

Lista 13 - MAT-206 - MAP-216

(I) Calcule a soma das seguintes séries:

$$(a) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{n(n+2)}$$

$$(b) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{n}{(n+1)!} \quad (\text{Sugestão: calcule } \frac{1}{n!} - \frac{1}{(n+1)!})$$

$$(c) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$

$$(d) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{n(n+1)(n+2)} \quad (\text{Sugestão: } 1 - (n+1) - n.)$$

(II) Decida a convergência ou divergência das seguintes séries numéricas:

$$(1) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{e^{1/n}}{n^4 + 3^n}$$

$$(2) \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{2^{1/n}}{n^n}$$

$$(3) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{n^4}{(\ln n)^n}$$

$$(4) \sum_{n \geq 1} n \operatorname{sen}\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$$

$$(5) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+5}}$$

$$(6) \sum_{n \geq 1} \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)$$

$$(7) \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{n!e^n}{n^n}$$

$$(8) \sum_{n \geq 1} 2^n \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^{n^2}$$

(III) Verifique se a série converge condicionalmente ou absolutamente:

$$(a) \sum_{n \geq 1} (-1)^n \frac{1}{n^3}$$

$$(b) \sum_{n \geq 3} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$(c) \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{\text{sen}(3n+1)}{3n^2+2}$$

$$(d) \sum_{n \geq 2} (-1)^n \frac{\ln n}{n}$$

$$(e) \sum_{n \geq 2} (-1)^n \frac{\ln n}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$(f) \sum_{n \geq 1} (-1)^n \frac{3n^2+1}{4n^3+5}$$

$$(g) \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{\sqrt{n}+3}$$