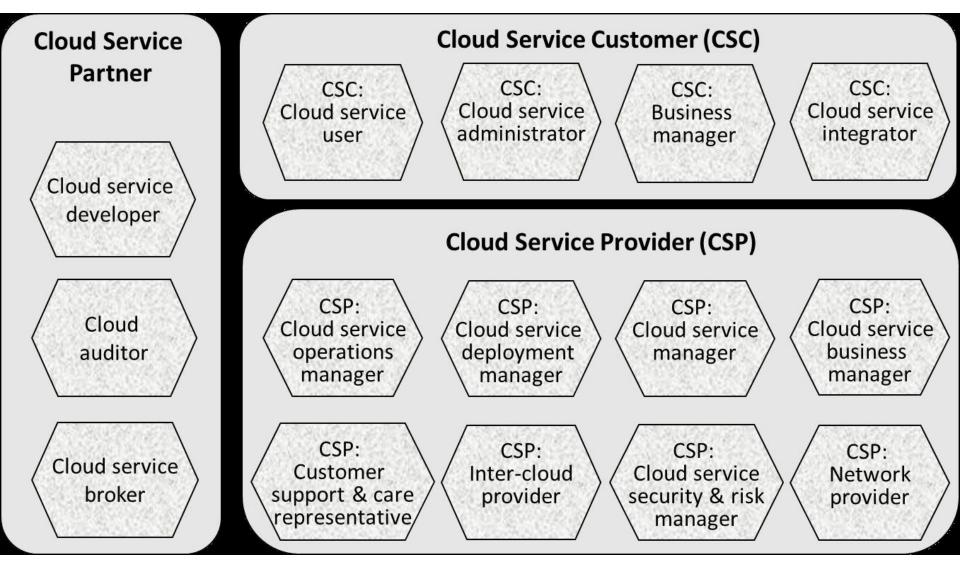


ISO/IEC 17789:2014 Information technology — Cloud computing — Reference architecture







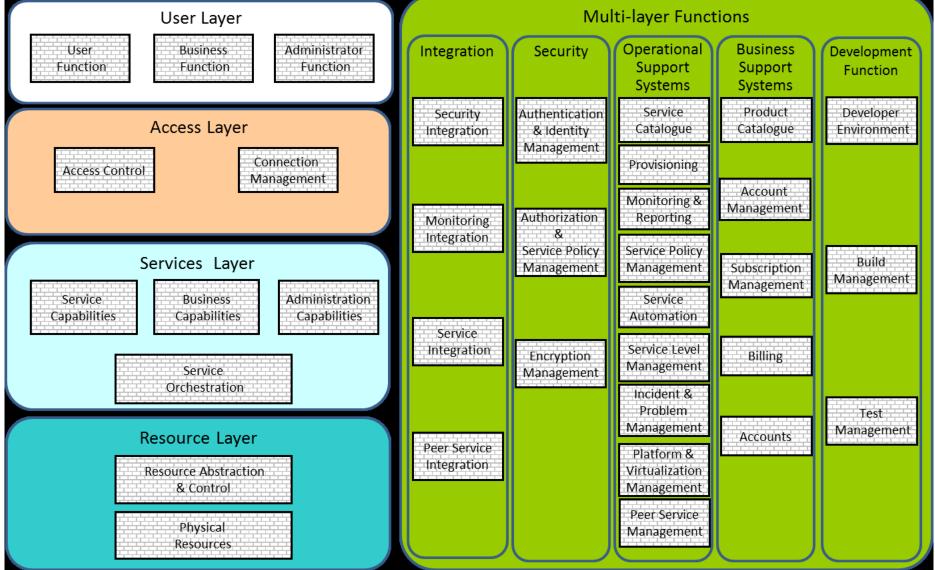


ISO/IEC 17789:2014 Information technology — Cloud computing — Reference architecture









ISO/IEC 17789:2014 Information technology — Cloud computing — Reference architecture







Cloud – Service Level Agreements

- We are at the crux of a new standard
- And **you** can shape its development
- Australia is a very active P-member in the development of the Cloud Computing standards
- Australia is directly affecting the final output of these processes
- We want **you** to have **your** say contact us!





ISO/IEC

- Joint Technical Committee 1 (JTC 1)
- To develop, maintain, promote, and facilitate standards in the fields of information technology (IT) and Information and Communications Technology (ICT).
- 29 sub-groups: Sub-Committees (SC) Working Groups (WG) Special Working Groups (SWG) Sub-Committees' Working Groups (SC x/WG y)





ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 38

- Distributed application platforms and services (DAPS)
 - WG 1: Web Services,
 - WG 2: Service Oriented Architecture (SOA), and
 - WG 3: Cloud Computing
- Number of published ISO standards under responsibility of ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 38 (includes updates): 4
- Participating countries: 27
- Observing countries: 8





ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 38 Stds Dev Process

- (My count on the day, may have been late starters too)
- Kobe, Japan, Monday, 23 September 2013 (start of work on SLA)
- From the 26 P-Members (National Body) (number-of-delegates-present):
- Australia (SA) (4)
- Brazil (ABNT) (1)
- Canada (SCC) (3)
- China (SAC) (8)
- France (AFNOR) (1)
- Germany (DIN) (3)
- Ireland (NSAI) (2)
- Japan (JISC) (5)

- Korea, Republic of (KATS) (6)
- Poland (PKN) (2)
- Singapore (SPRING) (1)
- Sweden (SIS) (2)
- Switzerland (SNV) (1)
- UK (BSI) (2)
- USA (ANSI) (15)

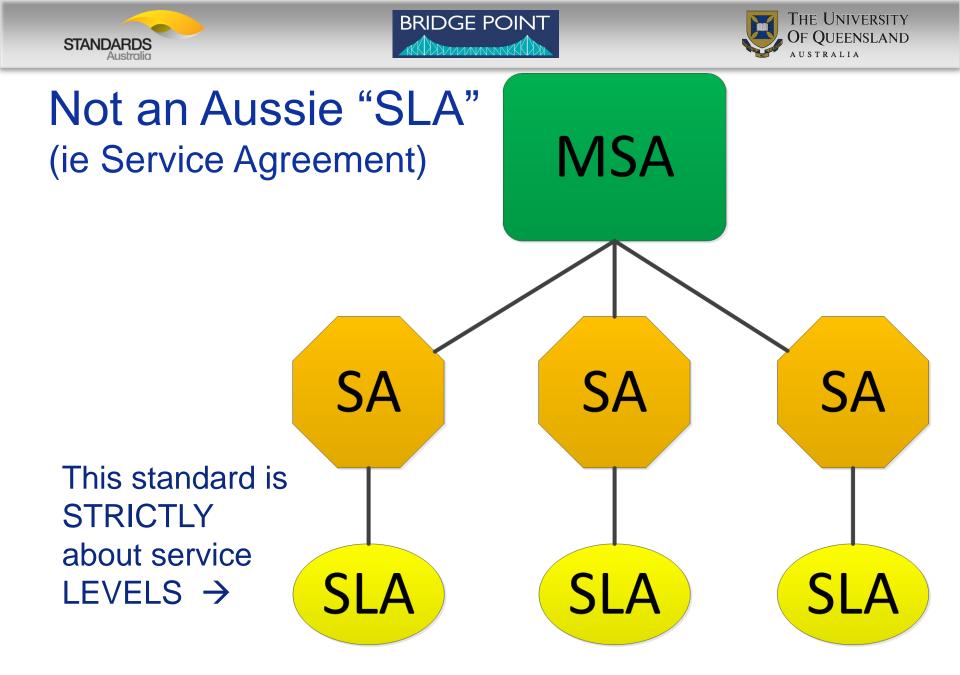






What it isn't

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Not an SLA template document

- This standard does not provide a standard structure that used for cloud SLA contracts.
 - Contracts are highly customized items between providers and customers.
- This international standard does not supersede any legal requirement.







What it is

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The Cloud Computing SLA Standard(s)

 This standard seeks to establish a set of common cloud SLA building blocks (concepts, terms, definitions, contexts)

that can then be used to create cloud SLAs

that help avoid confusion and facilitate common understanding between the cloud service providers and the cloud service customers.







The Cloud Computing SLA Standard(s)

- RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE MASTER AGREEMENT AND SLAS
- CLOUD SLA MANAGEMENT
- THE ROLE OF SERVICE LEVEL OBJECTIVES, METRICS, REMEDIES, AND EXCEPTIONS IN THE SLA
- CLOUD SLA COMPONENTS
- 10.1 General
- 10.2 Covered Services Component
 - 10.2.1 Description
 - 10.2.2 Relevance
 - 10.2.3 Service Level Objectives
- 10.3 SLA Definitions Component
 - 10.3.1 Description
 - 10.3.2 Relevance
 - 10.3.3 Service Level Objectives
- 10.4 SLA Scope Component
 - 10.4.1 Description
 - 10.4.2 Relevance
 - 10.4.3 Service Level Objectives







The Cloud Computing SLA Standard(s)

- 10.1 General
- 10.2 Covered Services Component
- 10.3 SLA Definitions Component
- 10.4 SLA Scope Component
- 10.5 Service Monitoring Component
- 10.6 Roles and Responsibilities Component
- 10.7 Accessibility Component
- 10.8 Availability Component
- 10.9 Cloud Service Response Time
- 10.10 Protection of Personally Identifiable Information (PII) Component
- 10.11 Information Security Component
- 10.12 Termination of Service Component
- 10.13 Support Component
- 10.14 Governance Component
- 10.15 Service Reliability Component
- 10.16 Cloud Service Customer Data Backup and Restore
- 10.17 Data Management Component
- 10.18 Attestations, Certifications and Audits Component







Where it is going

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19086 SLA Framework & Terminology

- WD 19086 ISO/IEC 19086 Information Technology Cloud Computing – Service Level Agreement (SLA) Framework and Terminology
- Editors: Eric Simmon (US) Liu Na (China) Toshihiro Suzuki (Japan)
- Working Draft in progress







Part 1 : Overview and Concepts

- ISO/IEC 19086-1 Information Technology Cloud Computing – Service Level Agreement (SLA) Framework and Terminology – Part 1 : Overview and Concepts
- Acting Editors: Eric Simmon (US)* Liu Na (China)* Toshihiro Suzuki (Japan)*
 - Pending Project Subdivision







Part 2 : Metrics

- ISO/IEC 19086-2 Information Technology Cloud Computing – Service Level Agreement (SLA) Framework and Terminology – Part 2 : Metrics
- Acting Editors: Eric
 - Eric Simmon (US)* Liu Na (China)* Toshihiro Suzuki (Japan)*
- Pending Project Subdivision







Part 3 : Core Requirements

- ISO/IEC 19086-3 Information Technology Cloud Computing – Service Level Agreement (SLA) Framework and Terminology – Part 3 : Core Requirements
- Acting Editors: E
 - Eric Simmon (US)* Liu Na (China)* Toshihiro Suzuki (Japan)*
- Pending Project Subdivision