

Química Medicinal

Espaço químico-biológico

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O espaço químico

Enumeration from first principles shows that almost all small molecules (>99.9%) have never been synthesized and are still available to be prepared and tested.

Table 1. The Known Chemical Space^a

| database | description | size ^a | Web address | ref |
|------------|---|-------------------|---|-----|
| PubChem | known molecules from various public sources | 32.5 M | http://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov | 11 |
| Chemspring | online resource from the Royal Society of Chemistry | 26.0 M | http://www.chemspring.com/ | 12 |
| ZINC | commercially available small molecules | 21.0 M | http://zinc.docking.org | 13 |
| NCI Open | anticancer and AIDS compounds with screening data | 0.25 M | http://cactus.nci.nih.gov/ncidb2.1 | 14 |
| ChemDB | commercially available small molecules | 4.1 M | http://cdb.ics.uci.edu | 15 |
| BindingDB | bioactive molecules with binding affinity data | 0.36 M | http://www.bindingdb.org | 16 |
| ChemBank | small molecules annotated with screening data | 1.2 M | http://chembank.broadinstitute.org/ | 17 |
| ChEMBL | small molecules annotated with experimental data | 1.1 M | https://www.ebi.ac.uk/chembl | 18 |
| CTD | comparative toxicogenomics database | 0.17 M | http://ctdbase.org | 19 |
| HMDB | human metabolome database | 0.0085 M | http://www.hmdb.ca | 20 |
| SMPDB | small molecule pathway database | 0.001 M | http://www.smpdb.ca | 21 |
| DrugBank | experimental and approved small molecule drugs | 0.0065 M | http://www.drugbank.ca | 22 |

^aOpen access collections as of April 2012. Corporate collections and nonopen access sources are not listed.

Table 1. Databases of the Known and Unknown Chemical Space

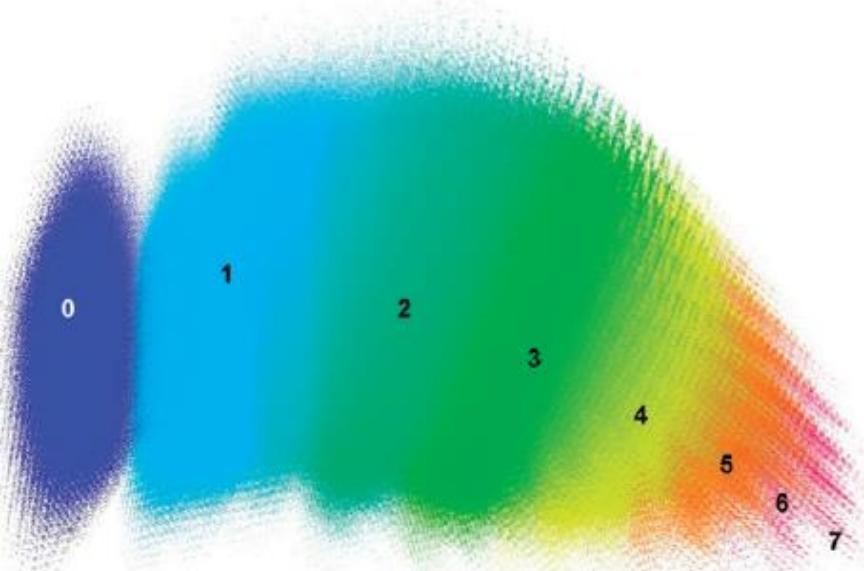
O espaço químico

| database | description | size ^a | ref |
|---------------|---|-------------------|-------|
| DrugBank | approved and investigational drugs | 7 584 | 59 |
| SuperScent | scents from literature | 2 300 | 60 |
| Flavornet | volatile compounds from literature | 738 | 61 |
| SuperSweet | carbohydrates and artificial sweeteners | 642 | 62 |
| BitterDB | bitter cpds from literature and Merck index | 606 | 63 |
| PubChem | NIH repository of molecules | 63 095 535 | 64,65 |
| ZINC | commercial small molecules | 22 724 825 | 66,67 |
| ZINC.FL | fragrance-like subset of ZINC | 69 724 | 68 |
| BindingDB | small molecules annotated with bioactivity data | 453 657 | 69,70 |
| ChEMBL | small molecules annotated with bioactivity data | 1 411 786 | 71 |
| GDB-11 | molecules of up to 11 atoms of C, N, O, and F | 26 434 571 | 36 |
| GDB-13 | molecules of up to 13 atoms of C, N, O, S, and Cl | 977 468 314 | 37 |
| GDB-13.subset | simplicity-selected GDB-13 molecules | 43 729 989 | 72 |
| GDB-13.FL | fragrance-like subset of GDB-13 | 59 482 898 | 68 |
| GDB-17 | molecules of up to 17 atoms of C, N, O, S, and halogens | 166 443 860 262 | 38 |

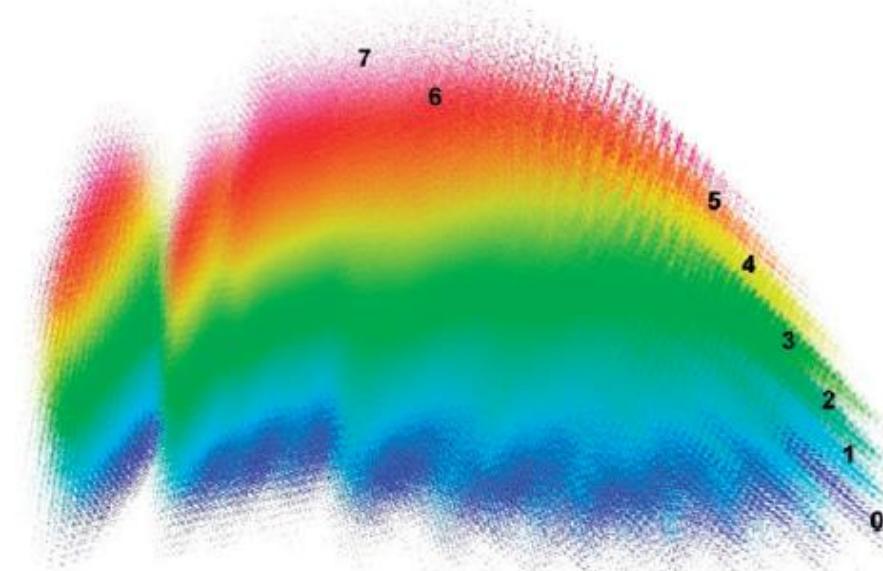
Reymond, J.L. The Chemical Space Project. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2015**, *48*, 722-730.

^aFor the latest version of each database as available in November 2014

A) Rings



B) H-Bond Acceptors



C) Categories

heteroaromatic

hetero-
cyclic

hetero-
acyclic

carbo-
cyclic

fused heterocyclic

fused carbocyclic

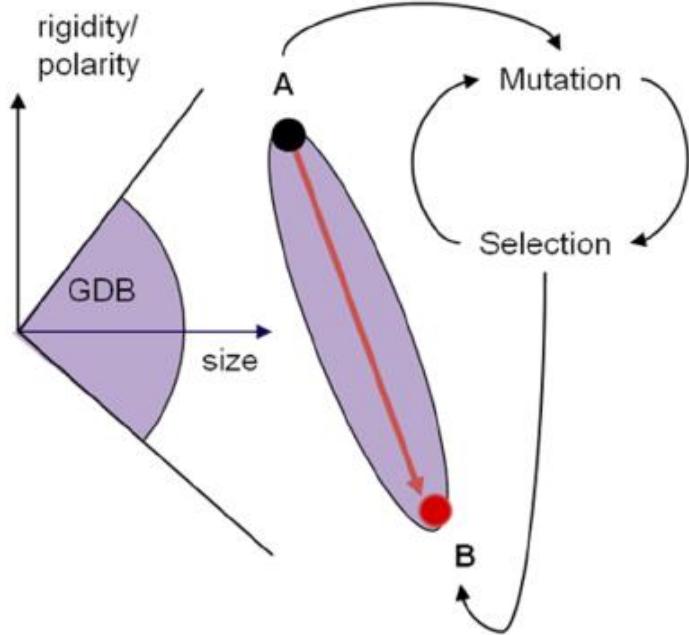
carboacyclic

O espaço químico Análise do PubChem

Reymond, J.L.; Awale, M. Exploring Chemical Space for Drug Discovery Using the Chemical Universe Database. *ACS Chem. Neurosci.* **2012**, 3, 649-657.

Viagem no espaço químico

A



B

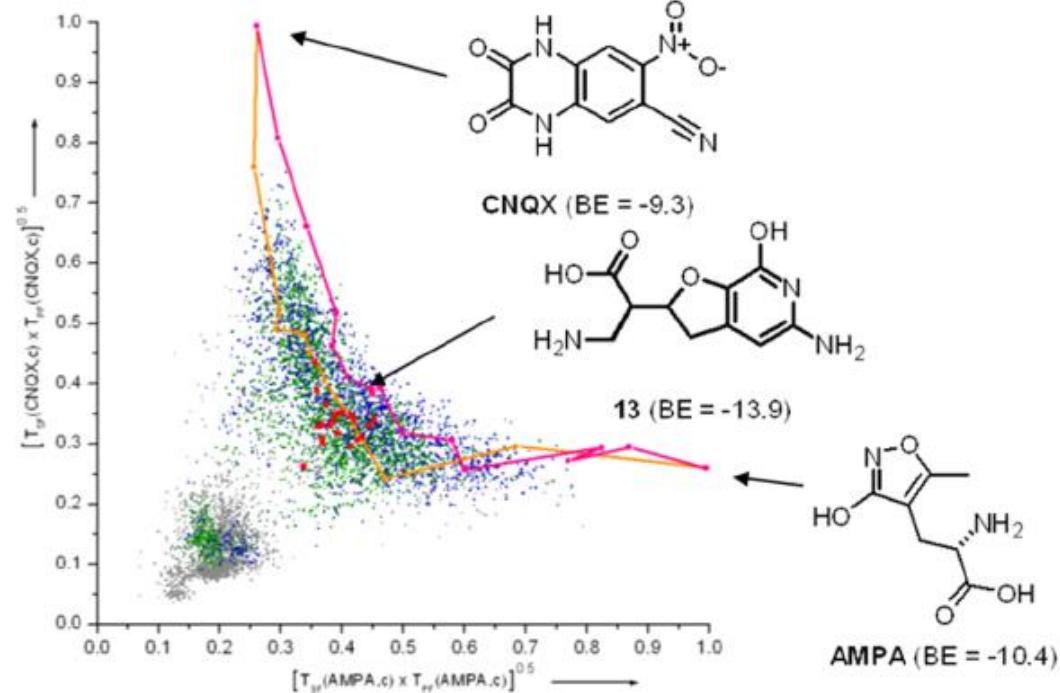


Figure 2. Chemical space travel. (A) Concept of chemical space travel. (B) Application to AMPA receptor ligands.

As propriedades físico-químicas e o espaço químico

Geração aleatória de moléculas com 1 ou 2 átomos de C, N, O, H.

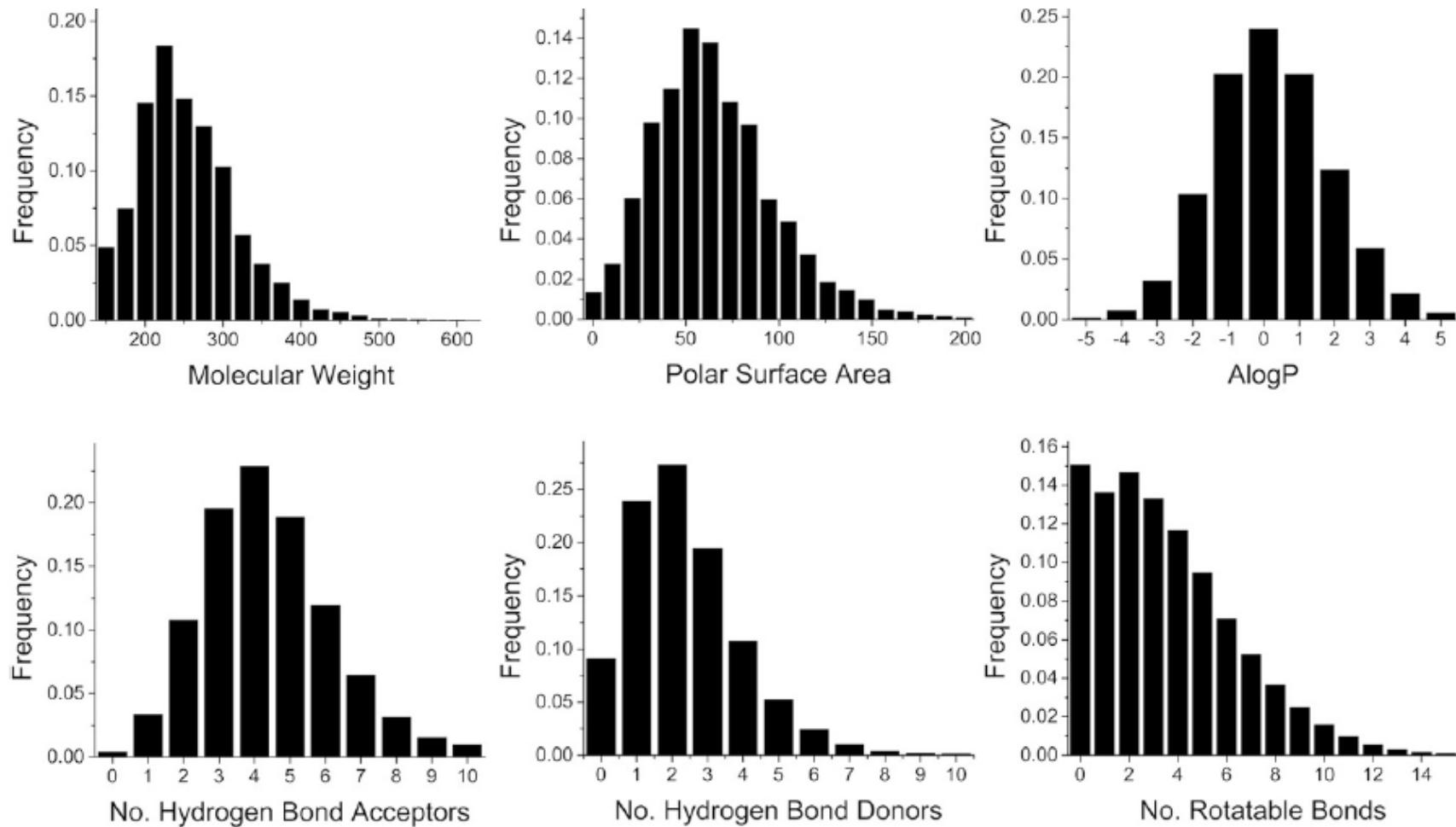
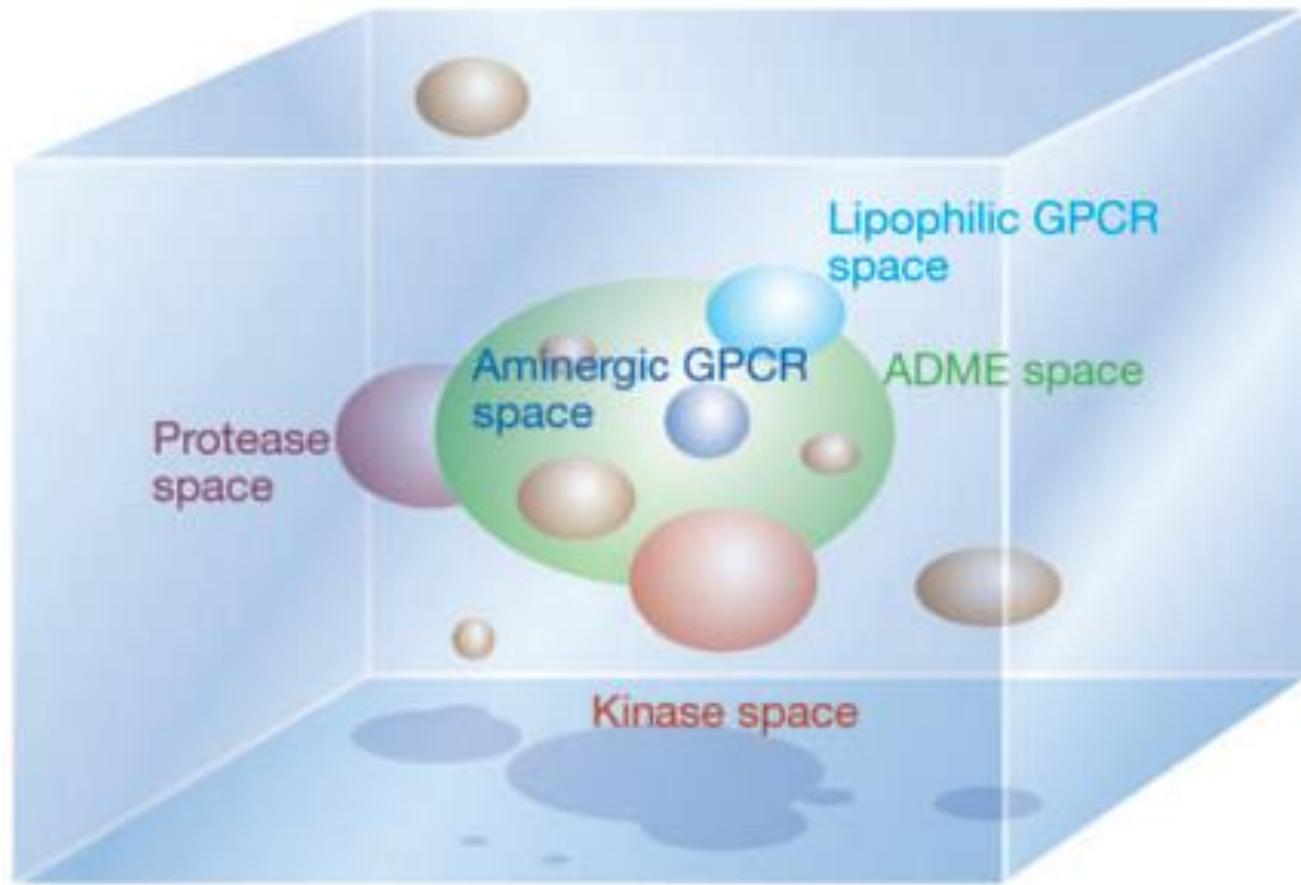


Figure 2 Histogram analysis of the 250,000 member enumerated virtual compound set.

O que é o espaço químico-biológico?



Lipinski, C.; Hopkins, A. Navigating chemical space for biology and medicine. *Nature* **2004**, 432, 855.

O que é *druggability*?

The concept of druggability postulates that since the binding sites on biological molecules are complementary with their ligands in terms of volume, topology and physicochemical properties, then only certain binding sites on putative drug targets will be compatible with high-affinity binding to compounds with drug-like properties.