

## GABARITO

**Questão 1 –**

$$I. a = -10^{-3} \quad b = 6 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad c = 3 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad f = 4 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$[\varepsilon] = 10^{-3} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ii. \varepsilon_1 = 7 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad \varepsilon_2 = 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad \varepsilon_3 = -10^{-3}$$

$$\mathbf{h}_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(0, 2, 1) \quad \mathbf{h}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(0, -1, 2) \quad \mathbf{h}_3 = (1, 0, 0)$$

$$iii. \varepsilon_l = 6,84 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$iv. \gamma = -1,76 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

**Questão 2 –**

$$i. [\varepsilon] = A \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{5}x_2 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{4}{5}x_1 \\ -\frac{1}{5}x_2 & \frac{4}{5}x_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ii. A = 10^{-2}$$

$$iii. \gamma = -4,71 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$iv. \varepsilon_1 = 2,24 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad \varepsilon_3 = -2,24 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \alpha \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-2}{\sqrt{5}}, 1 \right) \quad \mathbf{v}_3 = \beta \left( \frac{-1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}, 1 \right)$$

Com  $\alpha$  e  $\beta$  reais.

**Questão 3 –**

$$i. \boldsymbol{\rho} = 6(1, 7, 1) \quad \|\boldsymbol{\rho}\| = 42,85$$

$$ii. \boldsymbol{\sigma} = \frac{22}{3}(-2, 2, -1) \quad \|\boldsymbol{\sigma}\| = 22$$

$$iii. \theta = 59,12^\circ$$

**Questão 4 –**

$$i. [T] = 100 \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ii. \boldsymbol{\sigma} = 51,76(-1, 1, 0) \quad \|\boldsymbol{\sigma}\| = 73,21$$