

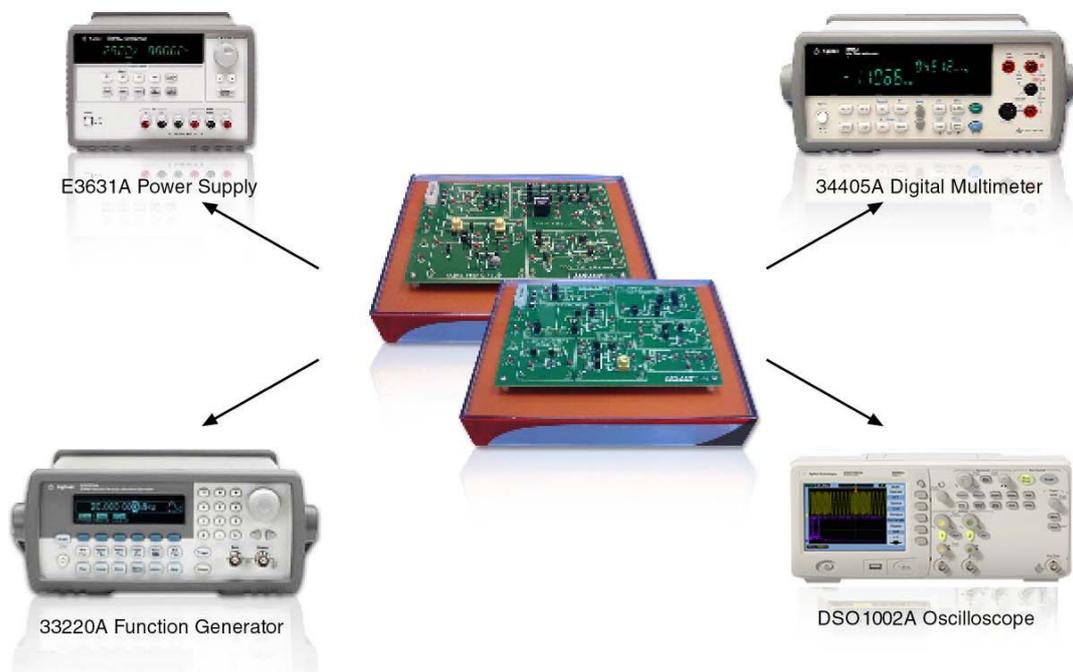


ME3000 Analog Electronics Courseware

Out-of-Box Teaching Solution for Analog Electronics

Quick Start Guide

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NOTE:

This product has been tested and found to conform to the following EMC standards. The limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a laboratory installation.

Standard	Limit
EMC: IEC61326-1:2005 / EN61326-1:2006	
CISPR11:2003/EN55011:2007	Class A, Group 1
IEC 61000-4-3:2002 / EN 61000-4-3:2002	3 V/m (80 MHz-1.0 GHz) 3 V/m (1.4 GHz-2.0 GHz) 1 V/m (2.0 GHz-2.7 GHz)

This product complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and EMC Directive 89/336/EEC, and carries the CE-marking.

CAUTION – ESD!

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS SENSITIVE TO ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE.

An electrostatic discharge generated by a person or an object coming in contact with the electrical components may damage or destroy the product. To avoid the risk of electrostatic discharge, please observe the handling precautions and recommendations contained in the EN100015-1 standard. Do not connect or disconnect the device while it is being energized.

WARNING:

CHANGES OR MODIFICATIONS NOT EXPRESSLY APPROVED BY THE PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE EMC RULES COULD VOID THE USER'S AUTHORITY TO OPERATE THE PRODUCT.

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1. Read Me First

Congratulations on your purchase of the *ME3000 Analog Electronics* courseware! Please read this Quick Start Guide carefully to ensure you get the most out of your investment in this solution.

This courseware includes the following items:

Item	Quantity	Description
CD	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Teaching slides (Microsoft® PowerPoint format) ○ Lab sheets (Microsoft® Word format) ○ Problem-based assignments (Microsoft® Word format)
ME3000 Training Kit:		
Module 1	1	<i>Diode & Transistor Module</i> , which consists of a Class A Tuned Amplifier, a Diode Circuit, a Transistor Circuit, and a 555 Multivibrator circuit
Module 2	1	<i>Op-Amp Module</i> , which consists of 1st and 2nd order Active Filters, an Inverting/Summing Amplifier, a Non-Inverting Amplifier, a Differential Amplifier, and a Buffer
Jumper cables	6	Cables terminated with grabber clips at both ends (25 cm)
BNC cable	1	BNC(m)-to-grabber clip cable (1.0 m)
Power supply cable	1	4-way connector-to-banana jack cable (1.0 m)
Antistatic wrist strap	1	For ESD protection (required to wear when handling the device)

The following items are not included in this solution but are required/recommended:

- One PC running Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista® with a minimum of 512 MB RAM
- Appropriate measurement instruments (see Section 3.5, "Lab Station" for details)
- Appropriate Train-the-Trainer Program (see Section 3.6, "Train-the-Trainer Program" for details)

Complete the steps in Section 4, "Quick Setup and Verification" to start using the ME3000 Analog Electronics training kit.

Thank you for your purchase and do contact us (see Section 5, "Support and Warranty") if you require any assistance.

IMPORTANT

The ME3000 Analog Electronics training kit can be damaged by excessive power levels from the instruments. Please adhere strictly to the power levels recommended in the instructions.

2. Courseware Overview

The ME3000 is an out-of-box teaching solution targeting 1st or 2nd year undergraduates. This solution focuses on semiconductor fundamentals, circuit analysis, and electronic device applications. To achieve a better understanding on semiconductor devices, students are required to complete the lab exercises and assignments using Agilent basic instruments such as the 34405A digital multimeter, E3631A power supply, 33220A function generator, and DSO1002A oscilloscope or equivalent instruments. The training kit consists of two modules: *Diode & Transistor Module* and *Op-Amp Module*, which allow students to explore the functionalities and applications of diodes, transistors, and op-amps in a circuit.

This courseware consists of:

- Teaching slides (editable with Microsoft PowerPoint)
- Training kit: Diode & Transistor Module and Op-Amp Module
- Lab sheets (editable with Microsoft Word)
- Problem-based assignments (editable with Microsoft Word)
- Model answers and solutions (downloadable by registered instructors)

The following items are not included but recommended:

- Agilent Technologies 34405A 5½ Digit Multimeter or U2741A
- Agilent Technologies DSO1002A 60 MHz Oscilloscope or U2701A
- Agilent Technologies 33220A 20 MHz Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator or U2761A
- Agilent Technologies E3631A Triple Output DC Power Supply
- Train-the-Trainer Program

This complete solution is designed to impart knowledge in:

- Semiconductor fundamentals
- Analog electronic devices
- Analog circuit analysis
- Typical applications of electronic devices
- Usage of measurement instruments

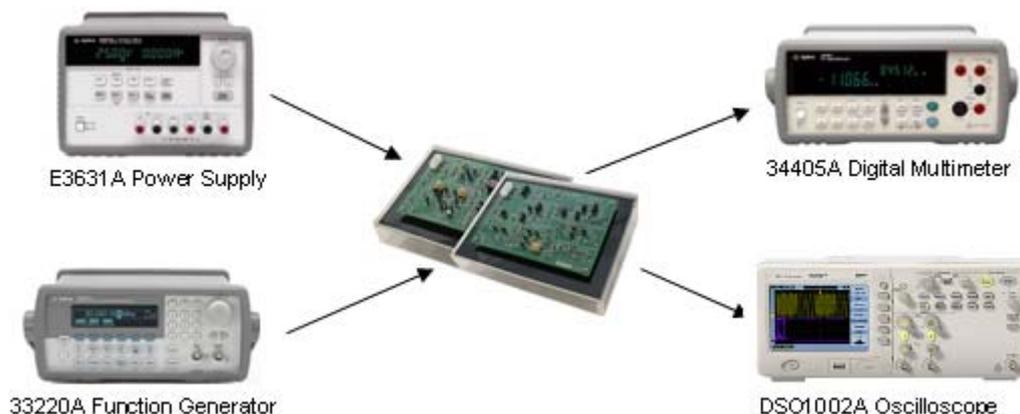


Figure 1 – ME3000 Training Kit and Recommended Instruments

3. Courseware Configuration

3.1 Teaching Slides

Editable slides in Microsoft PowerPoint format are provided for the following topics:

- P-N Junction & Semiconductor Diodes
- Bipolar Junction Transistor
- DC Biasing
- Transistor Modeling
- Small-Signal Analysis
- Frequency Response of a BJT Amplifier
- Design of a Small-Signal BJT Amplifier
- Field-Effect Transistors Part I: Types and Characteristics
- Field-Effect Transistors Part II: Biasing
- Field-Effect Transistors Part III: Small-Signal Analysis
- Operational Amplifier
- 555 Timer-based Multivibrators
- Oscillators
- Voltage Regulators

3.2 ME3000 Analog Electronics Training Kit

- Diode & Transistor Module (Module 1)
 - Diode Circuit
 - Transistor Circuit
 - Class A Tuned Amplifier
 - 555 Multivibrator
- Op-Amp Module (Module 2)
 - 1st Order Active Filter
 - 2nd Order Active Filter
 - Buffer
 - Inverting/Summing Amplifier
 - Non-Inverting Amplifier
 - Differential Amplifier

3.3 Lab Sheets

No	Lab Sheet	Objective	Duration
1	Diode Characteristics	To understand the characteristics of diodes	3 Hours
2	Rectifier Circuits	To understand the basic operations of rectifier circuits	3 Hours
3	BJT Characteristics	To understand the characteristics of a bipolar junction transistor (BJT)	3 Hours
4	DC Biasing	To demonstrate the effects of DC biasing on the AC operation of a common-emitter amplifier	3 Hours
5	Practical Op-Amp Circuits	To understand the typical configurations of operational amplifier circuits and their characteristics	3 Hours
6	RF Class A Tuned Amplifiers	To demonstrate the practical issues in designing an RF tuned amplifier and perform AC measurements on a Class A amplifier	3 Hours
7	555 Multivibrator Circuits	To understand the basic operations of a 555 Timer IC and design astable and monostable multivibrators using 555 timers	3 Hours
8	Active Filters	To understand the working principles of active filters and design an active low pass filter	3 Hours

3.4 Problem-based Assignments

No	Assignment
1	Basic Signal Conditioning Using Op-Amp Circuits
2	Low Pass Active Filter Design
3	555 Multivibrator Circuits

3.5 Lab Station

Basic Setup
1 x Agilent 34405A 5½ Digit Multimeter
1 x Agilent DSO1002A 60 MHz Oscilloscope
1 x Agilent 33220A 20 MHz Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator
1 x Agilent E3631A Triple Output DC Power Supply

The above list can be replaced by instruments of similar functions and capabilities.

The following table shows the training kit modules and recommended instruments used in each lab.

	Training Kit		Instrument		
	1 x ME3000-Module 1	1 x ME3000-Module 2	Option 1 Power Supply & Multimeter	Option 2 Power Supply, Function Generator, & Oscilloscope	Option 3 Power Supply, Function Generator, Multimeter, & Oscilloscope
Lab 1	✓		✓		✓
Lab 2	✓			✓	✓
Lab 3	✓		✓		✓
Lab 4	✓			✓	✓
Lab 5		✓			✓
Lab 6	✓				✓
Lab 7	✓			✓	✓
Lab 8		✓		✓	✓

3.6 Train-the-Trainer Program (recommended, not included in courseware)

Lectures

- Analog Electronics Fundamentals
- Practical Analog Circuit Design
- Selected topics from the courseware teaching material

Lab Exercises

- Selected exercises from the lab sheets

Training details are available at <http://dreamcatcher.asia/>

4. Quick Setup and Verification

4.1 The following steps demonstrate a basic setup of the ME3000-M1 Diode & Transistor Module:

Step 1: Configuring the Diode & Transistor Module

Step 2: Configuring the Instruments

Step 3: Verifying the Results

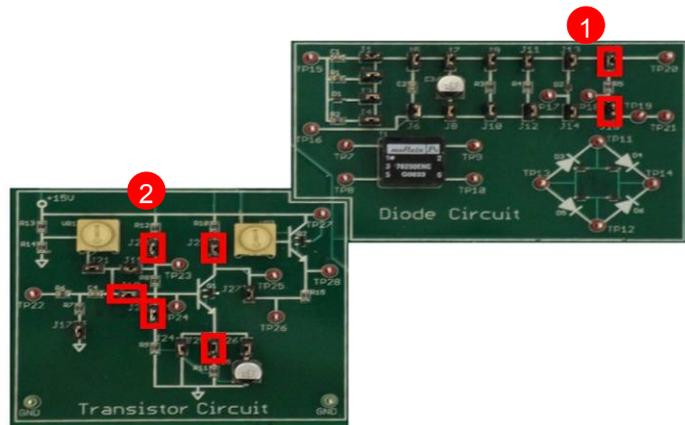
IMPORTANT

- The training kit can be damaged by excessive power levels from the instruments. Please adhere strictly to the power levels recommended in the instructions.
- Turn off the training kit when not in use.

Step 1 : Configuring the Diode & Transistor Module

1 Insert jumpers to **J15** and **J16** to construct a full-wave rectifier circuit.

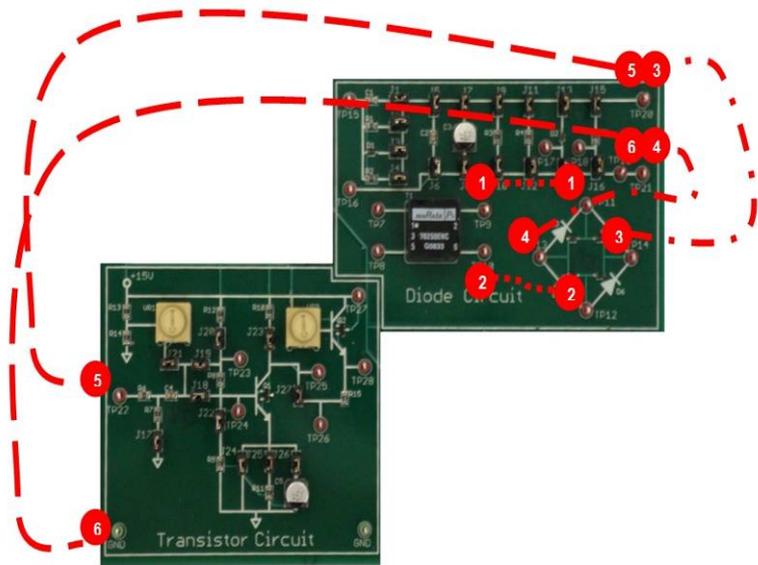
2 Connect jumpers **J18**, **J20**, **J22**, **J23**, and **J25** to form a transistor-based amplifier circuit.



Step 1 : Configuring the Diode & Transistor Module (cont'd)

Use jumper cables for the following connections:

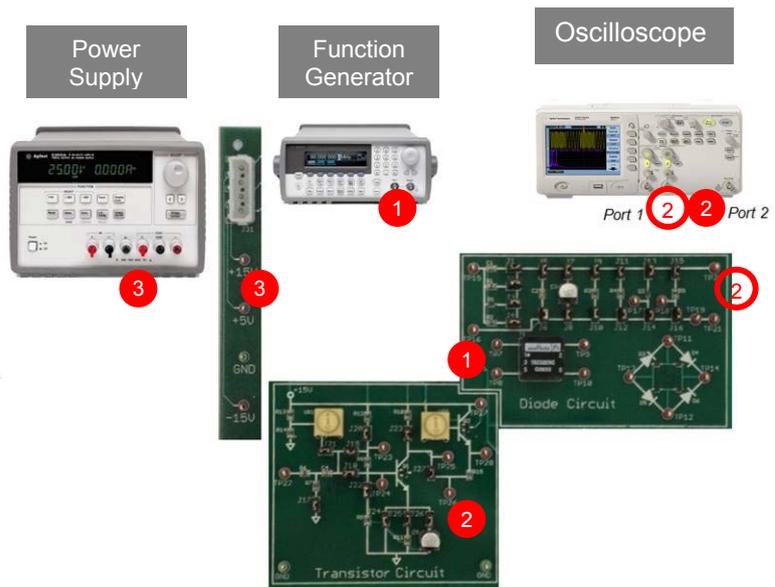
- 1 Connect the output of the transformer (TP9) to the input of the Rectifier Circuit (TP11).
- 2 Connect the output of the transformer (TP10) to the input of the Rectifier Circuit (TP12).
- 3 Connect the output of the Rectifier Circuit (TP14) to the input of the Diode Circuit (TP20).
- 4 Connect the output of the Rectifier Circuit (TP13) to the input of the Diode Circuit (TP21).
- 5 Connect the output of the Diode Circuit (TP20) to the input of the Transistor Circuit (TP22).
- 6 Connect the output of the Diode Circuit (TP21) to the GND of the Transistor Circuit.



Step 2 : Configuring the Instruments

- 1 Set the function generator output to a **5 V peak-to-peak, 20 kHz sine wave**.

Connect the positive terminal of the function generator to **TP7** with reference to **TP8** using a BNC-to-grabber clip coaxial cable.
- 2 Connect the CH1 probe tip of the oscilloscope to **TP20**, CH2 probe tip to **TP25**, and ground lead to **GND**.
- 3 Connect the power supply to the Diode & Transistor Module using a 4-way power supply cable. Set the voltage to **+15 V** and turn on the power supply.

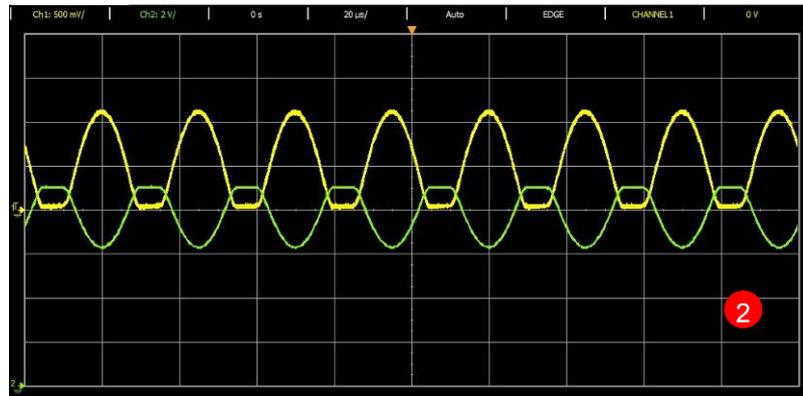


Step 3 : Verifying the Results

1 Apply the following settings on the oscilloscope:

- Trigger source: CH1
- Time/div: 20 μ s
- Channel 1 volt/div: 500 mV
- Channel 1 offset: 0 V
- Channel 2 volt/div: 2 V
- Channel 2 offset: 8 V

2 The expected waveforms are as shown on the right.



4.2 The following steps demonstrate a basic setup of the ME3000-M2 Op-Amp Module:

Step 1 Configuring the Op-Amp Module

Step 2 Configuring the Instruments

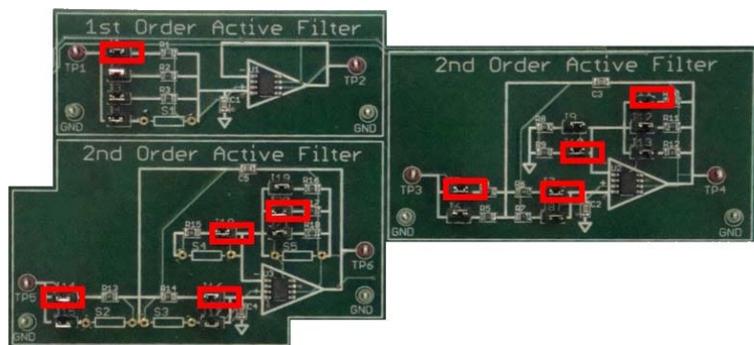
Step 3 Verifying the Results

IMPORTANT

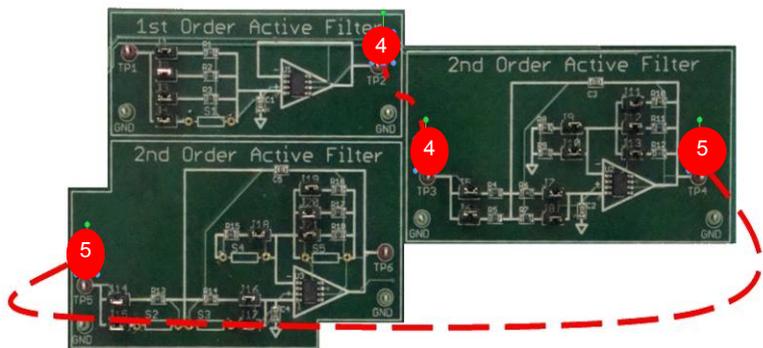
- The training kit can be damaged by excessive power levels from the instruments. Please adhere strictly to the power levels recommended in the instructions.
- Turn off the training kit when not in use.

Step 1 : Configuring the Op-Amp Module

- 1 Connect jumper **J1** to form a first order low pass filter.
- 2 Connect jumpers **J5, J7, J10,** and **J11** to form a second order low pass filter (second stage).
- 3 Connect jumpers **J14, J16, J18,** and **J20** to form another second order low pass filter (third stage).



- 4 Construct a full fifth order low pass filter by connecting the output of the first stage (**TP2**) to the input of the second stage (**TP3**), and
- 5 the output of the second stage (**TP4**) to the input of the third stage (**TP5**) using jumper cables.

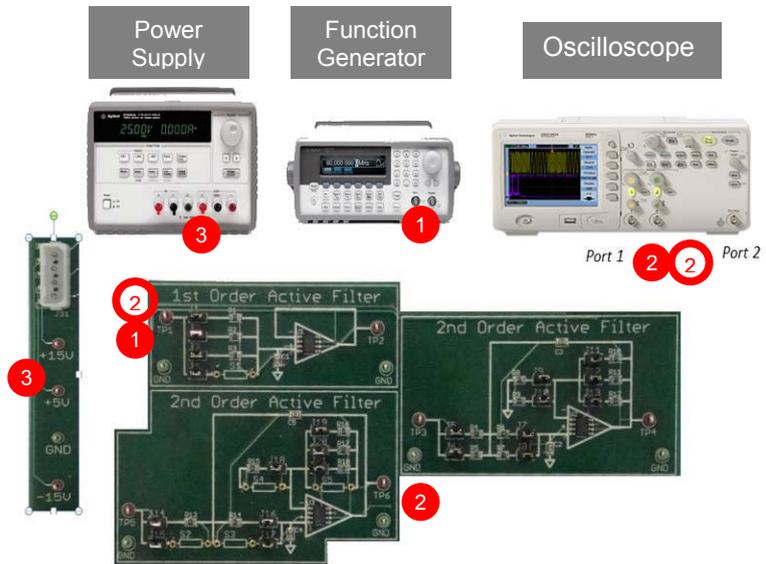


Step 2 : Configuring the Instruments

- 1 Set the function generator to sweep from **100 Hz to 100 kHz (sine wave)** with a sweep time of **100 ms**. Adjust the amplitude to a **2 V peak-to-peak**. Set the trigger source to **Internal**.

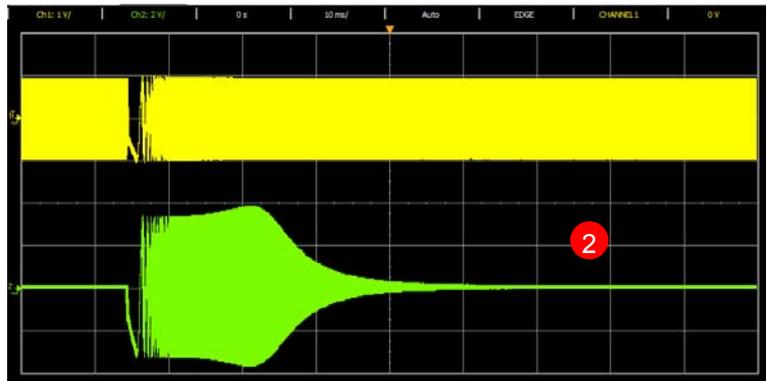
Connect the function generator output to **TP1** and reference to **GND** using a BNC-to-grabber clip coaxial cable.

- 2 Connect the CH1 probe tip of the oscilloscope to **TP1**, CH2 probe tip to **TP6**, and ground lead to **GND**.
- 3 Connect the power supply to the Op-Amp Module using a 4-way power supply cable. Set the voltages to **+15 V** and **-15 V** and turn on the power supply.



Step 3 : Verifying the Results

- 1 Apply the following settings for the oscilloscope:
 - Trigger source: CH1
 - Time/div: 50 ms
 - Channel 1 volt/div: 1 V
 - Channel 1 offset: -2 V
 - Channel 2 volt/div: 2 V
 - Channel 2 offset: 4 V
- 2 The expected waveforms are as shown on the right.



5. Support and Warranty

5.1 Terms and Conditions

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To retrieve the password for installation of the provided materials and software as well as the model answers and solutions for lab sheets, please register yourself at <http://dreamcatcher.asia/cw> under the Product Registration menu using the product key provided with the teaching courseware.

5.2 Product Warranty

- *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.* warrants that its products sold will at the time of shipment be free from defects in material and workmanship and will conform to *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.*'s applicable specifications.
- If *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.* receives notice of a defect or non-conformance during the **one year warranty** period, *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.* will, at its option, repair or replace the affected product. Buyer will pay shipping expenses for return of such product to *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.* or its authorized reseller. *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.* or its authorized reseller will pay expenses for shipment of the repaired or replacement product.
- This warranty shall not apply to any products *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.* determines have been, by Buyer or otherwise, subject to operating and/or environmental conditions in excess of the maximum values established in applicable specifications, or have been subject to mishandling, misuse, neglect, improper testing, repair, alteration, damage, assembly, or processing that alters physical or electrical properties.
- In no event will *Acehub Vista Sdn. Bhd.* be liable for any incidental or consequential damages.
- This warranty extends to Buyer only and not to Buyer's customers or users of Buyer's products and is in lieu of all other warranties whether expressed, implied, or statutory including implied warranties of merchantability of fitness.
- For technical support and warranty, email cw.support@dreamcatcher.asia

Appendix A: ME3000 Analog Electronics Training Kit

As shown in Figure A1, the *Diode & Transistor Module* consists of a Class A tuned amplifier, a diode circuit, a transistor circuit, and a 555 multivibrator. On the other hand, the *Op-Amp Module* consists of a 1st order active filter, two 2nd order active filters, an inverting/summing amplifier, a non-inverting amplifier, a differential amplifier, and a buffer (Figure A2).

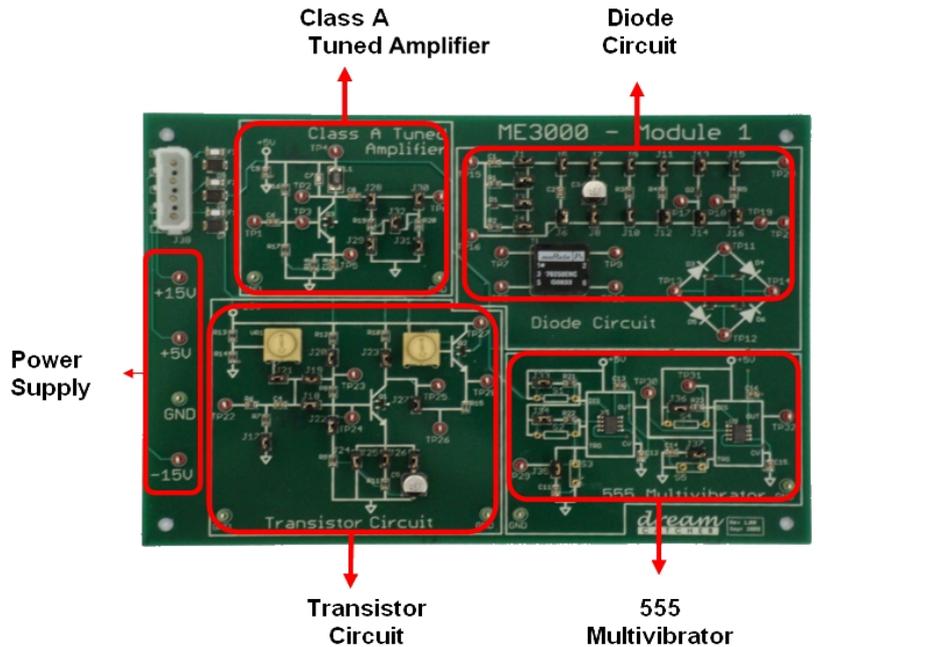


Figure A1 – ME3000-M1 Diode & Transistor Module

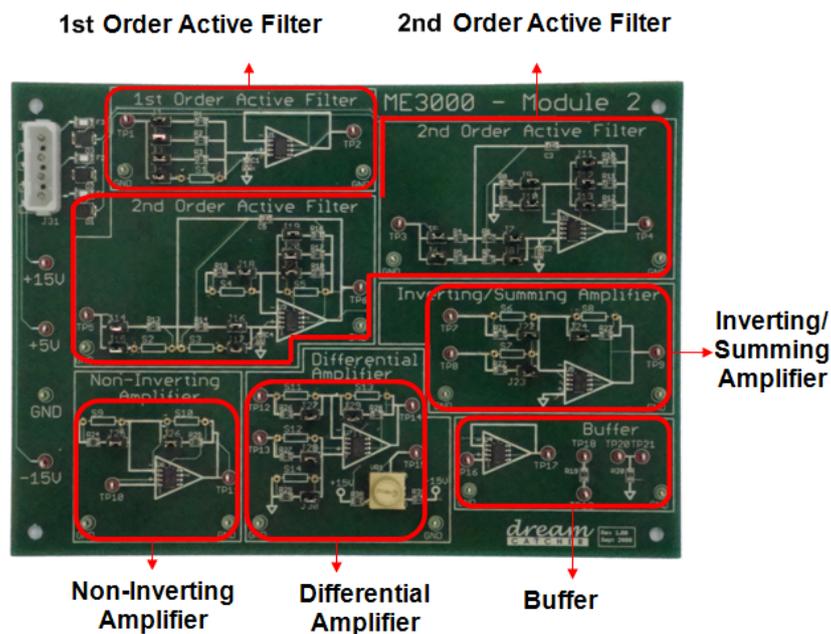


Figure A2 – ME3000-M2 Op-Amp Module

Appendix B: Specifications

POWER SUPPLY

Line voltage range 50/60 Hz, 100 VAC to 240 VAC

POWER ADAPTER

Output voltage 12 VDC

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Operating temperature at ambient environment condition at 35° C
Up to 95% RH at 40° C (non-condensing)

STORAGE COMPLIANCE

–40° C to 70° C

SAFETY

This product is rated for indoor use only.

EMC

IEC 61326-1:2005 / EN 61326-1:2006
Canada: ICES/NMB-001: Issue 4, June 2006
Australia/New Zealand: AS/NZS CISPR 11:2004

DIMENSIONS (W x H x D)

230 mm x 65 mm x 180 mm

WEIGHT

0.6 kg

WARRANTY

12 months

OTHERS

ME3000 – Diode & Transistor Module	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage (+5 V)	4.5	5.5	V
Input voltage (+15 V)	13.5	16.5	V
Input current (+5 V)	7.0	10.0	mA
Input current (+15 V)	1.0	3.0	mA
ME3000 – Op-Amp Module	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage (+15 V)	13.5	16.5	V
Input voltage (–15 V)	–16.5	–13.5	V
Input current (+15 V)	6.0	8.0	mA
Input current (–15 V)	7.0	20.0	mA

Appendix C: Using Modular Instruments

Tips on How to Use the Agilent U2741A USB Modular Digital Multimeter

Front Panel of the Agilent U2741A USB Modular Digital Multimeter

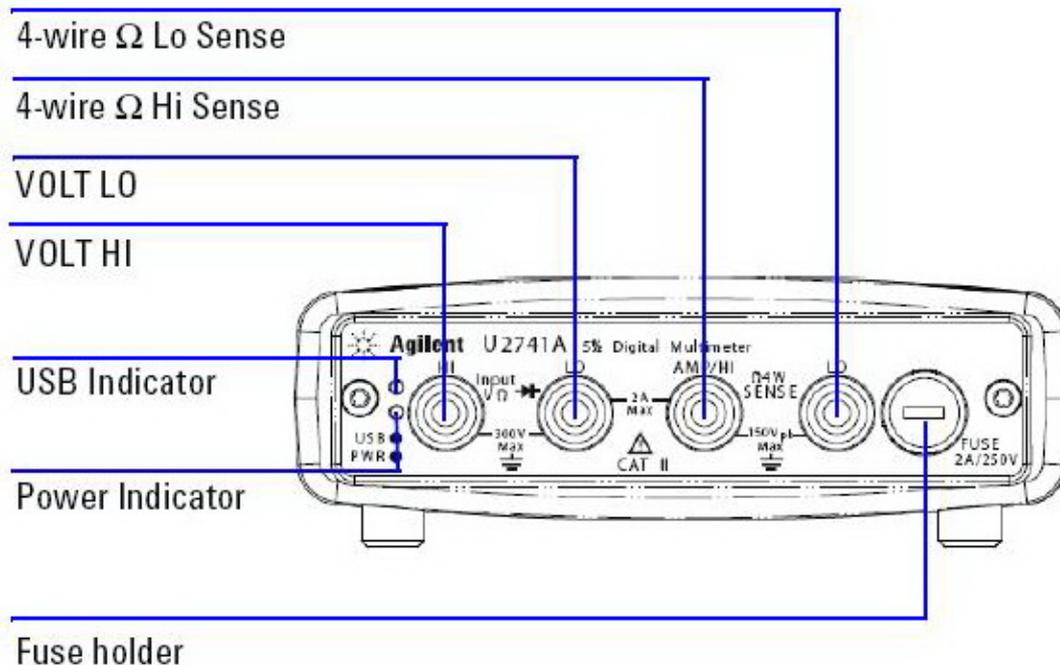


Figure C-1 – Front Panel of the Digital Multimeter

Setting Up the Connection

1. Connect the digital multimeter to the PC using a USB cable.
2. Power on the digital multimeter.
3. Launch the **Agilent IO Control** and the **Agilent Measurement Manager (AMM)**.
4. The **Select USB Device** dialog box will appear displaying the connected **U2741A** devices. To start the application, select a **U2741A** device and click **OK** to establish the connection
5. The U2741A can only be operated via the USB interface. On the front panel of the U2741A, there are two LED indicators. The power indicator lights up once the U2741A is powered on. There is a system error if the indicator blinks after the U2741A is powered on. The USB indicator will only blink when there is data exchange activity between the U2741A and the PC.
6. You can control the U2741A via the **Agilent Measurement Manager (AMM)** for U2741A or via **SCPI commands** sent through the USB interface from your own application programs.
7. Launch the **Agilent IO Control** and **AMM**.
8. The **Select USB Device** dialog box will appear displaying the connected **U2741A** devices. To start the application, select a **U2741A** device and click **OK** to establish the connection. You may start to use the digital multimeter now.

Measuring DC Voltage

1. The DC voltage measurement function of the U2741A has the following features:
 - five ranges to select: **100 mV**, **1 V**, **10 V**, **100 V**, and **300 V**; or **auto** range
 - input impedance is **10 M Ω** for all ranges (typical)

- input protection is **300 V** on all ranges (**HI** terminal)
2. Make the connection as shown in **Figure C-2** in order to measure DC voltage. You can control the U2741A via the **Agilent Measurement Manager (AMM)** software for U2741A or via **SCPI commands** sent through the USB interface from your own application programs.

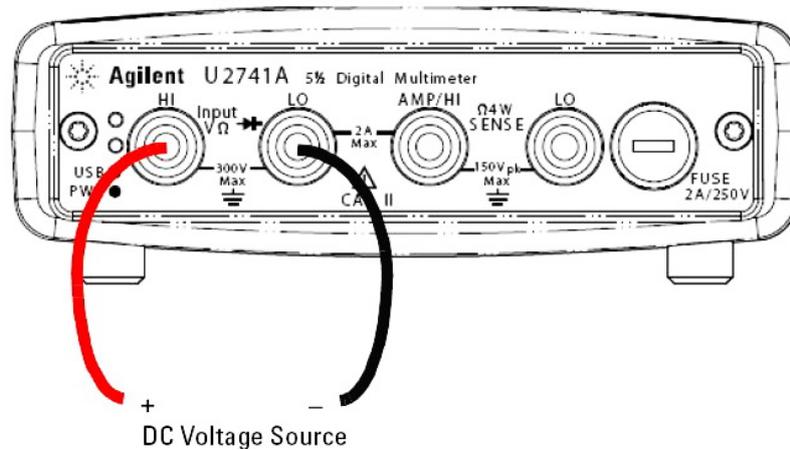


Figure C-2 – Measuring DC Voltage

3. If you are using the **AMM**, select the **DCV** function located at the top-left corner. Set the desired range under **Range** section. A suitable range should be selected to give the best measurement resolution. The reading is displayed and updated continuously.
4. If you are using **SCPI commands**, enter `MEASure[:VOLTage]:DC?` in order to make a DC voltage measurement.

Measuring DC Current

1. The DC current measurement function of the U2741A has the following features:
 - three ranges to select: **10 mA**, **100 mA**, **1 A**, and **2 A**; or **auto** range
 - input impedance is **10 MΩ** for all ranges (typical)
 - input protection fuse is **2 A**, voltage rating **250 V** on all ranges
2. Make the connection as shown in **Figure** in order to measure DC current. You can control the U2741A via the **Agilent Measurement Manager (AMM)** software for U2741A or via **SCPI commands** sent through the USB interface from your own application programs.

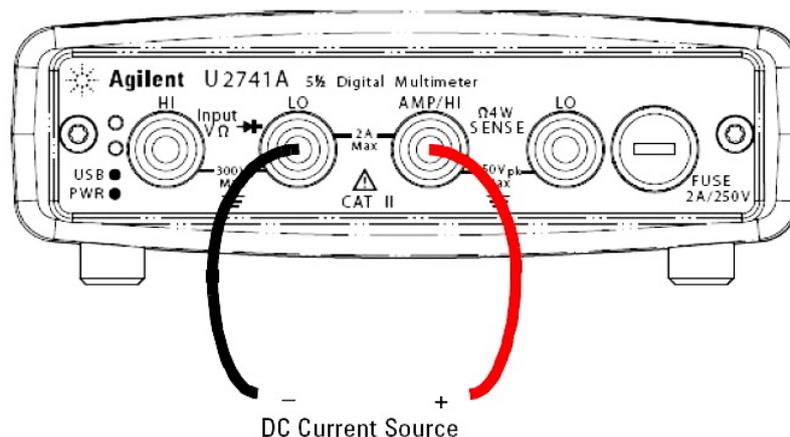


Figure C-3 – Measuring DC Current

3. If you are using the **AMM**, select the **DCI** function located at the top-left corner. Set the desired range under the **Range** section. A suitable range should be selected to give the best measurement resolution. The reading is displayed and updated continuously.
4. If you are using **SCPI commands**, enter `MEASure:CURRENT[:DC]?` in order to make a DC current measurement.

Tips on How to Use the Agilent U2761A USB Modular Function Generator

Front Panel of the Agilent U2761A USB Modular Function Generator

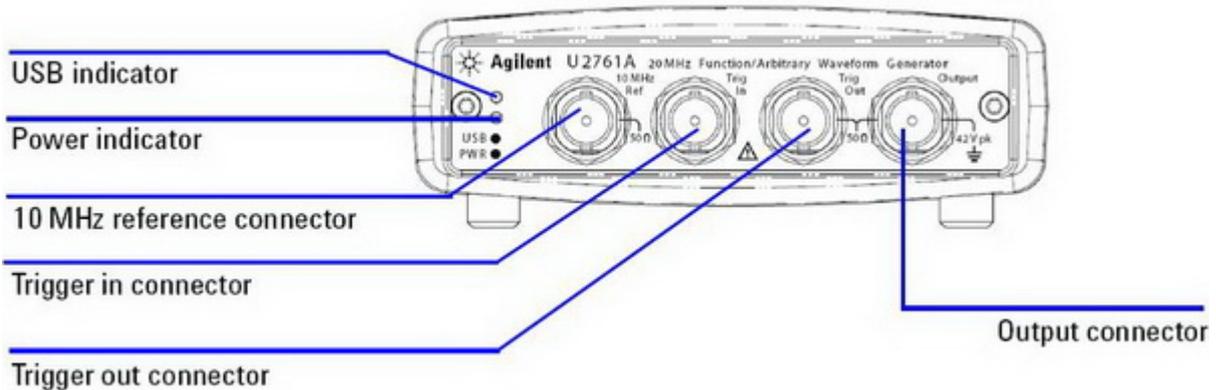


Figure A-1 – Front Panel of the U2761A

Setup Connection

9. Connect the function generator to the PC using a USB cable.
10. Power on the function generator.
11. Launch the **Agilent IO Control** and the **Agilent Measurement Manager (AMM)**.
12. The **Select USB Device** dialog box will appear displaying the connected **U2761A** devices. To start the application, select a **U2761A** device and click **OK** to establish the connection.
13. Click **Output** to enable or disable the output of the function generator after the desired parameters are set.
14. The U2761A is able to output **five** standard waveforms that are **Sine, Square, Ramp, Triangle, Pulse, and DC**.
15. You can select one of the three built-in Arbitrary waveforms or create your own custom waveforms.
16. You can also internally modulate Sine, Square, Ramp, Triangle, and Arbitrary waveforms using **AM, FM, PM, FSK, PSK, or ASK**.
17. The **linear** or **logarithmic** frequency sweeping is available for Sine, Square, Ramp, Triangle, and Arbitrary waveforms.
18. Table A- shows which output functions are allowed with modulation and sweep.
19. Each \checkmark indicates a valid combination. If you change to a function that is not applicable for modulation, or sweep; then the modulation or mode will be disabled.

Table A-1 – Output Functions

	Sine	Square	Ramp	Triangle	Pulse	DC	Arbitrary
AM, FM, PM, FSK, PSK, ASK Carrier	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark
AM, FM, PM Internal Modulation	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark
FSK, PSK, ASK Internal Modulation		\checkmark					
Sweep Mode	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark

Agilent Measurement Manager Soft Front Panel (Function Generator)

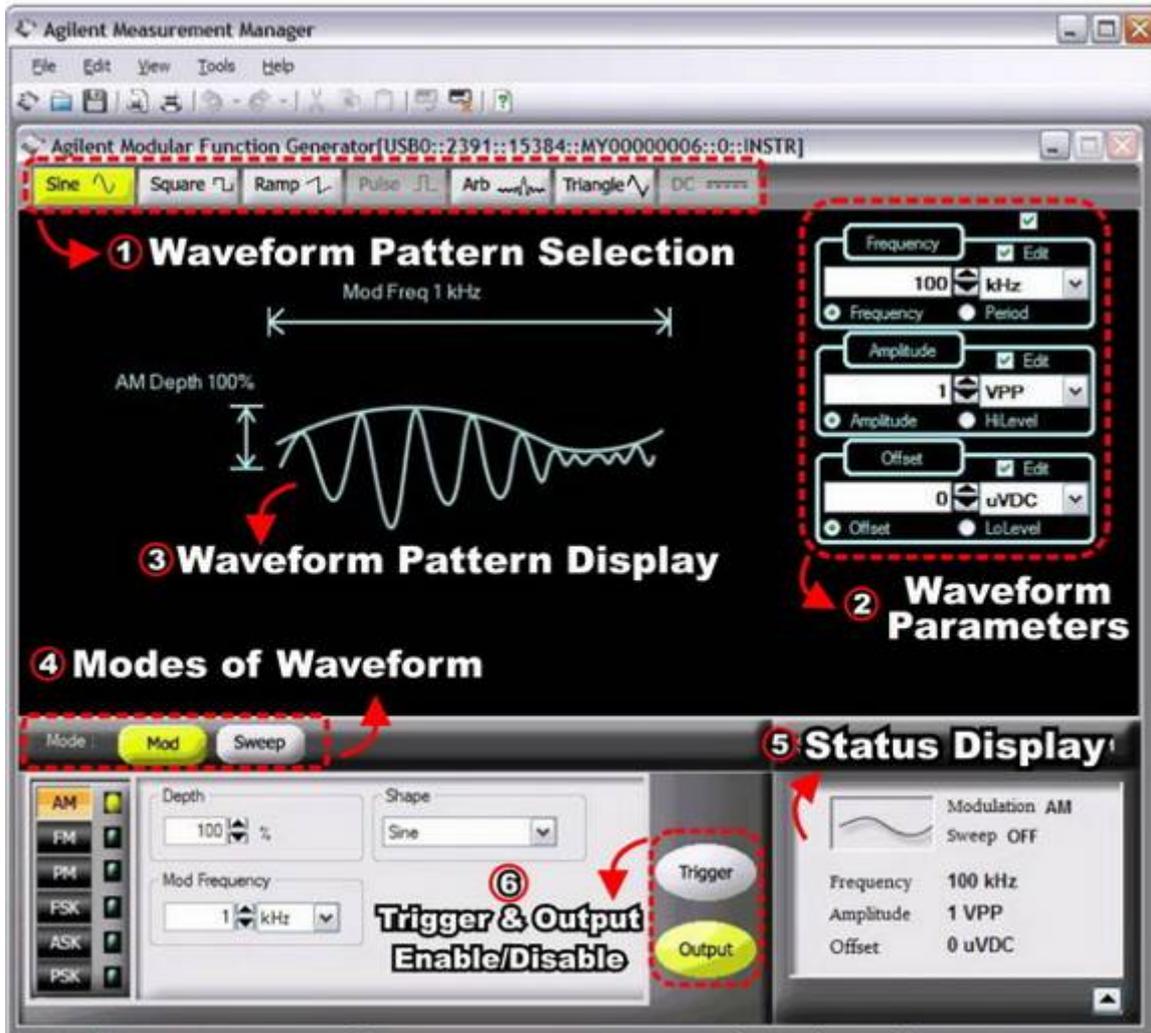


Figure A-2 – Graphic User Interface of the Agilent Measurement Manager (Function Generator)

Figure A-2 shows the graphic user interface of the Agilent Modular Function Generator under the Agilent Measurement Manager (AMM). Table A- shows the features of each panel of the interface.

Table A-2 – Features of the AMM Function Generator Interface

No.	Panel	Features
1	Waveform Pattern Selection	Select various types of output function by clicking the buttons.
2	Waveform Parameters	Configure the function parameters (Frequency, Amplitude, and Offset)
3	Waveform Pattern Display	Display a graph representation of the output function
4	Modes of Waveform	Configure to modulation mode or sweep mode
5	Status Display	Display the parameters and status of the configured output waveform
6	Trigger & Output Enable/Disable	Enable/disable the Trigger and Output buttons (they are highlighted when enabled and grey when disabled)

Function Limitation

If you change to a function where the maximum frequency is less than the current function, the frequency will be adjusted to the maximum value for the new function. For example, if you are currently outputting a **20 MHz sine wave** and then change to the **Ramp** function, the U2761A will automatically adjust the output frequency to **200 kHz** (the upper limit for Ramp). As shown in Table A-3, the output frequency range depends on the function currently selected. The default frequency is **1 kHz** for all functions.

Table A-3 – Output Frequency Range

Function	Minimum Frequency	Maximum Frequency
Sine	1 μ Hz	20 MHz
Square	1 μ Hz	20 MHz
Ramp, Triangle	1 μ Hz	200 MHz
Pulse	500 μ Hz	5 MHz
DC	Not applicable	Not applicable
Arbitrary	1 μ Hz	200 kHz 2 MHz (U2761A Option 801)

Amplitude Limitation

The default amplitude is **1 V_{pp}** (into 50 Ω) for all functions. If you change to a function where the maximum amplitude is less than the current function, the amplitude will automatically adjust to the maximum value for the new function. This may occur when the output units are **V_{rms}** or **dBm** due to the differences in crest factor for the various output functions. For example, if you output a **2.5 V_{rms} Square wave** (into 50 Ω) and then change to the **Sine wave** function, the U2761A will automatically be adjusted the output amplitude to **1.768 V_{rms}** (the upper limit for Sine wave in V_{rms}).

Duty Cycle Limitations

For Square waveforms, the U2761A may not be able to use the full range of duty cycle values at higher frequencies as shown below:

- 20% to 80% (frequency 10 MHz)
- 40% to 60% (frequency 10 MHz)

If you change to a frequency that cannot produce the current duty cycle, the duty cycle is automatically adjusted to the maximum value for the new frequency. For example, if you currently have the duty cycle set to **70%** and then change the frequency to **12 MHz**, the U2761A will automatically adjust the duty cycle to **60%** (the upper limit for this frequency).

Output Termination

This configuration applies to output amplitude and offset voltage only. The U2761A has a fixed series output impedance of 50 Ω to the device output connector. If the actual load impedance is different from the specified value, the amplitude and offset levels will be incorrect.

- The range of the output termination is **1 Ω to 10 k Ω** , or **Infinite**. The default value is **50 Ω** .
- The output termination setting is stored in volatile memory and upon power-off or after a remote interface reset, the setting will return to a default value.
- If you specify a **50 Ω** termination but are actually terminating into an open circuit, the actual output will be **twice** the value specified. For example, if you set the offset to **100 mVDC** (and specify a **50 Ω** load) but are terminating the output into an open circuit, the actual offset will be **200 mVDC**.
- If you change the output termination setting, the output amplitude and offset levels are automatically adjusted (no error will be generated). For example, if you set the amplitude to 5 V_{pp} and then change the output termination from **50 Ω** to **high impedance**, the amplitude

value will double to **10 V_{pp}**. If you change from **high impedance** to **50 Ω**, the displayed amplitude value will drop to half.

- You cannot specify the output amplitude in dBm if the output termination is currently set to *high impedance*. The units are automatically converted to V_{pp}.

You may configure the output termination by clicking **Tools** in the menu bar. Select **Waveform Gen** followed by the **Output Setup** tab; input the desired load impedance value on the **Impedance Load** panel, and select the unit from the drop down list; or select **High Z** for high impedance load.

Tips on How to Use the Agilent U2701A USB Modular Oscilloscope

Front Panel of the Agilent U2701A USB Modular Oscilloscope



Figure C-1 – Front Panel of the U2701A

Setup Connection

1. Connect the oscilloscope to the PC using a USB cable.
2. Power on the oscilloscope.
3. Launch the **Agilent IO Control** and the **Agilent Measurement Manager (AMM)**.
4. The **Select USB Device** dialog box will appear displaying the connected **U2701A** devices. To start the application, select a **U2701A** device and click **OK** to establish the connection.
5. Figure C-2 shows the general graphical user interface of the Agilent Modular Oscilloscope on the Agilent Measurement Manager.

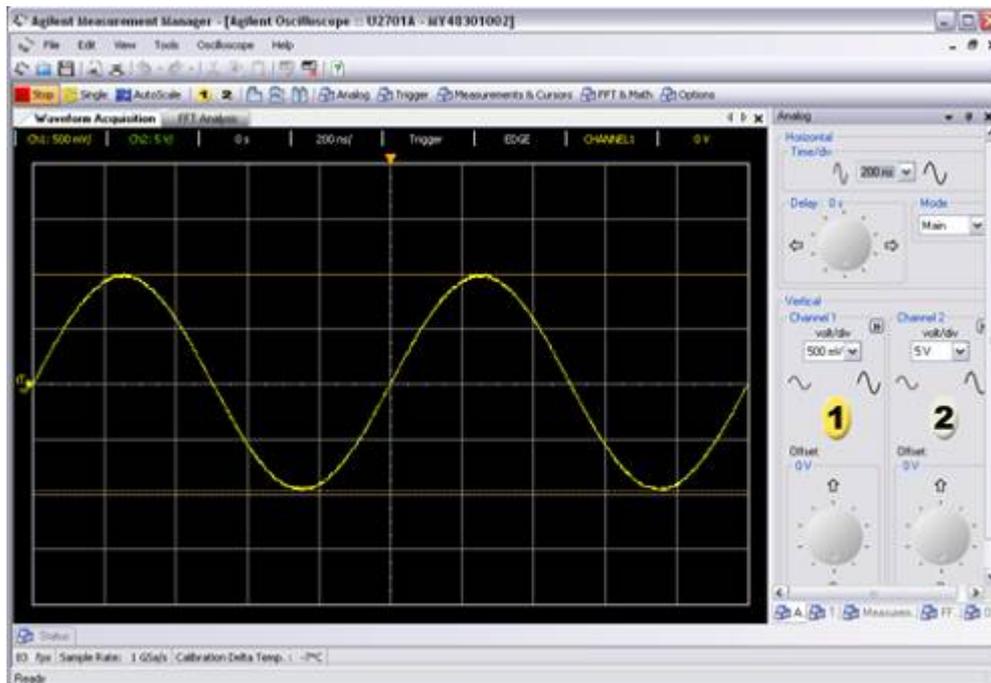


Figure C-2 – Graphical User Interface of the Agilent Measurement Manager (Oscilloscope)

Agilent Measurement Manager Soft Front Panel (Oscilloscope)

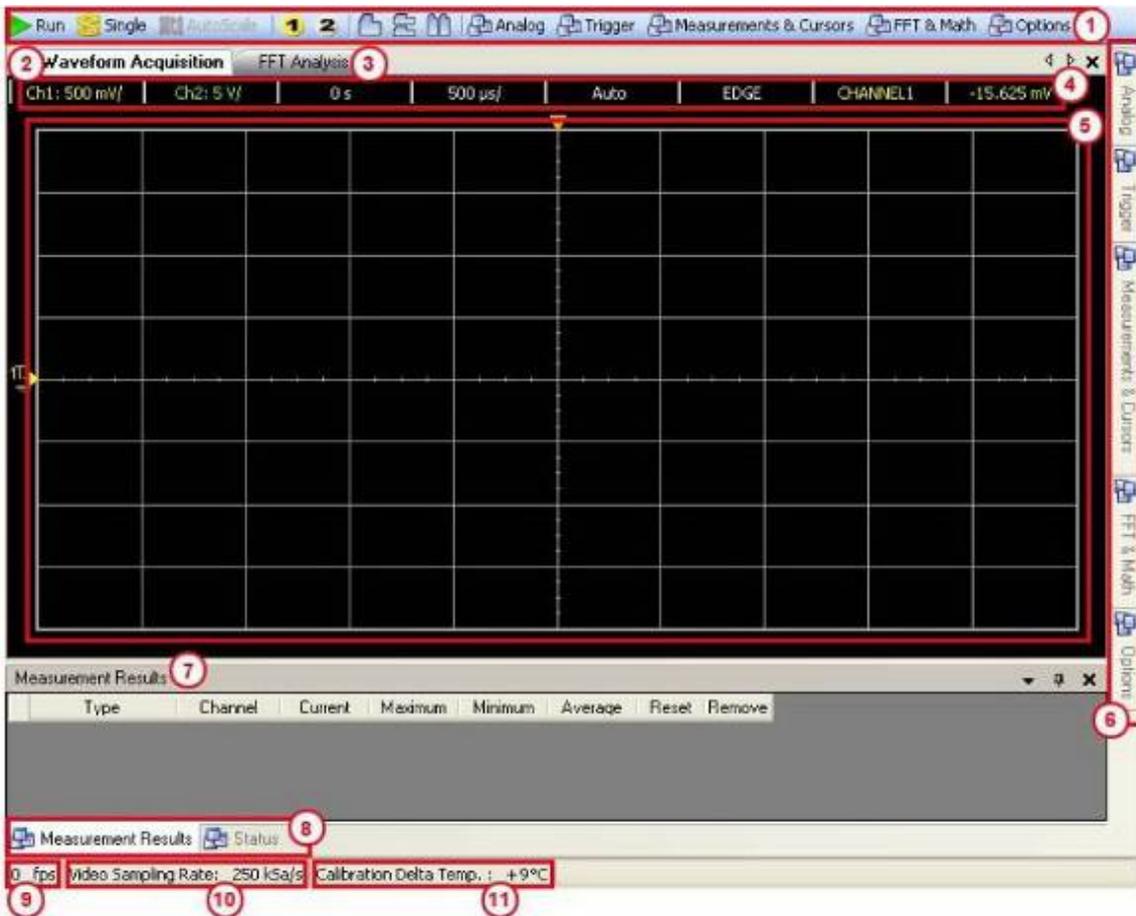


Figure C-33 – Soft Front Panel of the Oscilloscope

Figure C-33C-3 shows the graphic user interface of Agilent Modular Oscilloscope under Agilent Measurement Manager together with the label of each panel. Table C-1C-1 shows the features of each panel of the interface.

Table C-1 – Features of the AMM Oscilloscope Interface

No.	Panel	Description
1	Oscilloscope toolbar	Consists of oscilloscope tools
2	Waveform Acquisition tab	Displays the time-domain waveform for the oscilloscope
3	FFT Analysis tab	Displays the FFT spectrum of the signal
4	Configuration summary	Displays the configured functions and settings
5	Waveform graph display	Displays the output of the data acquired
6	Scope control tabs	Consists of all the sub functions of the oscilloscope
7	Measurement Results panel	Displays the measurement results of the scope operations
8	Status tab	Displays the status panel, which shows the history of operations
9	Refresh rate	Displays the graph update rate in frame/sec.
10	Video Sampling Rate	Displays the video sampling rate (in number of samples per second taken from a continuous signal)
11	Calibration Delta Temp. indicator	Displays the calibration delta temperature of the connected device

Analog Controls

The analog control panel of the interface consists of a vertical control and a horizontal control that are used to control and set the waveform of the graph display. The vertical control is used to change the vertical scale and position of the waveform. The soft front panel of the vertical system control is shown in Figure .

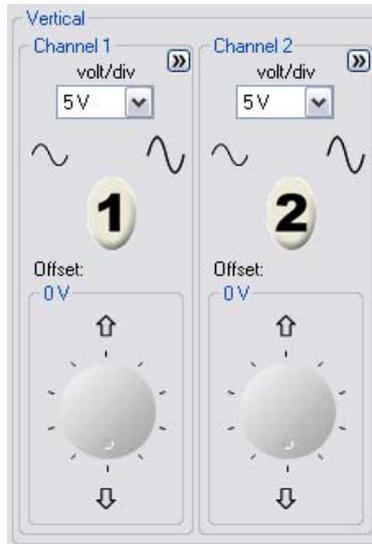


Figure C-4 – Soft Front Panel of the Vertical System Control

1. To display waveform from channel 1 / channel 2, click **1 / 2** or press the shortcut key **F5 / F6**.
2. To toggle the channel on or off, click the channel buttons on the vertical control panel or click the toolbar to toggle the channel on or off, as shown below.

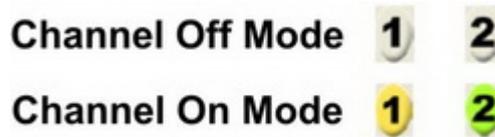


Figure C-54 – Channel On/Off Mode

3. The channel options provide four types of adjustment to the channel waveform; these options are **AC Coupling**, **Invert**, **BW Limit**, and **Attenuation (1X, 10X, 100X)**. You may click the  button as shown in Figure to set the channel options.

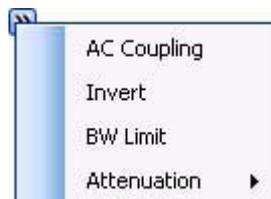


Figure C-6 – Channel Options

4. The **Volt/Div** control sets the sensitivity of the channel. You can select the channel sensitivity from the drop-down list.
5. You can also use the  button or  button to increase or decrease the sensitivity of both channel 1 and channel 2.

- You can also configure the offset of the oscilloscope by using the offset control as shown in Figure . The offset is used to configure the position of the ground relative to the center of the display.

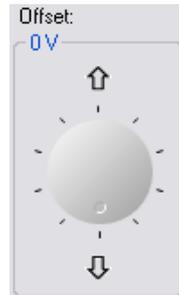


Figure C-7 – Soft Front Panel of the Offset Control

- The oscilloscope shows the time per division in the scale readout. As all waveforms use the same time base, the oscilloscope only displays one value for all channels.
- The horizontal controls allow you to adjust the horizontal scale and position of waveforms. The horizontal center of the screen is the time reference for waveforms. Changing the horizontal scale causes the waveform to expand or contract in the center of the screen. It provides functions of **Time Base**, **Delay**, and **Mode** for the horizontal scale adjustment. This is shown in Figure C-85.

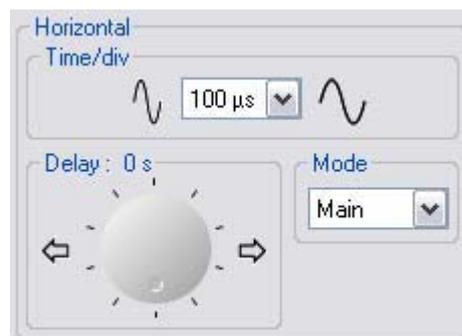


Figure C-85 – Soft Front Panel of the Horizontal System Controls

- Time base allows you to control how often the values are digitized. The soft front panel of the time-base control is shown in Figure C-96.



Figure C-96 – Soft Front Panel of the Time-Base Control

- You may click  or  to increase or decrease the horizontal sweep speed.
- Select the time base from the drop-down list to adjust the horizontal sweep speed.
- Delay setting allows you to set the specific location of the trigger event with respect to the time reference position. When the delay time knob is turned, the trigger point will move to the left or right of the waveform graph display. You may adjust the delay time to change the trigger point. This is shown in Figure .

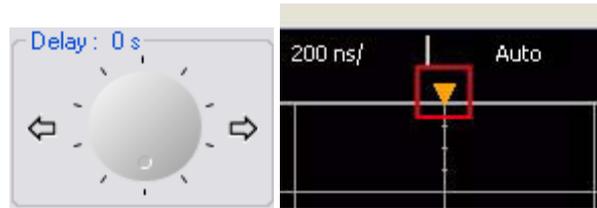


Figure C-10 – Soft Front Panel of the Delay Control and Trigger Point

13. You may click  or  to increase or decrease the delay time.
14. The oscilloscope offers three types of horizontal mode functions, which are **Main Mode**, **Roll Mode**, and **XY Mode**. You may select the horizontal mode by clicking the drop-down list under **Mode**.

Measurement and Cursor Controls

1. The **Measurements & Cursors** button is located on the toolbar of the soft front panel.
2. Click  **Measurements & Cursors** to activate the automated measurement and cursor system. This will display the window as shown below:

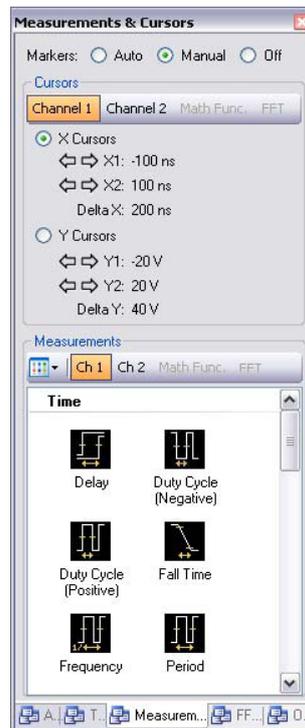


Figure C-11 – Soft Front Panel of the Measurement and Cursor Controls

3. The oscilloscope provides three types of settings for marker property, which are **Auto**, **Manual**, and **Off**.
4. **Auto** marker automatically places the cursors on the graph based on the selected measurements.
5. **Manual** marker allows the cursors to be placed manually on the graph for customized measurements. This will enable the **Cursors** panel.
6. **Off** will disable the graph markers from the graph display.
7. If the **Manual** marker is selected, the **Cursors** control will be enabled. This is shown in Figure

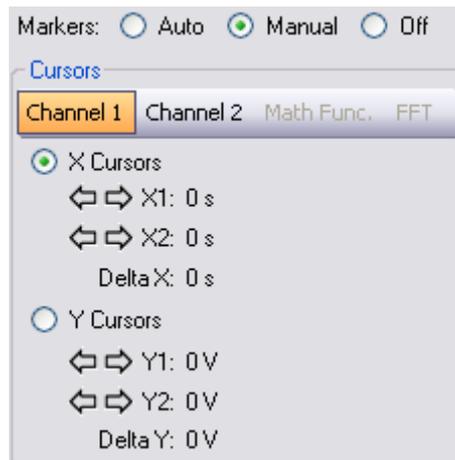


Figure C-12 – Cursor Controls

8. **X Cursors** places two cursors on the **X-Axis** of the waveforms to measure the **time difference** between the two cursors (X2 minus X1). **Delta X** denotes the **time difference**.
9. **Y Cursors** places two cursors on the **Y-Axis** of the waveforms to measure the **voltage difference** between the two cursors (Y2 minus Y1). **Delta Y** denotes the **voltage difference**.

AutoScale and Run/Stop

1. **AutoScale** automatically configures the oscilloscope to best display the input signal by analyzing any waveforms connected to the channel and external trigger inputs. If **AutoScale** fails, your current setup will remain unchanged.
2. Click  **AutoScale** on the oscilloscope toolbar or via the **Tools** menu once you have obtained a running signal.
3. The auto scaling may take awhile for the application to analyze and adjust the waveform.
4. Once the auto scaling has completed, you will see a best fit waveform displayed on your graph.
5. Use the **Run/Stop** button to manually start or stop the oscilloscope acquisition system for acquiring waveform data.
6. You may click  **Run** or  **Stop** to start or stop acquiring the waveform.

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