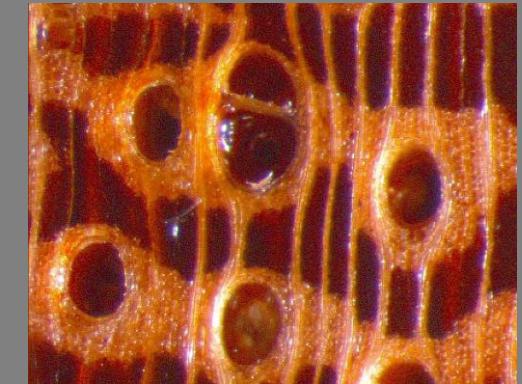
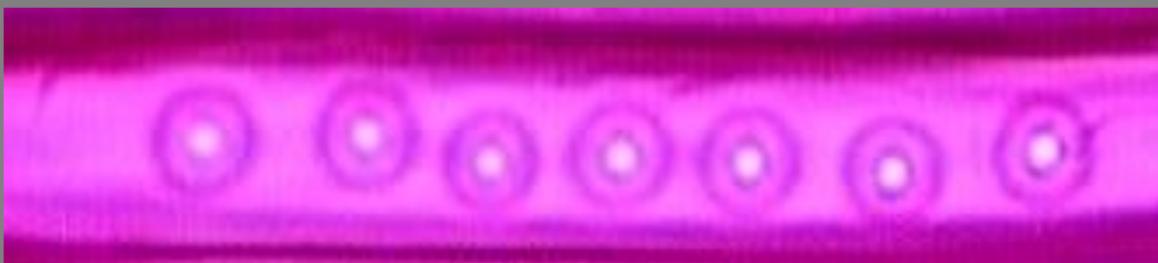
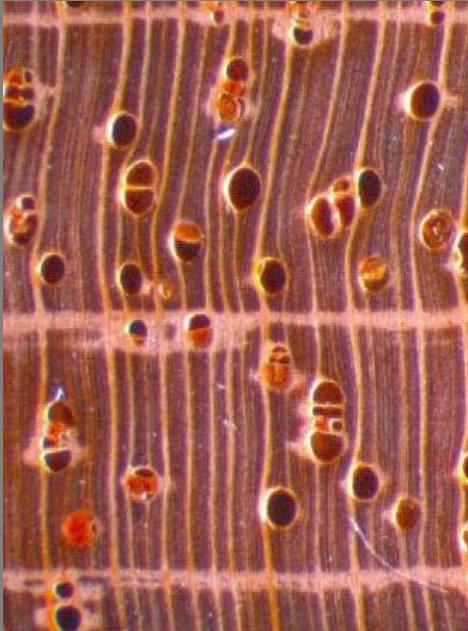


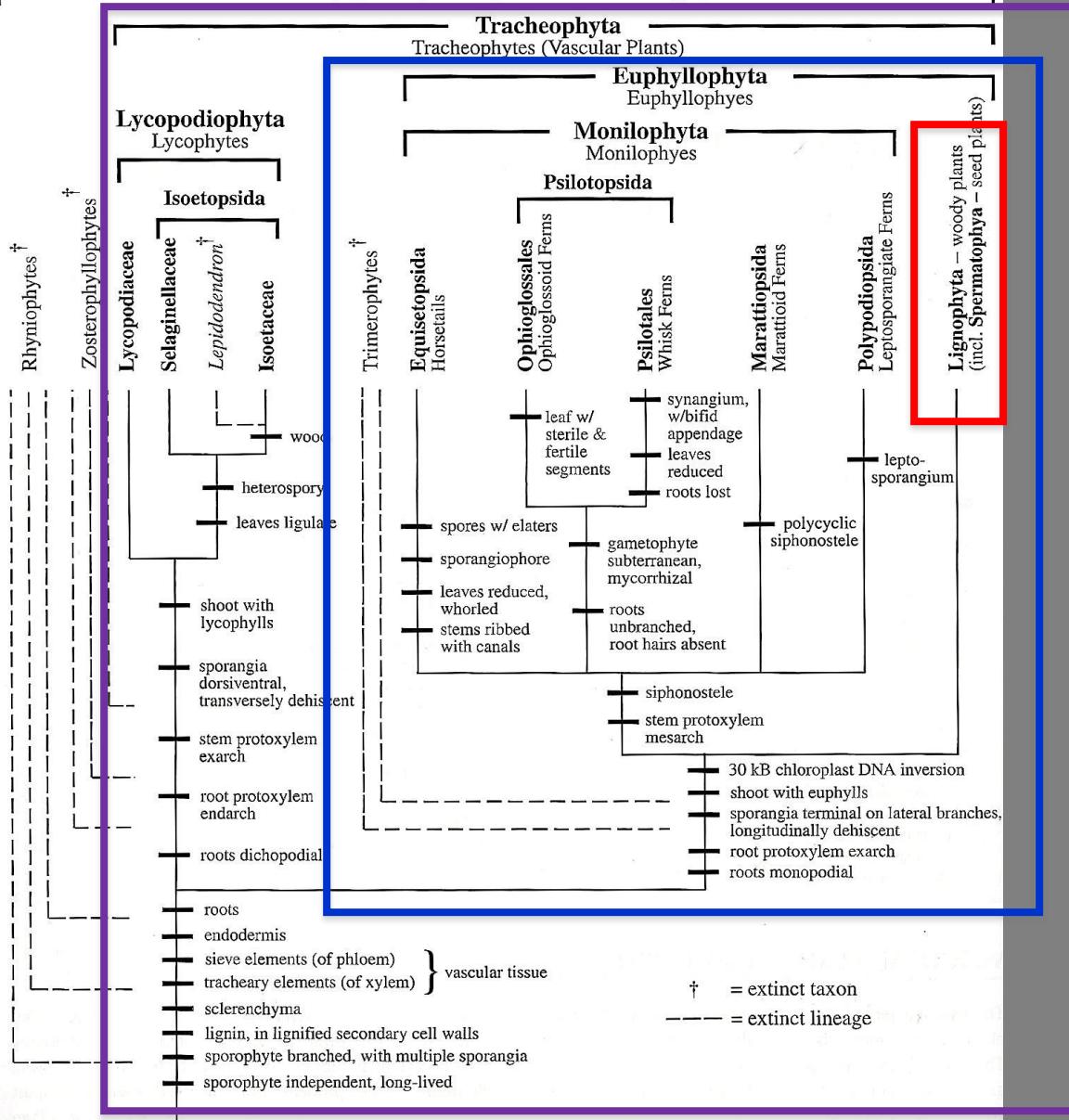
LIGNÓFITAS

Gregório CECCANTINI

BIB-124- Diversidade e Evolução dos Organismos Fotossintetizantes



Polysporangiomorpha/Pan-Tracheophyta

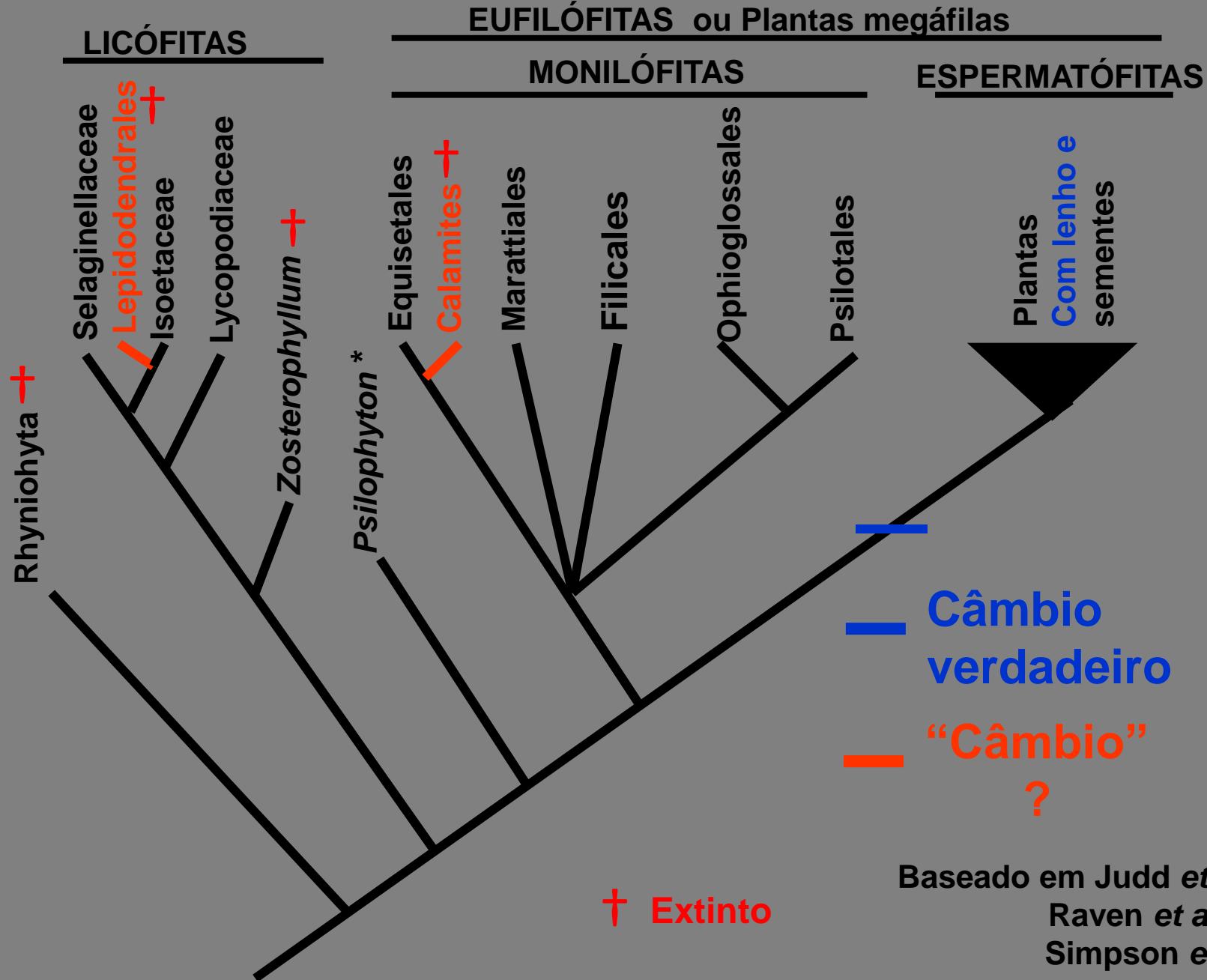


LIGNÓFITAS

Embriófitas
Traqueófitas
Eafilófitas
Lignófitas

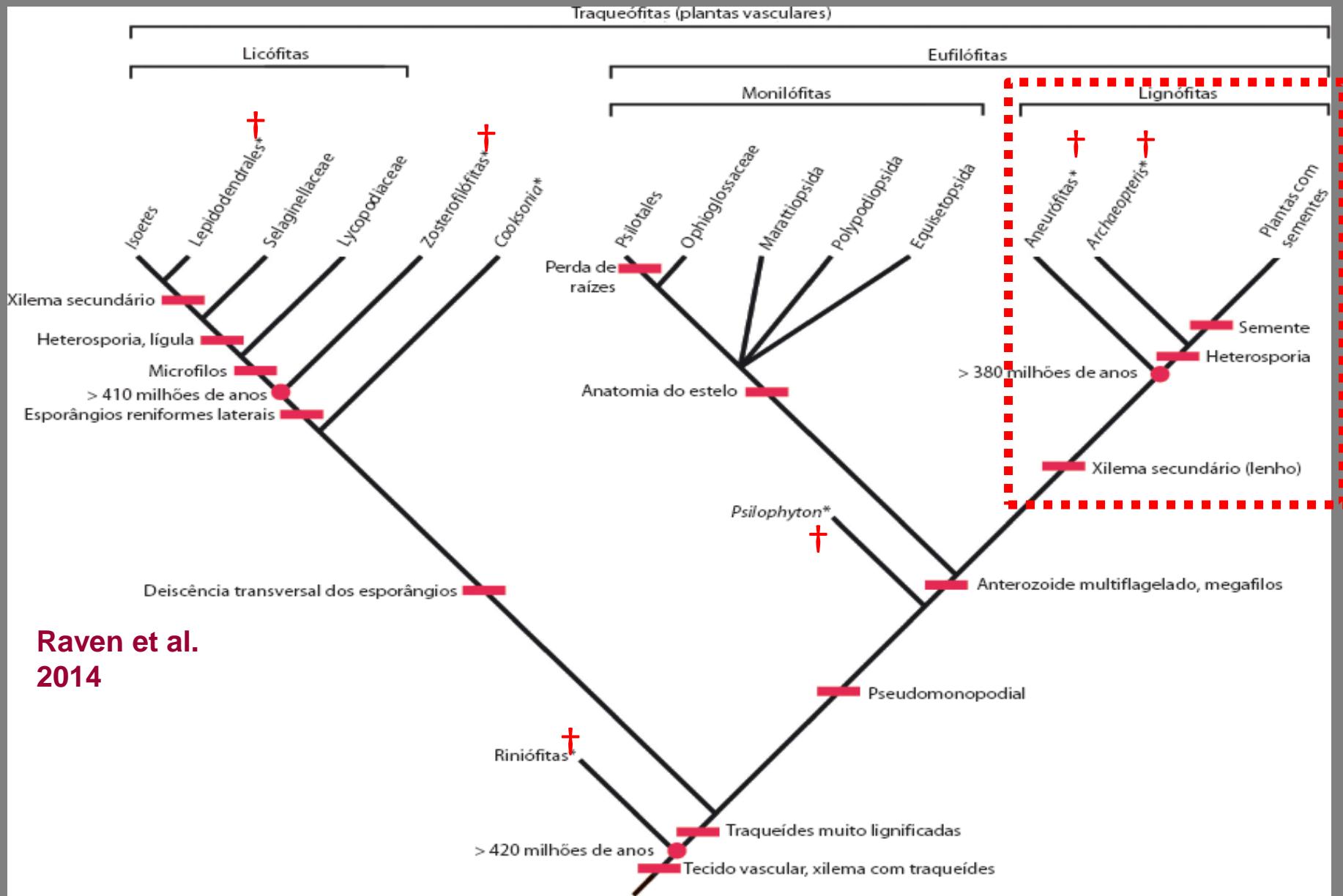
Espermatófitas
Gimnospermas
Antófitas=
Angiospermas

TRAQUEÓFITAS ou Plantas Vasculares



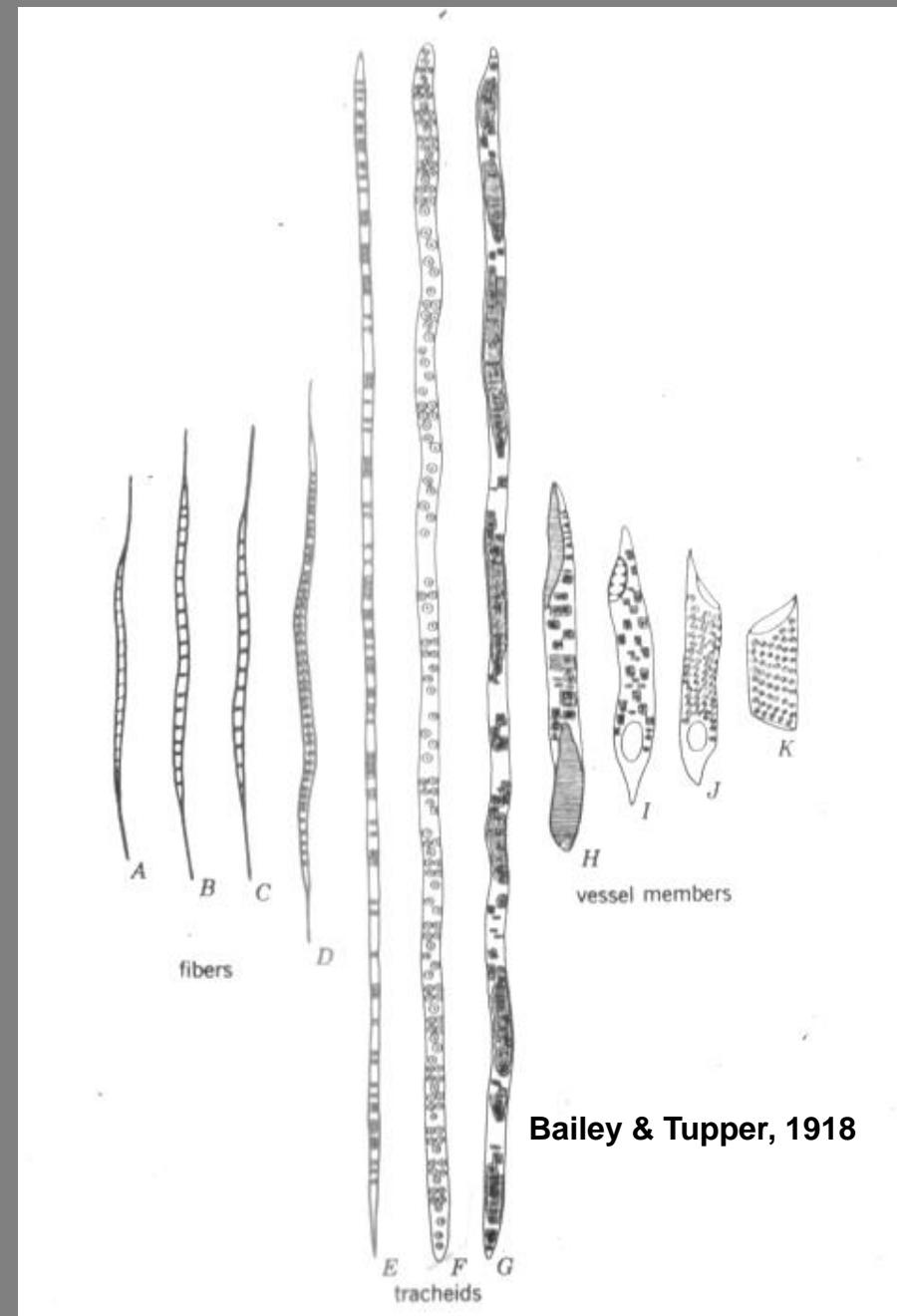
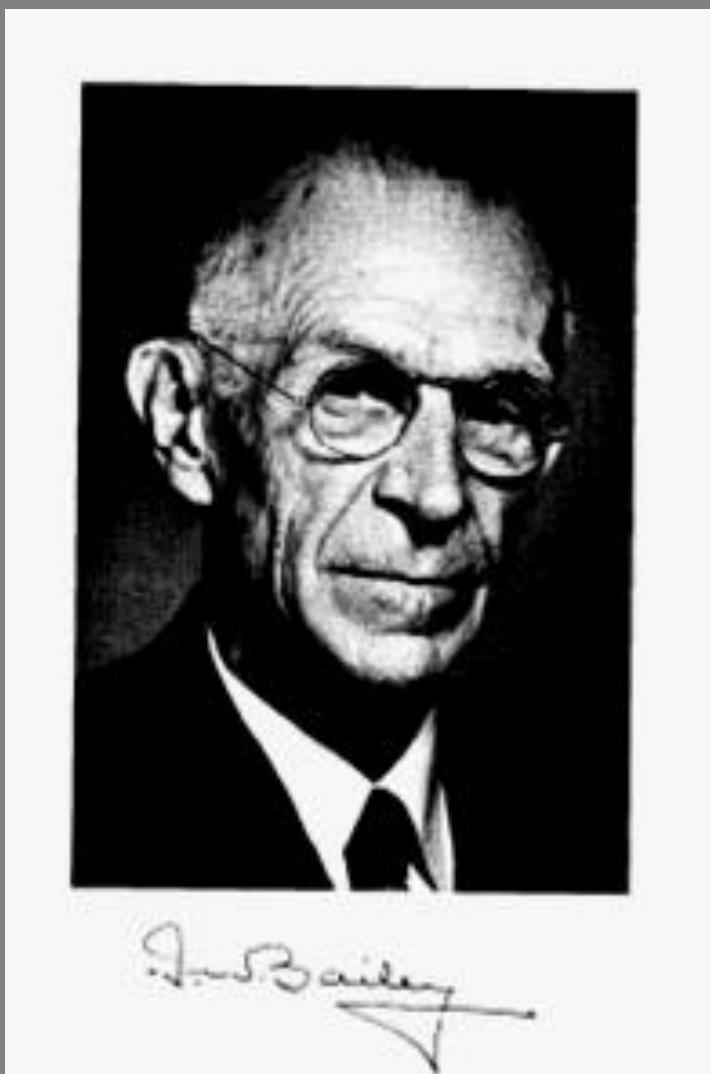
Baseado em Judd et al. 2008,
Raven et al. 2007 e
Simpson et al. 2006

LIGNÓFITAS



Raven et al.
2014

Células condutoras do xilema: traqueíde, elemento de vaso



Bailey & Tupper, 1918

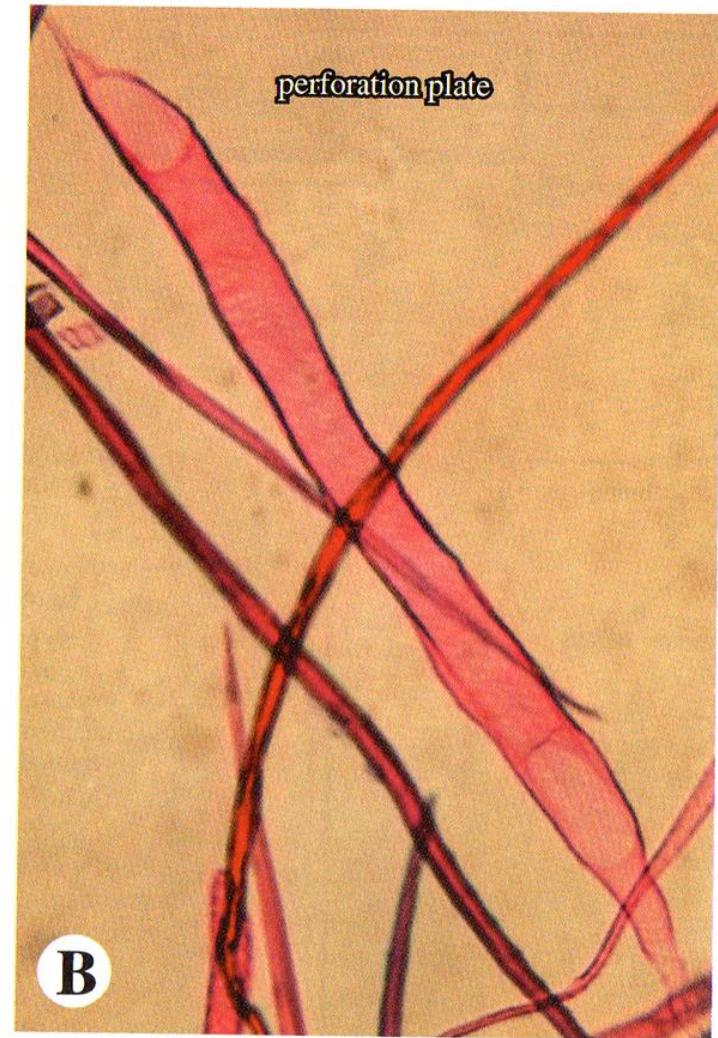
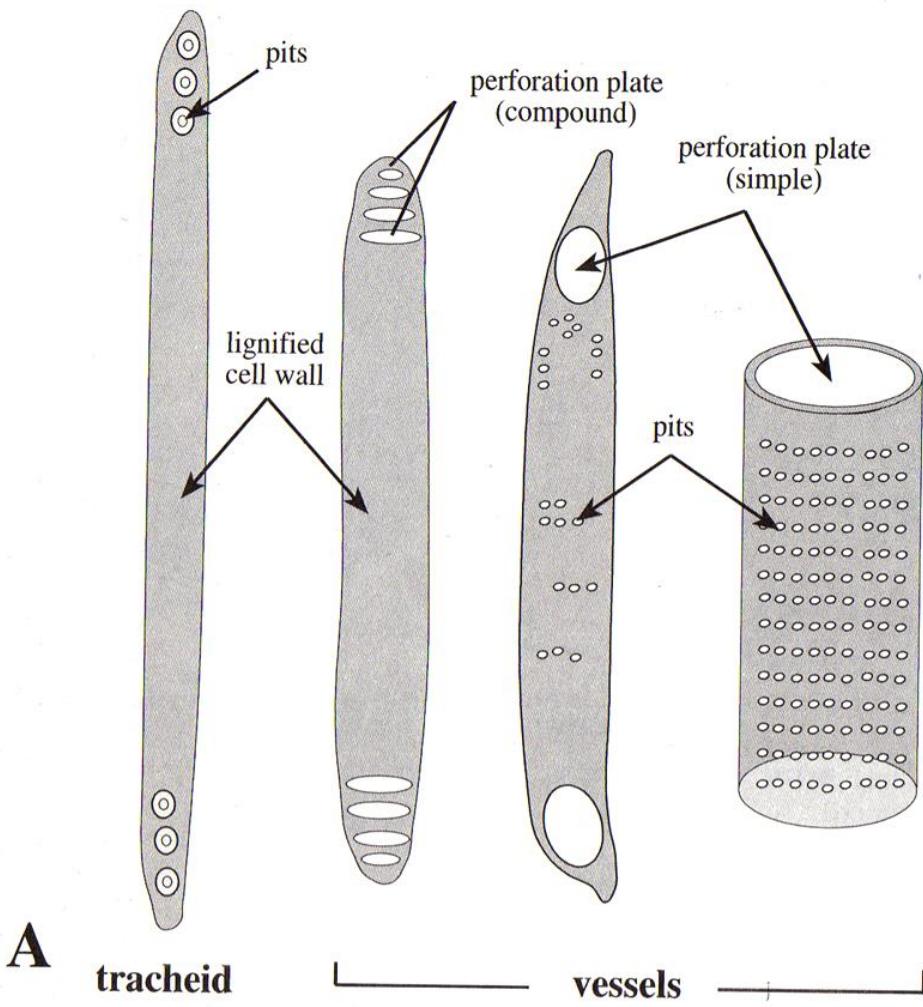


FIGURE 4.4 Conductive cells of vascular plants: tracheary elements. **A.** Types of tracheary elements. **B.** Vessel.

Traqueídes

TRAQUEÓFITAS

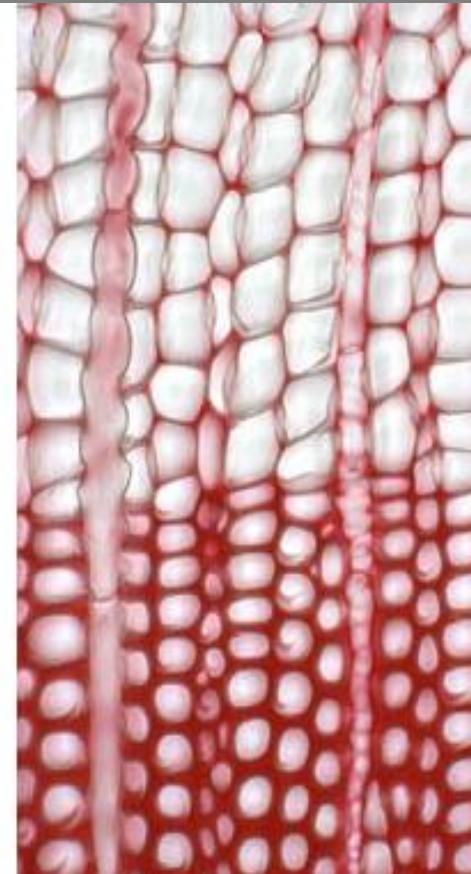
ESPERMATÓFITAS ou Plantas com sementes



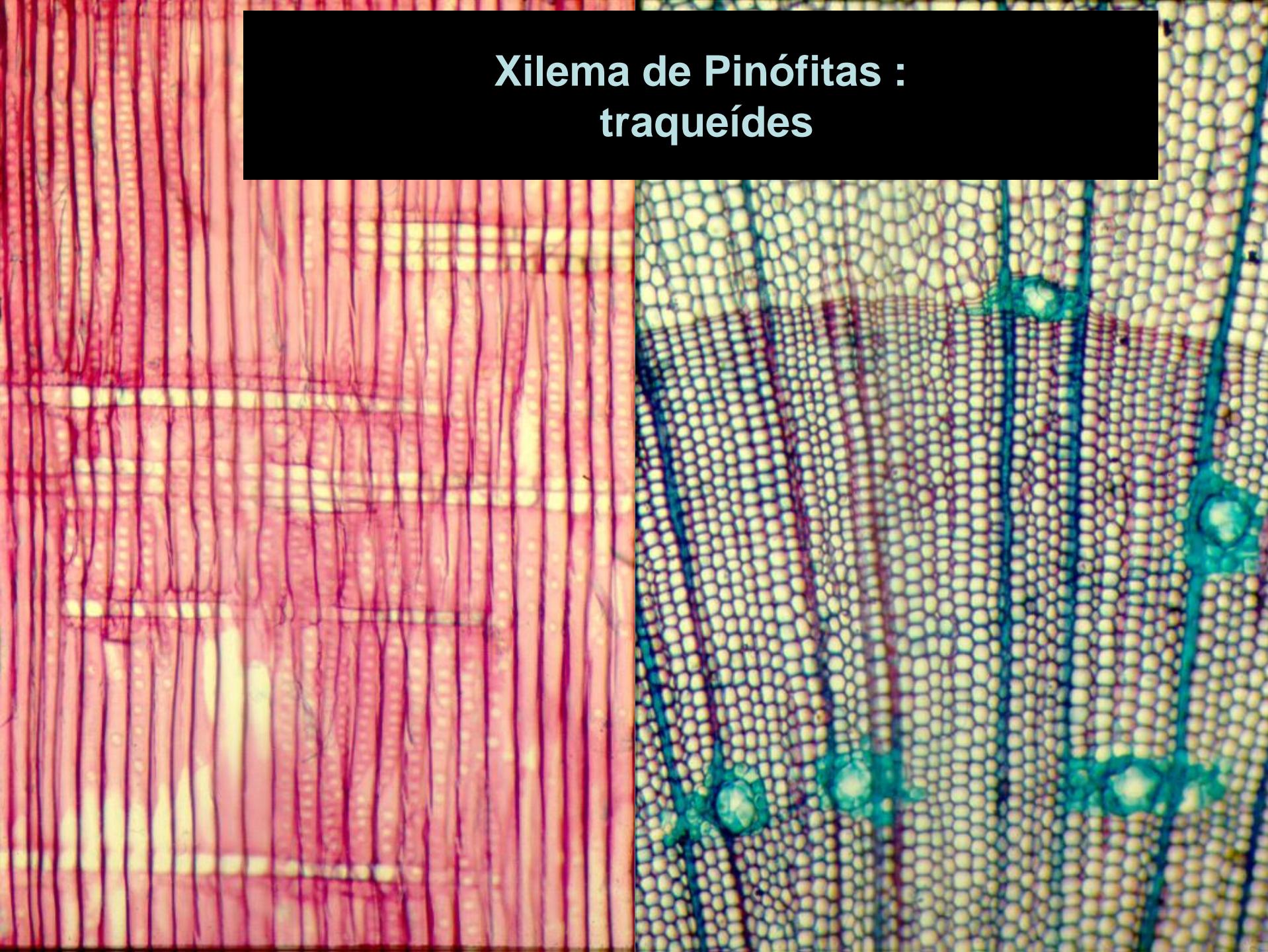
Baseado em Judd *et al.* 2008,
Raven *et al.* 2007 e
Simpson *et al.* 2006

Camadas de crescimento anuais Traqueídes

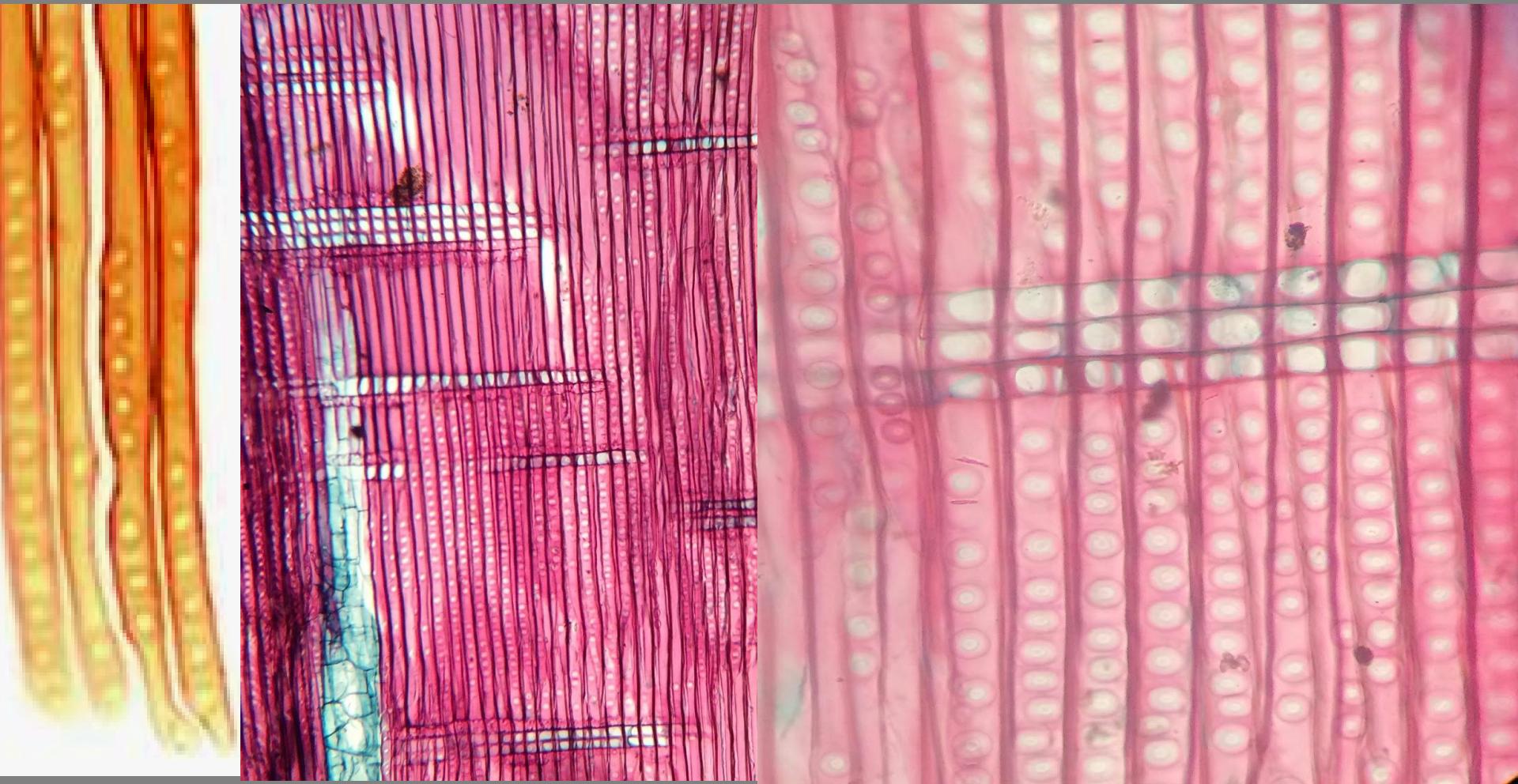
Pinófitas



Xilema de Pinófitas : traqueídes



Traqueídes



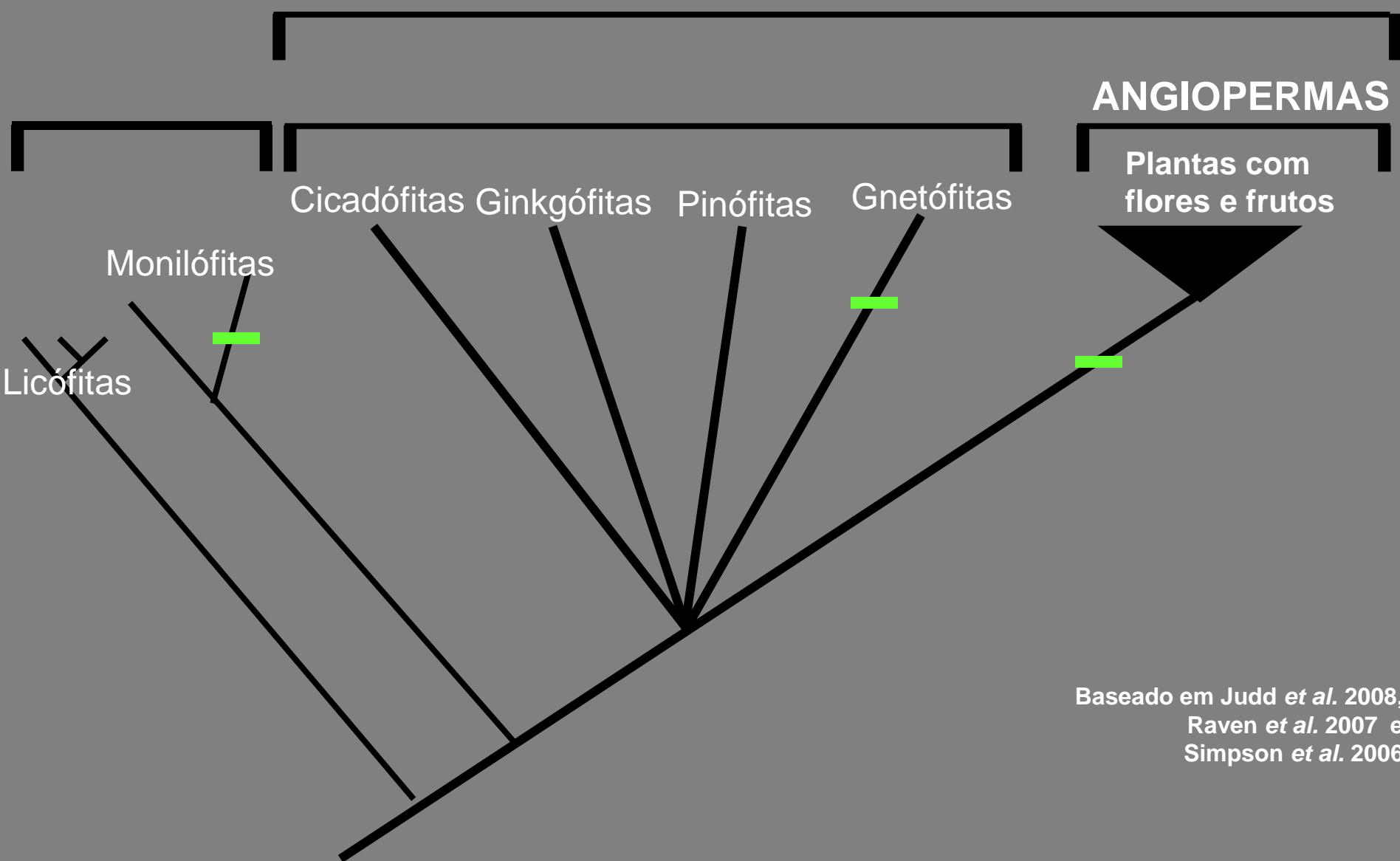


O elemento de vaso
na evolução
das Traqueófitas

Elemento de vaso

Traqueófitas

ESPERMATÓFITAS /Plantas com sementes ou LIGNÓFITAS



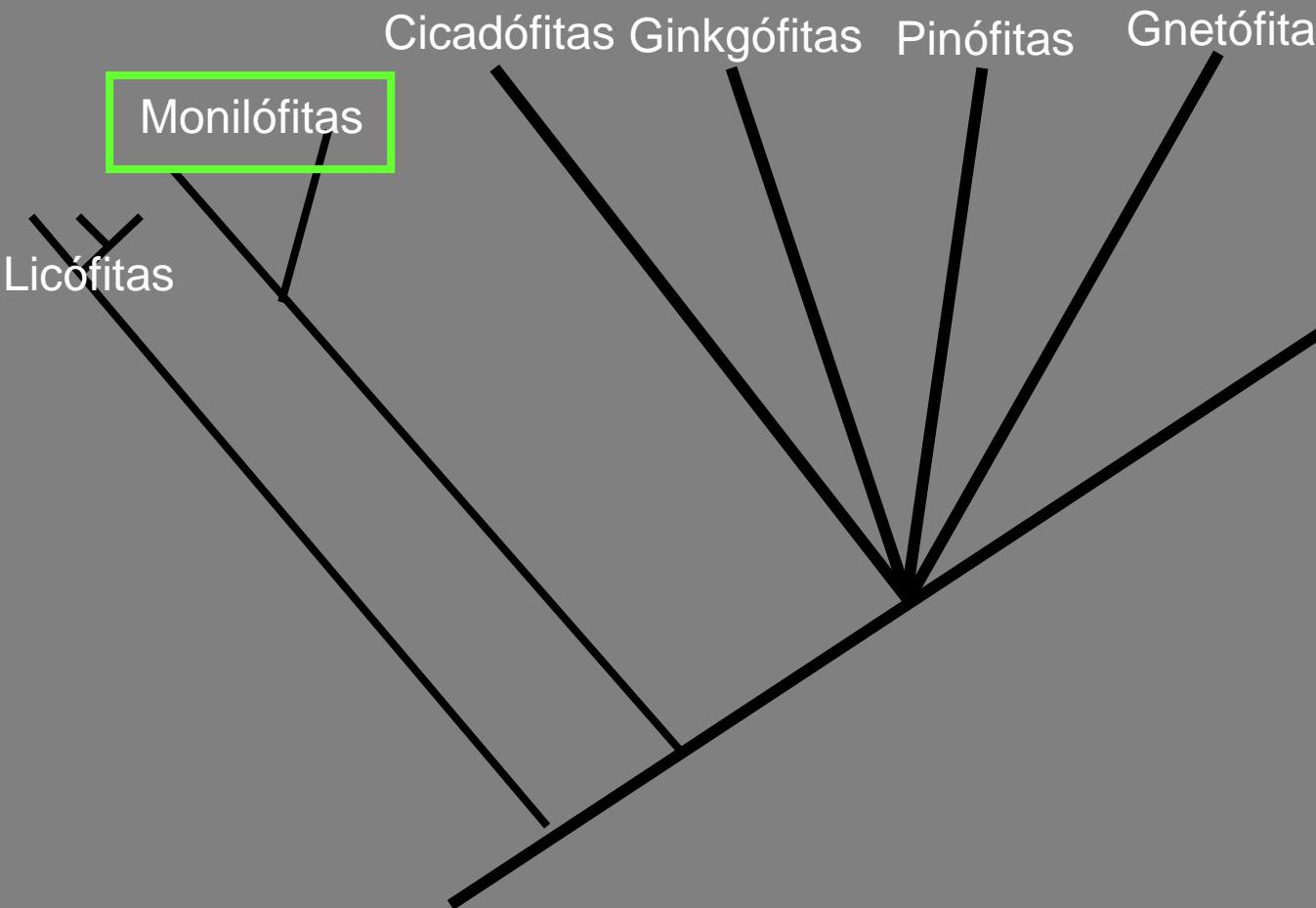
Baseado em Judd *et al.* 2008,
Raven *et al.* 2007 e
Simpson *et al.* 2006

TRAQUEÓFITAS

ESPERMATÓFITAS /Plantas com sementes ou LIGNÓFITAS

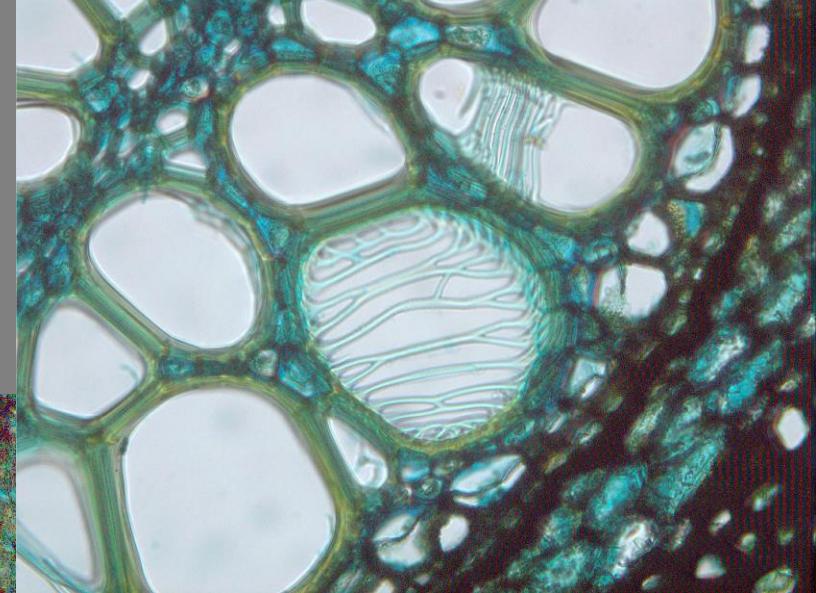
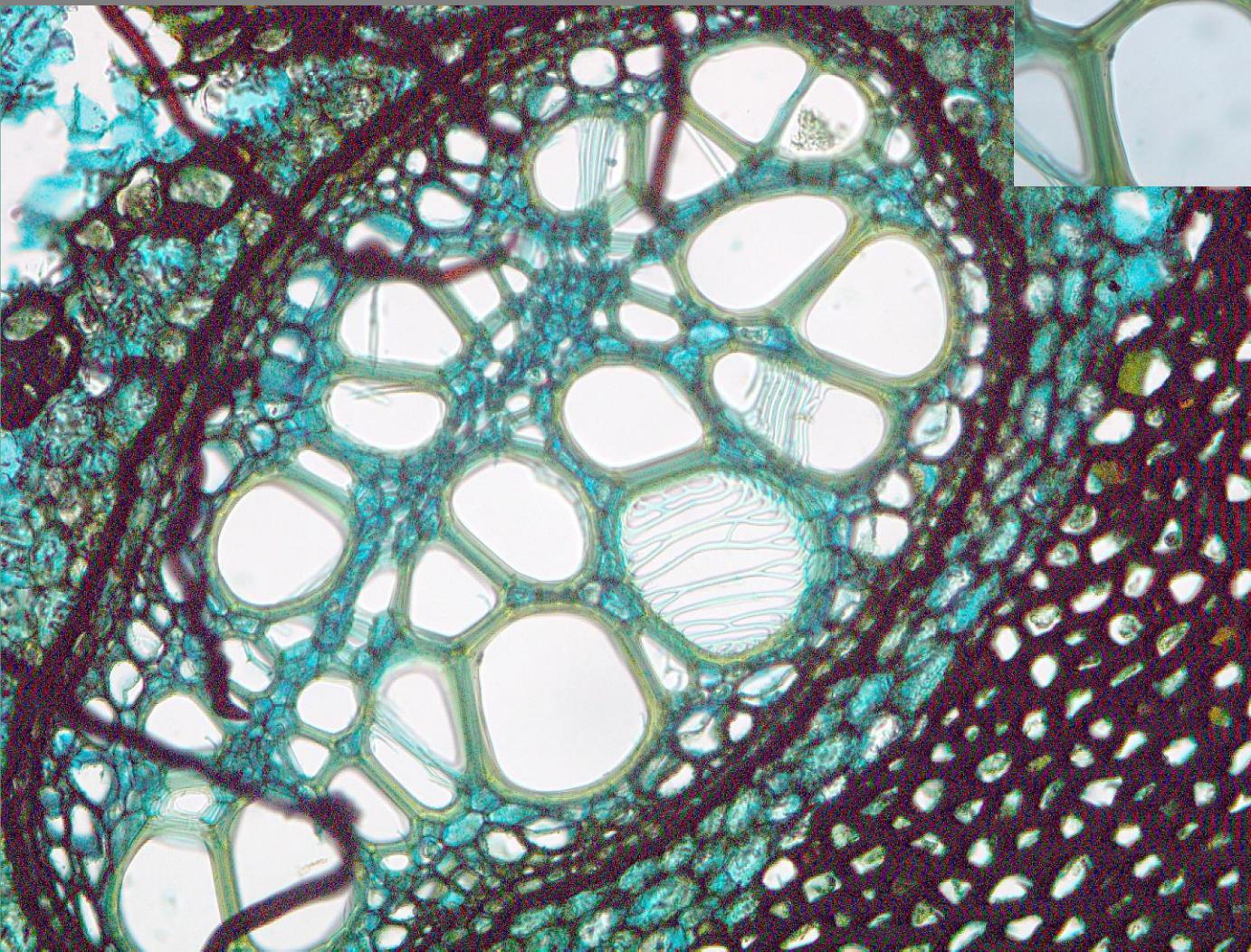
ANGIOPERMAS

Plantas com
flores e frutos



Baseado em Judd et al. 2008,
Raven et al. 2007 e
Simpson et al. 2006

Elemento de vaso: Placa de perfuração escalariforme

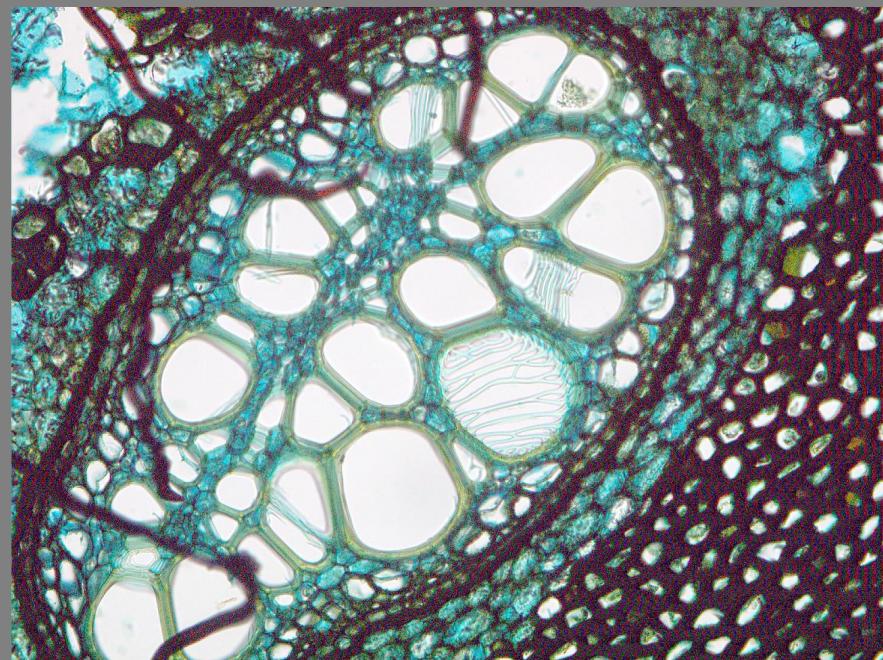
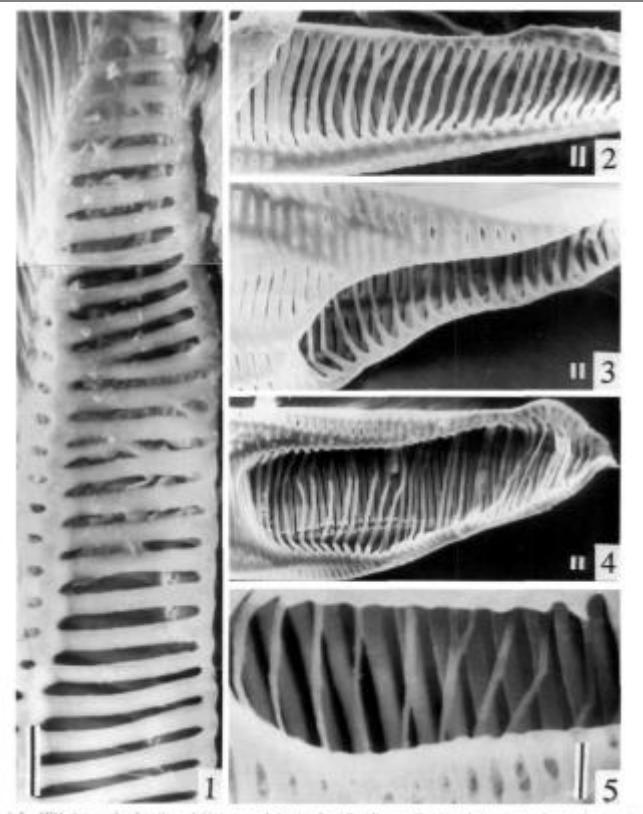


Pteridium aquilinum
Polypodiaceae
Monilófita

American Journal of Botany 84(5): 581–587. 1997.

SEM STUDIES ON VESSELS IN FERNS. 2. *PTERIDIUM*¹

SHERWIN CARLQUIST² AND EDWARD L. SCHNEIDER



Pteridium aquilinum
Polypodiaceae
Monilófita

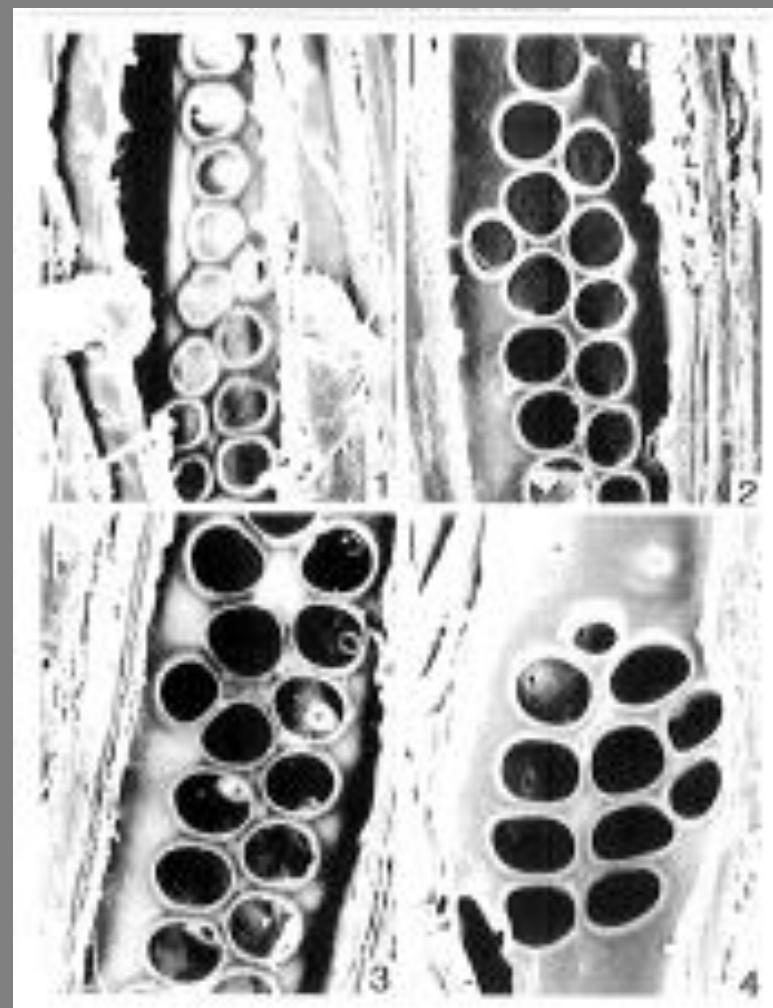
TRAQUEÓFITAS

ESPERMATÓFITAS ou Plantas com sementes



Baseado em Judd *et al.* 2008,
Raven *et al.* 2007 e
Simpson *et al.* 2006

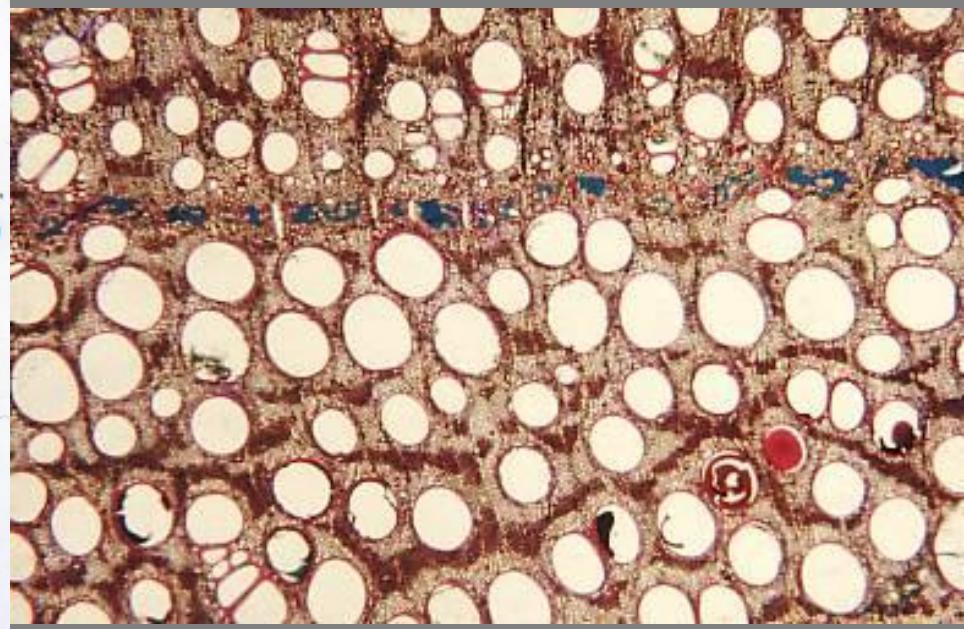
Gnetum, Gnetaceae
Arbusto



Carlquist 1966

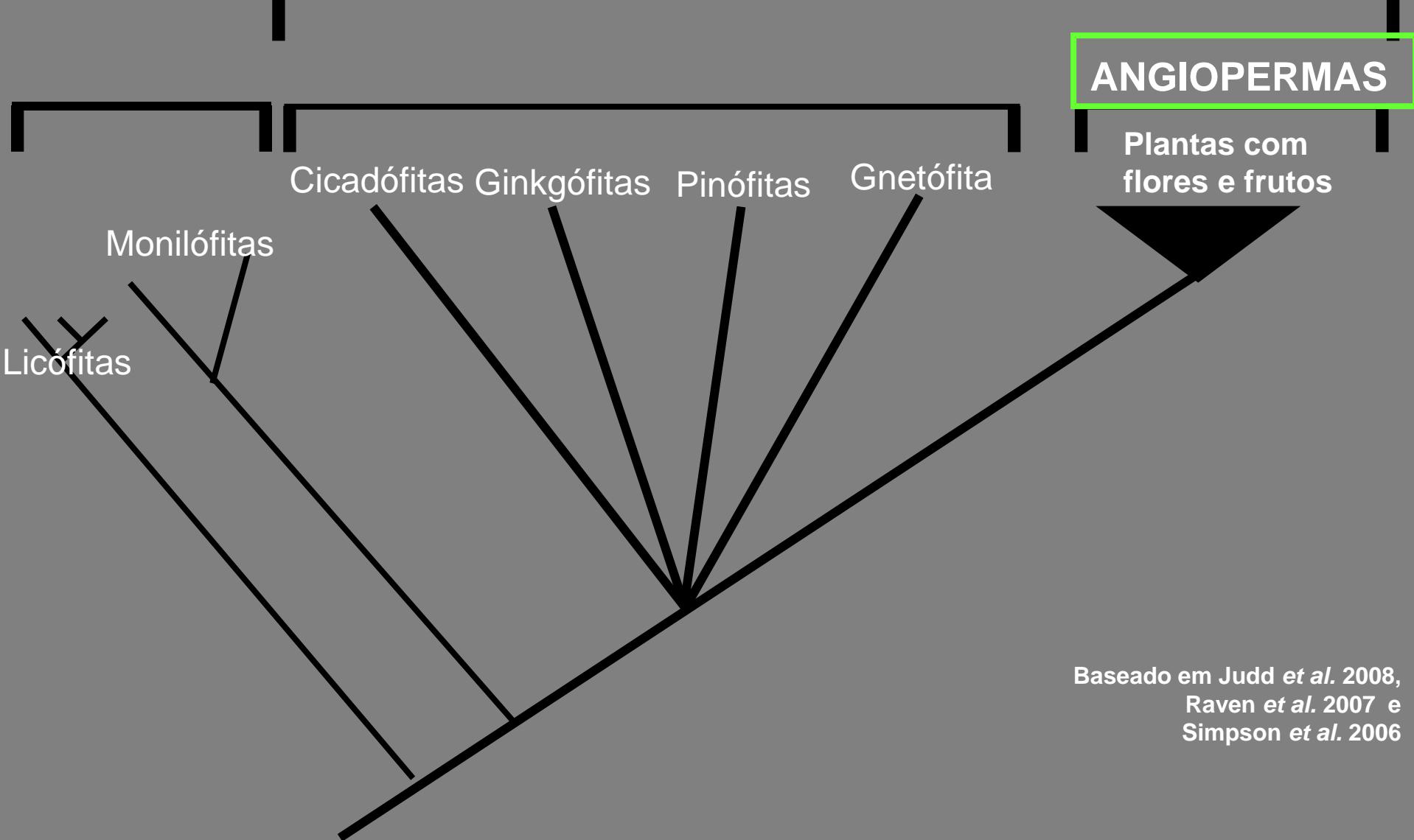
Gnetum, Gnetaceae

Liana



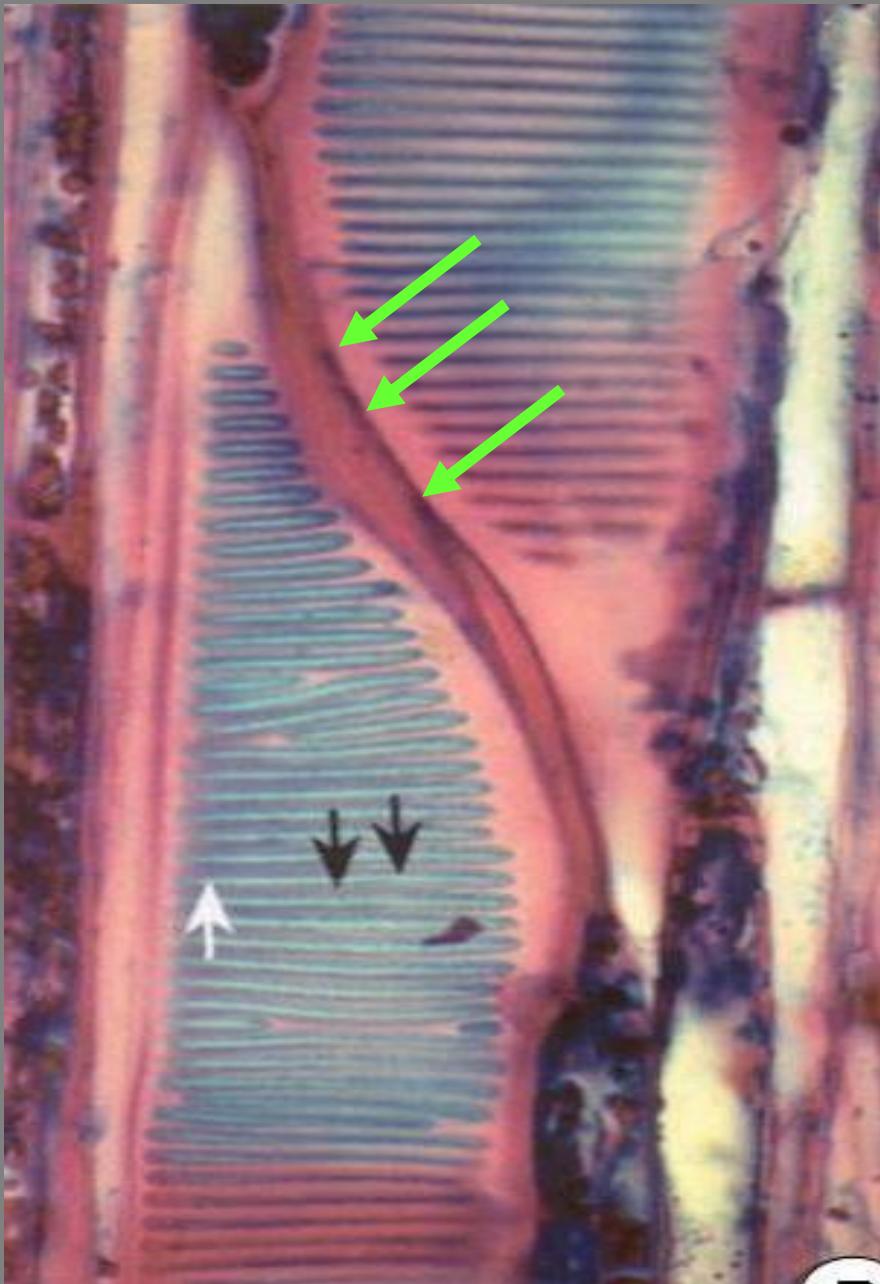
TRAQUEÓFITAS

ESPERMATÓFITAS /Plantas com sementes ou LIGNÓFITAS



Baseado em Judd *et al.* 2008,
Raven *et al.* 2007 e
Simpson *et al.* 2006

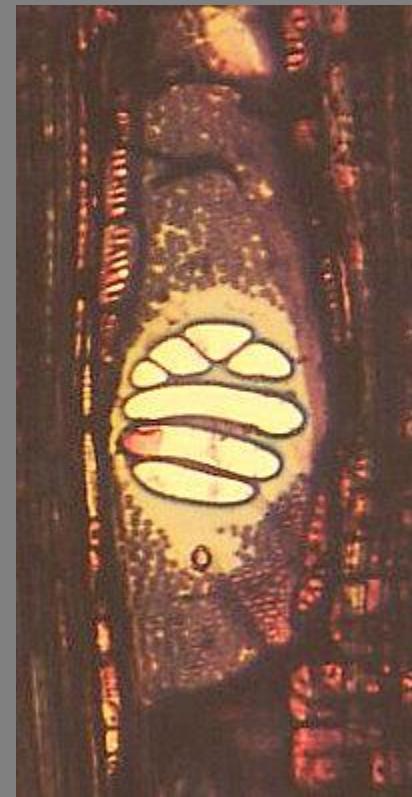
Placa de perfuração



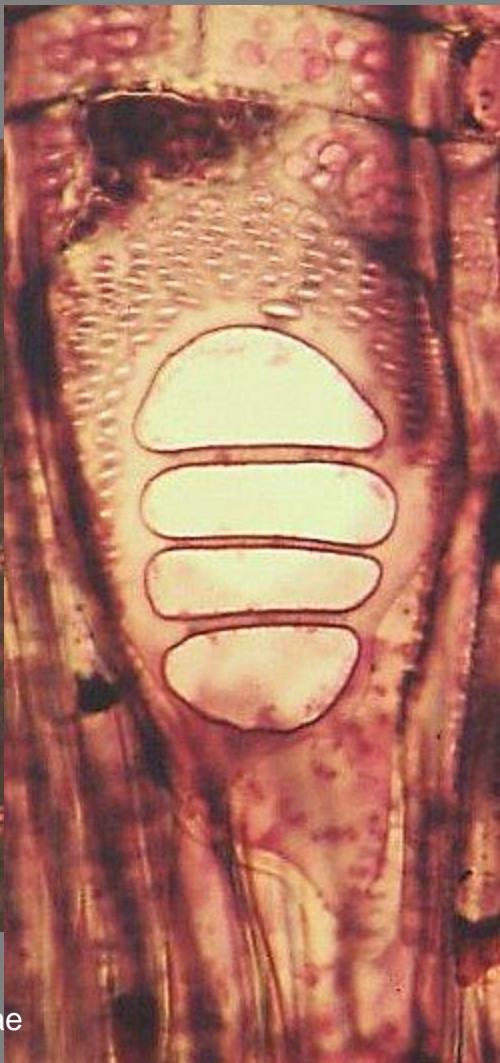
Elemento de Vaso

Clusia, Clusiaceae
Espermatófita

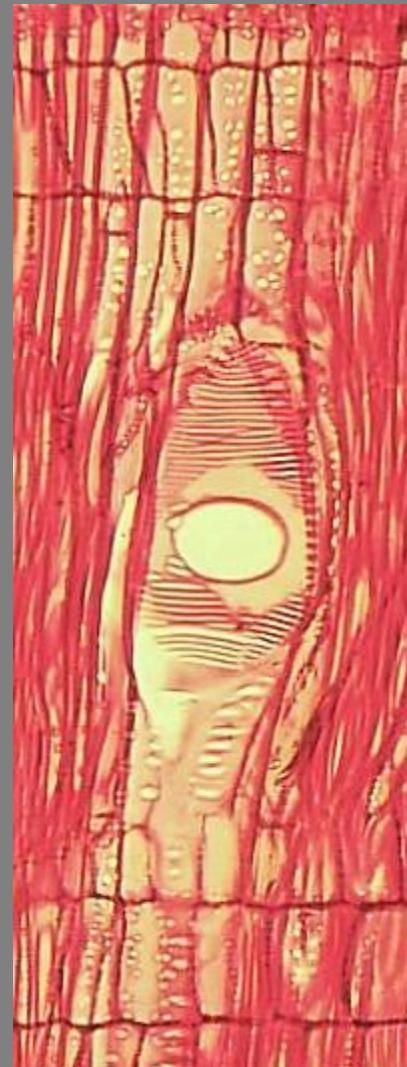
Diversidade de placa de perfuração



Iryanthera, Myristicaceae



Tovomita, Clusiaceae



Styrax, Styracaceae



Células condutoras do floema:

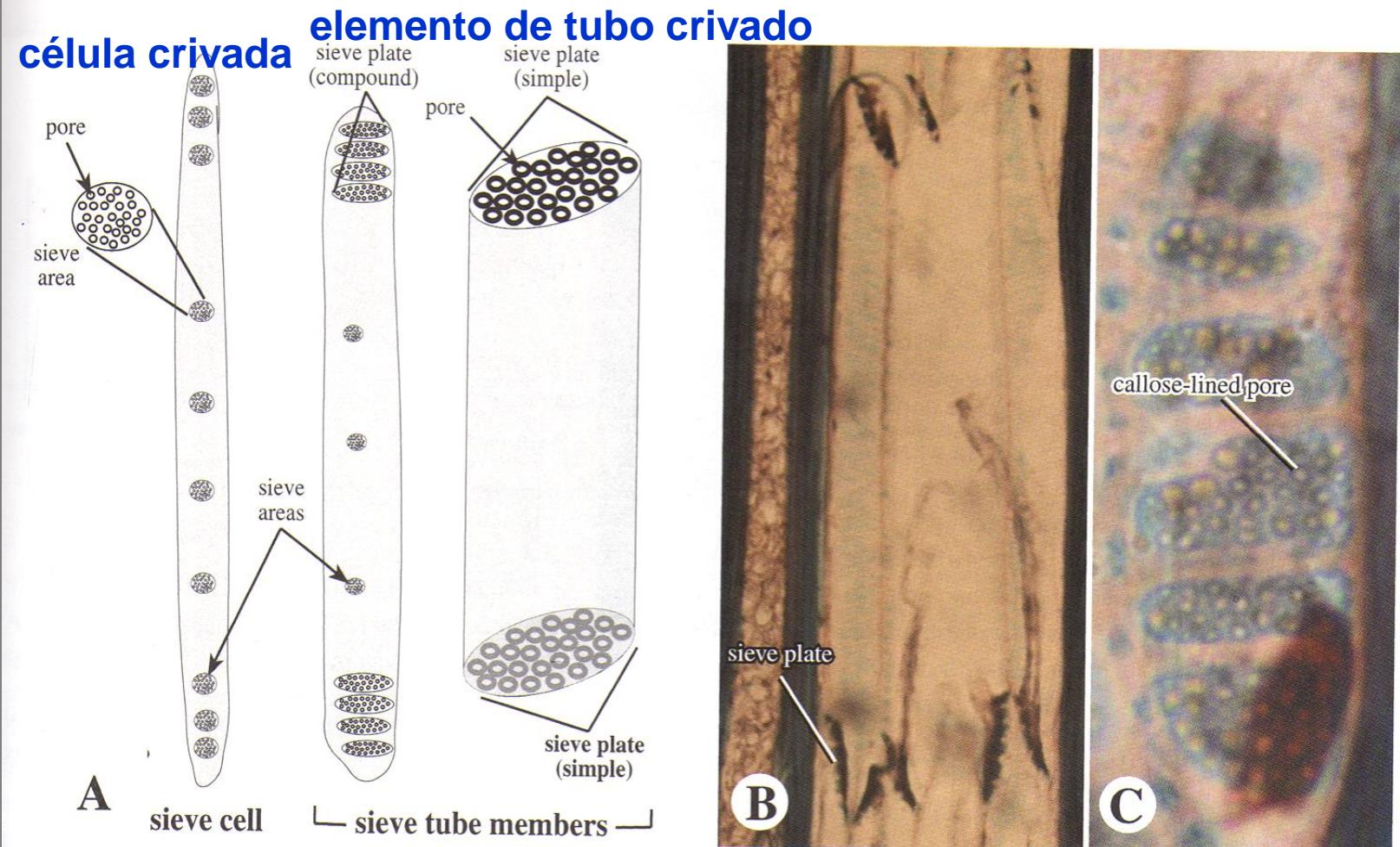
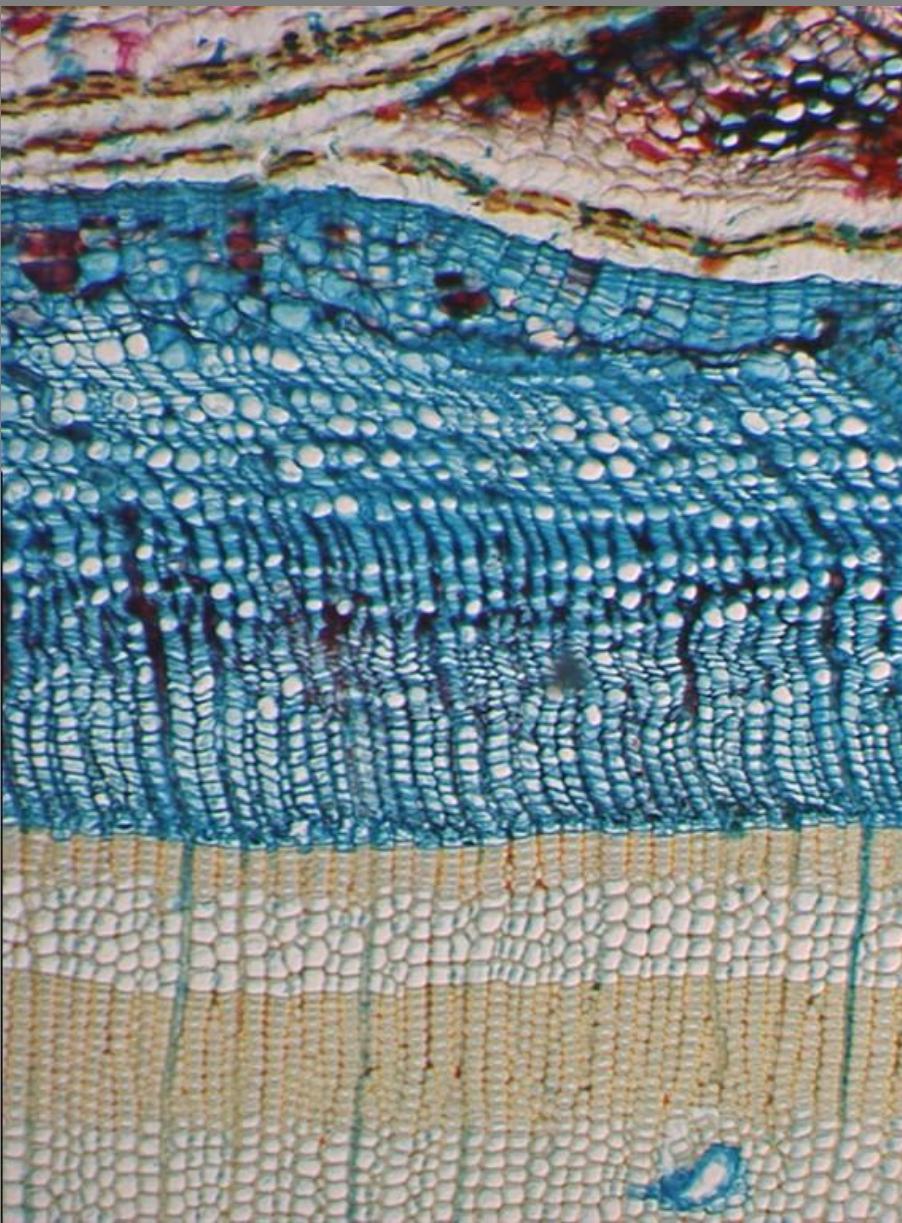


FIGURE 4.5 Conductive cells of vascular plants: sieve elements. A. Types of sieve elements. B,C. Sieve tube members.

Floema de “Gimnospermas”: células crivadas

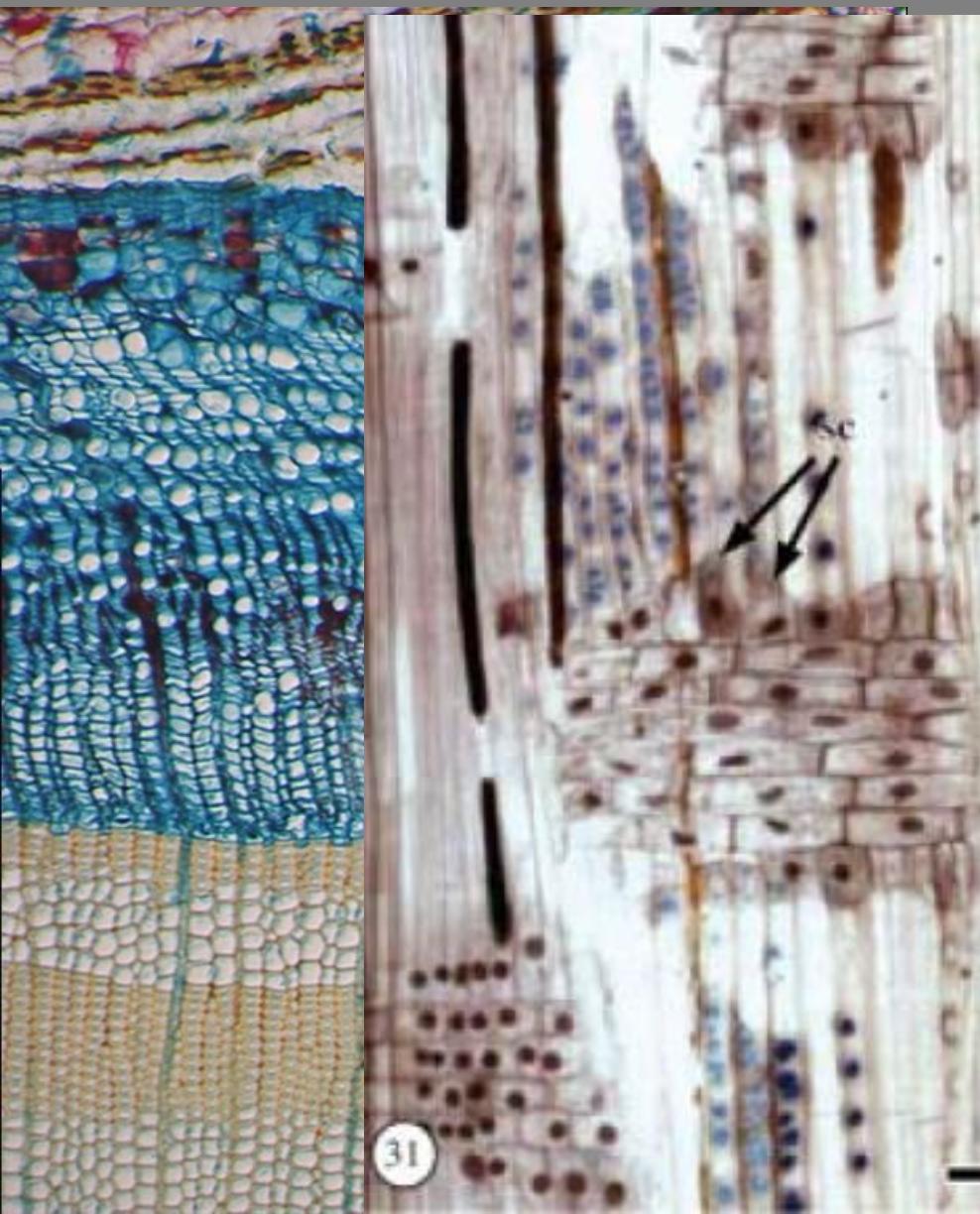
+

célula de Strasburger

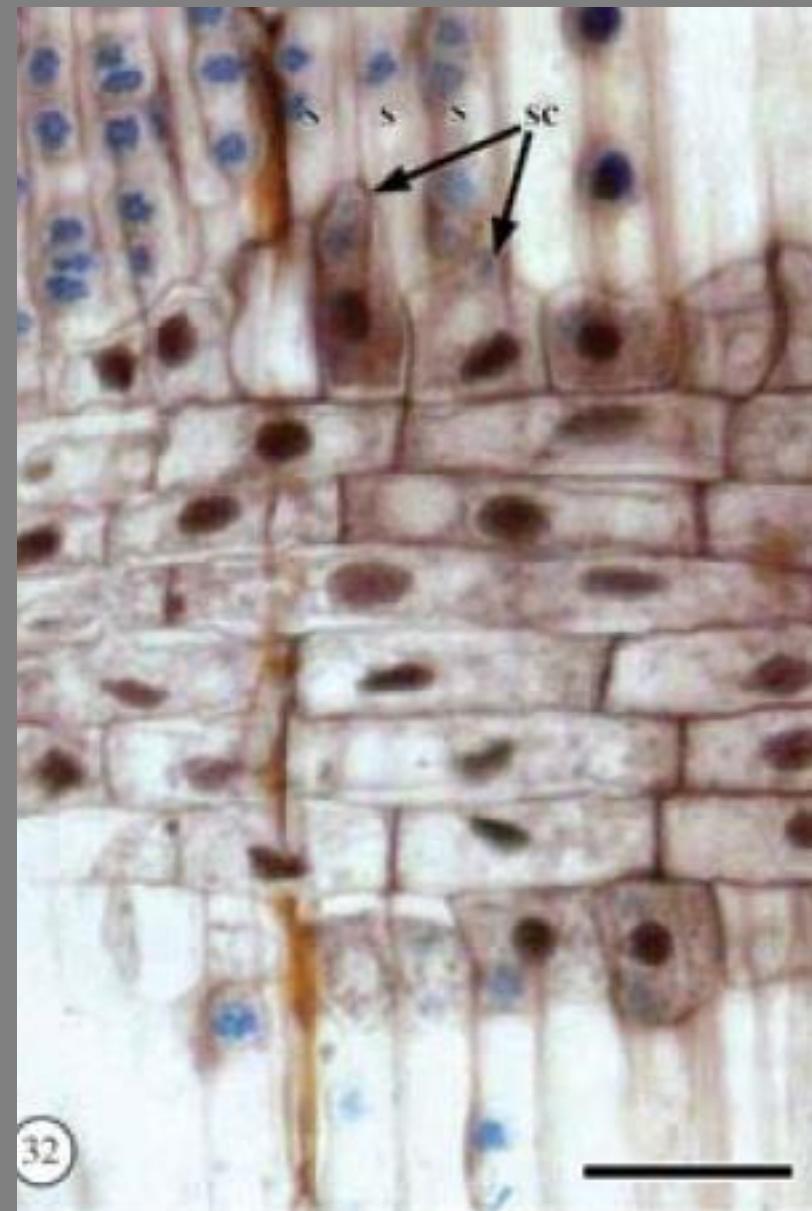


Floema de “Gimnospermas”: células crivadas +

célula de Strasburger

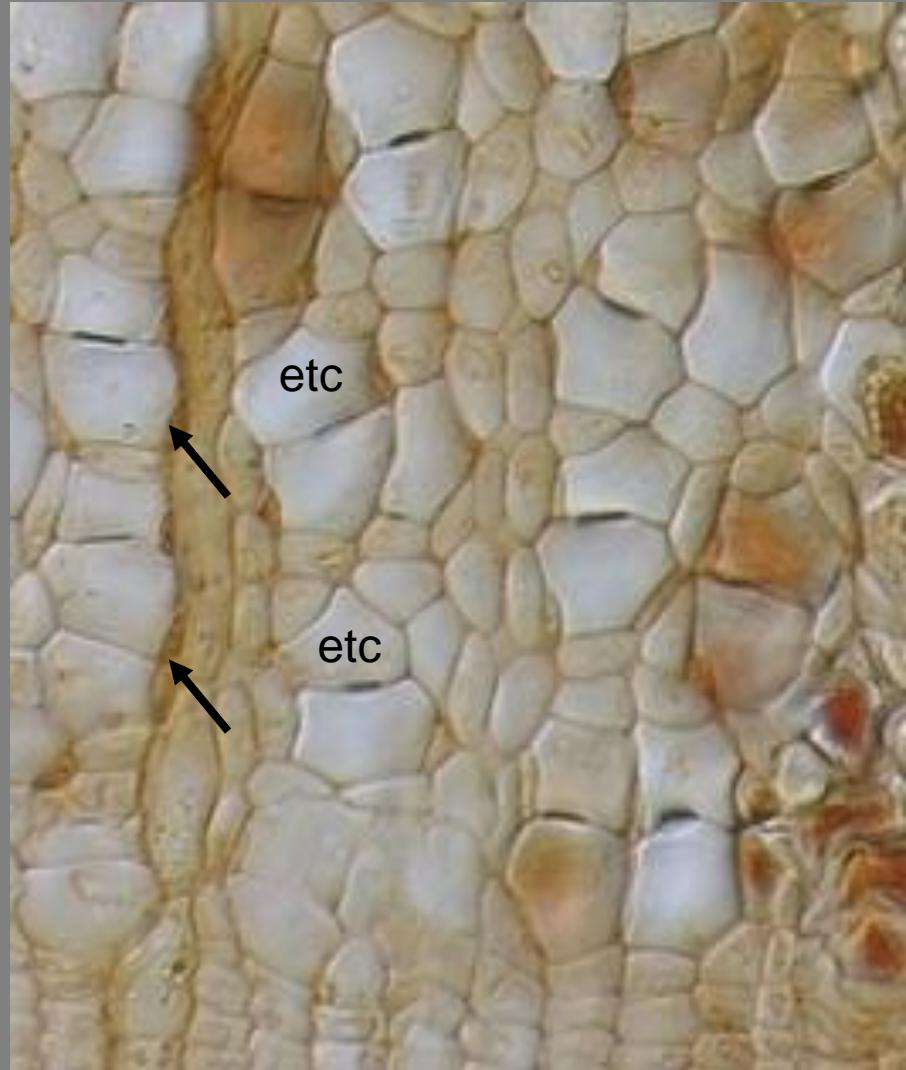
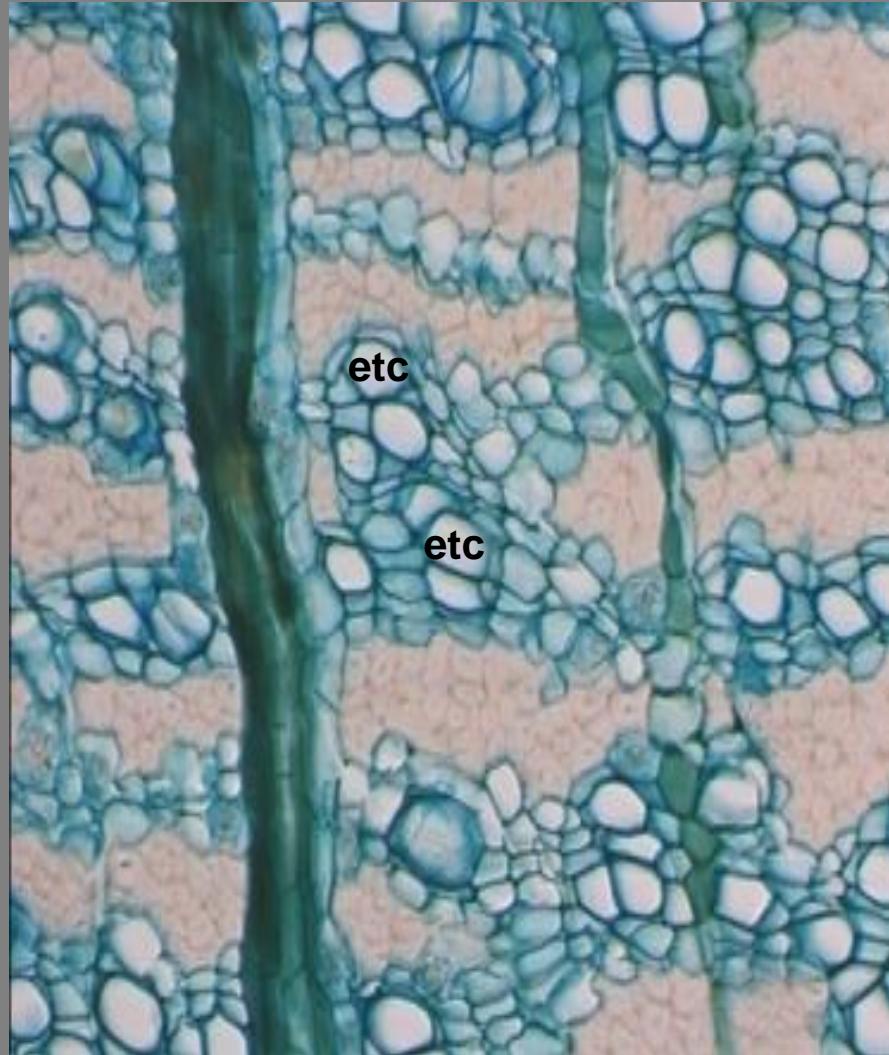


31

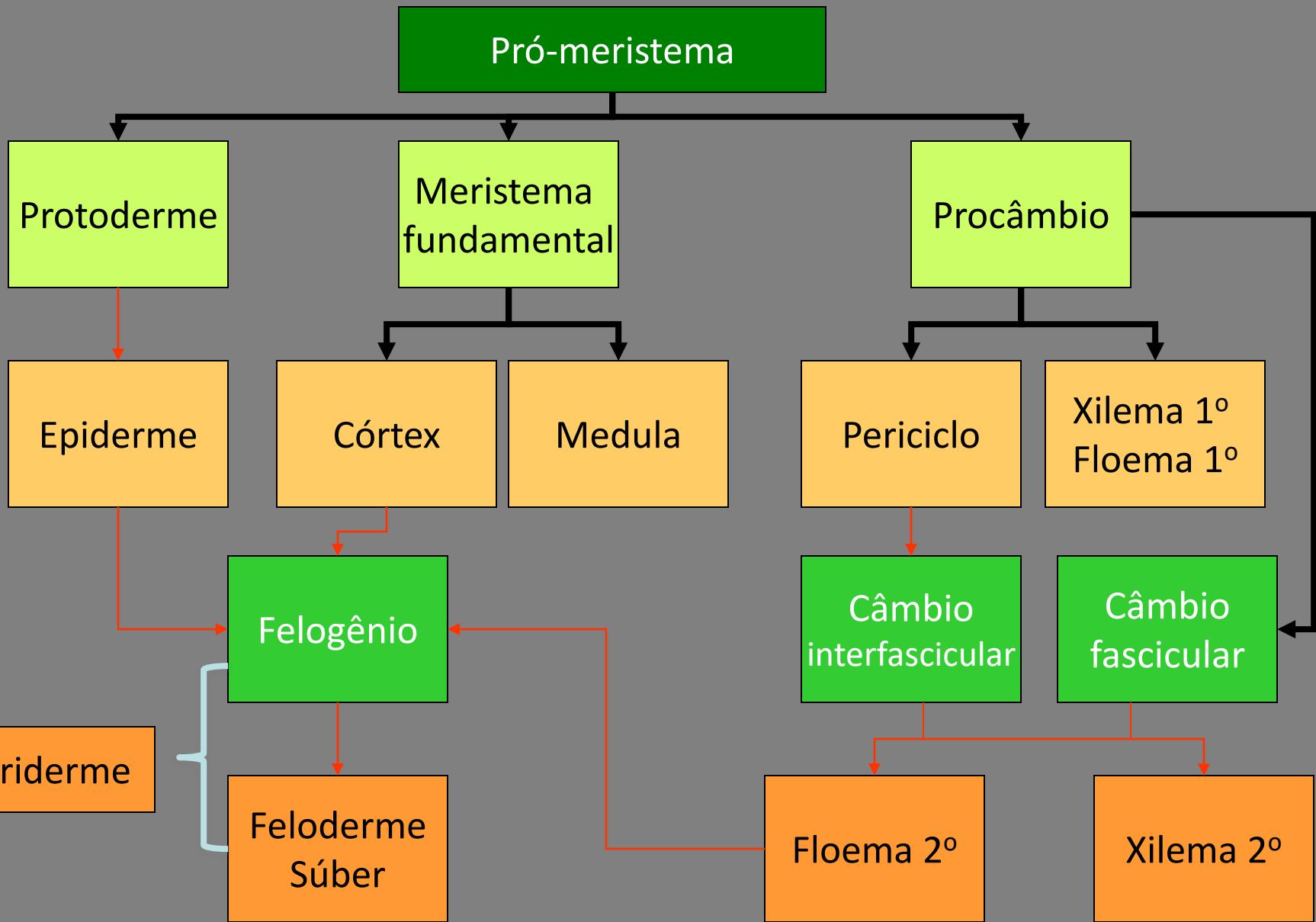


32

Floema de Angiospermas: elementos de tubo crivado (+ célula companheira)



Corpo secundário da planta



LIGNÓFITAS ou Plantas Lenhosas

ESPERMATÓFITAS/ Plantas com sementes ou LIGNÓFITAS

“Gimnospermas”

Cicadófitas Ginkgófitas Pinófitas Gnetófitas

*Archaeopteris**

Aneurófitas*

ANGIOPERMAS

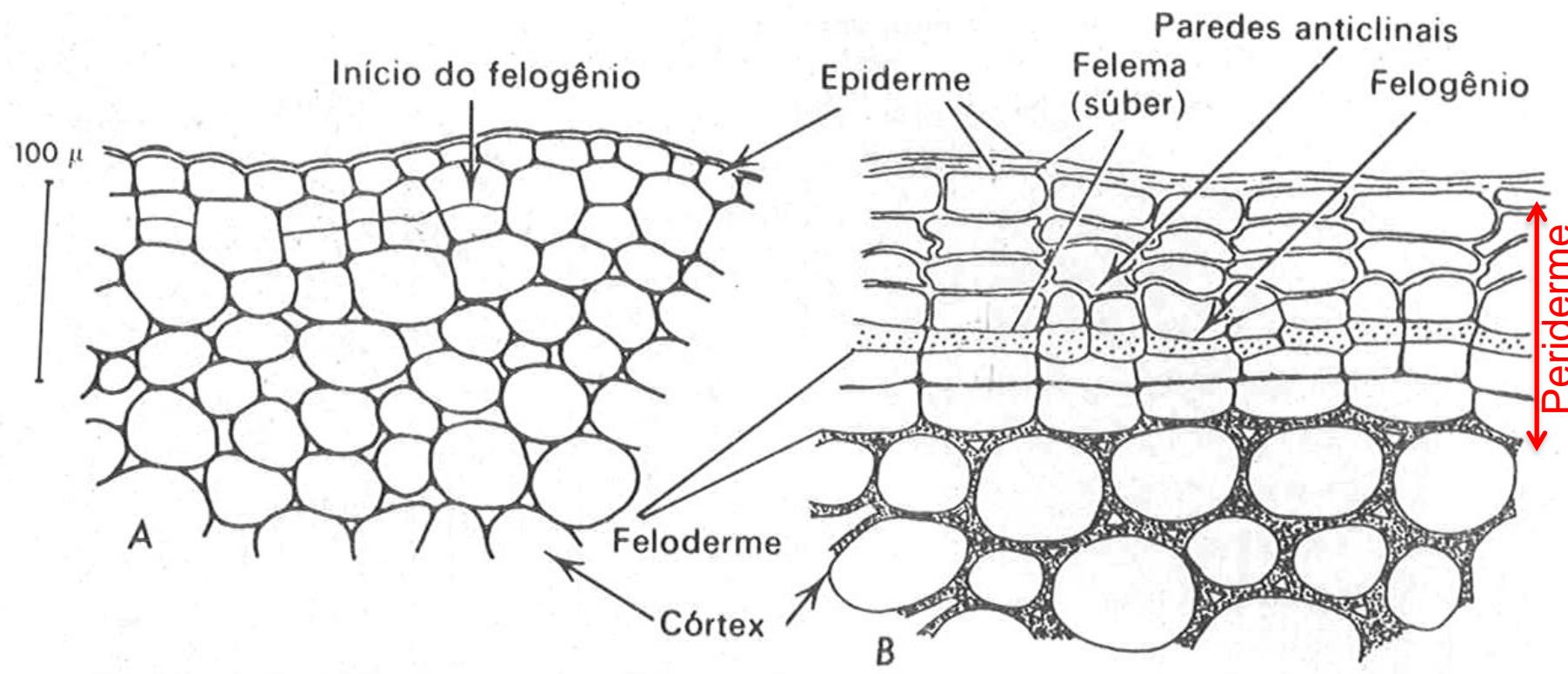
Plantas com
flores e frutos

Câmbio vascular
Câmbio da casca = felogênio

*Extintos

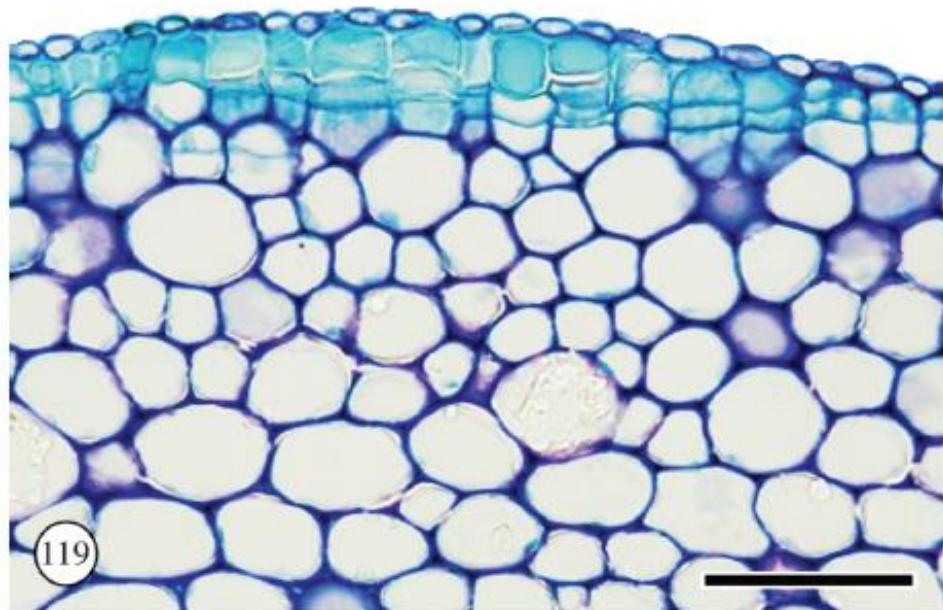
Baseado em Judd et al. 2008,
Raven et al. 2007 e
Simpson et al. 2006

Felogênio dá origem à periderme

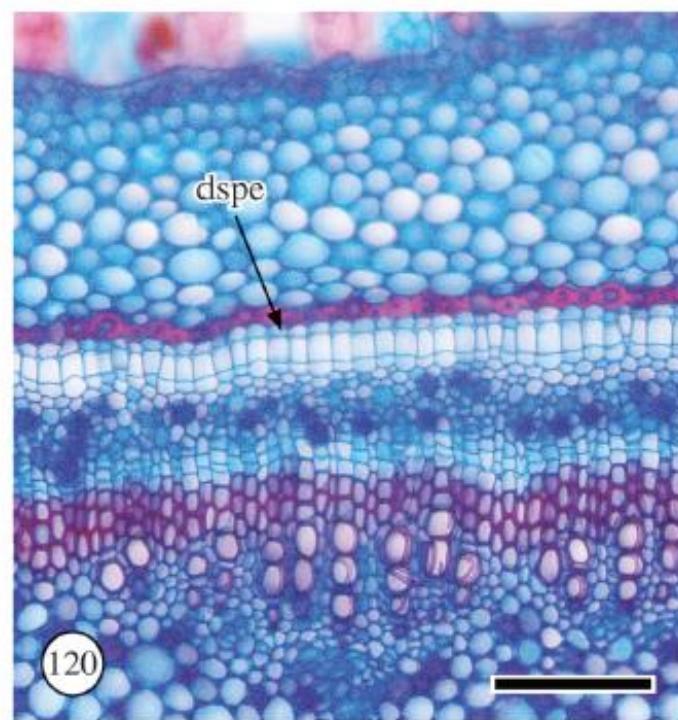


(Esau 1974)

Felogênio = câmbio da casca

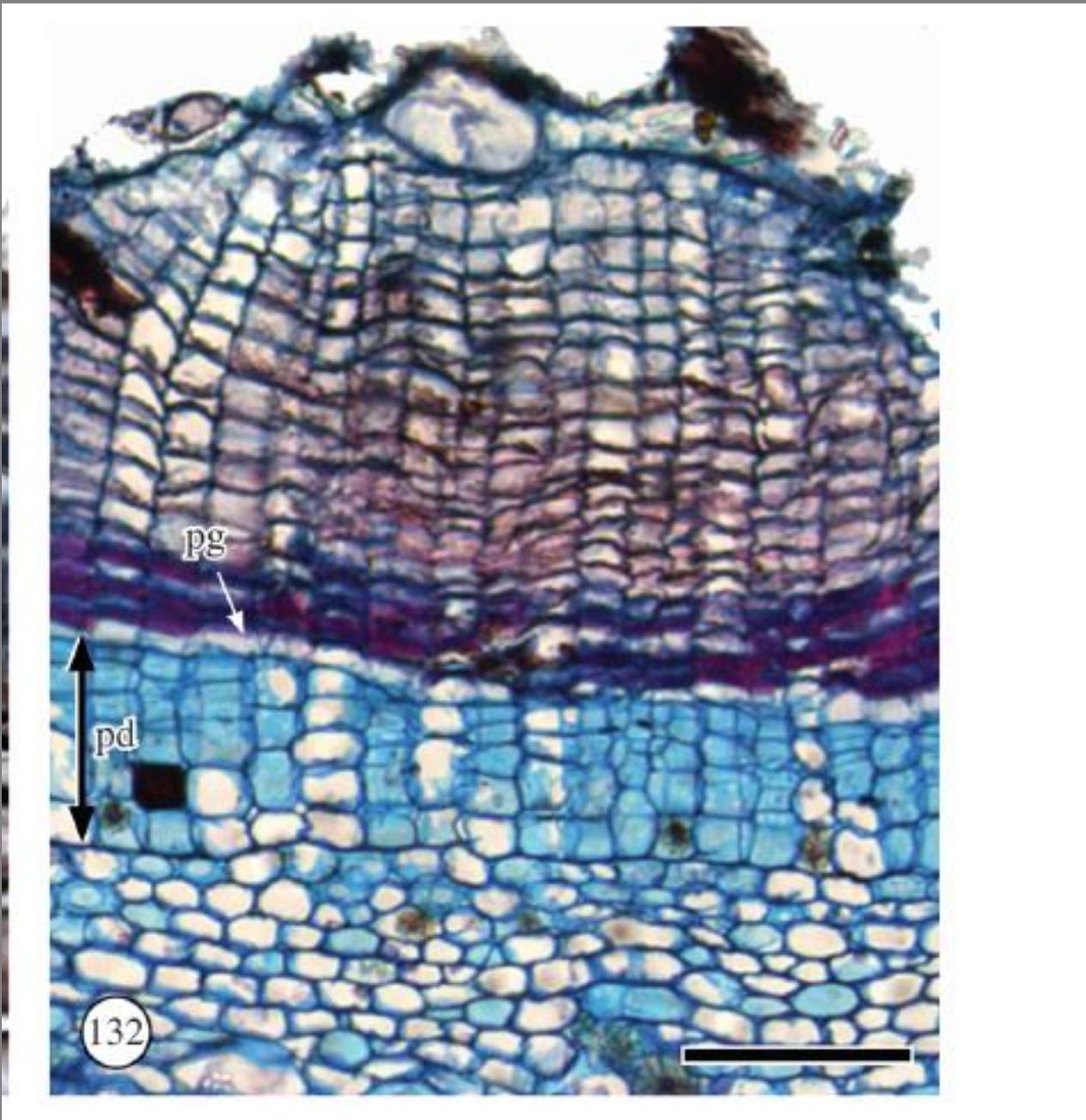


119

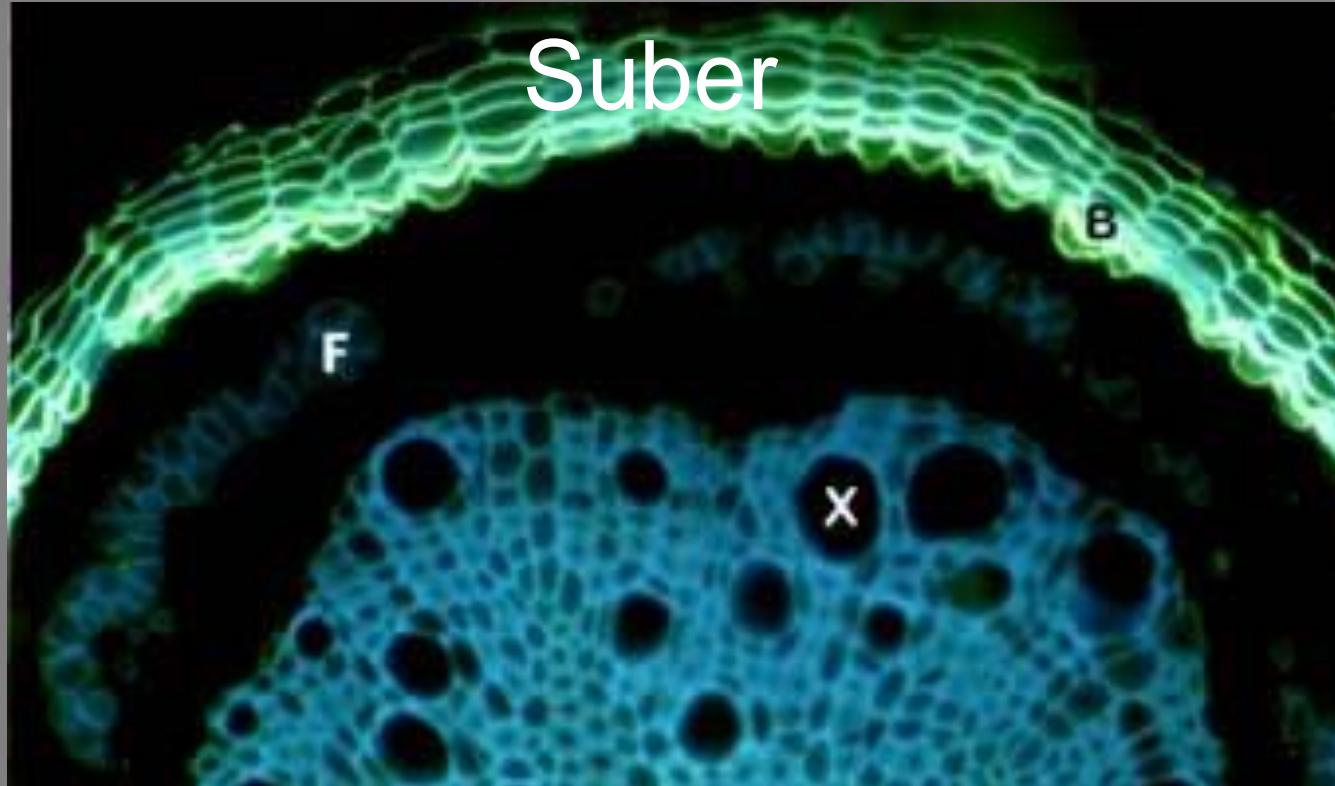


120

dspe



Suber

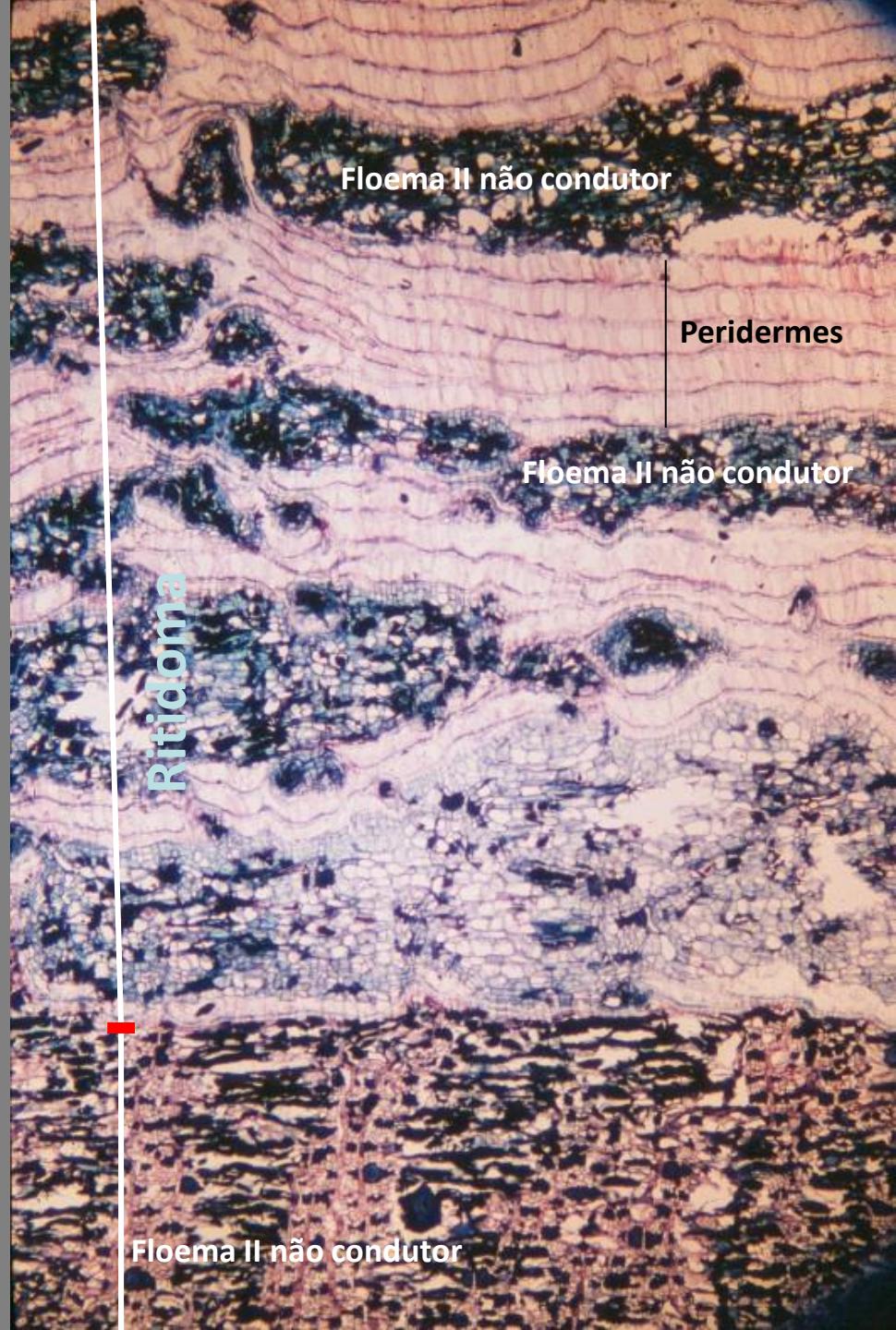
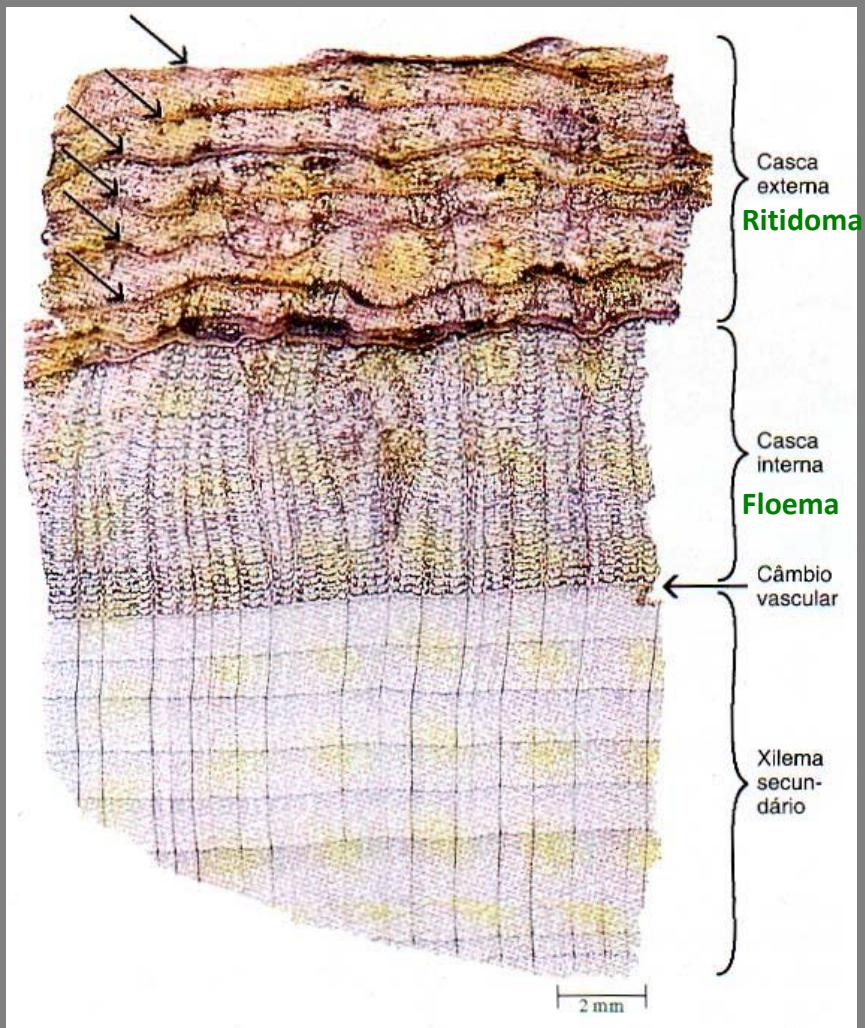


Periderme

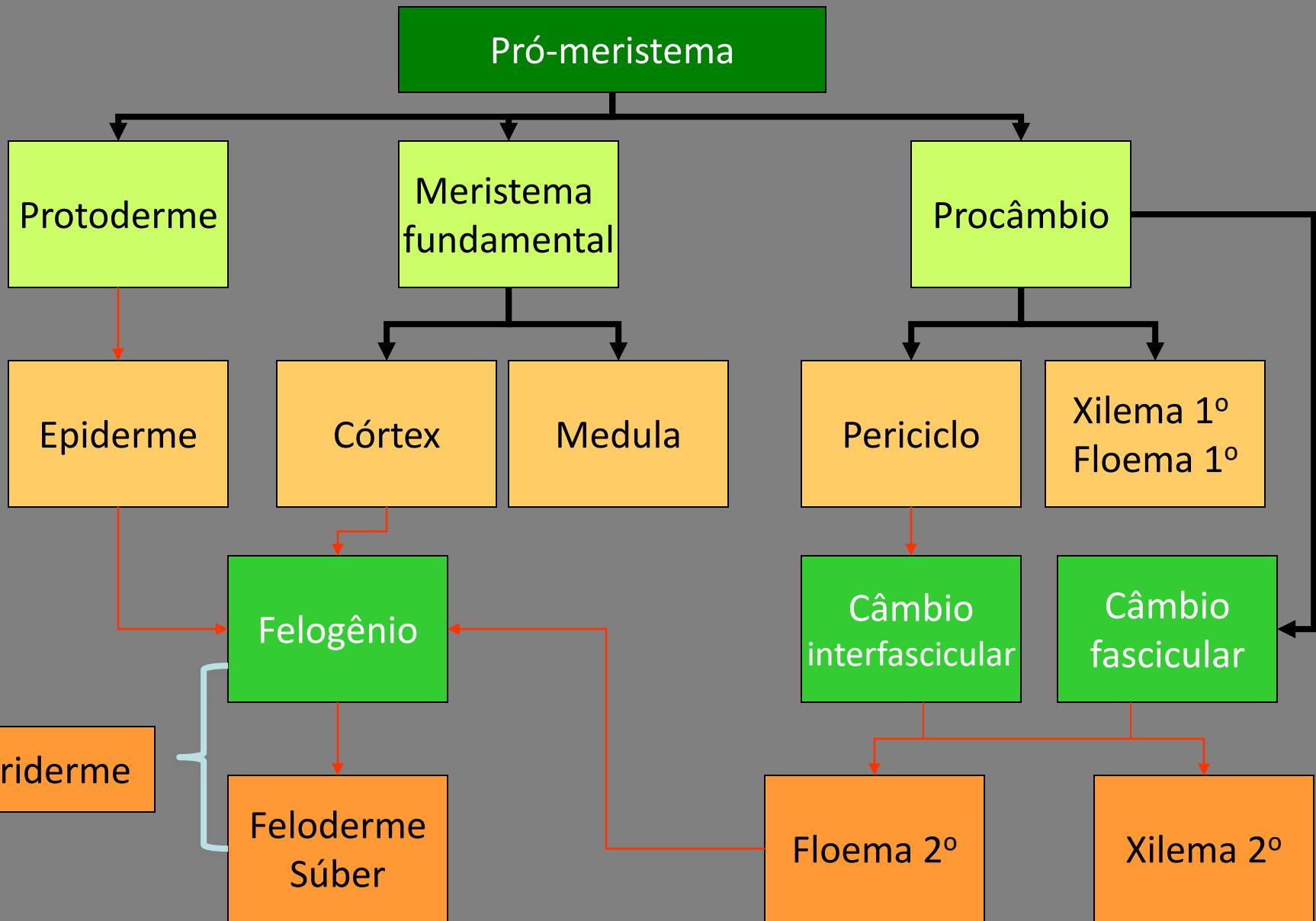
Súber



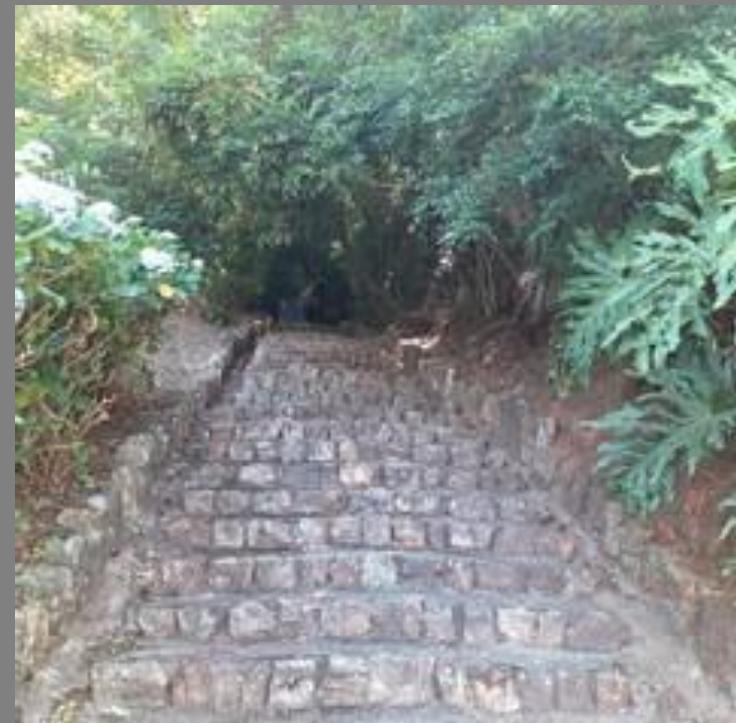
Periderme/Ritidoma



Corpo secundário da planta



Jardim Paleobotânico, Formação Mata, Mata-RS araucarias de 220 Ma



Arizona EUA - *Petrified Forest National Park*



Embriófitas
Traqueófitas
Licófitas
Monilófitas
Traqueófitas
Lignófitas

Espermatófitas
Gimnospermas
Antófitas=
Angiospermas

