

Eletromagnetismo Avançado

1º ciclo
Aula de 20 de agosto

Leis de conservação

1. Carga elétrica

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{J} = -\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$$

Leis de conservação

1. Carga elétrica

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{J} = -\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$$

2. Energia

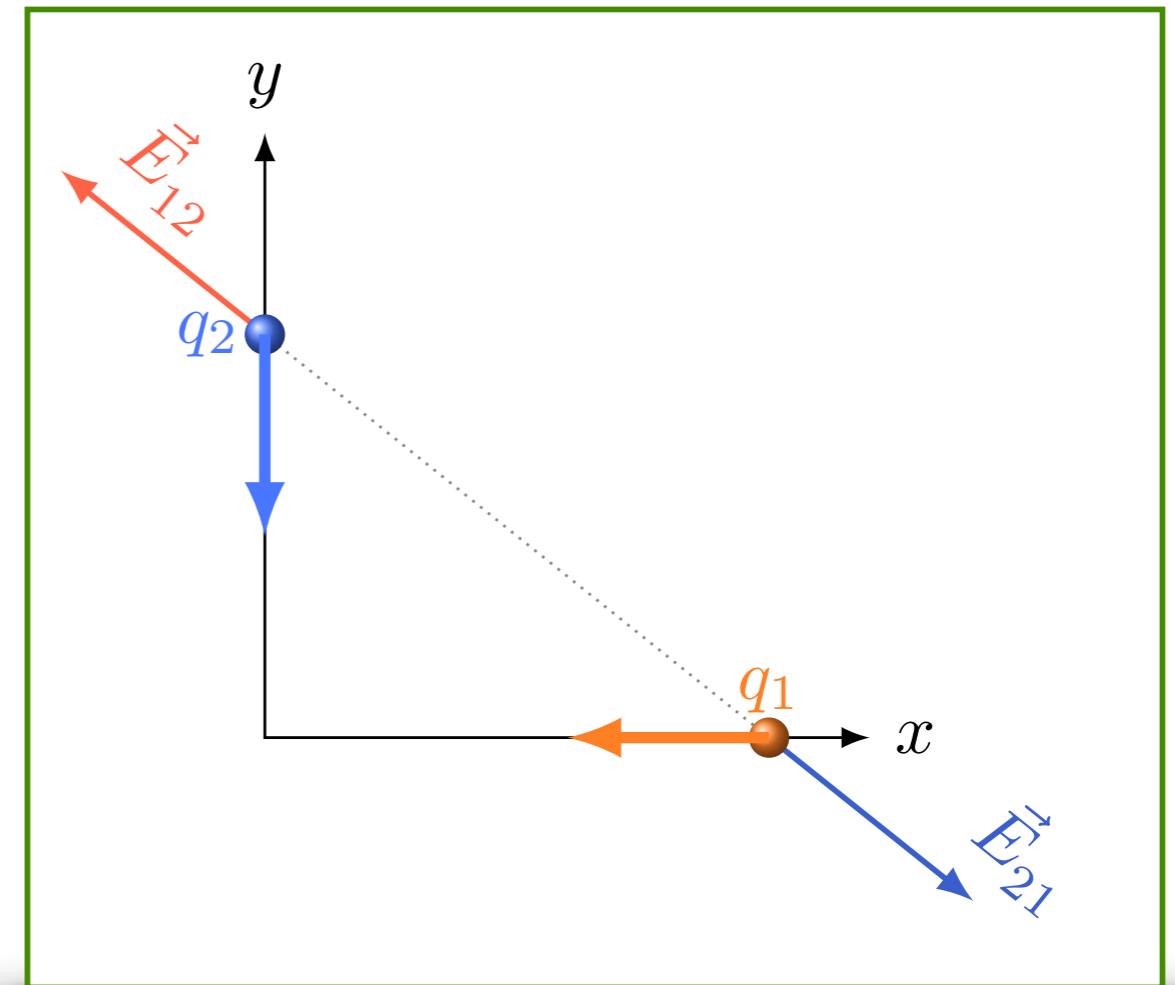
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (u_{mec} + u_{em}) = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{S}$$

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

Leis de conservação

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

3. Momento

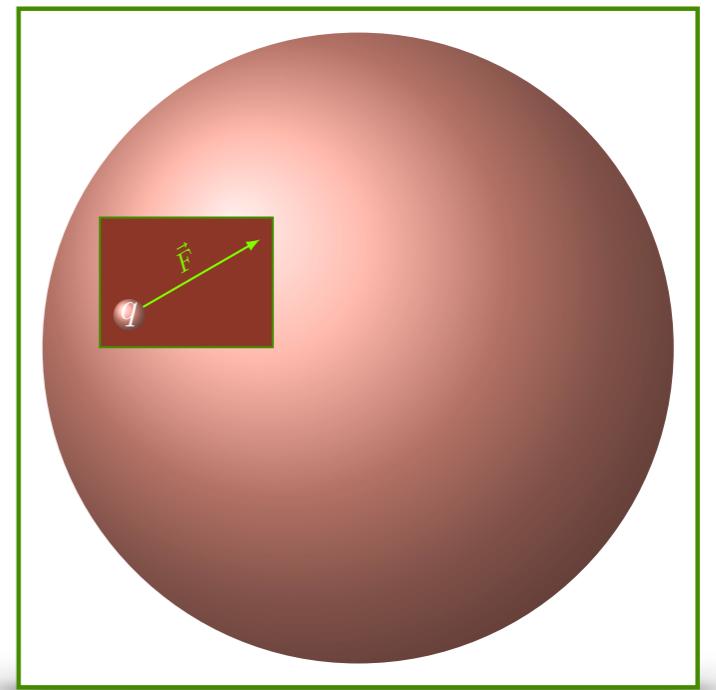


Leis de conservação

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

3. Momento

$$\vec{F} = \int_V \rho \vec{E} + \vec{J} \times \vec{B} \, d\tau$$



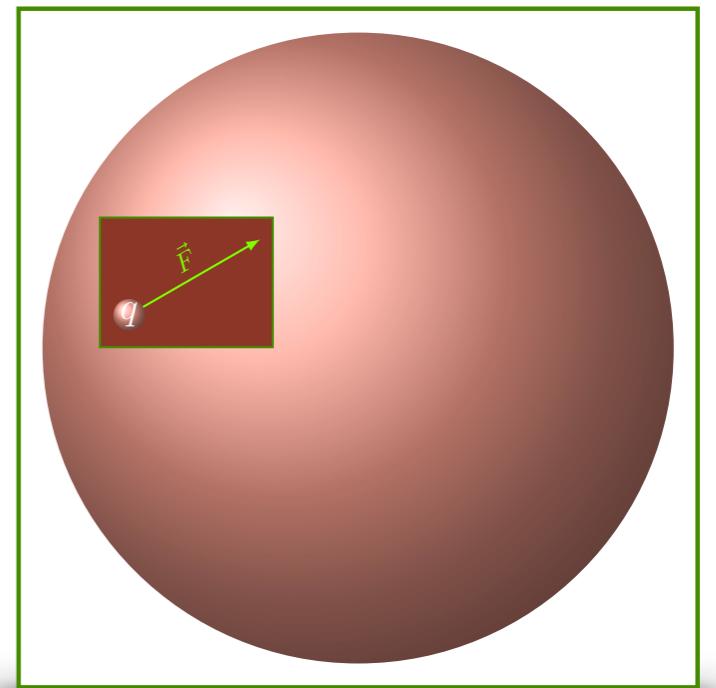
Leis de conservação

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3. Momento

$$\vec{F} = \int_{\mathcal{V}} \rho \vec{E} + \vec{J} \times \vec{B} \, d\tau$$

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Leis de conservação

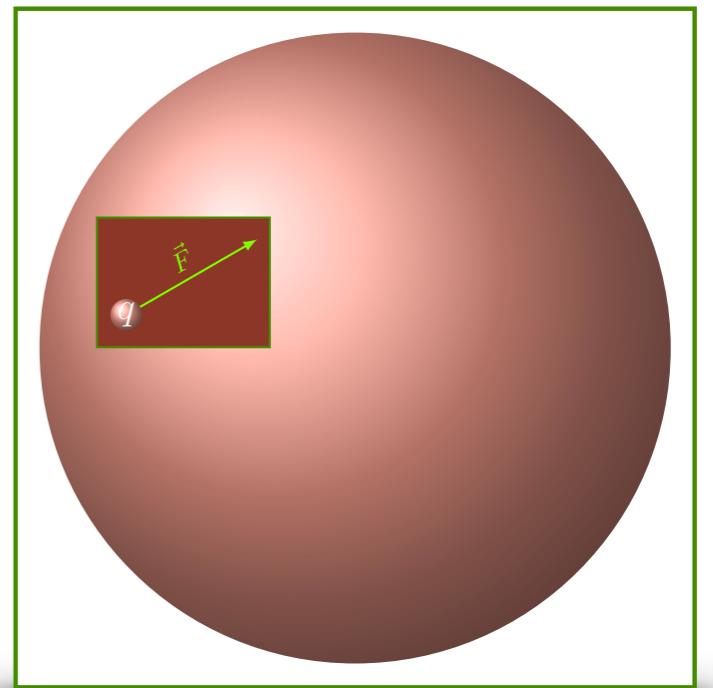
$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

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$$\rho = \epsilon_0 \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}$$



Leis de conservação

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

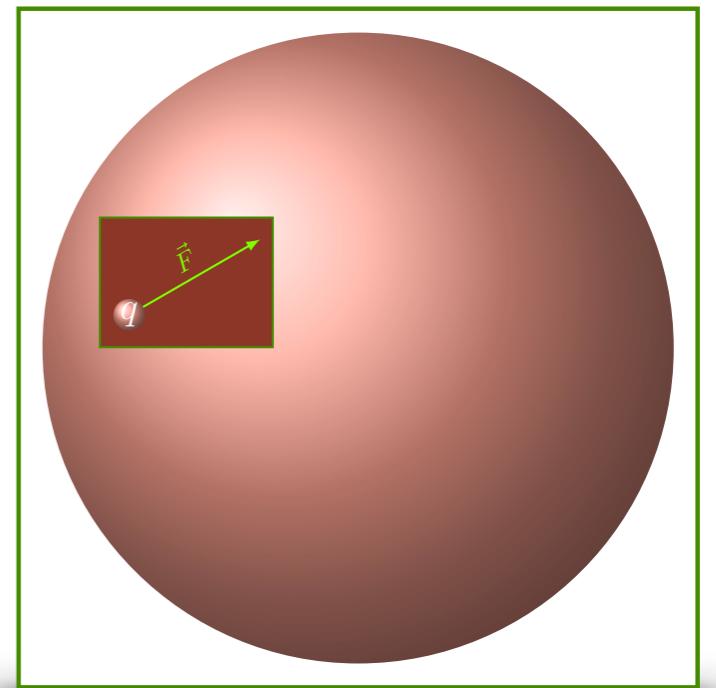
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$$\rho = \epsilon_0 \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{J} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

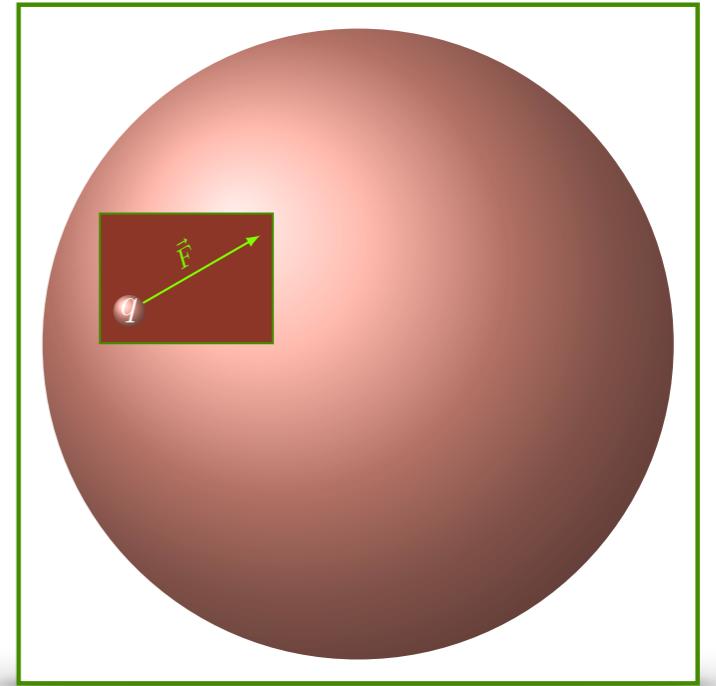


Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$\vec{F} = \int_{\mathcal{V}} \rho \vec{E} + \vec{J} \times \vec{B} \, d\tau$$

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$$\rho = \epsilon_0 \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{J} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \times \vec{B} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B}) + \vec{E} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E})$$

$$\vec{E} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E}) = \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} E^2 - (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}$$

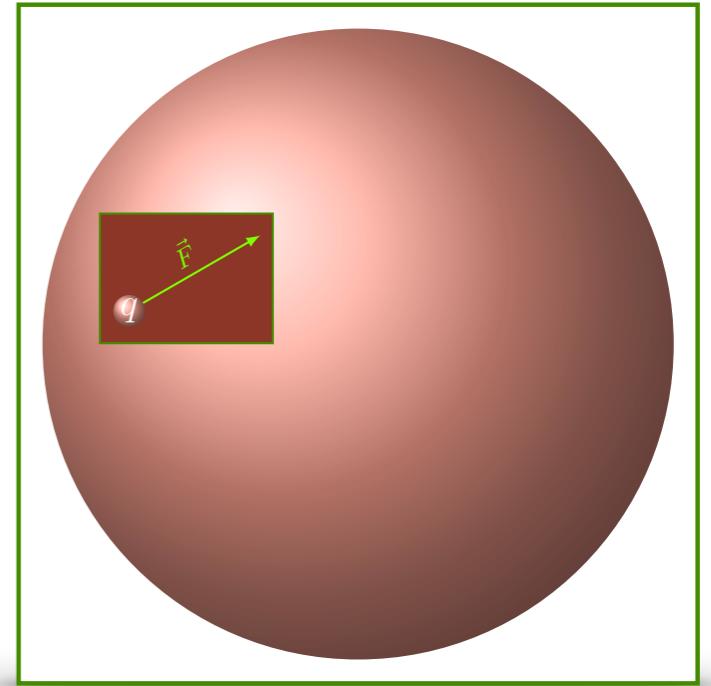
$$\vec{B} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}) = \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} B^2 - (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$\vec{F} = \int_{\mathcal{V}} \rho \vec{E} + \vec{J} \times \vec{B} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{f} = \rho \vec{E} + \vec{J} \times \vec{B}$$



$$\rho = \epsilon_0 \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{J} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \left(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \times \vec{B} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B}) + \vec{E} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E})$$

$$\vec{E} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E}) = \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} E^2 - (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{B} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}) = \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} B^2 - (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{J} \times \vec{B} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{B} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}) + \epsilon_0 \vec{B} \times \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$\vec{f} = \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}) \vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}] - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$\vec{f} = \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}) \vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}] \\ - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

$$\vec{f} = \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}) \vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B}) \vec{B} + (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}] \\ - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})\vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{E} = ?$$

$$\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right] \begin{bmatrix} E_x E_x & E_x E_y & E_x E_z \\ E_y E_x & E_y E_y & E_y E_z \\ E_z E_x & E_z E_y & E_z E_z \end{bmatrix} = []$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})\vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{E} = ?$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E_x E_x & E_x E_y & E_x E_z \\ E_y E_x & E_y E_y & E_y E_z \\ E_z E_x & E_z E_y & E_z E_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})E_x + \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} E_x & \{ \} E_y & \{ \} E_z \end{bmatrix}$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})\vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{E} = ?$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E_x E_x & E_x E_y & E_x E_z \\ E_y E_x & E_y E_y & E_y E_z \\ E_z E_x & E_z E_y & E_z E_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})E_x + \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} E_x & \{ \} E_y & \{ \} E_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{f} = & \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})\vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B})\vec{B} + (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{B}] \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B}) \end{aligned}$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})\vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{E} = ?$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{f} = & \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E})\vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B})\vec{B} + (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla})\vec{B}] \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{T} = & \epsilon_0 \begin{bmatrix} E_x E_x & E_x E_y & E_x E_z \\ E_y E_x & E_y E_y & E_y E_z \\ E_z E_x & E_z E_y & E_z E_z \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{\mu_0} \begin{bmatrix} B_x B_x & B_x B_y & B_x B_z \\ B_y B_x & B_y B_y & B_y B_z \\ B_z B_x & B_z B_y & B_z B_z \end{bmatrix} \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$\vec{f} = \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}) \vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B}) \vec{B} + (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}] \\ - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

$$T_{ij} = \epsilon_0 E_i E_j + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B_i B_j - \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ij} \left(\epsilon_0 E_{ii}^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B_{ii}^2 \right)$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

$$\vec{f} = \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}) \vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B}) \vec{B} + (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}] - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

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$$\vec{f} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot \mathbb{T} - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial \vec{S}}{\partial t}$$

$$F = \int_{\mathcal{V}} \vec{\nabla} \cdot \mathbb{T} \, d\tau - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \int_{\mathcal{V}} \frac{\partial \vec{S}}{\partial t} \, d\tau$$

Leis de conservação

3. Momento

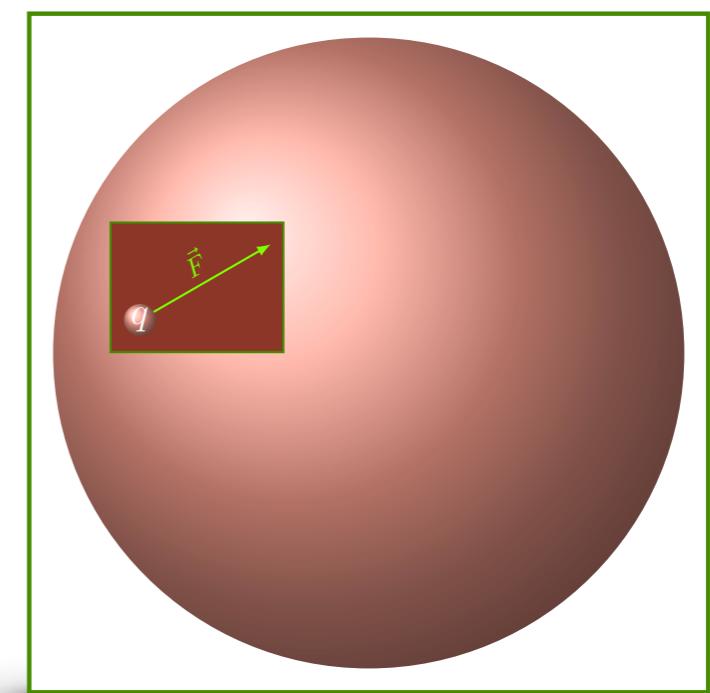
$$\vec{f} = \epsilon_0 [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}) \vec{E} + (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E}] + \frac{1}{\mu_0} [(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B}) \vec{B} + (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{B}] - \frac{1}{2} \vec{\nabla} \left(\epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) - \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

$$T_{ij} = \epsilon_0 E_i E_j + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B_i B_j - \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ij} \left(\epsilon_0 E_{ii}^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B_{ii}^2 \right)$$

$$\vec{f} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot \mathbb{T} - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial \vec{S}}{\partial t}$$

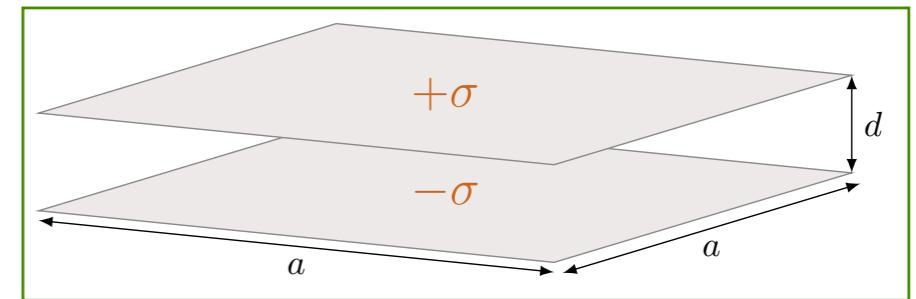
$$F = \int_V \vec{\nabla} \cdot \mathbb{T} \, d\tau - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \int_V \frac{\partial \vec{S}}{\partial t} \, d\tau$$

$$F = \int_A \mathbb{T} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} \, da - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \vec{S} \, d\tau$$



Pratique o que aprendeu

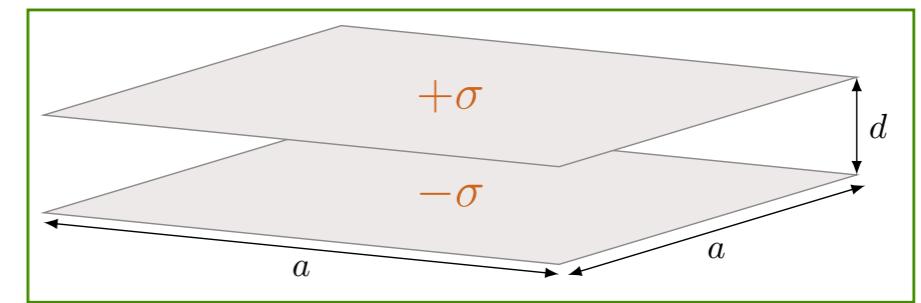
$$F = \int_A \mathbb{T} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} \, da - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \vec{S} \, d\tau$$



Pratique o que aprendeu

$$F = \int_A \mathbb{T} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} \, da - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \vec{S} \, d\tau$$

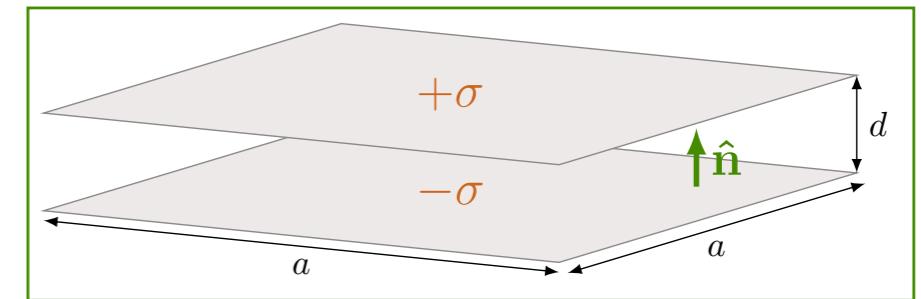
$$\mathbb{T} = \epsilon_0 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$



Pratique o que aprendeu

$$F = \int_A \mathbb{T} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} \, da - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \vec{S} \, d\tau$$

$$\mathbb{T} = \epsilon_0 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

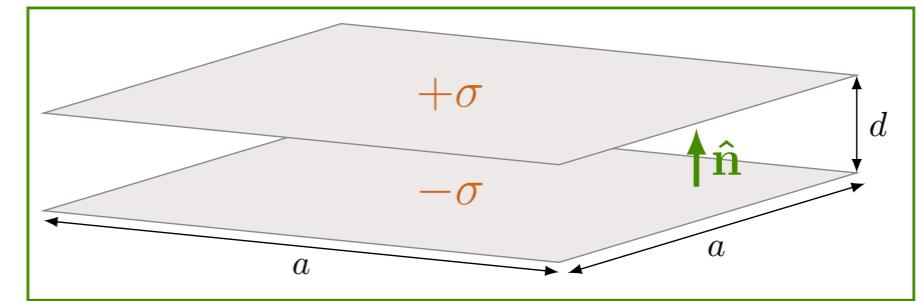


$$\mathbb{T} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} = \epsilon_0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Pratique o que aprendeu

$$F = \int_A \mathbb{T} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} \, da - \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \vec{S} \, d\tau$$

$$\mathbb{T} = \epsilon_0 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\mathbb{T} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} = \epsilon_0 \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\sigma^2}{2\epsilon_0} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$