

# Eletrromagnetismo Avançado

7600035

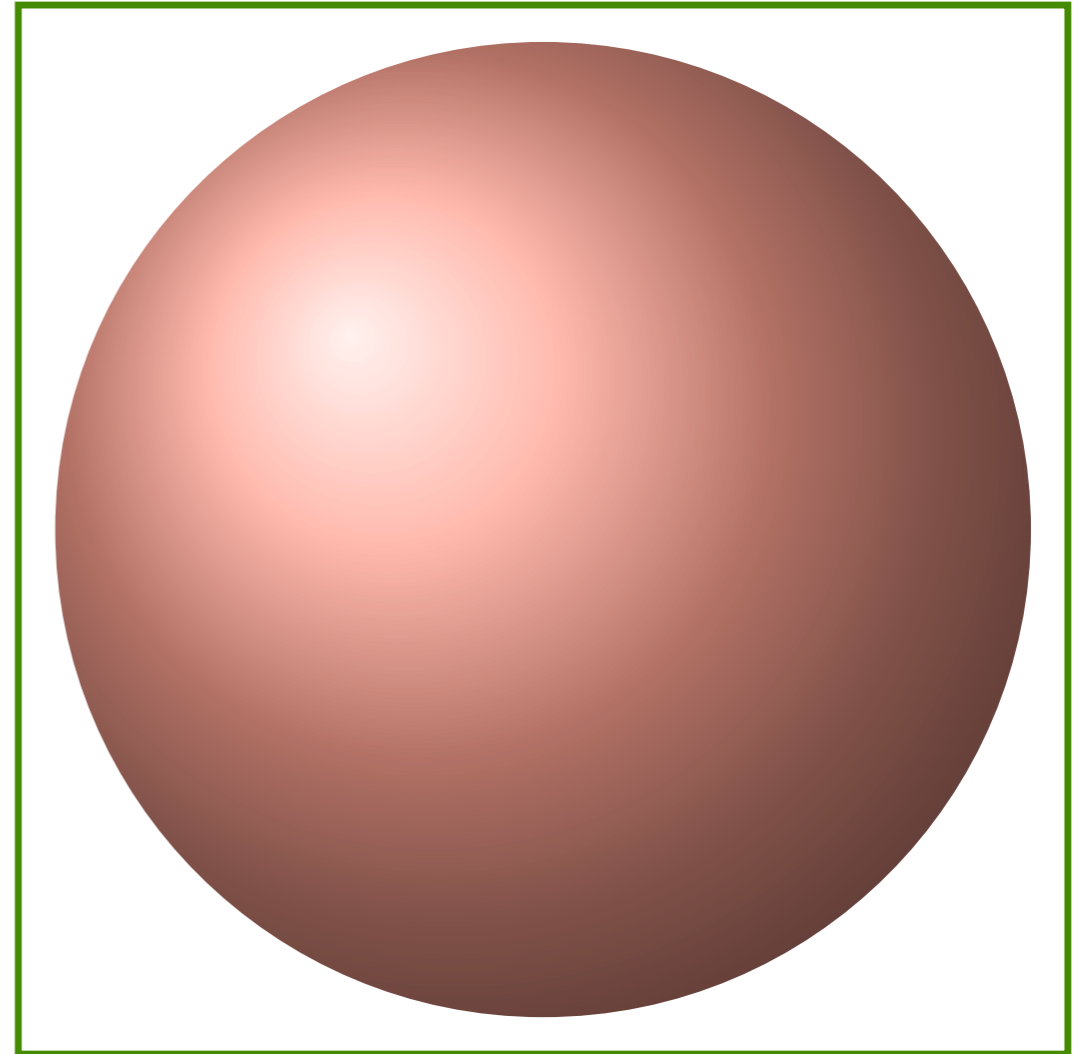
Aula de 20 de agosto

# Leis de conservação

## 1. Carga elétrica

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{J} = -\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$$

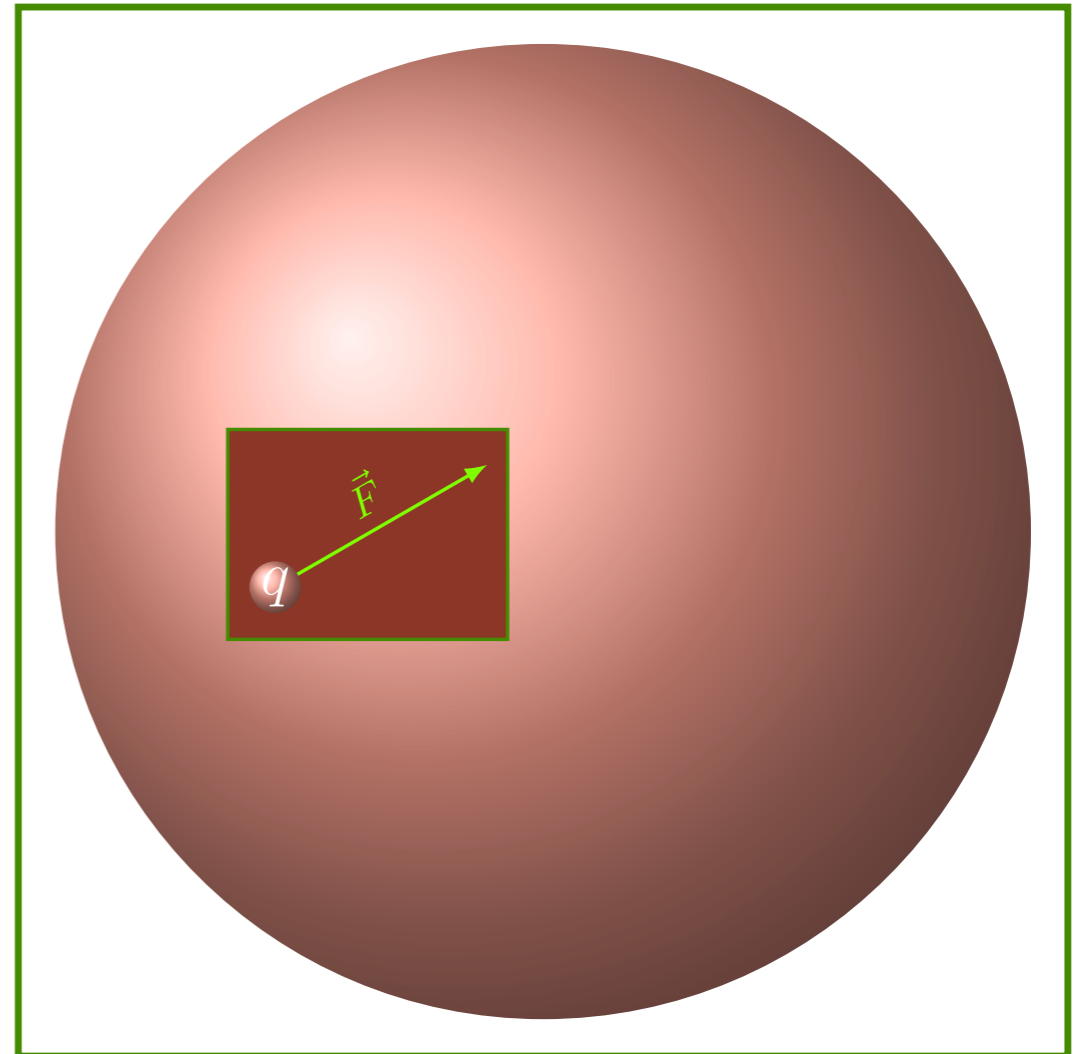
EQ. CONTINUIDADE



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\vec{F} = q(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})$$

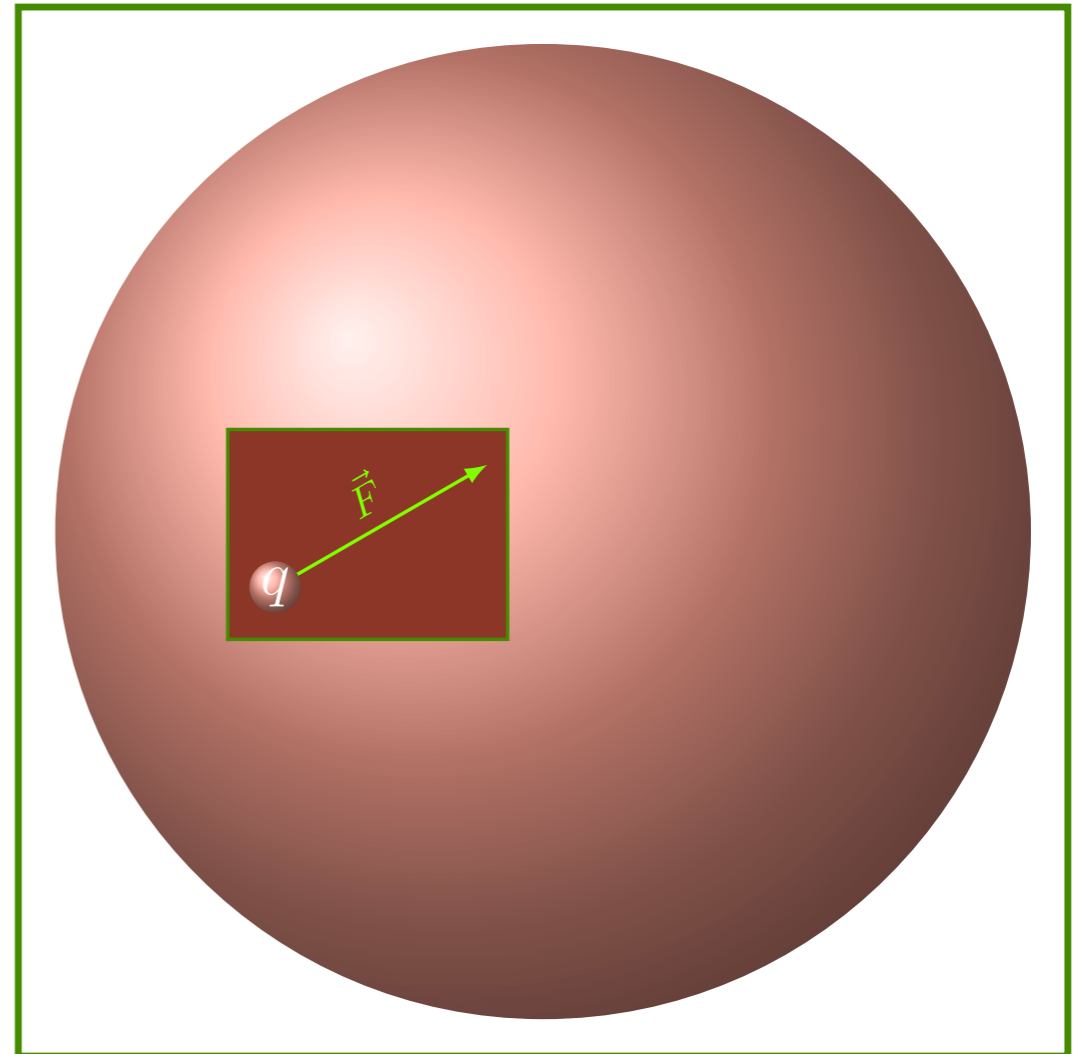


# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\vec{F} = q(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})$$

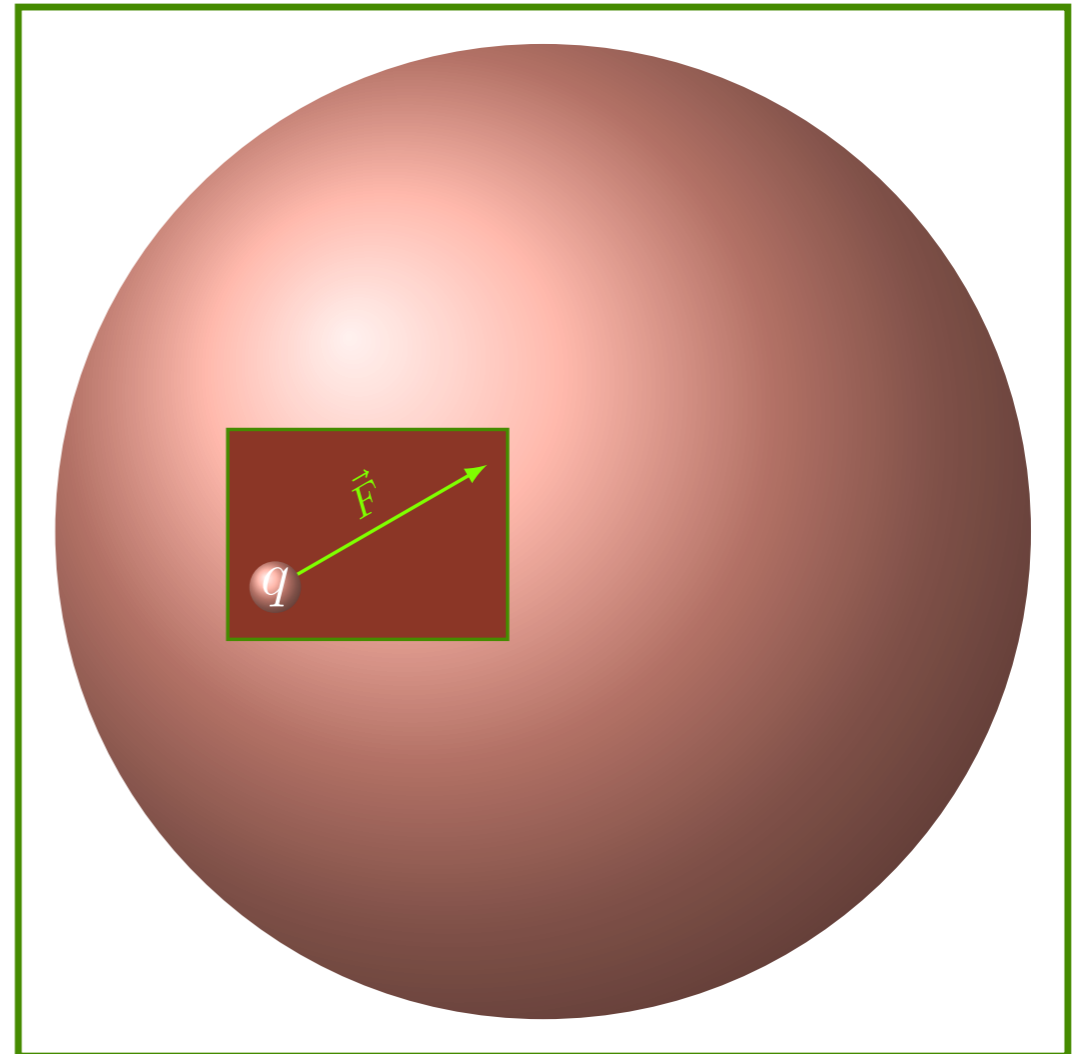
$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} d\tau$$



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} d\tau$$



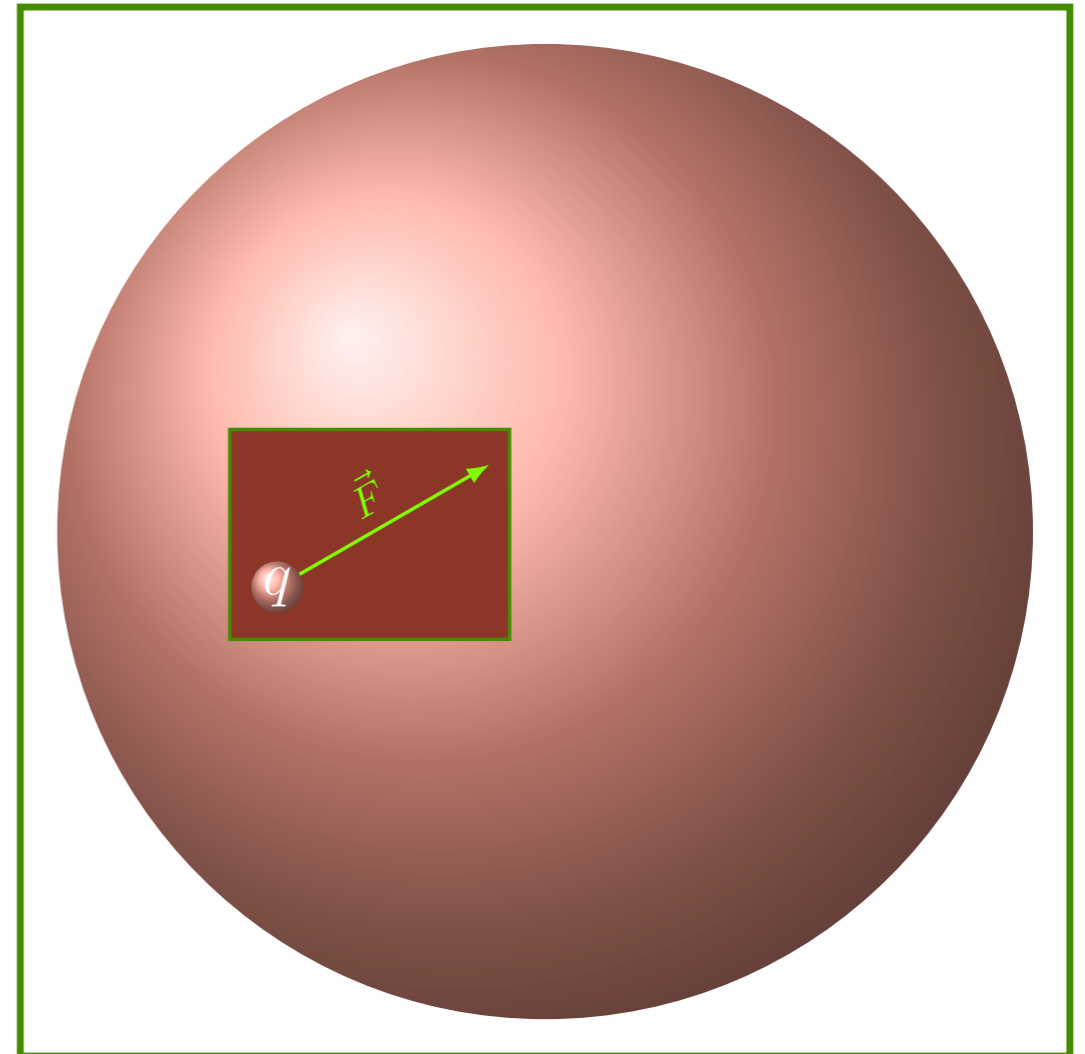
# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} d\tau$$

AMPÈRE + MAXWELL

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$



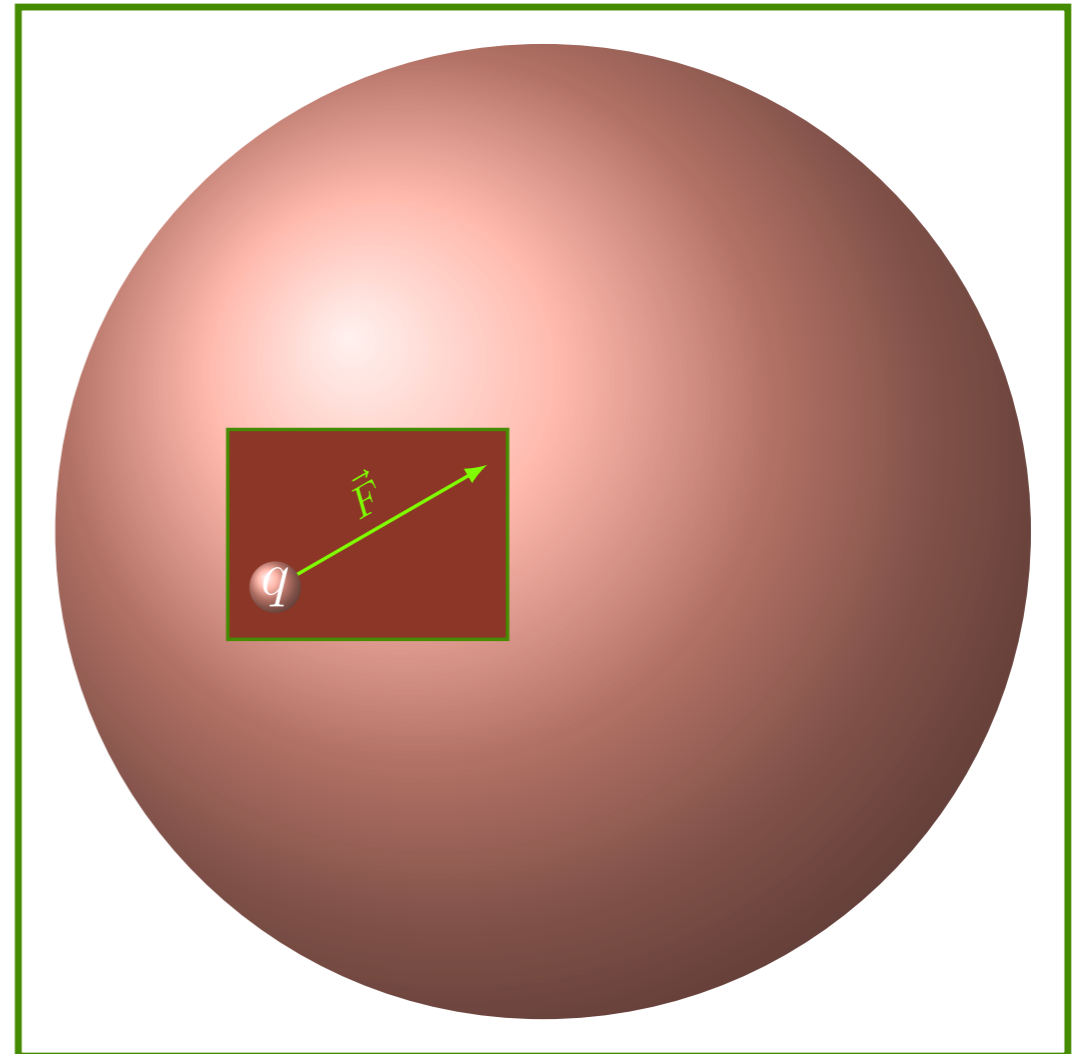
# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$



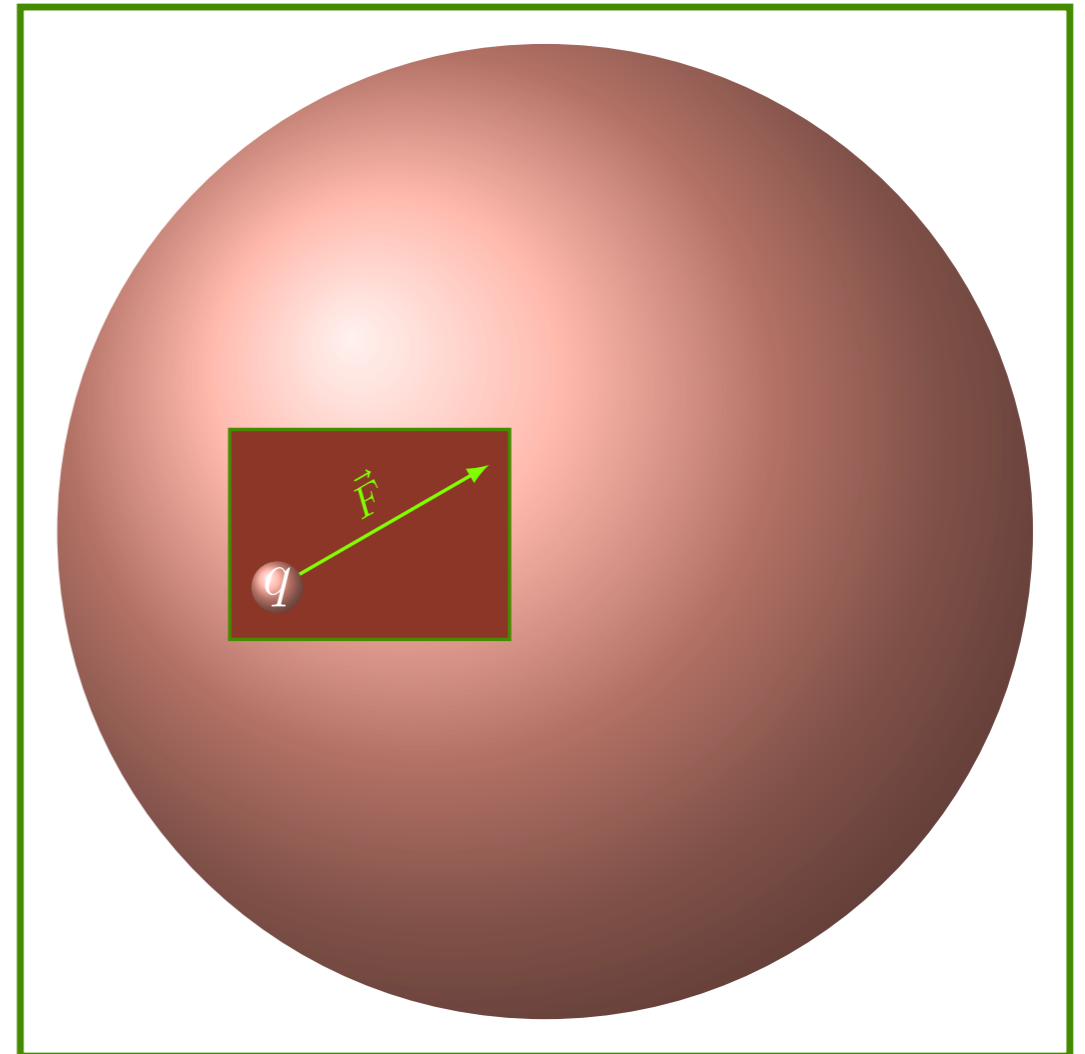
# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$



$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} = \vec{B} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} - \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}$$



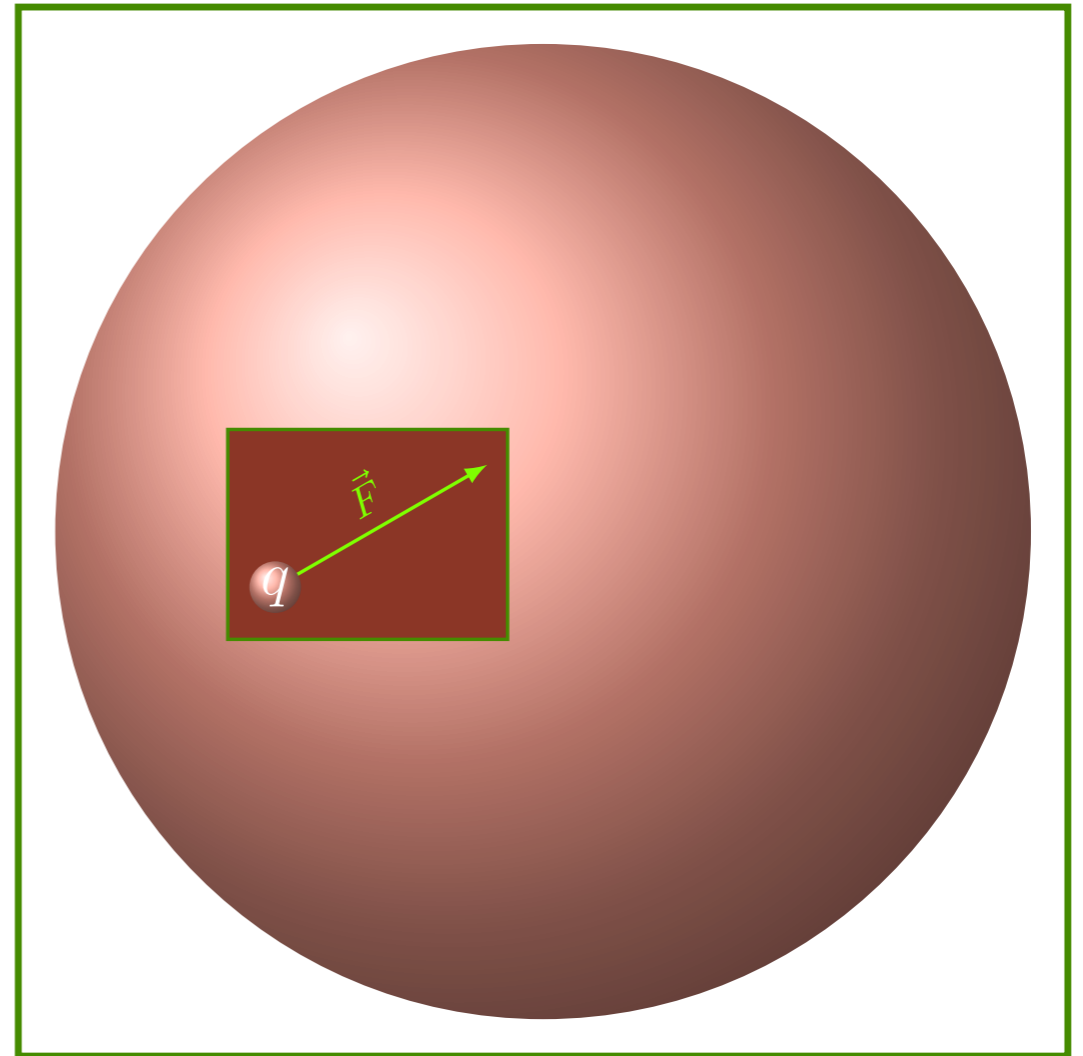
# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$



$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} = \vec{B} \cdot \underbrace{\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E}}_{\text{FARADAY}} - \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \vec{B} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

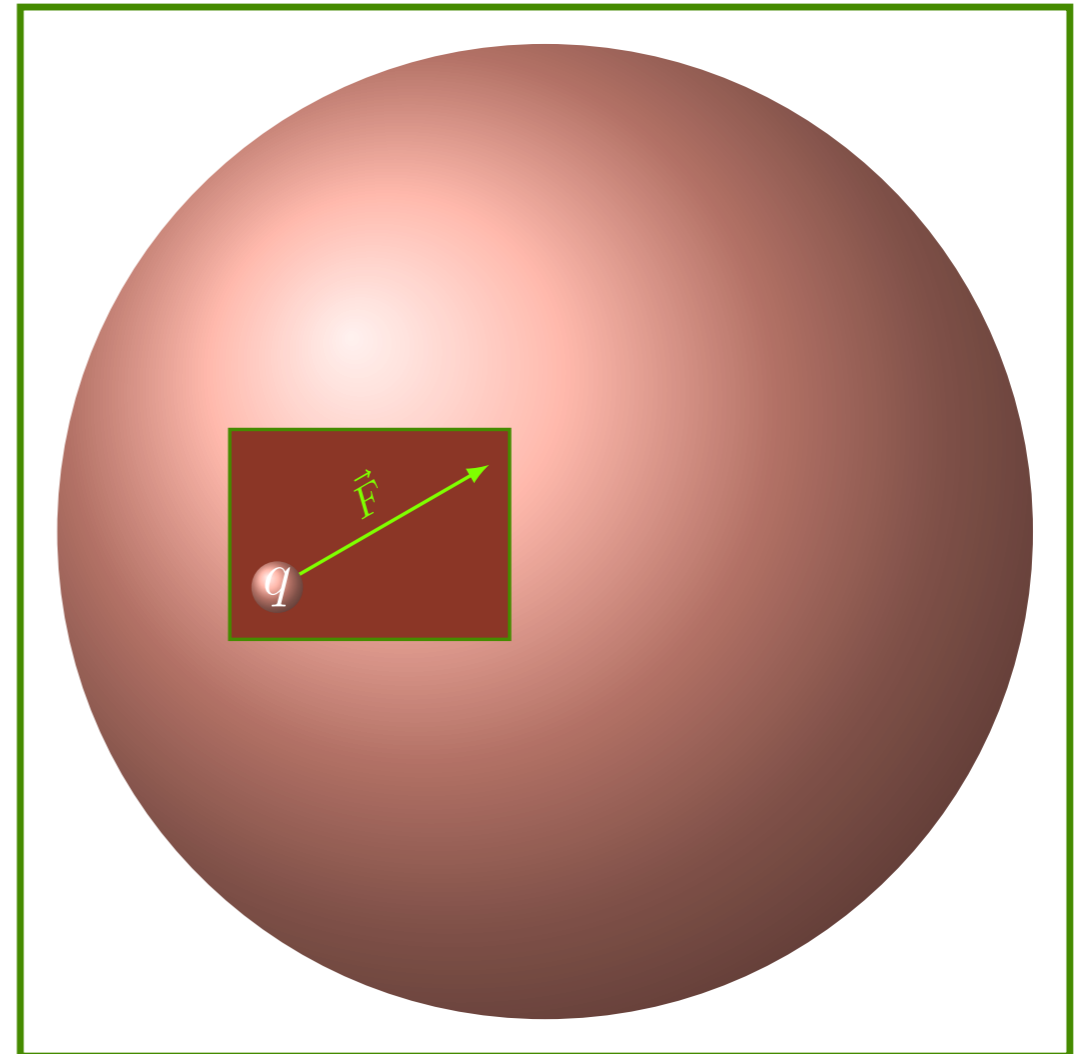
# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$



$$\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \vec{B} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

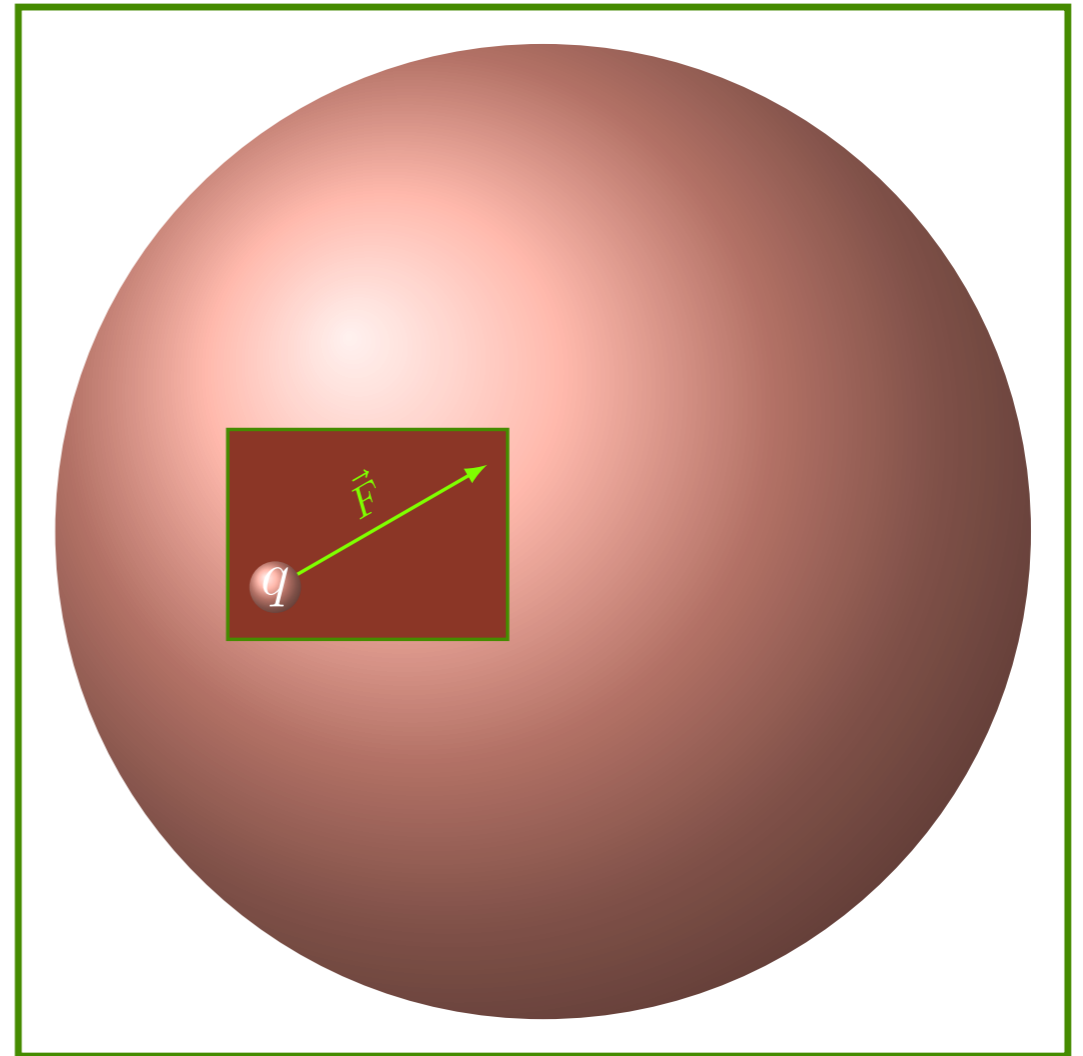
$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{-1}{\mu_0} \left( \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} + \vec{B} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \right) - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \vec{B} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

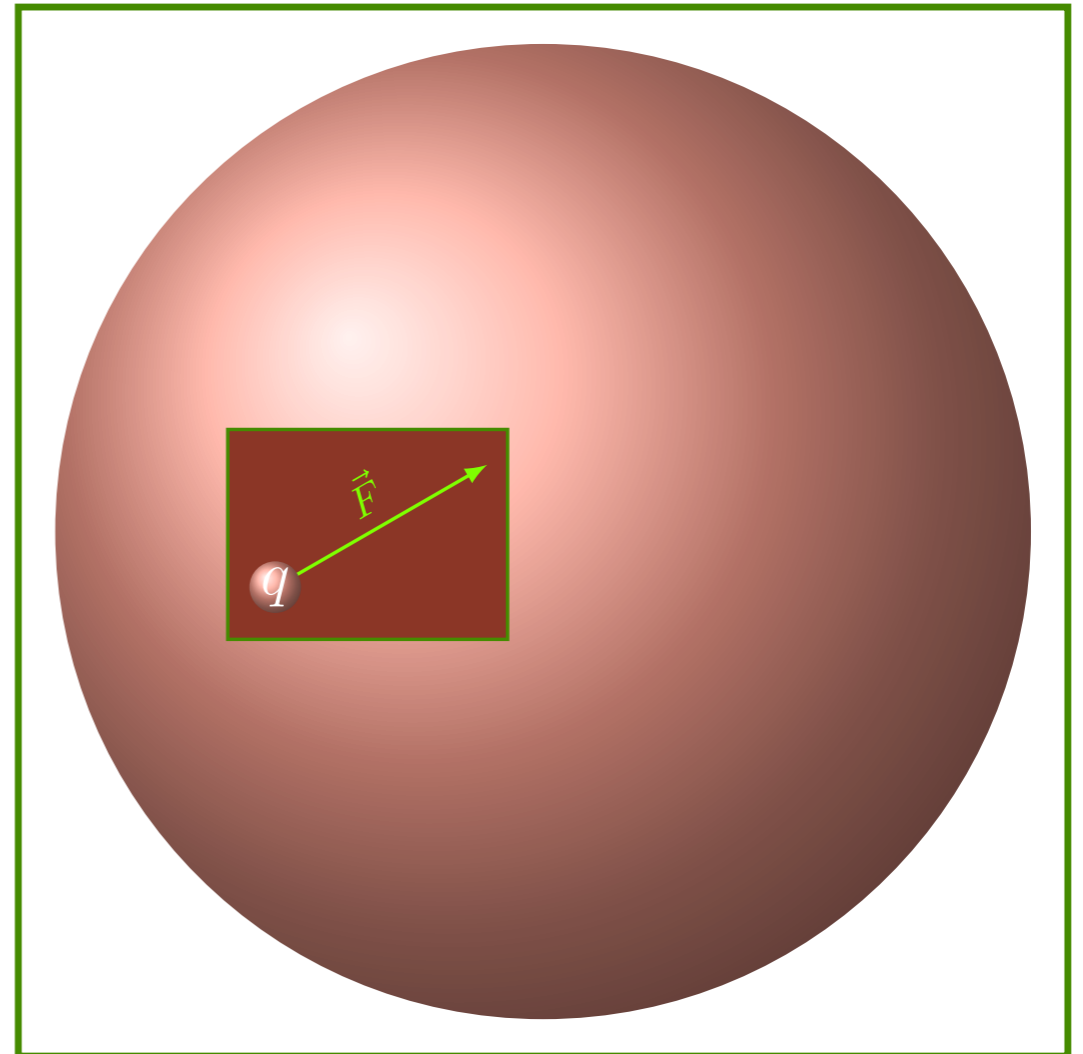
$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{-1}{\mu_0} \left( \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} + \vec{B} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \right) - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \frac{1}{2\mu_0} \frac{\partial B^2}{\partial t} - \frac{\epsilon_0}{2} \frac{\partial E^2}{\partial t}$$



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

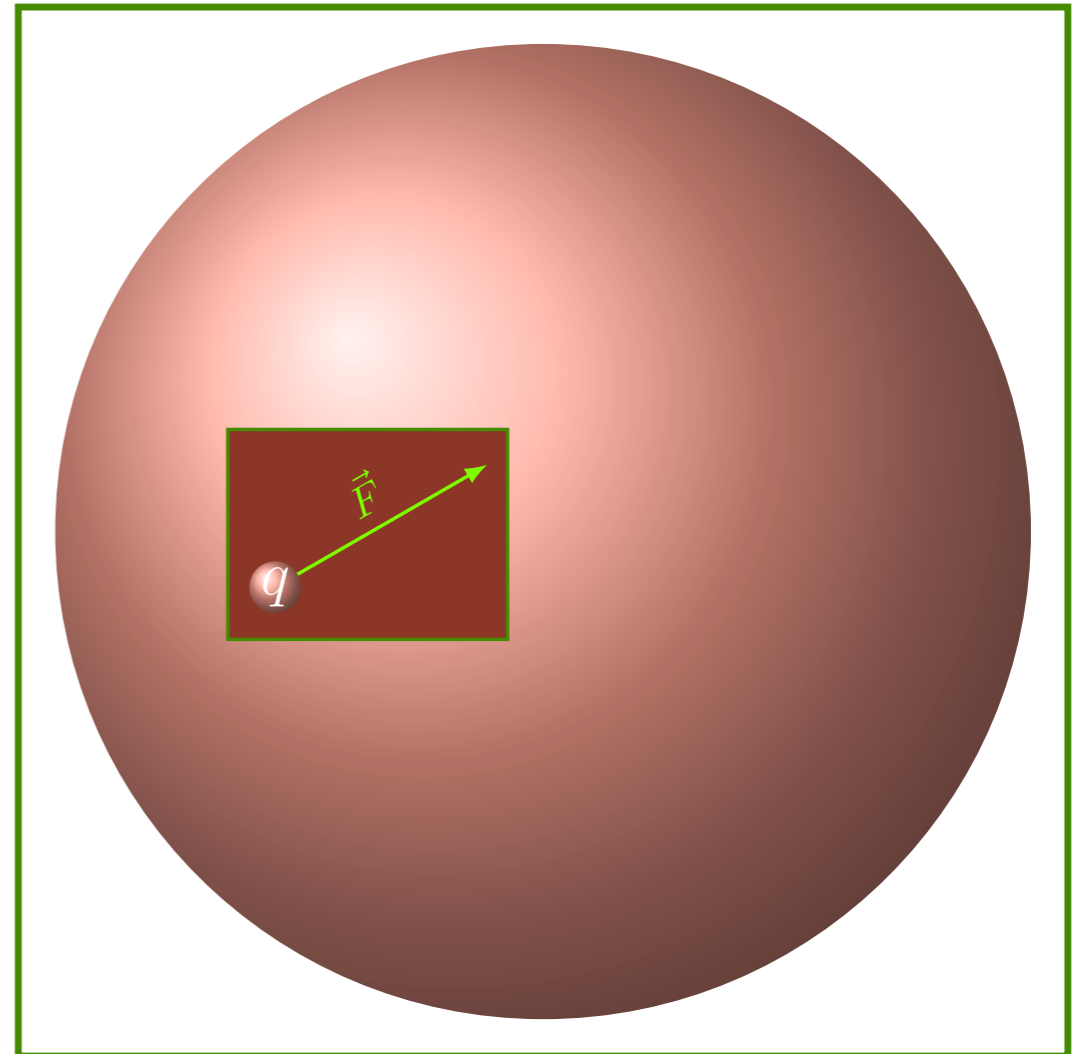
$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \left( \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{-1}{\mu_0} \left( \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} + \vec{B} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \right) - \epsilon_0 \vec{E} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \frac{1}{2\mu_0} \frac{\partial B^2}{\partial t} - \frac{\epsilon_0}{2} \frac{\partial E^2}{\partial t}$$

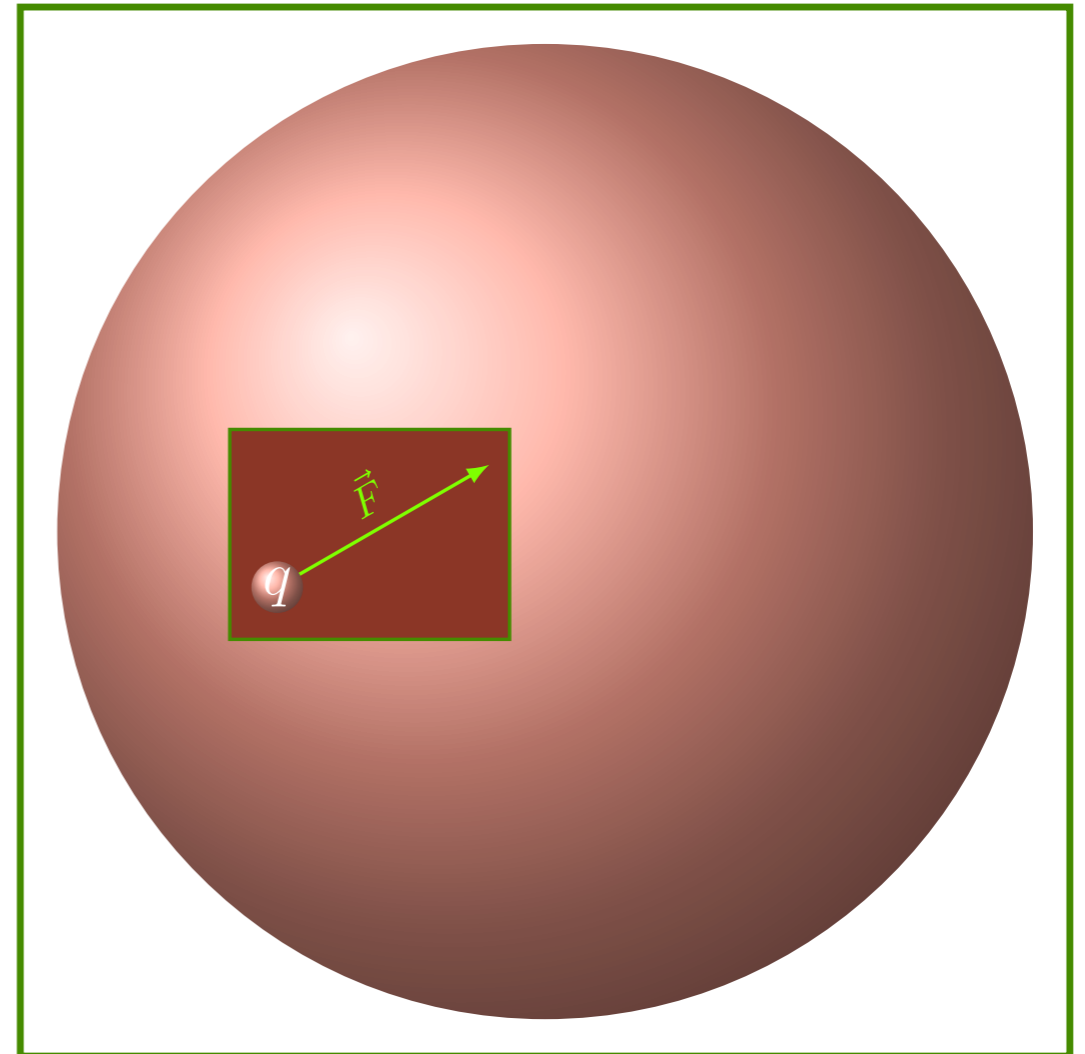


# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \frac{1}{2\mu_0} \frac{\partial B^2}{\partial t} - \frac{\epsilon_0}{2} \frac{\partial E^2}{\partial t}$$



# Leis de conservação

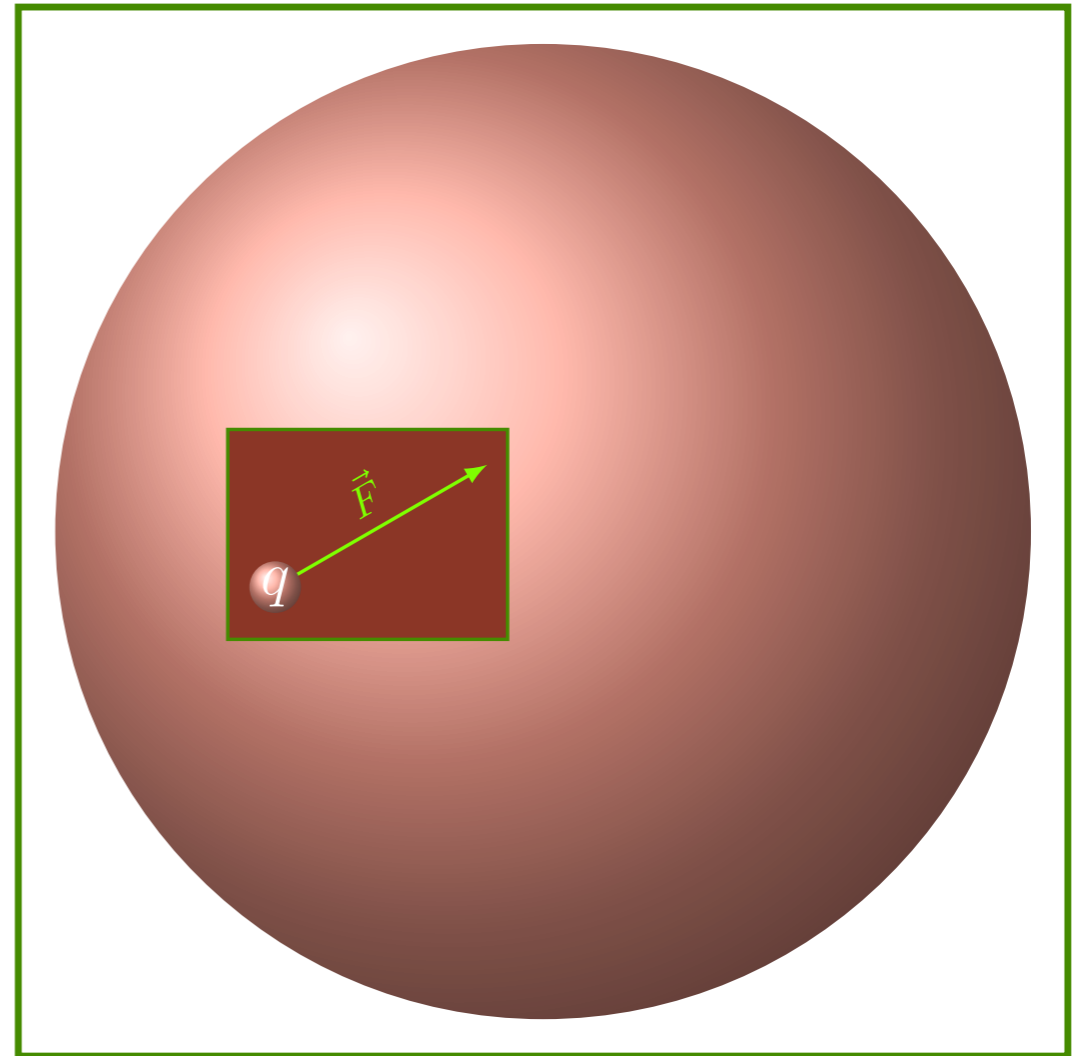
## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \frac{1}{2\mu_0} \frac{\partial B^2}{\partial t} - \frac{\epsilon_0}{2} \frac{\partial E^2}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

DENSIDADE DE ENERGIA  
ELETROMAGNÉTICA

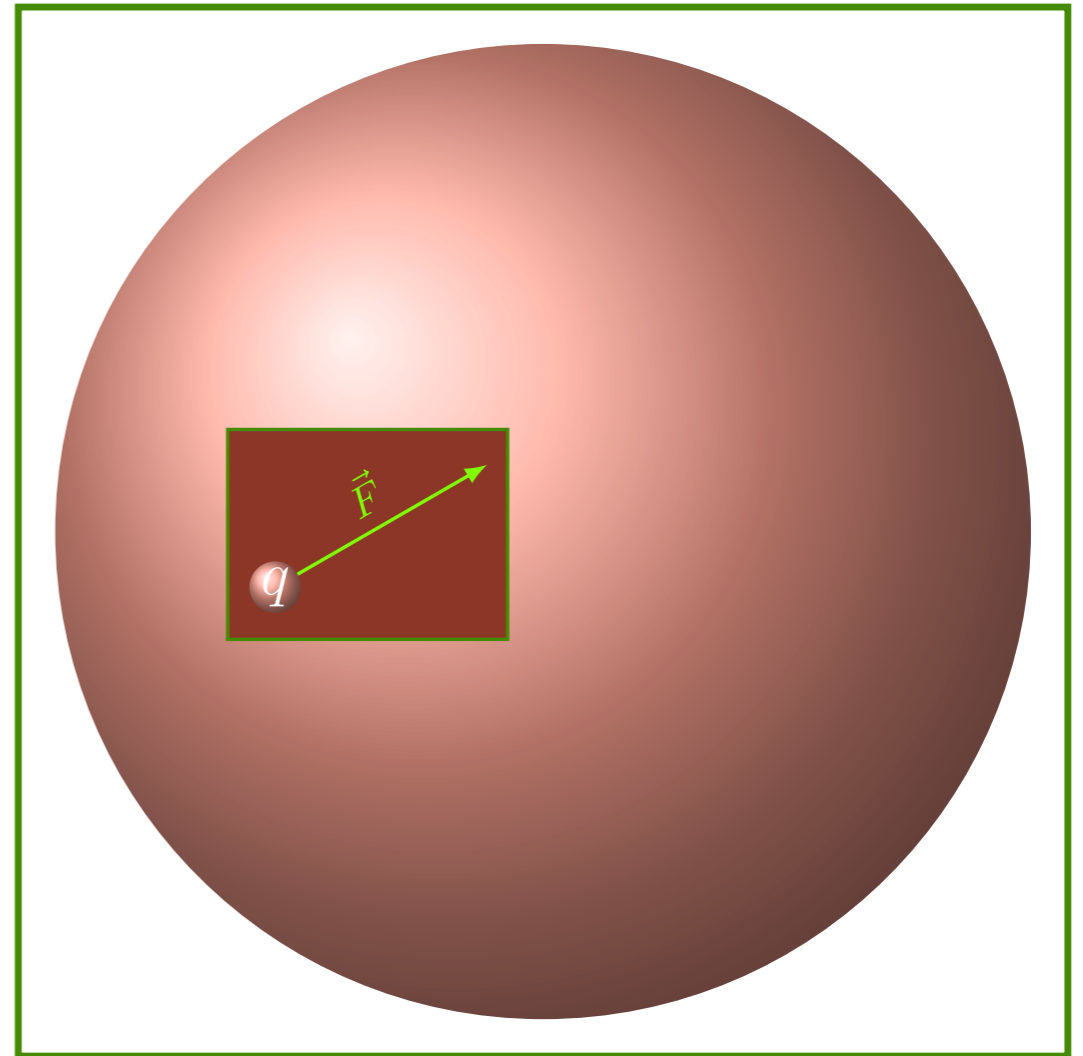


# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} \, d\tau$$

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} \times \vec{B} - \frac{1}{2\mu_0} \frac{\partial B^2}{\partial t} - \frac{\epsilon_0}{2} \frac{\partial E^2}{\partial t}$$



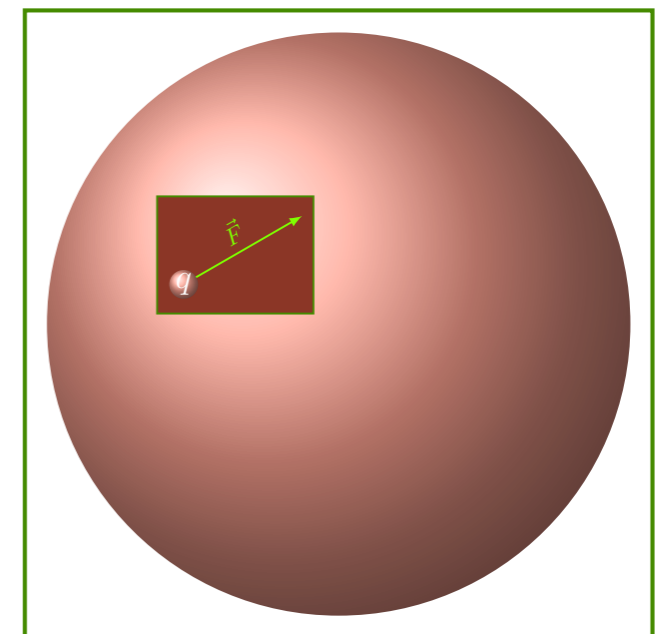
$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}} \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathcal{V}} \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

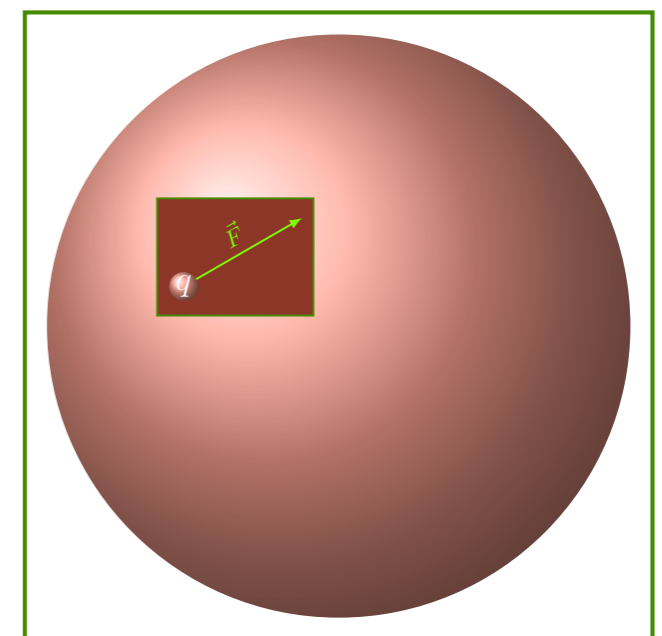


# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

POTÊNCIA DISSIPADA PELA FORÇA ELÉTRICA  
CONVÊRTE-SE EM ENERGIA MECÂNICA DAS CARGAS

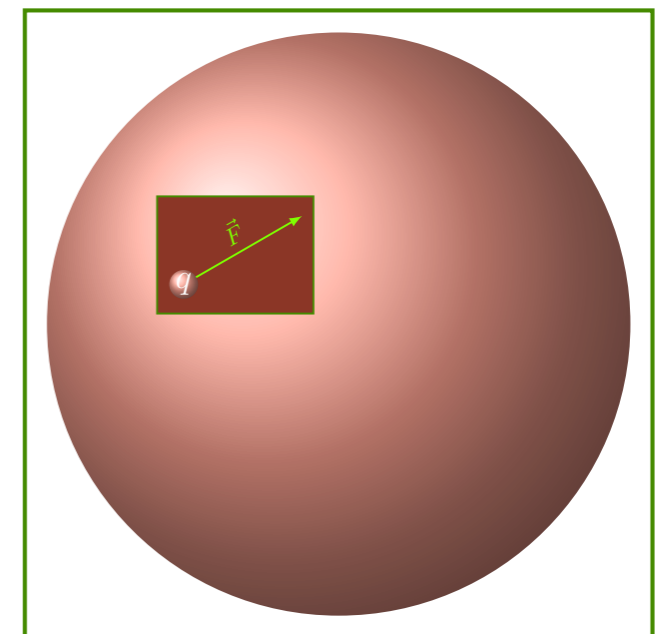


# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (U_{mec} + U_{em}) = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da$$



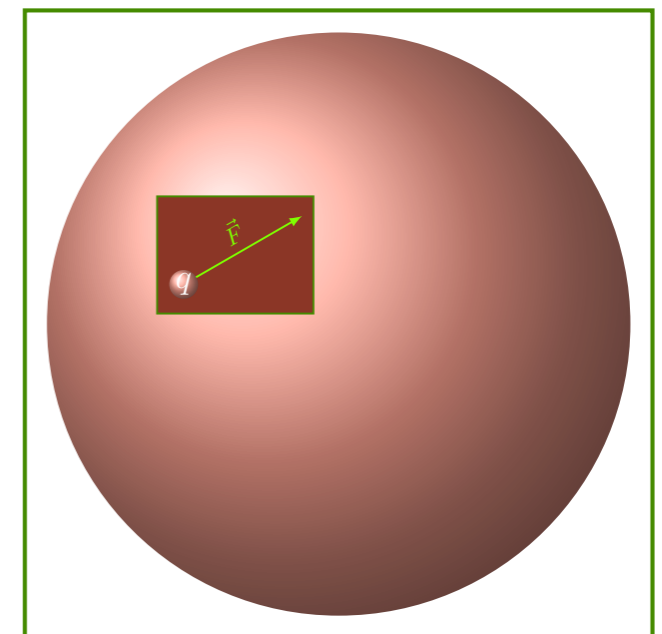
# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (U_{mec} + U_{em}) = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da$$

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \Rightarrow \text{VETOR DE POYNTING}$$



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

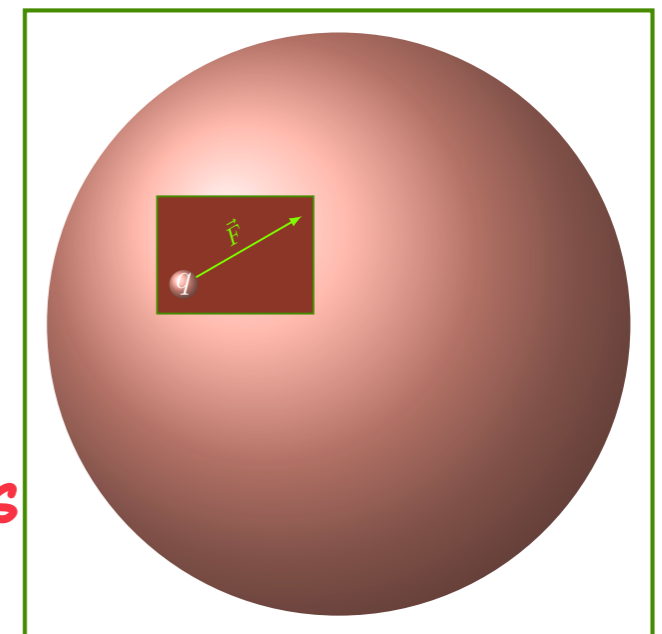
$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (U_{mec} + U_{em}) = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da$$

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (U_{mec} + U_{em}) = - \int_A \vec{S} \cdot \hat{n} \, da$$

FLUXO DO VETOR DE POYNTING



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

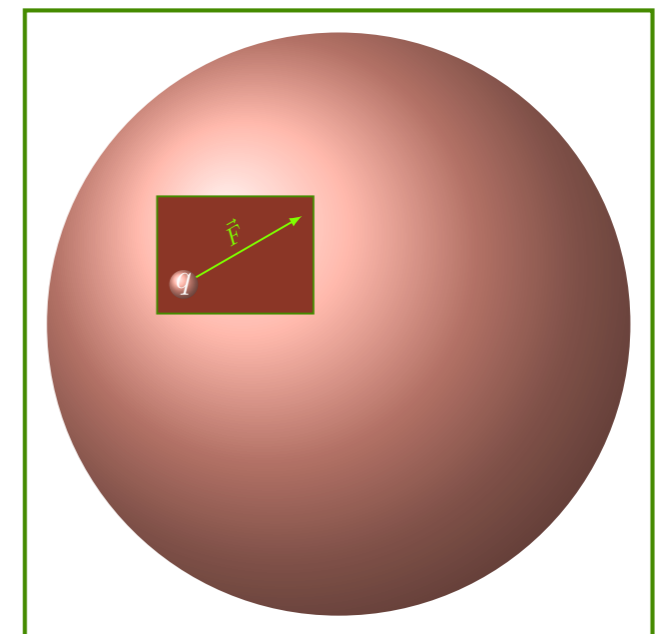
$$\frac{d}{dt} (U_{mec} + U_{em}) = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da$$

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (U_{mec} + U_{em}) = - \int_A \vec{S} \cdot \hat{n} \, da$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (u_{mec} + u_{em}) = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{S}$$

TEOREMA GAUSS



# Leis de conservação

## 2. Energia

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\mu_0} \int_A \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} \, da - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \left( \epsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} B^2 \right) d\tau$$

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (u_{mec} + u_{em}) = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{S}$$

OUTRA EQUAÇÃO DE CONTINUIDADE

