

CodeWarrior Build Tools Options for Optimal Performance on HCS08 Cores

1 Introduction

This document describes two sets of options and pragmas that can be used with the CodeWarrior tools to produce optimal code for the HCS08 cores. One set optimizes the size of the code; another set optimizes the execution speed. You can use the build tools options and pragmas described in this document for optimal performance, but the build tools settings must be set according to the application being developed.

For more information on the HCS08 Compiler, refer to CodeWarrior Development Studio for Microcontrollers V10.x HC(S)08 Build Tools Reference Manual by Freescale.

2 Optimization for Size

Several strategies can be used, simultaneously if the application allows, to optimize the size of the generated code:

- use specific compiler options
- choose a less expensive memory model

Contents

1 Introduction	1
2 Optimization for Size	1
3 Optimization for Speed	3

- place code and/or data in segments which require shorter addressing.

The following sections provide details on each of these approaches.

For additional hints on code size optimization, refer to topic *Generating Compact Code in CodeWarrior Development Studio for Microcontrollers V10.x HC(S)08 Build Tools Reference Manual* by Freescale.

2.1 Compiler Options

For compact code, pass the following options to the compiler:

```
-Os -Ous -Of
```

A specific set of options may reduce the code size for some functions, but increase it for other functions in the same compilation unit. In order for the compiler to dynamically configure options for each function, invoke it with option `-OdocF`. This option takes a list of option sets as input, and instructs the compiler to run with each option set and keep the one that produces the best code size for each function. For example:

```
-OdocF="-Or|-Cni -Cu|-Oc" .
```

NOTE The compilation time multiplies by a factor equal to the number of option sets passed to the compiler.

2.2 Memory Models

The TINY memory model is the least expensive one - with the BANKED memory model being the most expensive. Use the TINY memory model if the application allows, that is, all data, including stack, fits into the zero page area (between 0 and 0xFF). Use the SMALL memory model if the application code and data fits into the 64KB address space.

To select TINY as the memory model, pass option `-Mt` to the compiler. To select SMALL as the memory model, invoke the compiler with option `-Ms`.

For more information on memory models, refer to topic *Memory Models in CodeWarrior Development Studio for Microcontrollers V10.x HC(S)08 Build Tools Reference Manual* by Freescale.

2.3 Compiler Pragmas for Data and Code Allocation

If the selected memory model is either SMALL or BANKED, use `__SHORT_SEG` data segments in order to allocate a subset of the application data on the zero page (0 to 0xFF). Objects allocated on this page are accessed using 8-bit addressing. To specify that a data segment is a `__SHORT_SEG` segment, use modifier `__SHORT_SEG` with either a `CONST_SEG` or a `DATA_SEG` pragma.

For example:

```
#pragma DATA_SEG __SHORT_SEG MY_ZEROPAGE
unsigned int var1; /* 8b access */
#pragma DATA_SEG DEFAULT
```

```
unsigned int var2; /* 16b access */
```

If the selected memory model is `BANKED`, use `__NEAR_SEG` code segments in order to mark a subset of the application functions as `__near`. Such functions are accessed using 16-bit addressing (instead of the default 24-bit addressing). To specify that a code segment is a `__NEAR_SEG` segment, use modifier `__NEAR_SEG` with a `CODE_SEG` pragma.

For example:

```
#pragma CODE_SEG __NEAR_SEG NON_BANKED
void foo() {} /* JSR/RTS */
#pragma CODE_SEG DEFAULT
void bar() {} /* CALL/RTC */
```

For more information on data/code placement pragmas, refer to topic [Pragma Details in CodeWarrior Development Studio for Microcontrollers V10.x HC\(S\)08 Build Tools Reference Manual](#) by Freescale.

3 Optimization for Speed

In order to reduce the overall cycle count of the code, pass the following options to the compiler:

```
-Ot -Cu -Ous -Onf -Oi -OiLib
```

To further improve execution speed, configure the compiler to use shorter addressing:

- select the least expensive memory model that the application allows (refer to section 2.2 for more details)
- allocate some of the application data objects and functions in segments that require shorter than default addressing: 8-bit, instead of 16-bit, for data, with either the `SMALL` or the `BANKED` memory model; 16-bit, instead of 24-bit, for code, with the `BANKED` memory model (refer to section 2.3 for more details).

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