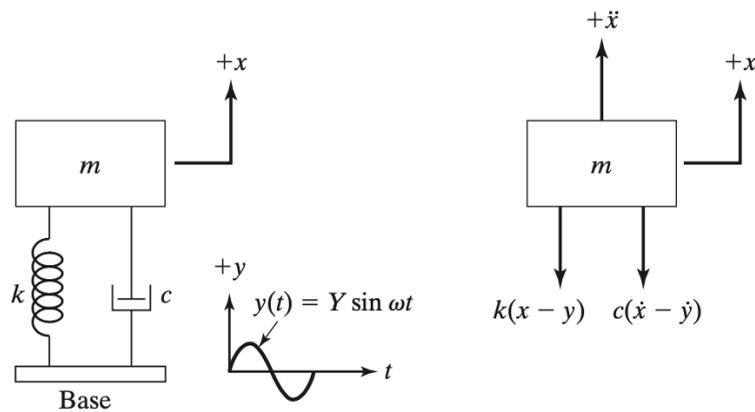
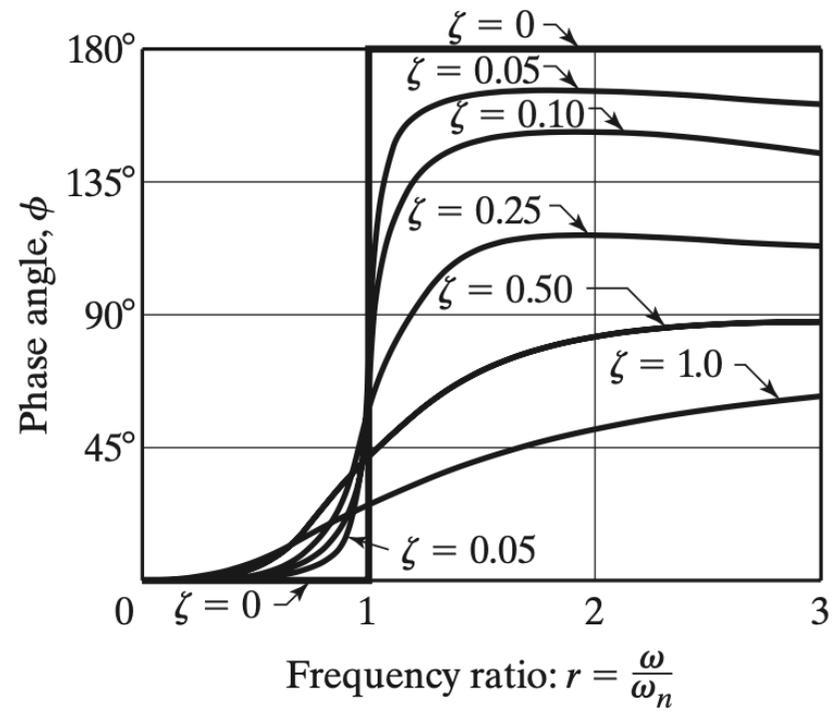
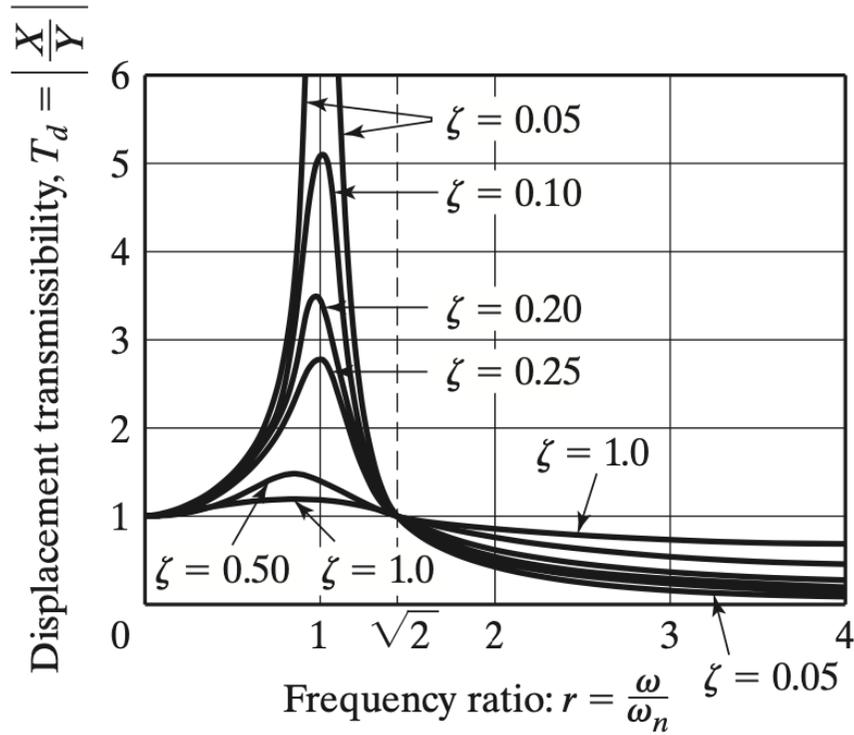


Dinâmica de Sistemas Navais e Oceânicos

PNV3314 Dinâmica de Sistemas

Aula 12

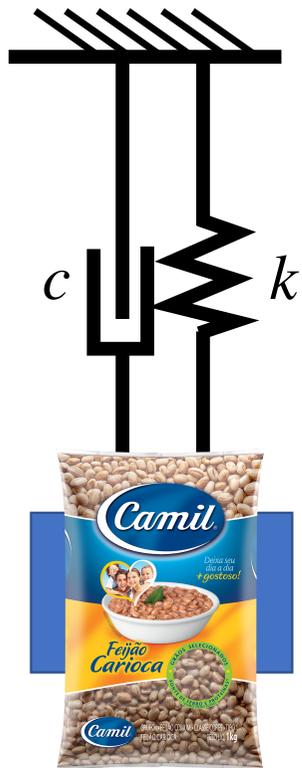


$$m\ddot{x} + c(\dot{x} - \dot{y}) + k(x - y) = 0$$

Rigidez não linear

VARIAÇÕES

Mola não linear: $F = k_1x + k_2x^3$



$$m = 1\text{kg}$$

$$c = ?$$

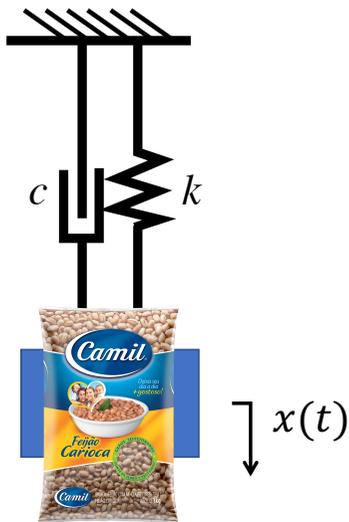
$$k = ?$$

$$f_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = 1\text{Hz}$$

$$k = 4\pi^2 m f_n^2 = 39,47\text{N/m}$$

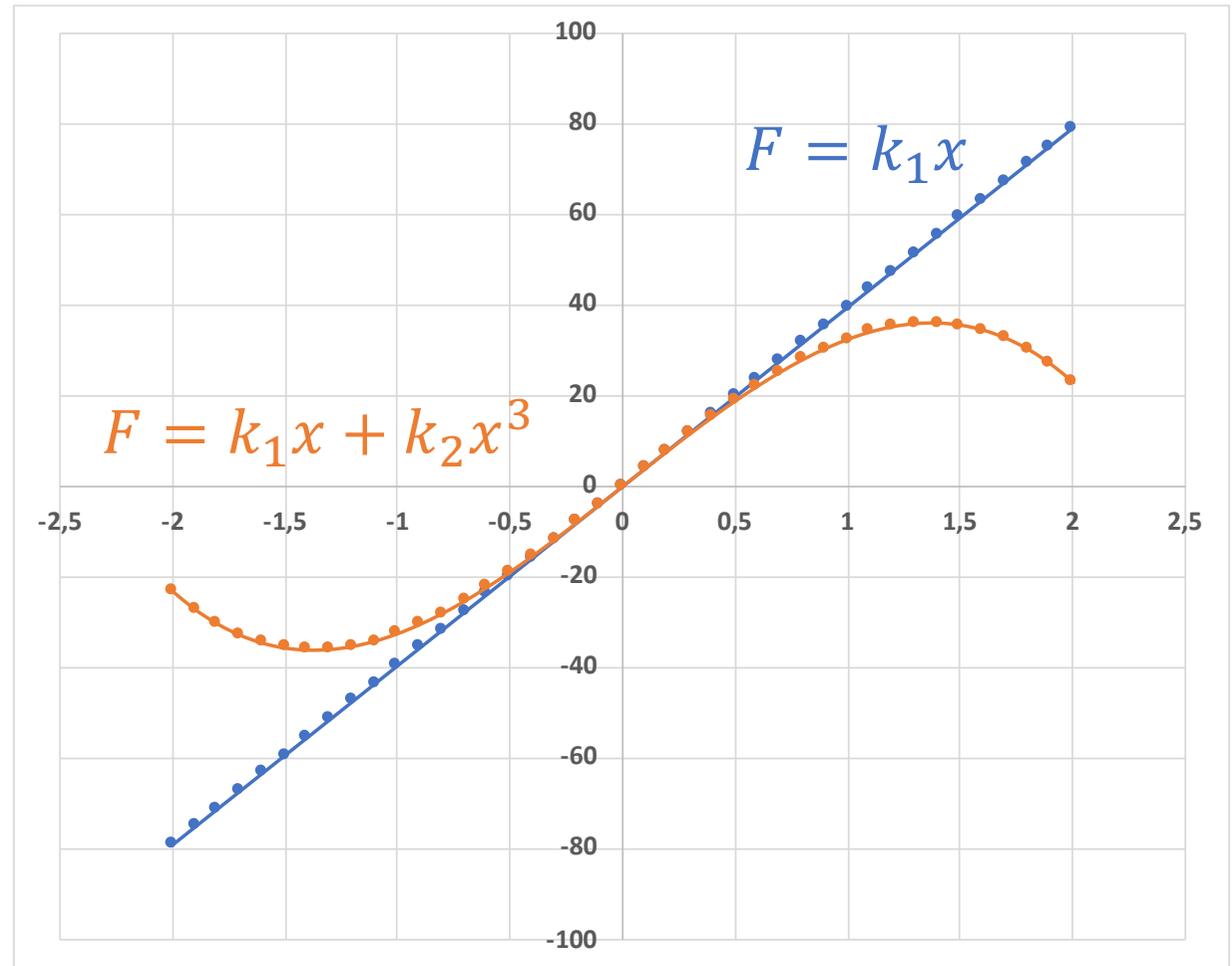
$$1\text{kgf} = kx_0 = 0,25\text{m}$$

Mola não linear: $F = k_1x + k_2x^3$



$$k_1 = 39,47$$

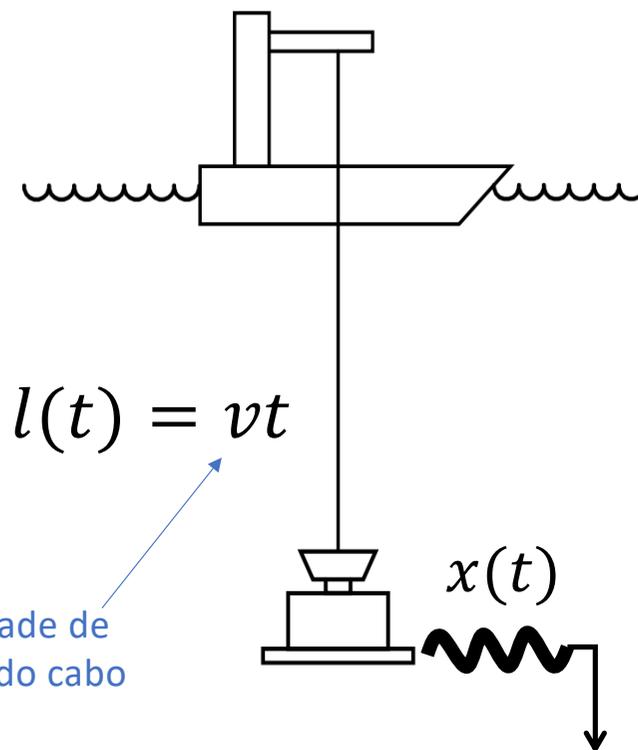
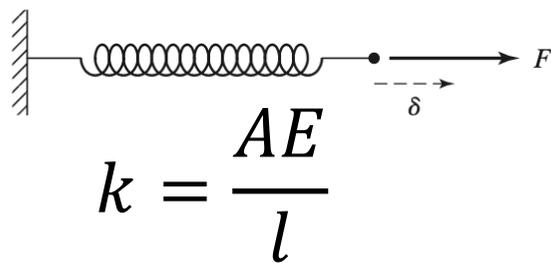
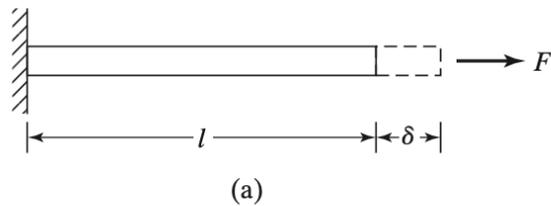
$$k_2 = -7$$



Rigidez variante no tempo

VARIAÇÕES

Rigidez de uma barra estendida



Velocidade de descida do cabo

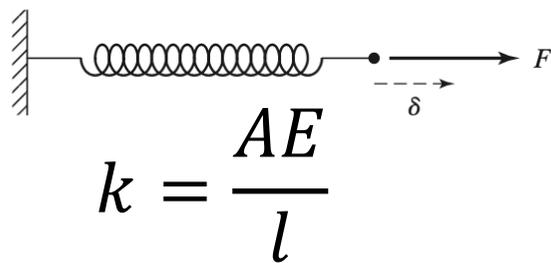
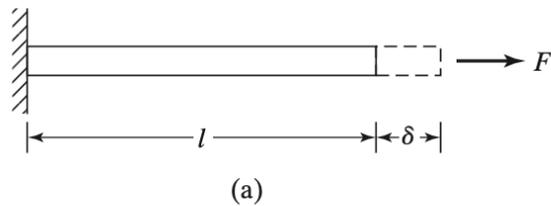
$v = 0$ “Estático”

$v \ll \frac{\omega}{2\pi} X$ “Quase-estático”

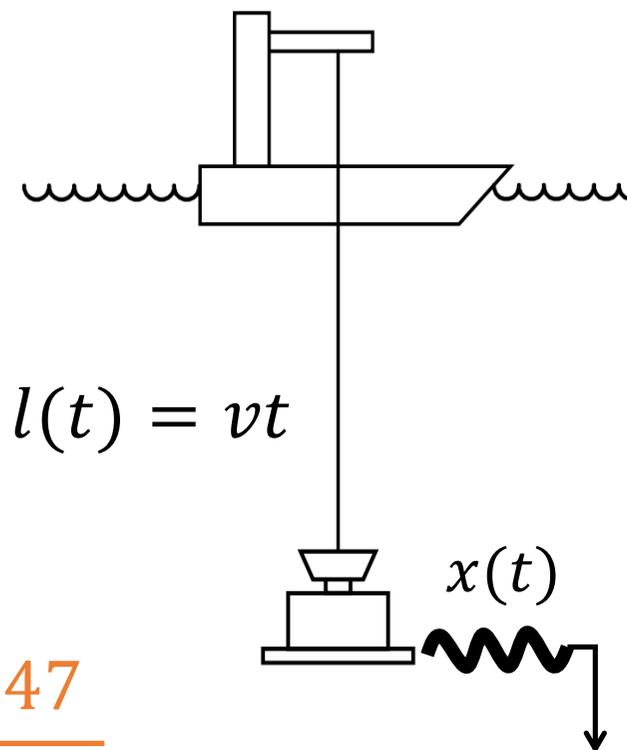
$v \approx \frac{\omega}{2\pi} X$ “Dinâmico”

$v \gg \frac{\omega}{2\pi} X$ “Estacionário”

Rigidez de uma barra estendida



$$k = \frac{AE}{l_0 + vt} = \frac{39,47}{l_0 + vt}$$



- $v = 0$ "Estático"
- $v \ll \frac{\omega}{2\pi} X$ "Quase-estático"
- $v \approx \frac{\omega}{2\pi} X$ "Dinâmico"
- $v \gg \frac{\omega}{2\pi} X$ "Estacionário"

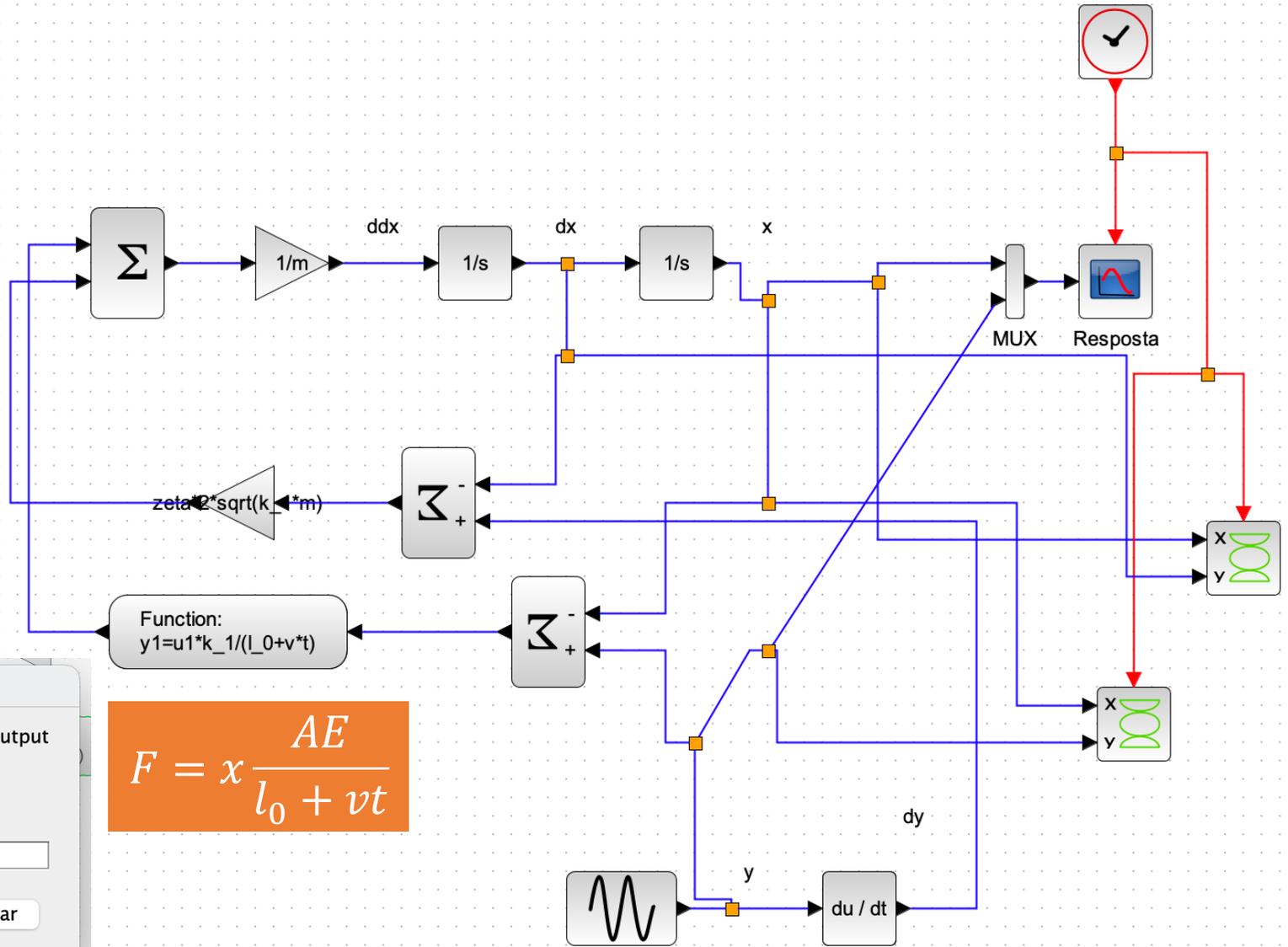
Definir cont

You may enter here scilab instructions to used in block definitions using Scilab in These instructions are evaluated once cc and every time the diagram is run.

```

m = 1;
k_1 = 39.47;
k_2 = 0;
zeta = 0.01;
v = 1;
l_0 = 1;

```



$$F = x \frac{AE}{l_0 + vt}$$

Solicitação de valor de entrada do Scilab

Define function which computes the output

Enter Scilab instructions defining y1 (size: 1) as a function of t,u1,n_evi,

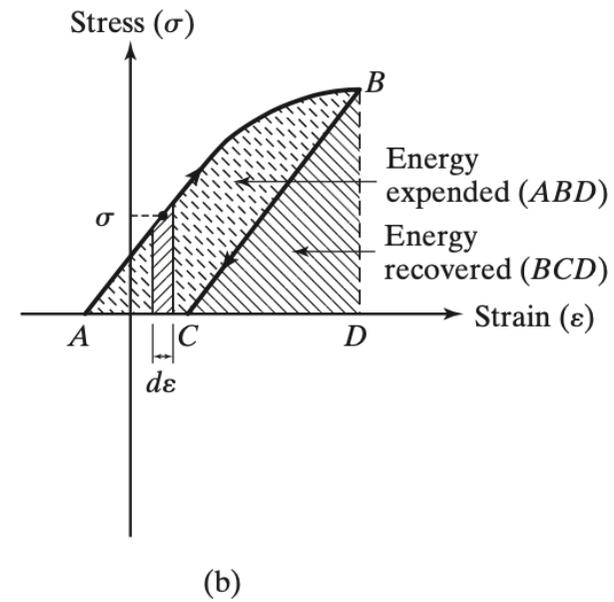
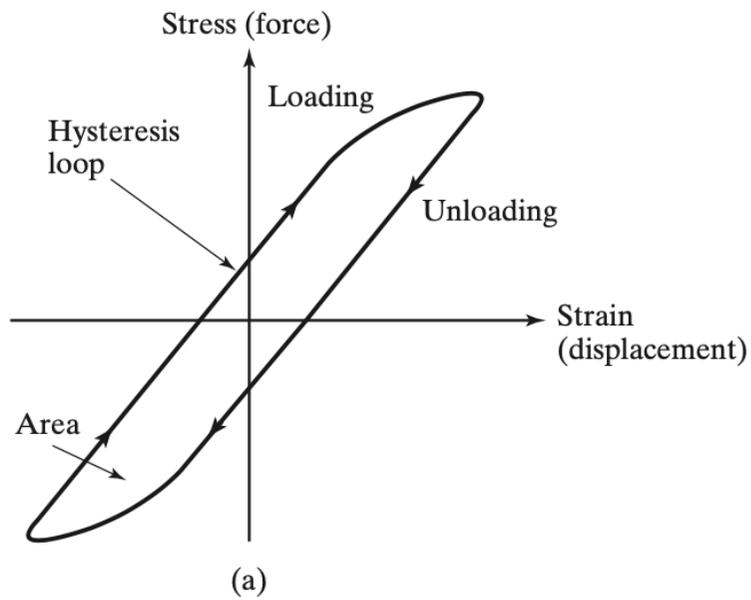
```
y1=u1*k_1/(l_0+v*t)
```

Ok Cancelar

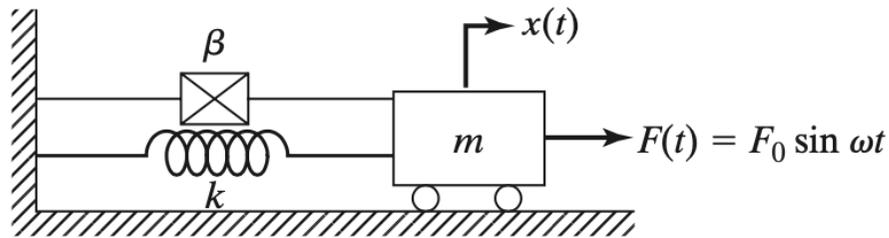
Amortecimento histerético

VARIAÇÕES

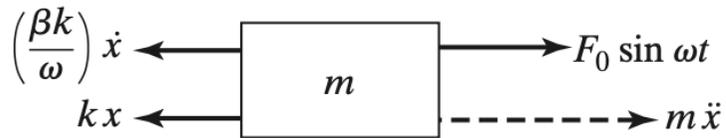
Amortecimiento histerético



Amortecimento histerético



(a)



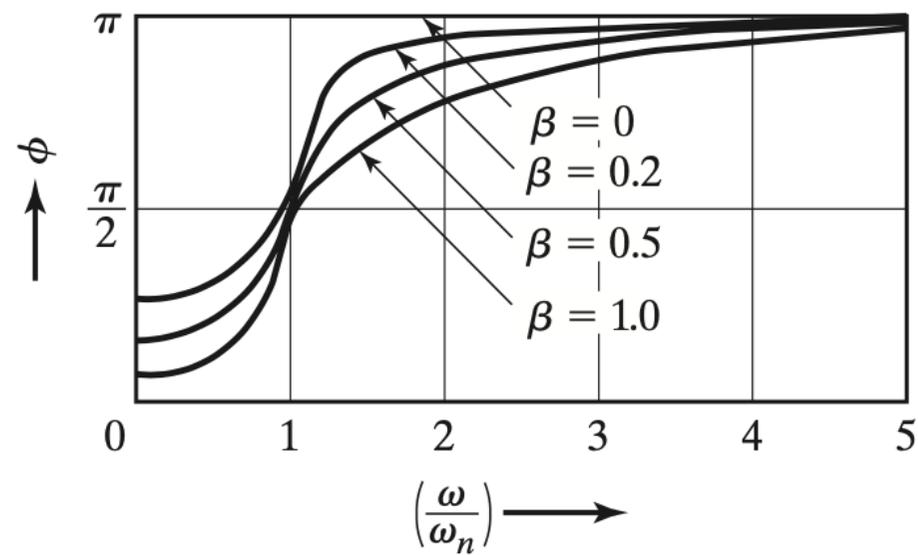
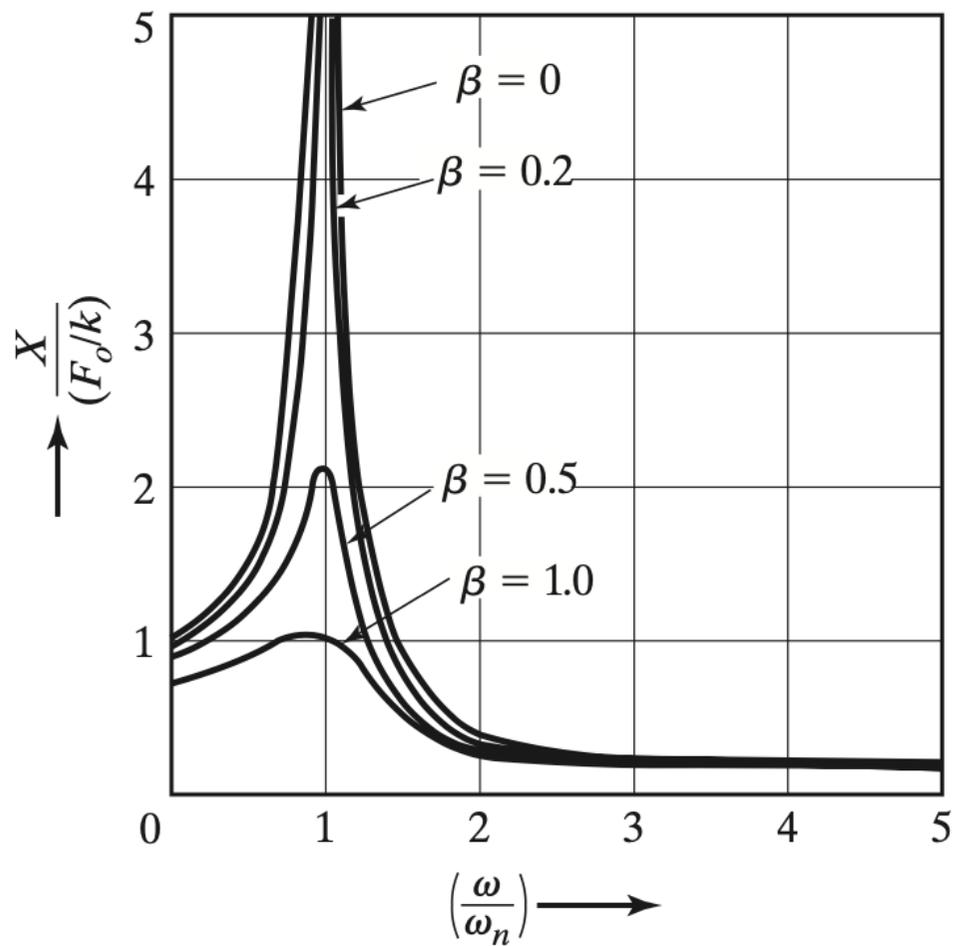
(b)

$$m\ddot{x} + \frac{\beta k}{\omega}\dot{x} + kx = F_0 \sin \omega t$$

$$\left(\frac{\beta k}{\omega}\right)\dot{x} = (h/\omega)\dot{x}$$

$$x_p(t) = X \sin(\omega t - \phi)$$

$$X = \frac{F_0}{k \left[\left(1 - \frac{\omega^2}{\omega_n^2}\right)^2 + \beta^2 \right]^{1/2}} \quad \phi = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{\beta}{\left(1 - \frac{\omega^2}{\omega_n^2}\right)} \right]$$

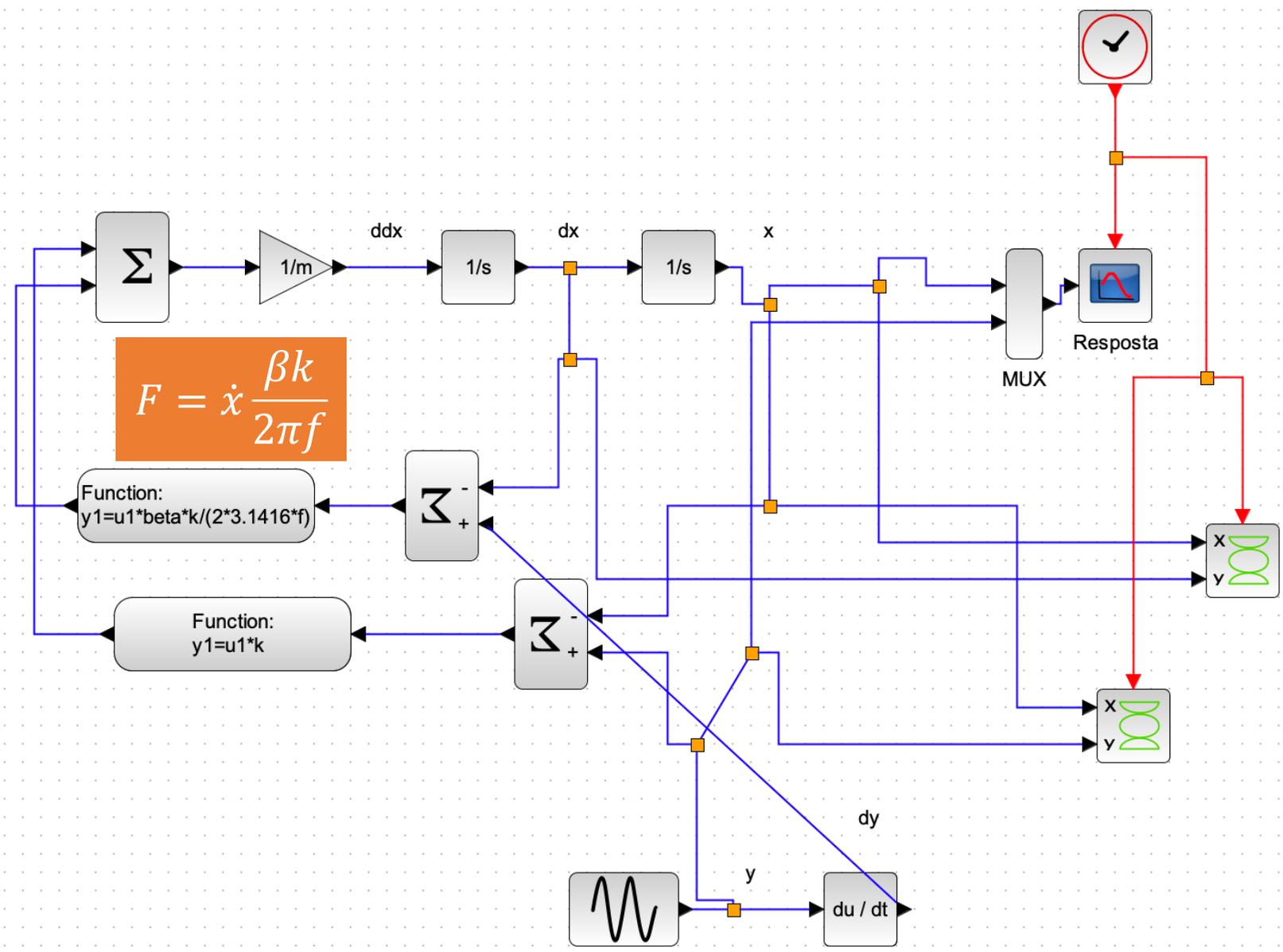


```

You may enter here scilab instructions
used in block definitions using S
These instructions are evaluated
and every time the diagram is run

m = 1;
k = 39.47;
beta = 0.05;
f = 0.4;

```



Definir parâmetros

Tempo final de integração	2.0E02
Escala em tempo real	0.0E00
Tolerância absoluta do integrador	1.0E-06
Tolerância relativa do integrador	1.0E-06
Tolerância de tempo	1.0E-10
Intervalo máximo de tempo de integração	1.00001E05
Solver kind	Sundials/CVODE - BDF - NEWTON
Maximum step size (0 means no limit)	0.0E00

Definir contexto

Ok Cancelar Padrão

Solicitação de múltiplos valores do Scilab

Definir parâmetros do bloco GENSIN_f

Gerador de onda senoidal

Amplitude	Y
Frequência (rad/s)	2*3.1416*f
Fase (rad)	0

Ok Cancelar

Definir contexto

You may enter here scilab instructions to define symbolic parameters used in block definitions using Scilab instructions. These instructions are evaluated once confirmed (i.e. you click on OK), and every time the diagram is run.

```
m = 1;
k = 39.47;
zeta = 0.1;
f = 0.7;
l_0 = 1;
v = 0.05;
```

Ok Cancelar

Solicitação de múltiplos valores do Scilab

Definir parâmetros do bloco CSCOPE

Curve style: Color>0 mark<0	1 2 5 7 9 11 13 15
Output window number (-1 for automatic)	2
Output window position	[]
Output window sizes	[600;500]
Ymin	-1
Ymax	1
Refresh period	200
Tamanho do buffer	200
Accept hered events 0/1	0
Name of Scope (label&Id)	Resposta

Ok Cancelar