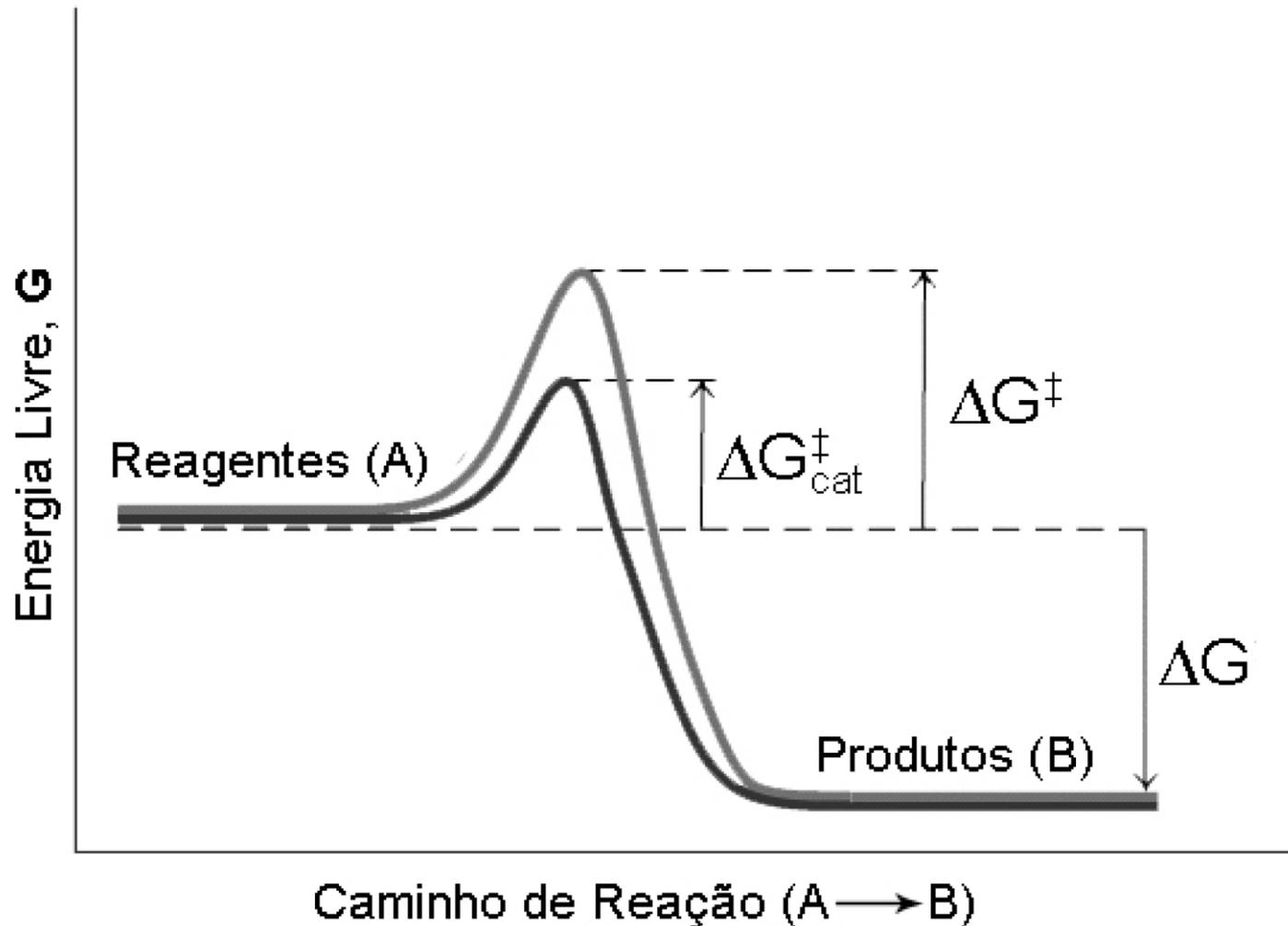


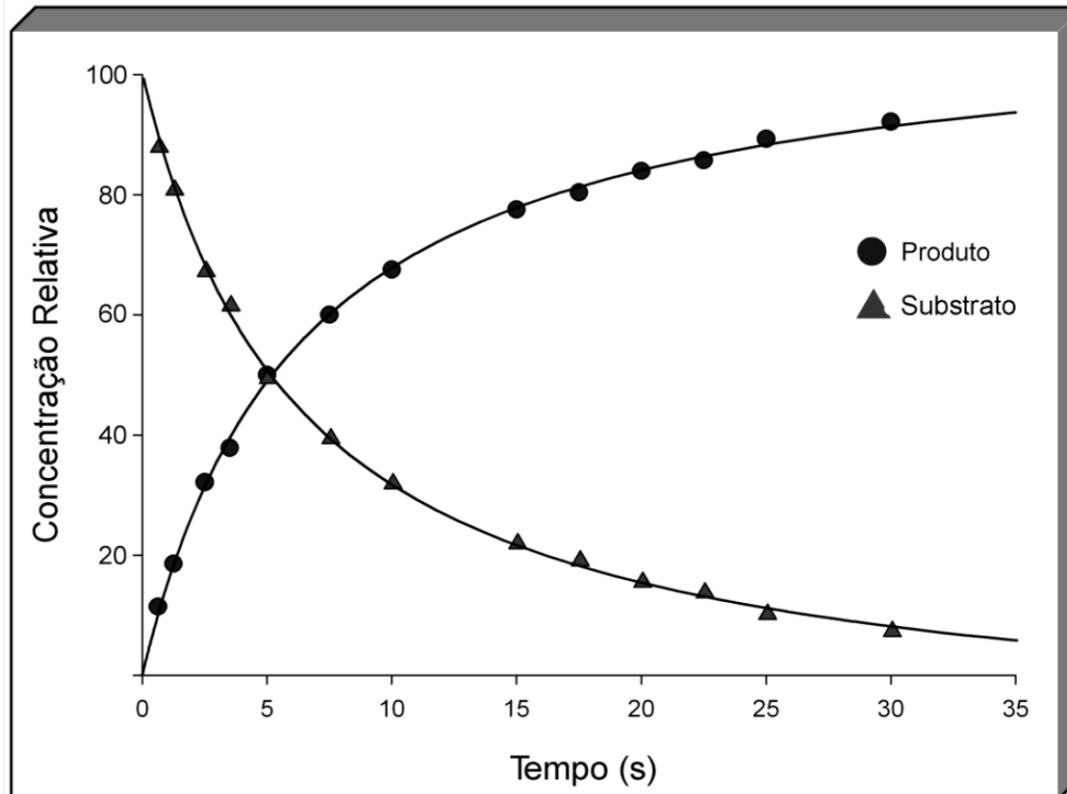
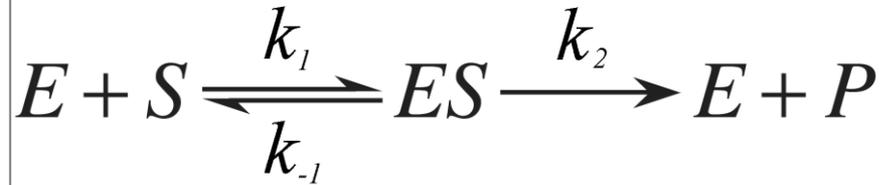
Química Medicinal

Prof. Dr. Andrei Leitão

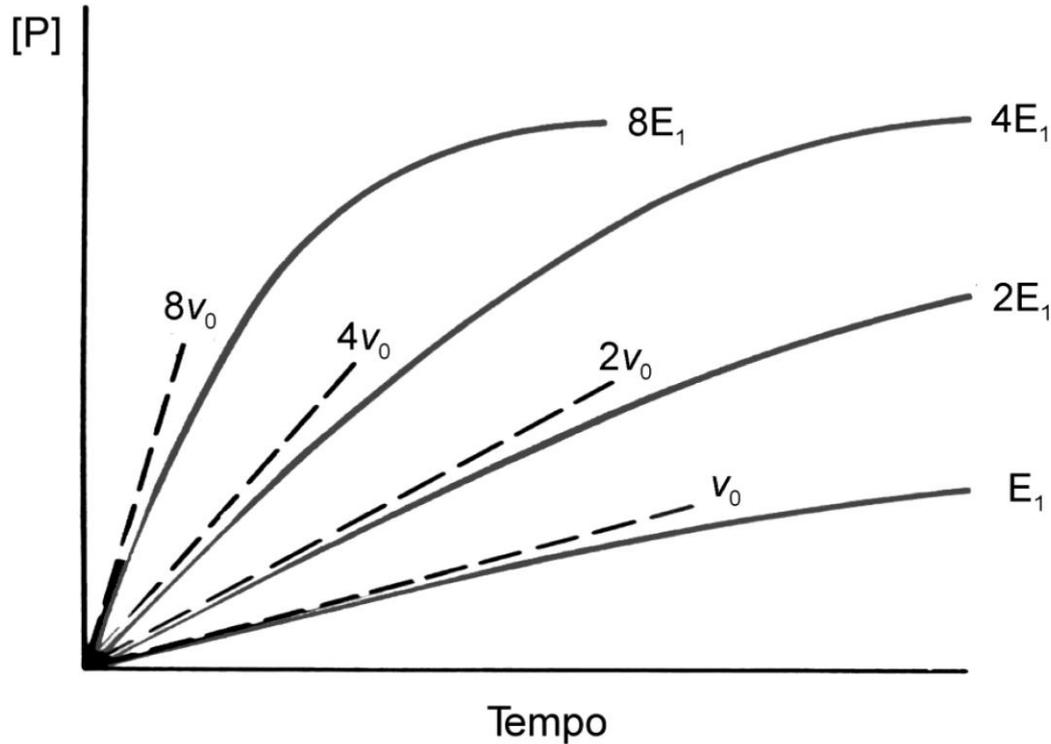
Ensaio bioquímicos - enzimas



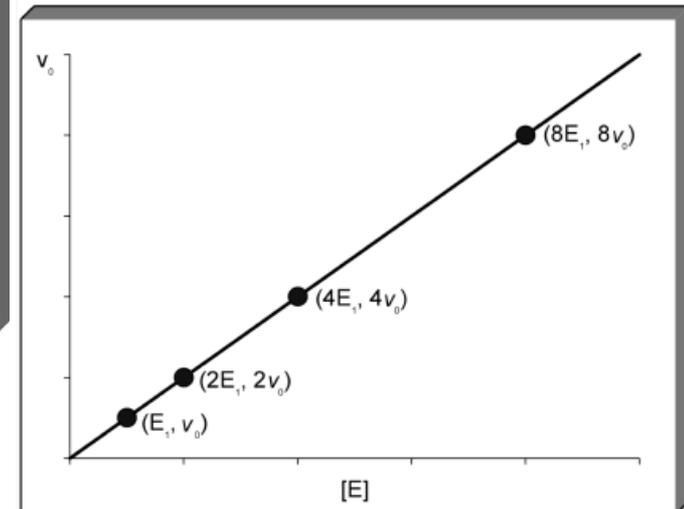
Enzima & catálise



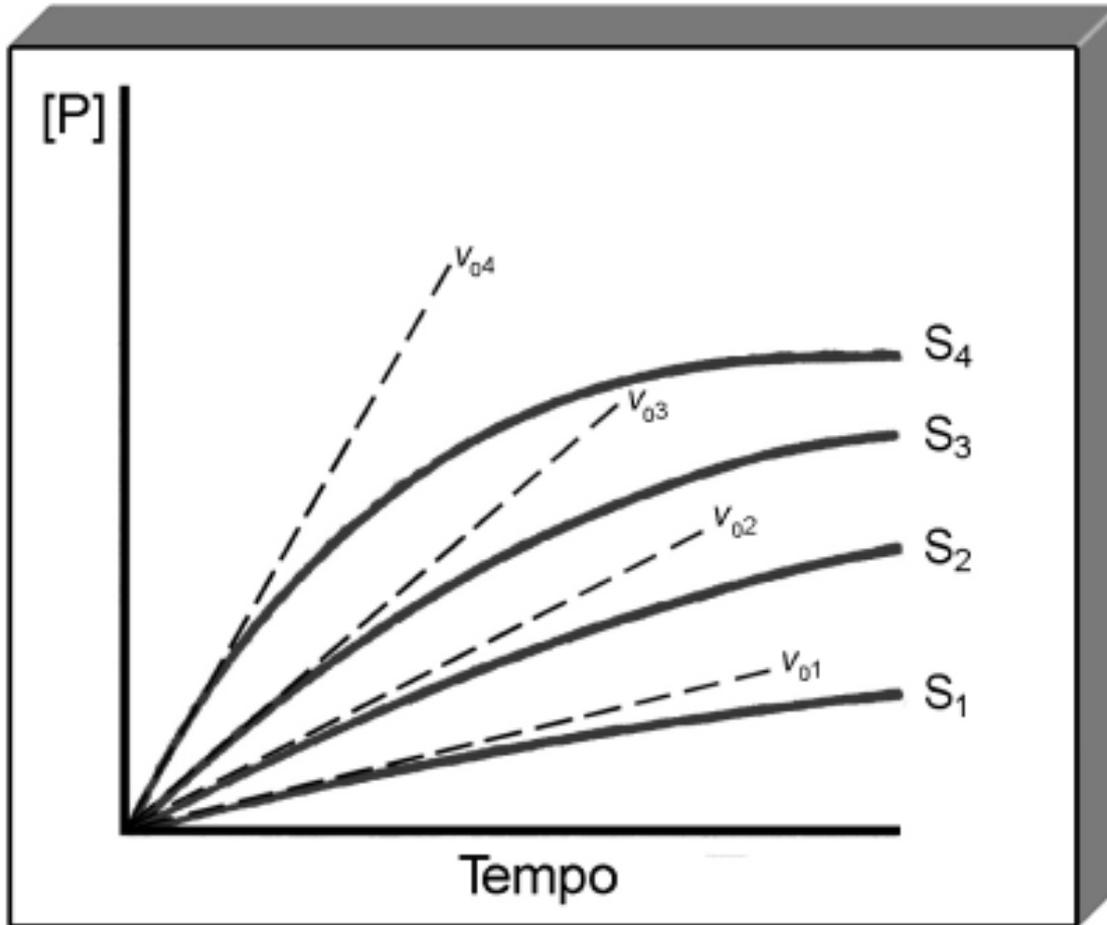
Formação de produto e concentração de enzima



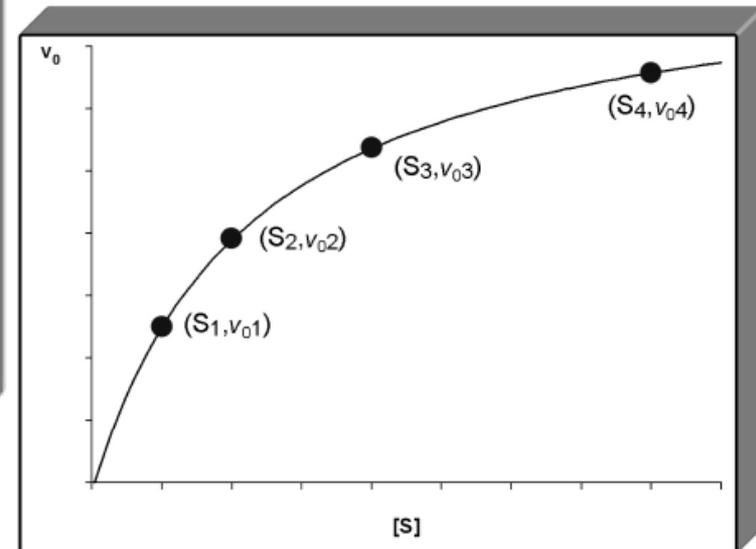
$$v_0 = -\frac{\Delta S}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta P}{\Delta t}$$



Formação de produto e concentração de substrato



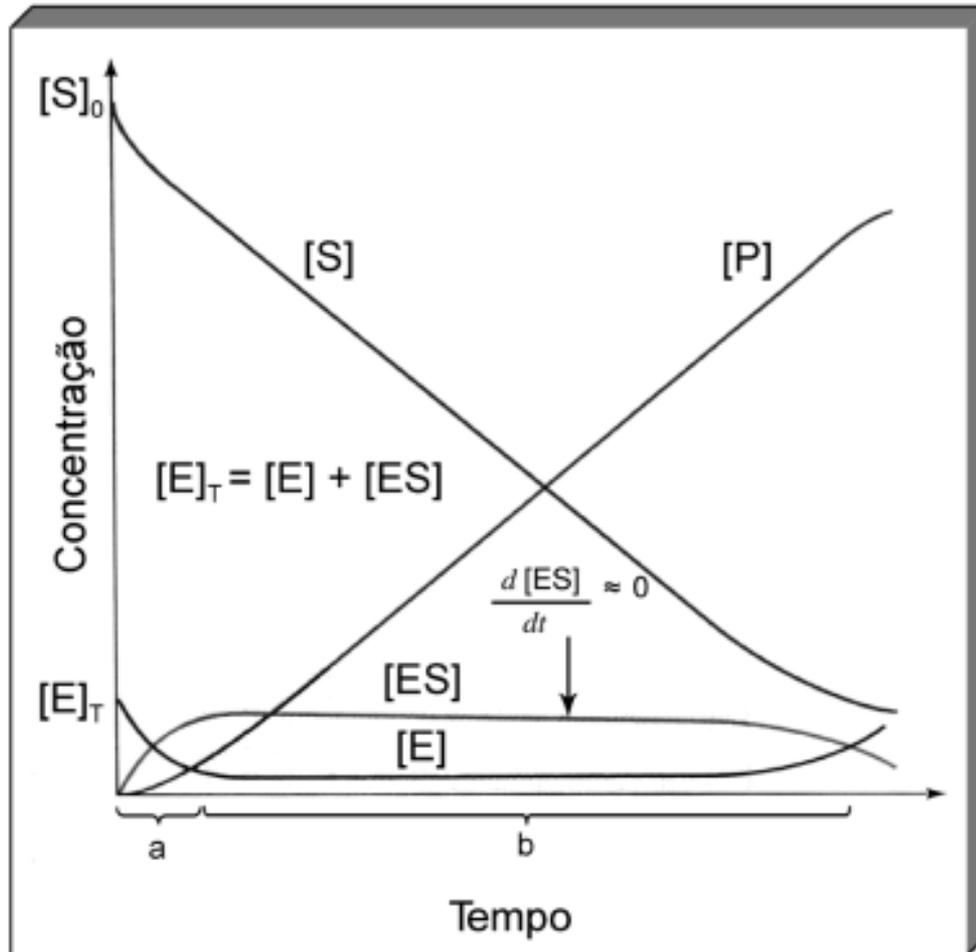
$$v_0 = -\frac{\Delta S}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta P}{\Delta t}$$



O estado estacionário

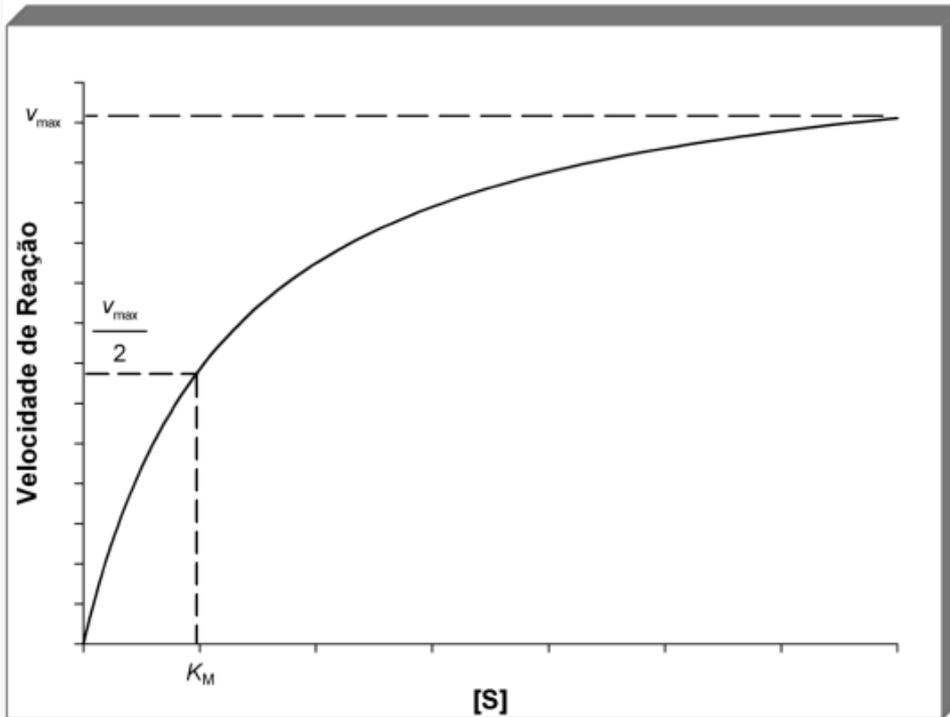
Michaelis-Menten

$$v = \frac{V_{\max} [S]}{K_M + [S]}$$

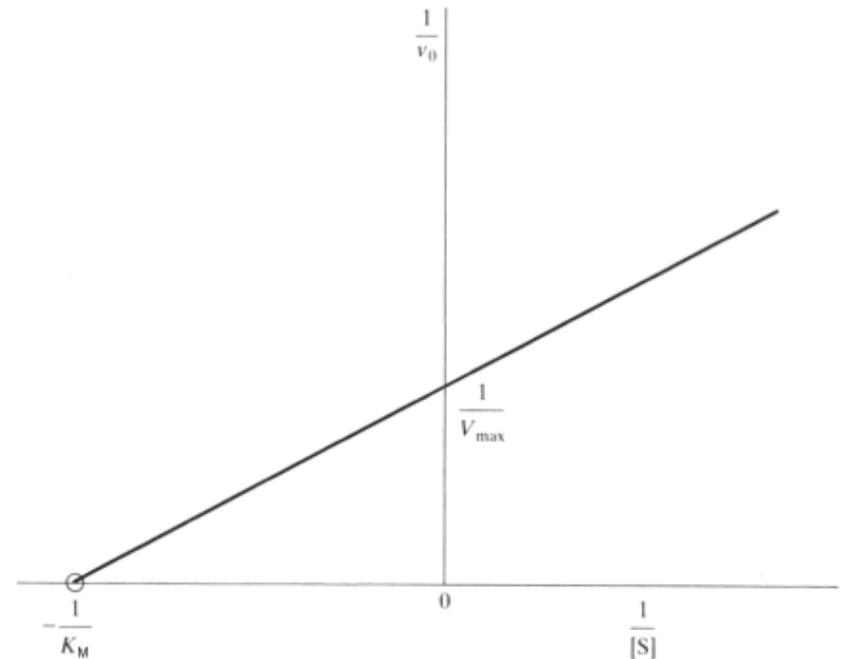


(**a** corresponde ao período de indução e **b** a v_0)

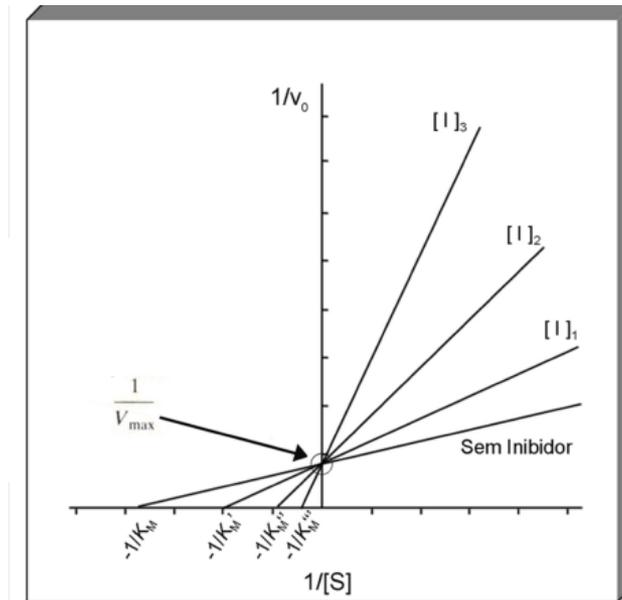
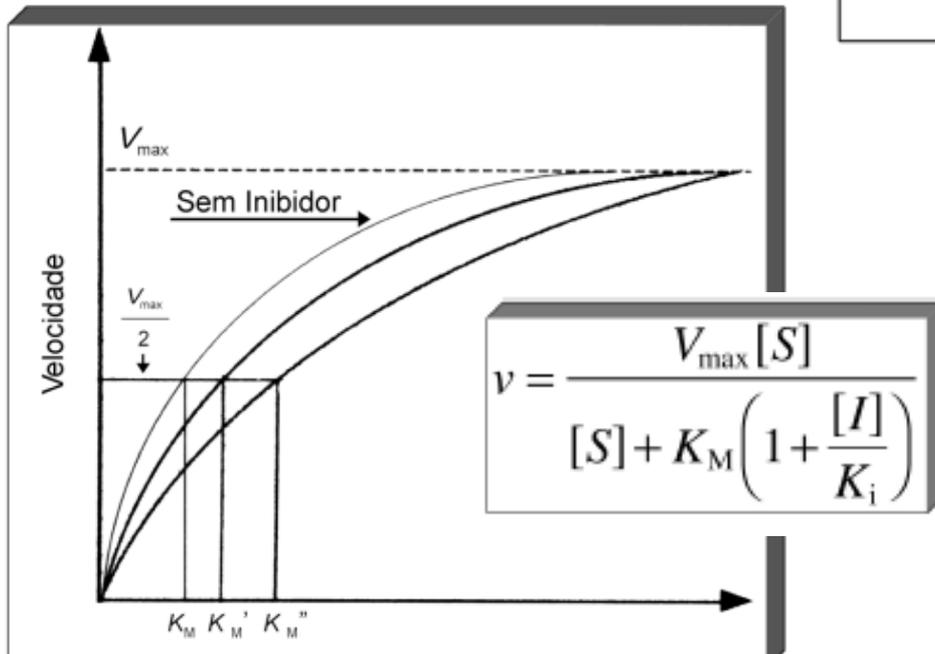
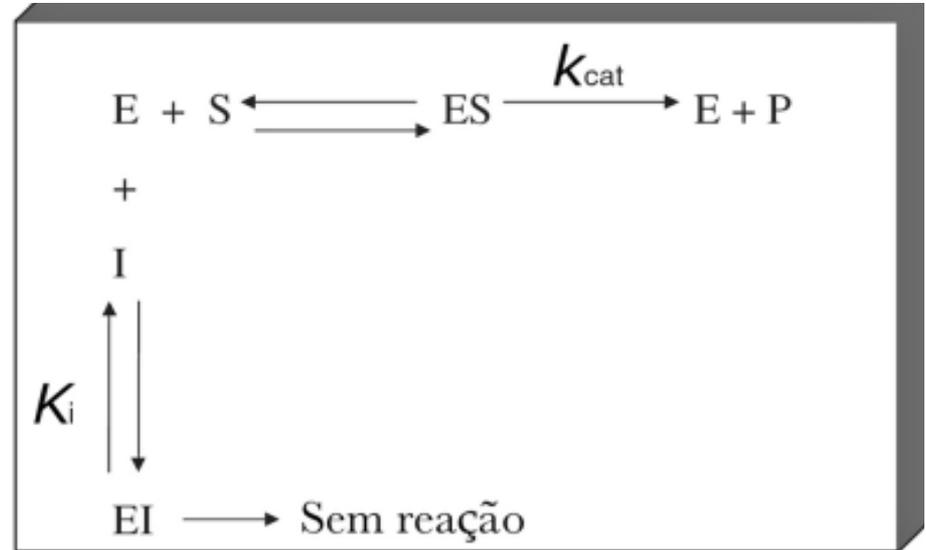
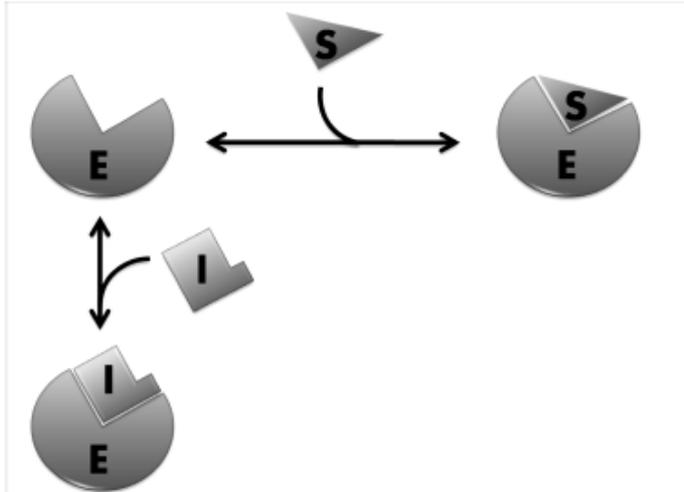
Determinação de K_M e V_{max}



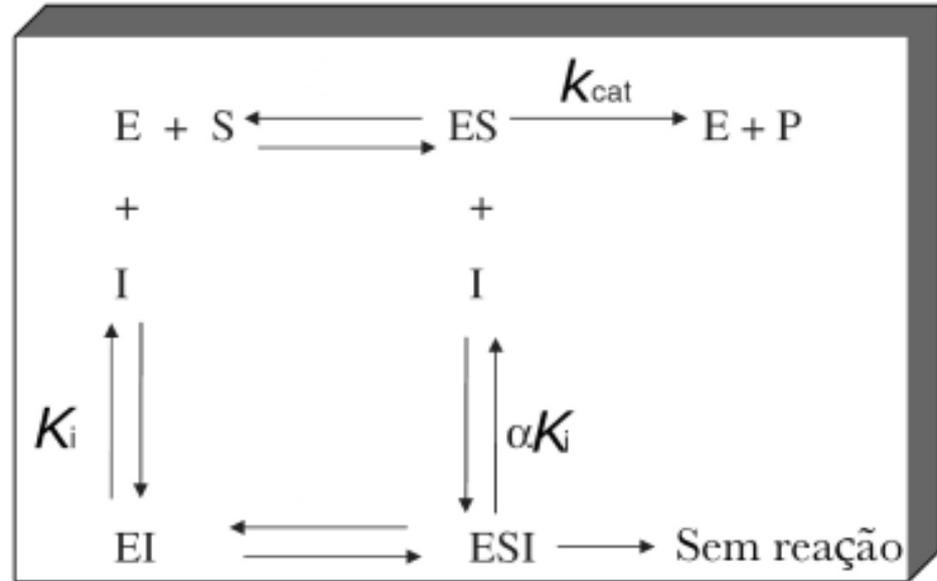
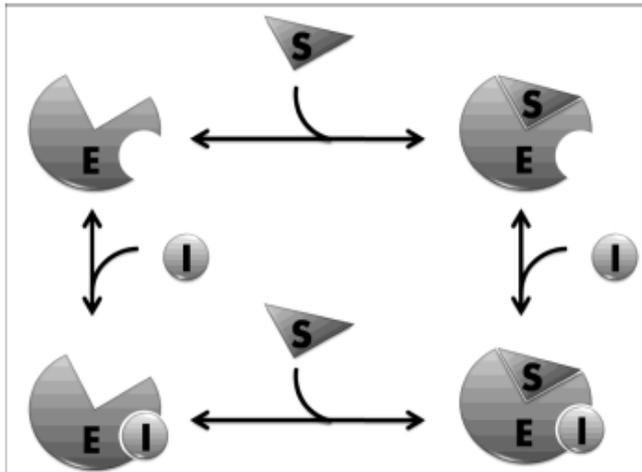
$$\frac{1}{v} = \left(\frac{K_M}{V_{max}} \cdot \frac{1}{[S]} \right) + \frac{1}{V_{max}}$$



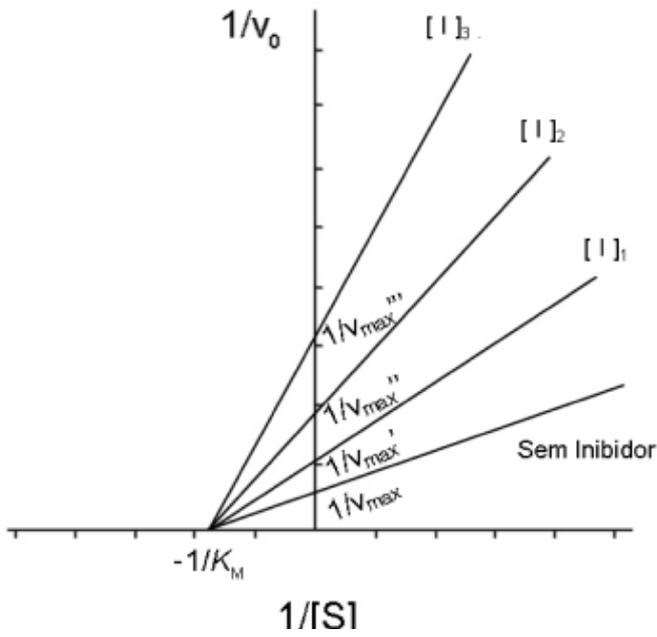
Inibição enzimática competitiva



Inibição enzimática não competitiva

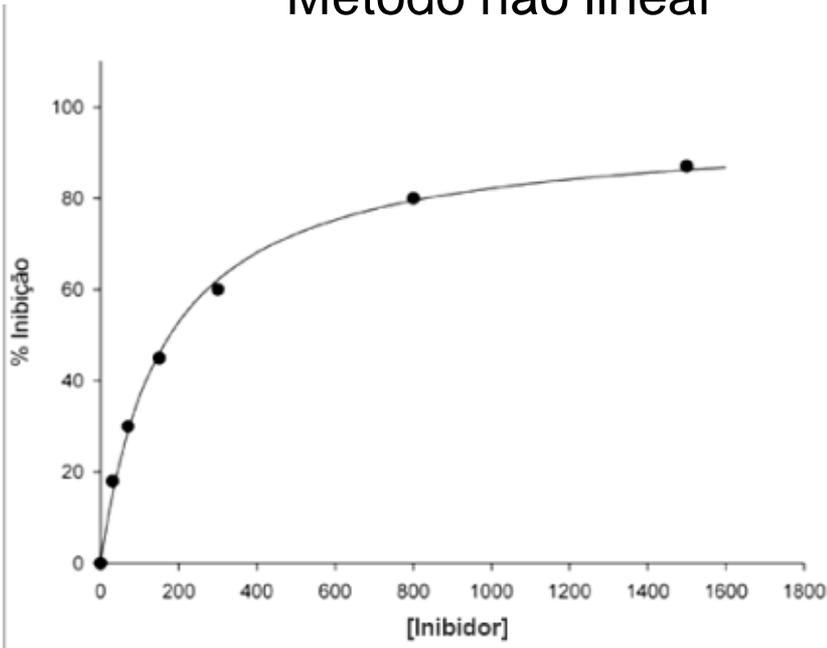


$$v = \frac{V_{max} [S]}{([S] + K_M) \left(1 + \frac{[I]}{K_i} \right)}$$

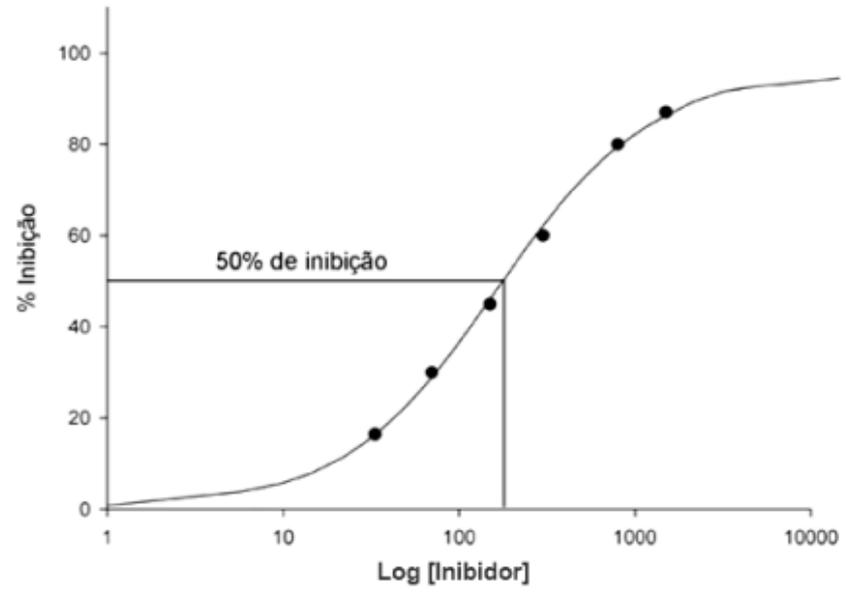


Determinação de IC₅₀

Método não linear



Semi-logarítmico



$$IC_{50} = K_i \left(1 + \frac{[S]}{K_M} \right)$$

Mecanismo Competitivo

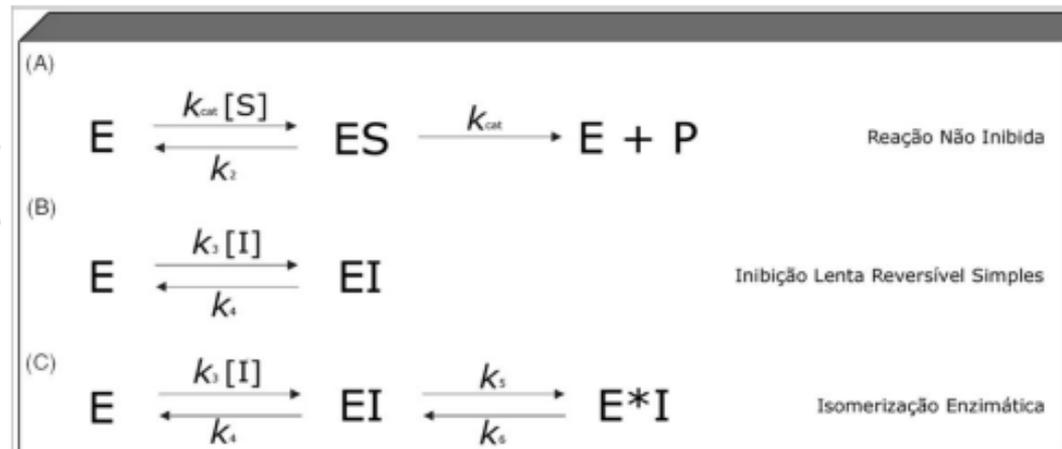
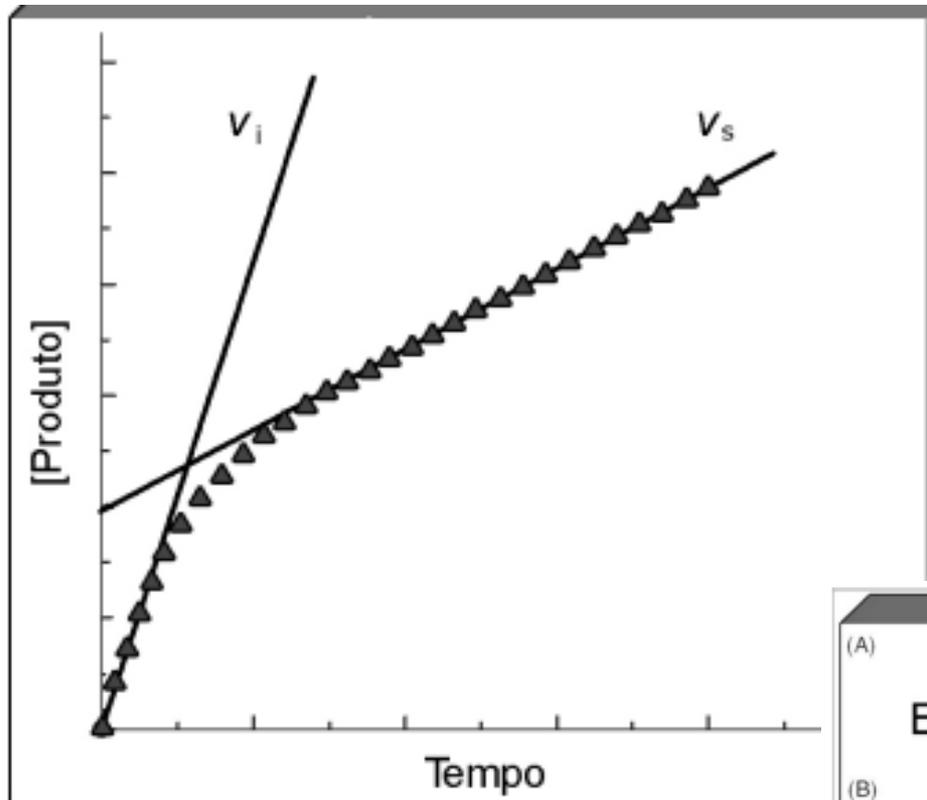
$$IC_{50} = \frac{[S] + K_M}{\frac{K_M}{K_i} + \alpha K_i}, \quad \text{quando } \alpha = 1, IC_{50} = K_i$$

Mecanismo Não-Competitivo

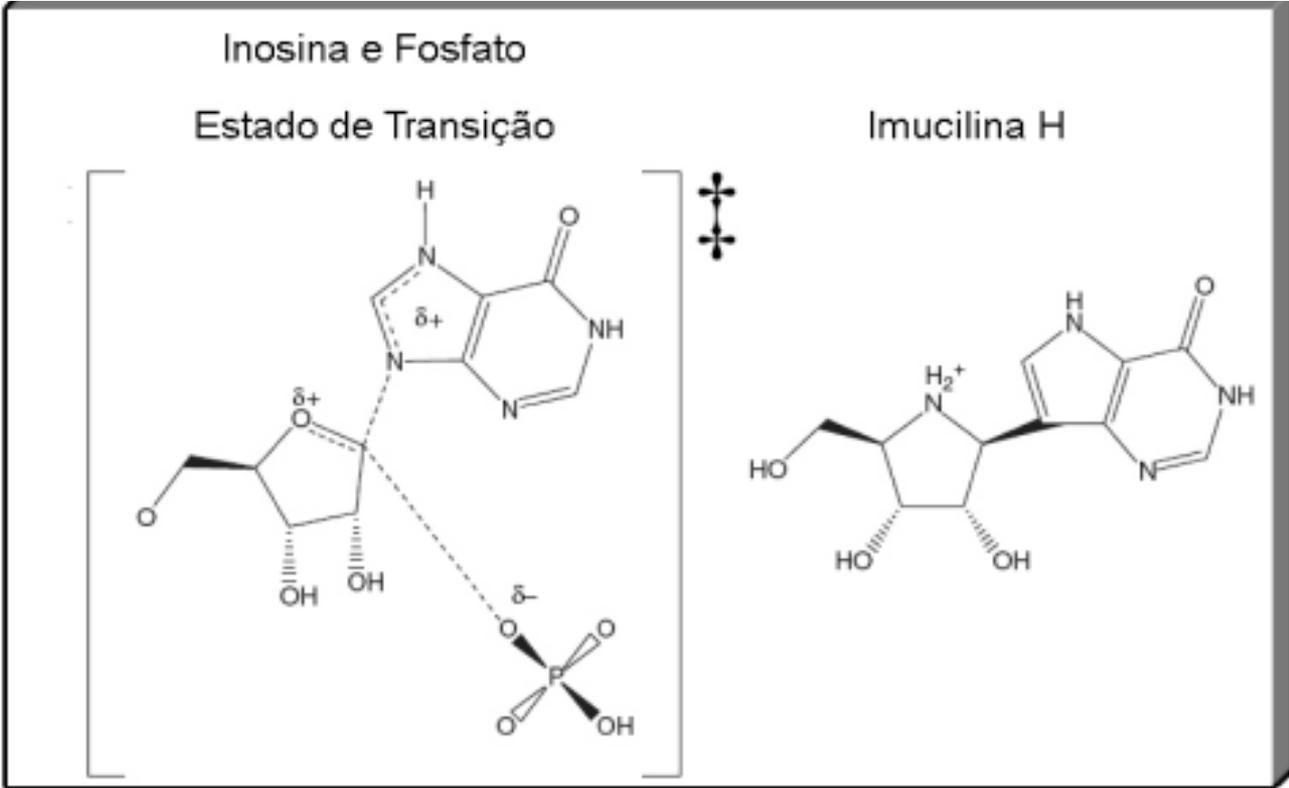
$$IC_{50} = \alpha K_i \left(1 + \frac{K_M}{[S]} \right)$$

Mecanismo Incompetitivo

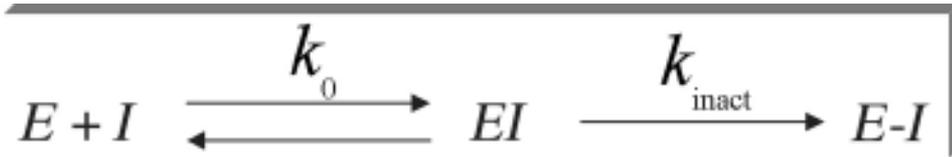
Ligação lenta do inibidor



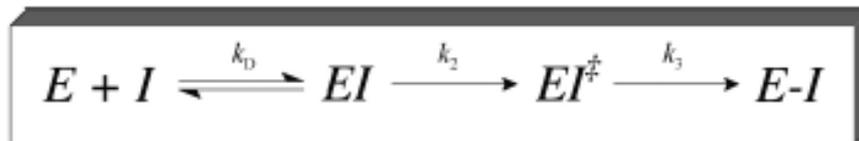
Inibidor baseado no estado de transição



Inibidor irreversível



Mecanismo de inativação enzimática com base no mecanismo



Suicida