



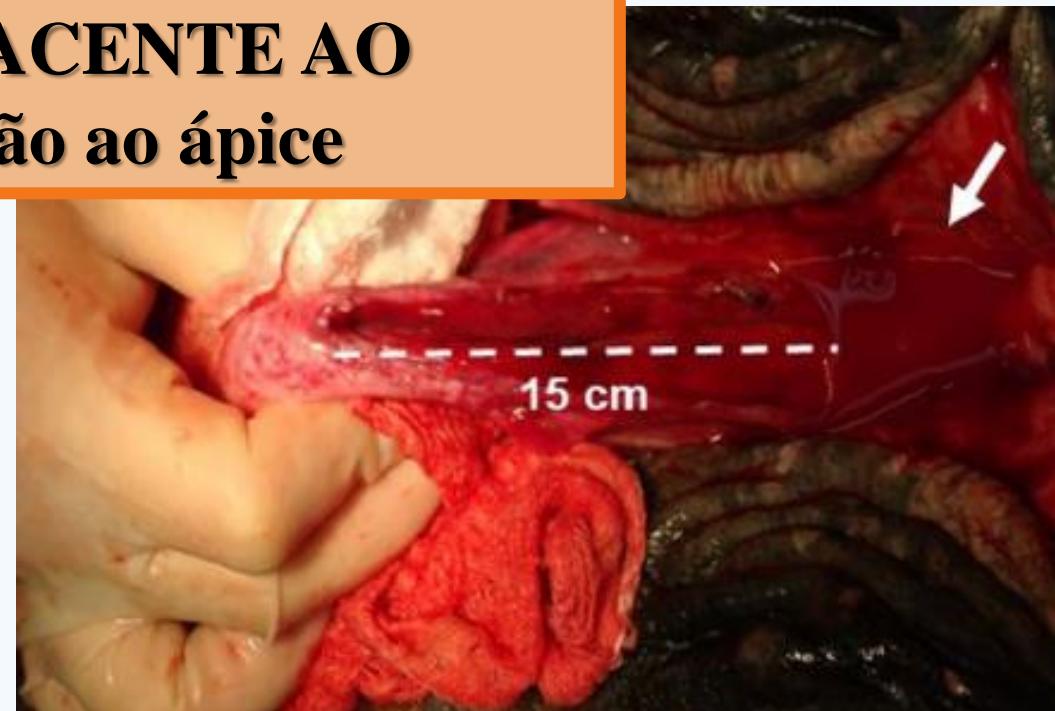
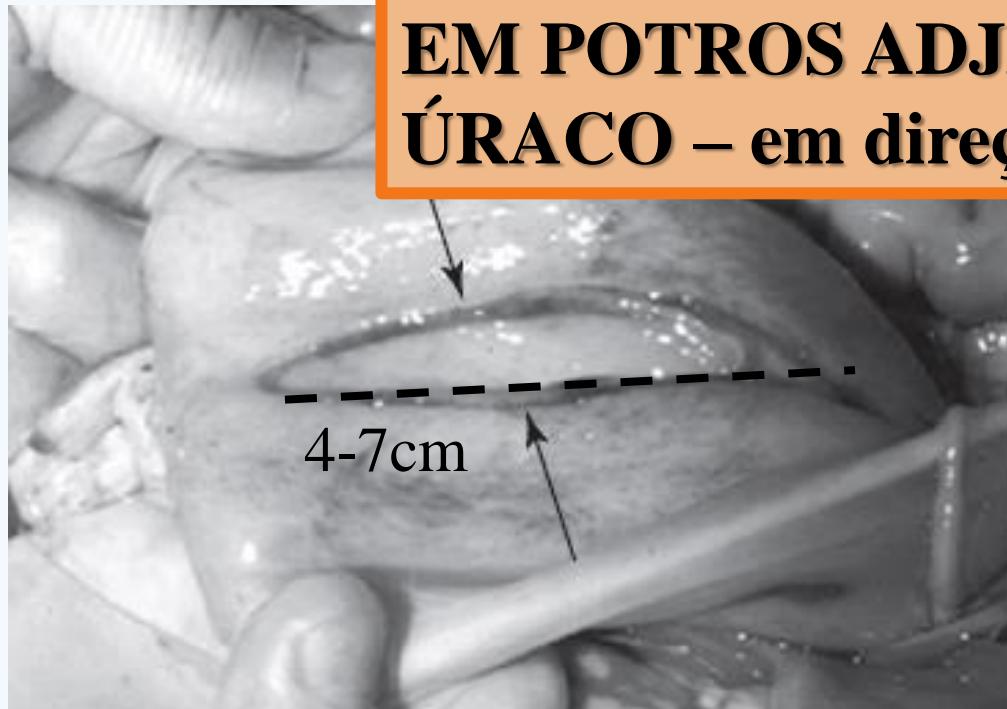
Anatomia Clínico-Cirúrgica do Aparelho Urogenital dos Equinos

Profa. Dra. Ana Lúcia Miluzzi Yamada
VC10209 - FMVZ USP

RUPTURA DE BEXIGA E UROPERITÔNIO

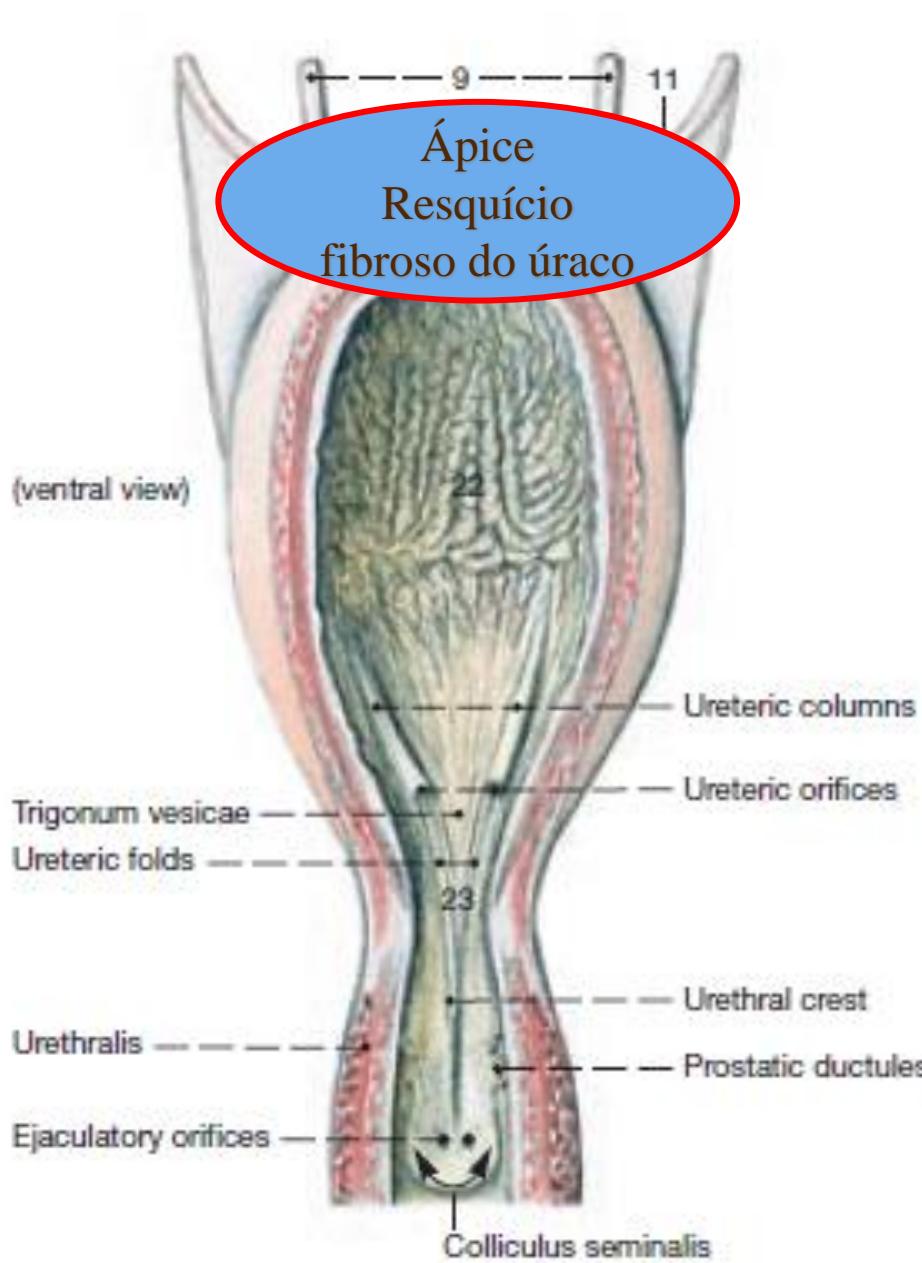
- Em potros – ↑ pressão vesical durante a passagem no canal pélvico + tensão do cordão umbilical
- Animais adulto

**RUPTURA NO ASPECTO DORSAL
EM POTROS ADJACENTE AO
ÚRACO – em direção ao ápice**



Auer, J. A., & Stick, J. A. (2018). Equine Surgery-E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences.

Ruptura idiopática de bexiga urinária em duas éguas. Lavado et al., 2019



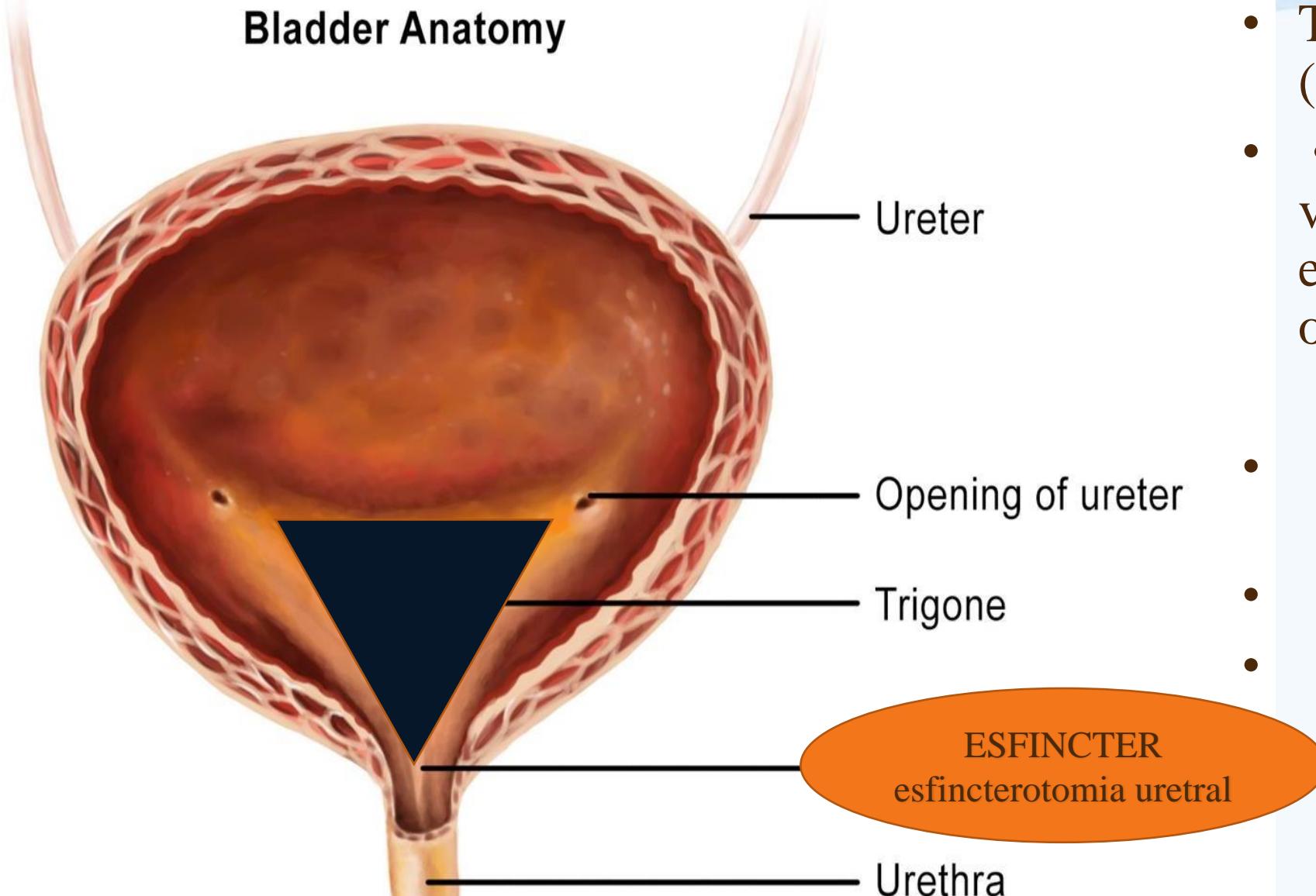
Duas Camadas Musculares – Musculatura Lisa

1. Externa
Longitudinais e oblíquas
2. Interna
Transversal

Aspecto Dorsal - Inversão/Alteração
de sentido
↑ Fragilidade

Colo vesical – Disposição circular

Bladder Anatomy



- Trígono da bexiga (vesical)
- Delimitado por três vértices: os pontos de entrada dos dois ureteres e o ponto de saída da uretra.
- Presença de pequenos cálculos
- Infecção
- Acesso pela uretra

ADULTOS

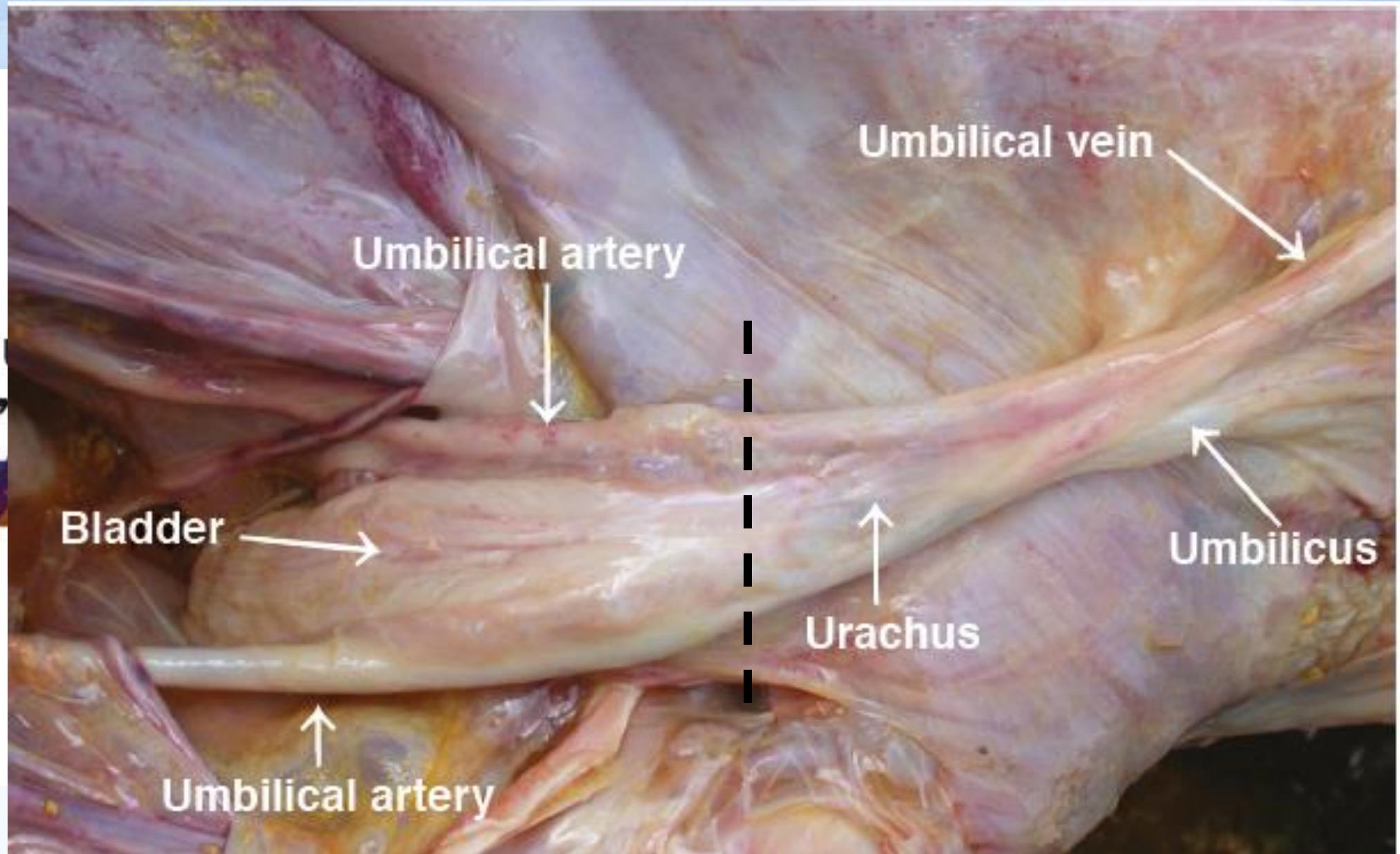
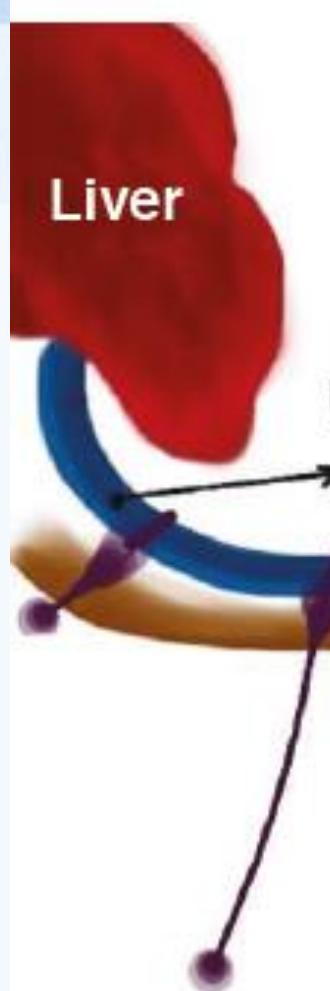


- 1 ureters
- 2 bladder, partially filled
- 3 deferent ducts
- 4 ampullae of the deferent ducts
- 5 vesicular glands (seminal vesicles)
- 6 left and right lobes of the prostate gland
- 7 pelvic part of the urethra surrounded by the urethral muscle
- 8 left and right bulbourethral glands
- 9 bulbospongiosus muscle surrounding the bulb of the penis

COBERTURA PERITONEAL PARCIAL
TÚNICA SEROSA = SUPERFÍCIE DORSAL (PREGA
GENITAL E VESICOGENITAL)

TÚNICA MUSCULAR
MUCOSA

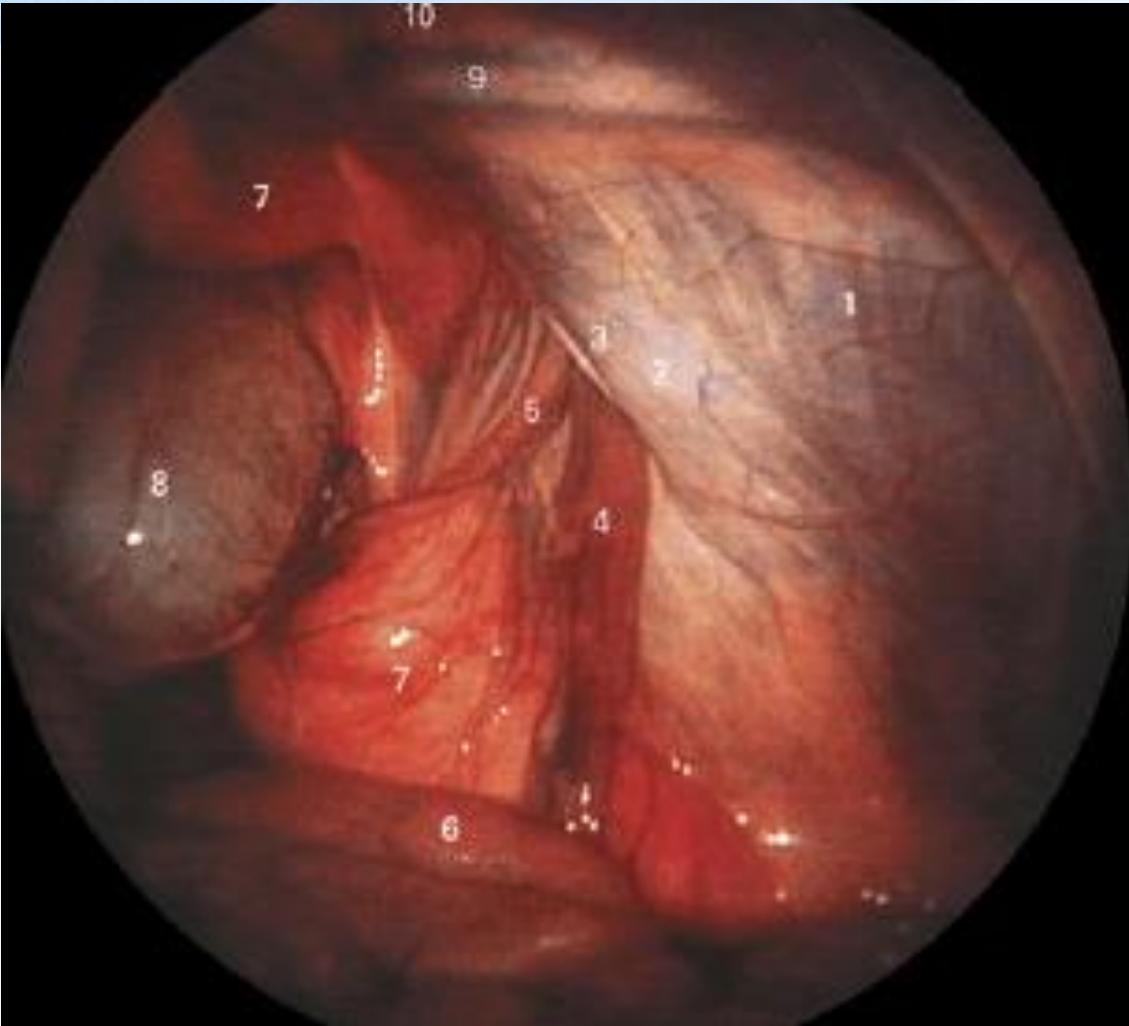
MODIFICAÇÃO DA MUCOSA NO TRÍGONO
VESICAL



Ultrasonography of the umbilical remnant in foals
Magri, 2018



- 2 Middle ligament of the bladder
- 3 M. obliquus internus abdominis
- 4 The ductus deferens together with the testicular vessels
- 5 The cranial border of the right lateral ligament of the bladder
- 6 Genital fold
- 7 Apex of the bladder
- 8 Rectum
- 10 Left deferent duct and the associated artery
- 11 Testicular vessels and nerves
- 12 Caudal epigastric vessels

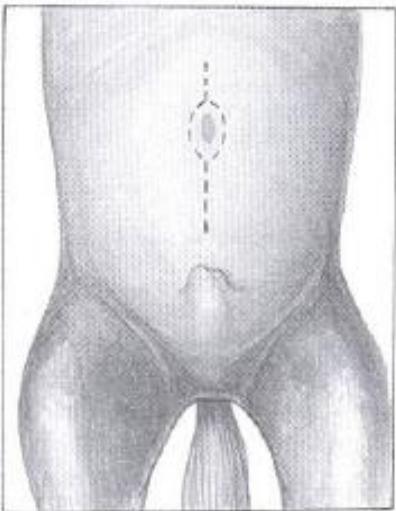


- 2 Caudal edge of the M. obliquus internus abdominis
- 3 Craniomedial border of the deep inguinal ring
- 4 Testicular vessels
- 5 Ductus deferens
- 8 Bladder
- 9 Caudal epigastric vessels

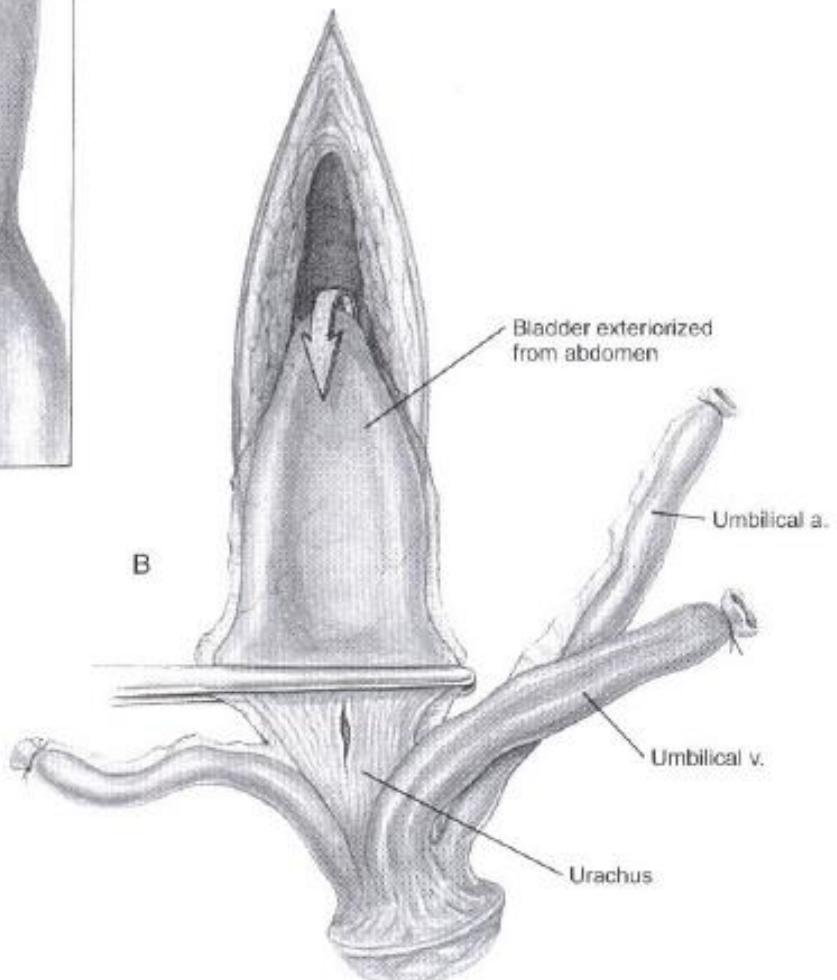
Clayton, H. M. (2005). *Clinical anatomy of the horse*.

POTROS

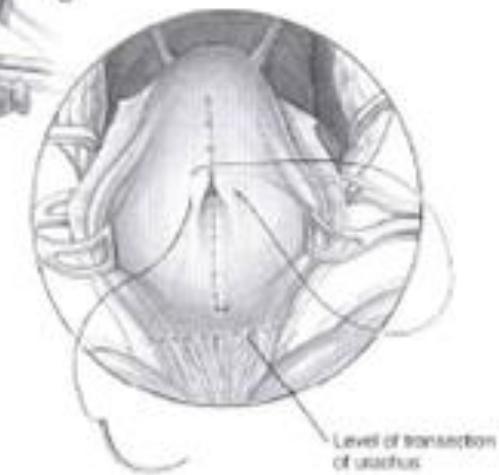
A



B



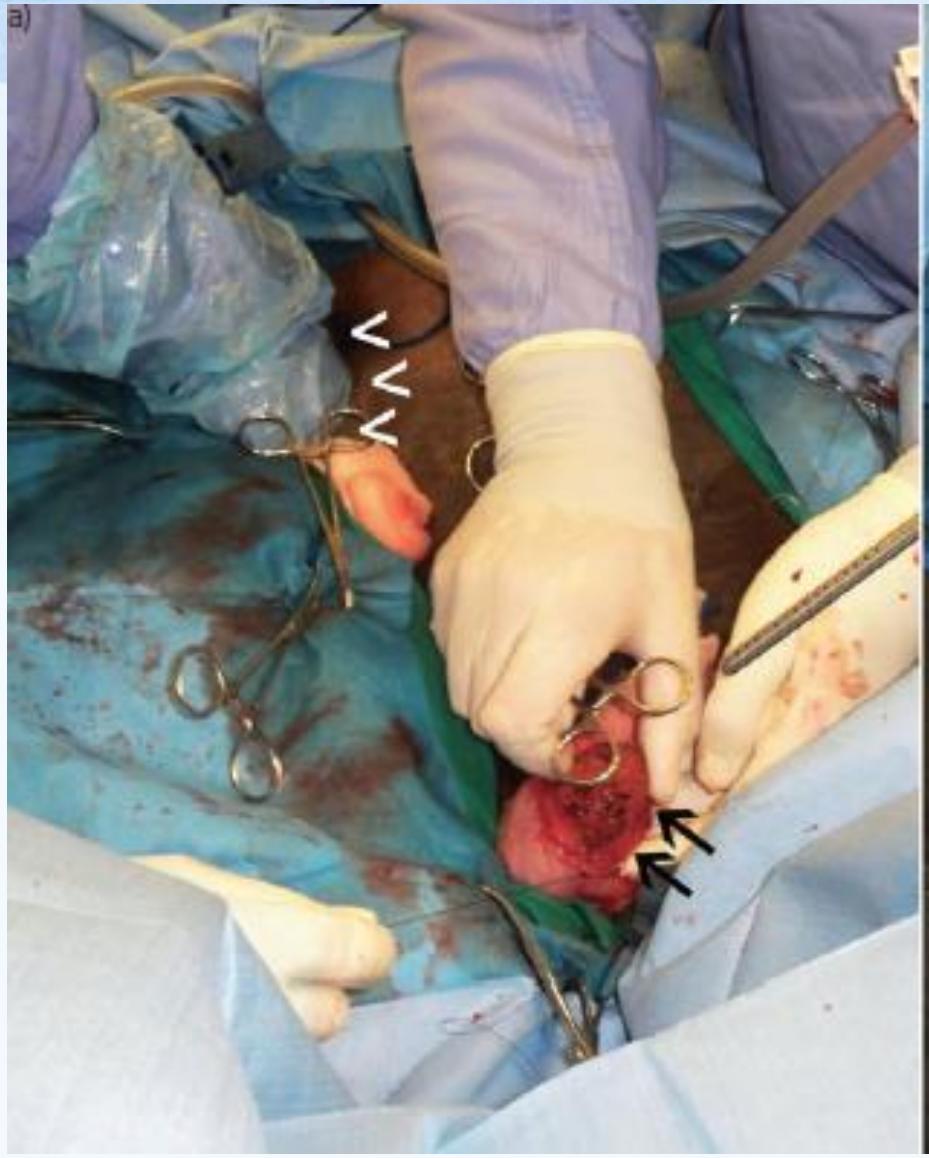
C



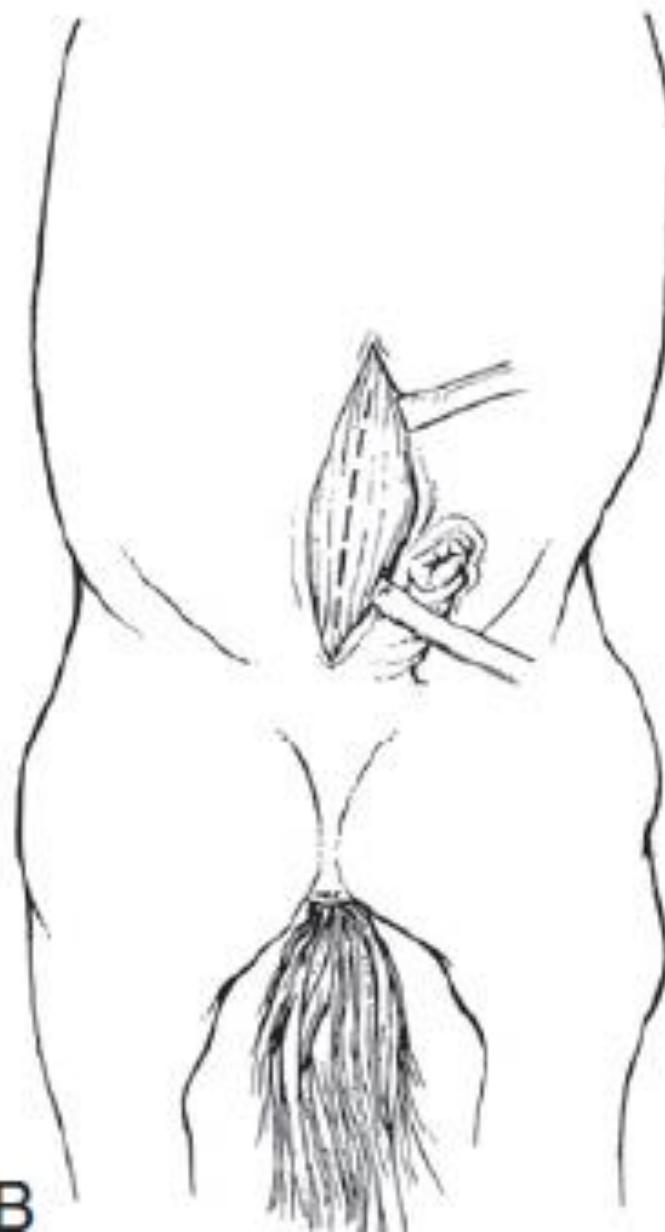
Adams, S. B., & Fessler, J. F. (2000). *Atlas of equine surgery*. WB Saunders Company.



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Modified parainguinal approach for cystic calculus removal in five equids. A. E.WATTS* and S. L. FUBINI, 2012.

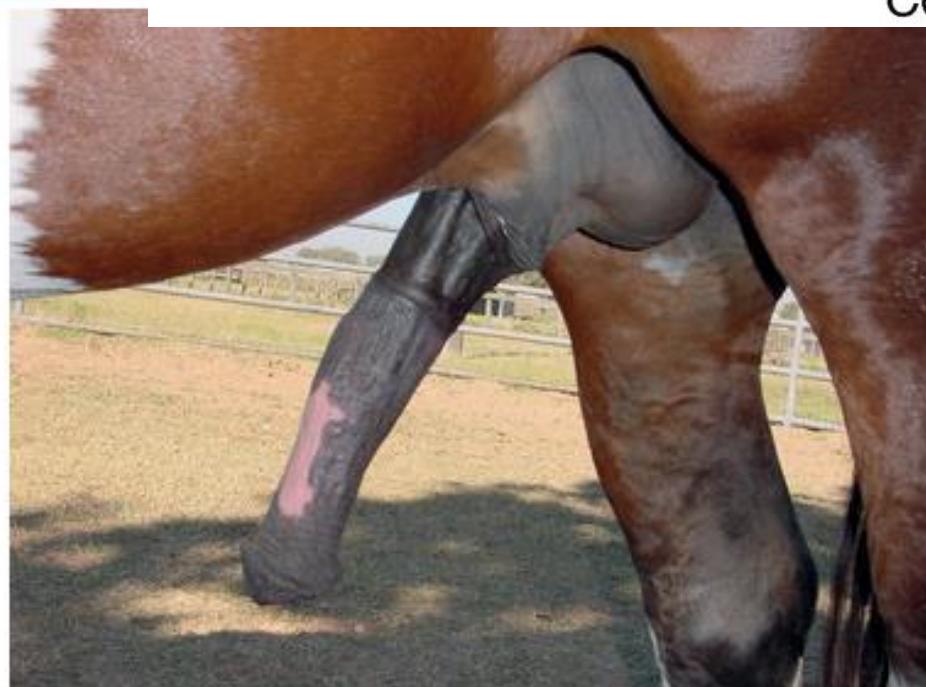
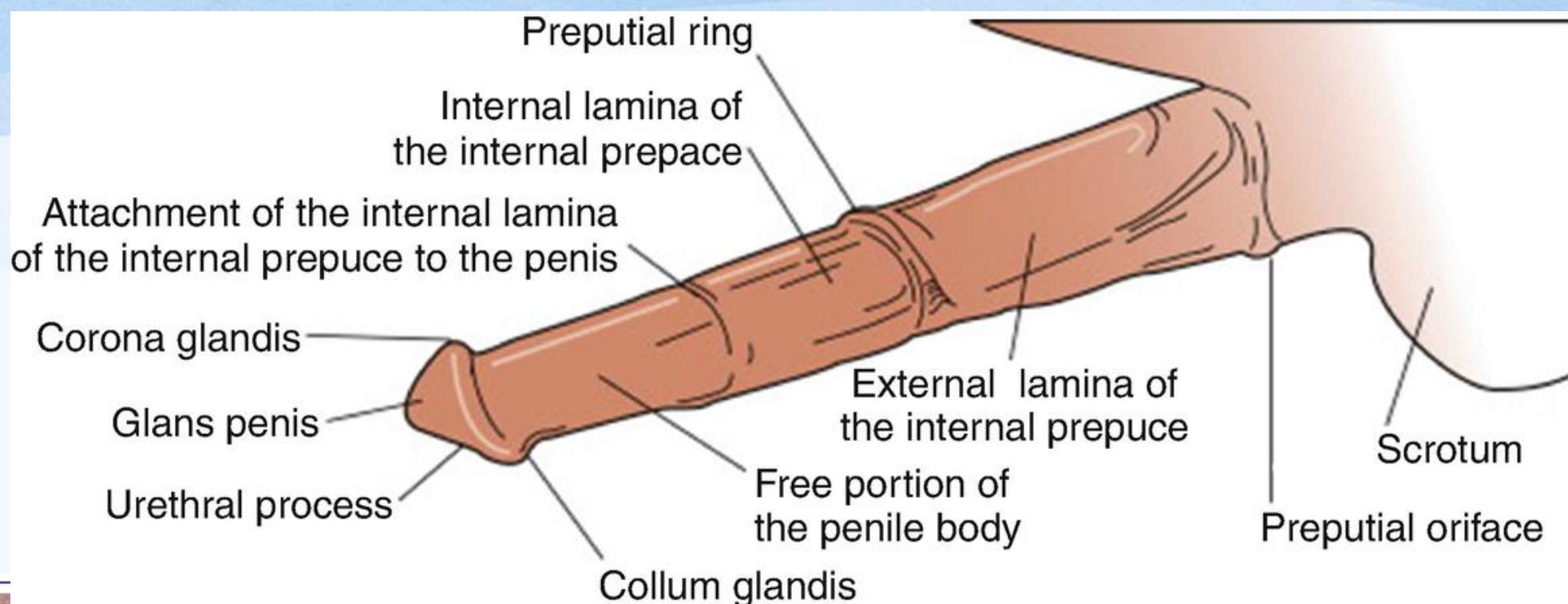


**ACESSO MEDIANO EM
MACHOS**

REBATER O PREPÚCIO

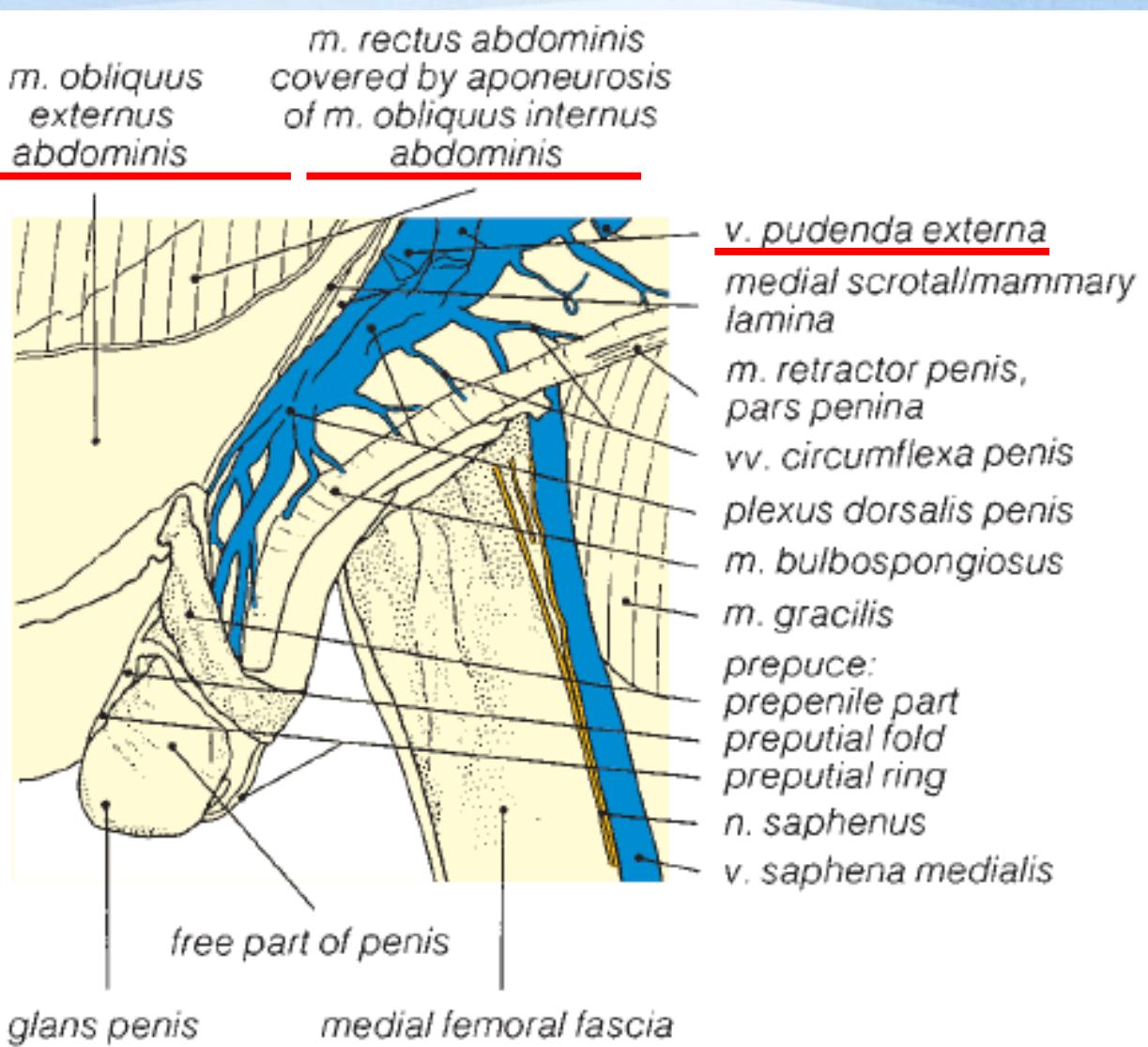
PREPÚCIO

- DUPLA INVAGINAÇÃO DA PELE
- DUAS LÂMINAS: INTERNA E EXTERNA
- ÓSTEO PREPUCIAL – Lâmina externa → Cavidade (L. interna)
- PREGA PREPUCIAL INTERNA – Invaginação tubular
- Anulo prepucial
- RAFE MEDIANA
- VASOS EPIGÁSTRICOS
- ARTÉRIA E VEIA PUDENDA EXTERNA
- NERVO PUDENDO



<https://link.springer.com/>

<https://veteriankey.com/13-examination-of-the-stallion-for-breeding-soundness/>



Ashdown, R. R., & Done, S. H. (2011). *Color Atlas of Veterinary Anatomy, Volume 2, The Horse-E-BOOK* (Vol. 2). Elsevier Health Sciences.

NEOPLASIAS DE PREPÚCIO



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CARCINOMA DE CÉLULAS ESCAMOSAS BEM DIFERENCIADO, ULCERADO, NA LÂMINA INTERNA PREPUCIAL, ISOLADA DA CAVIDADE ABDOMINAL

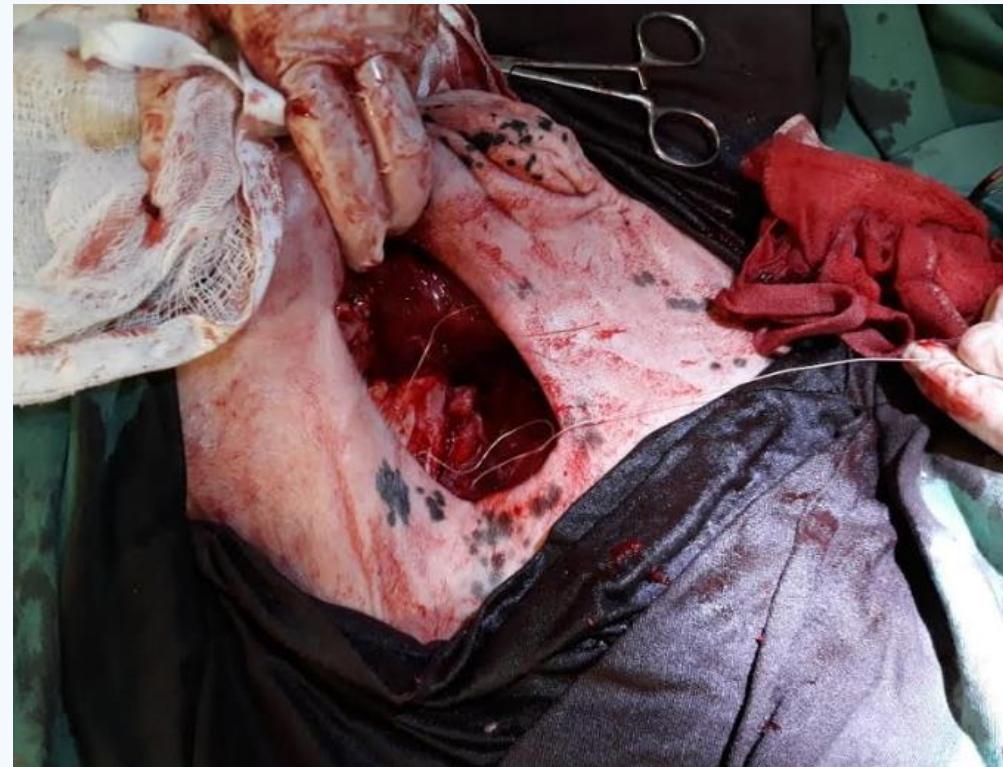
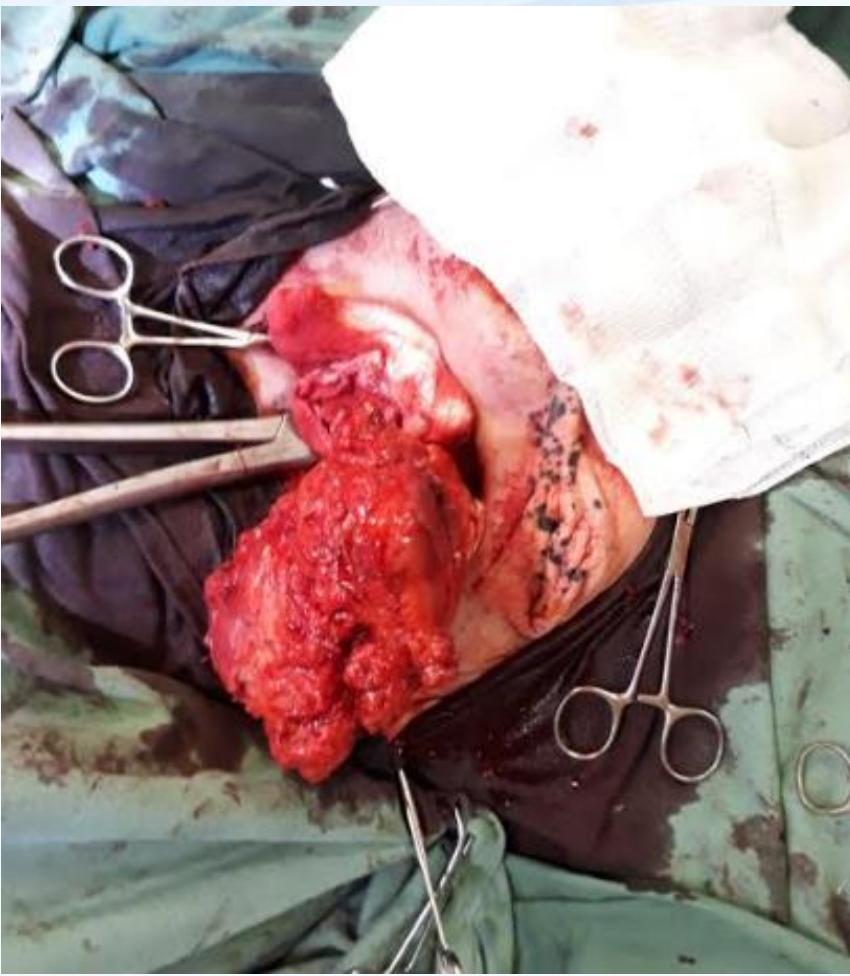
EDEMA

PROCEDIMENTO CIRÚRGICO = RETIRADA DA MASSA (LÂMINA PREPUCIAL INTERNA**) E CIRCUNCISÃO PENIANA**

CIRCUNCISÃO PENIANA

Ressecção cirúrgica de um segmento circular da lâmina interna do prepúcio

- Neoplasias/traumas
- **FIMOSE**
 - Incapacidade de expor o pênis a partir do prepúcio devido a estenose congênita ou adquirida do orifício prepucial



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USP





Fig.1 Important swelling in the prepuce area



Fig.2 Thin fistula with the urine at the level of cicatrizing lesion

Traumatic Phimosis in an Icelandic Pony: a Case Report. Veterinary Medicine. Oana et al., 2011

PENECTOMIA

- Neoplasias
- Parafimose
- Traumas

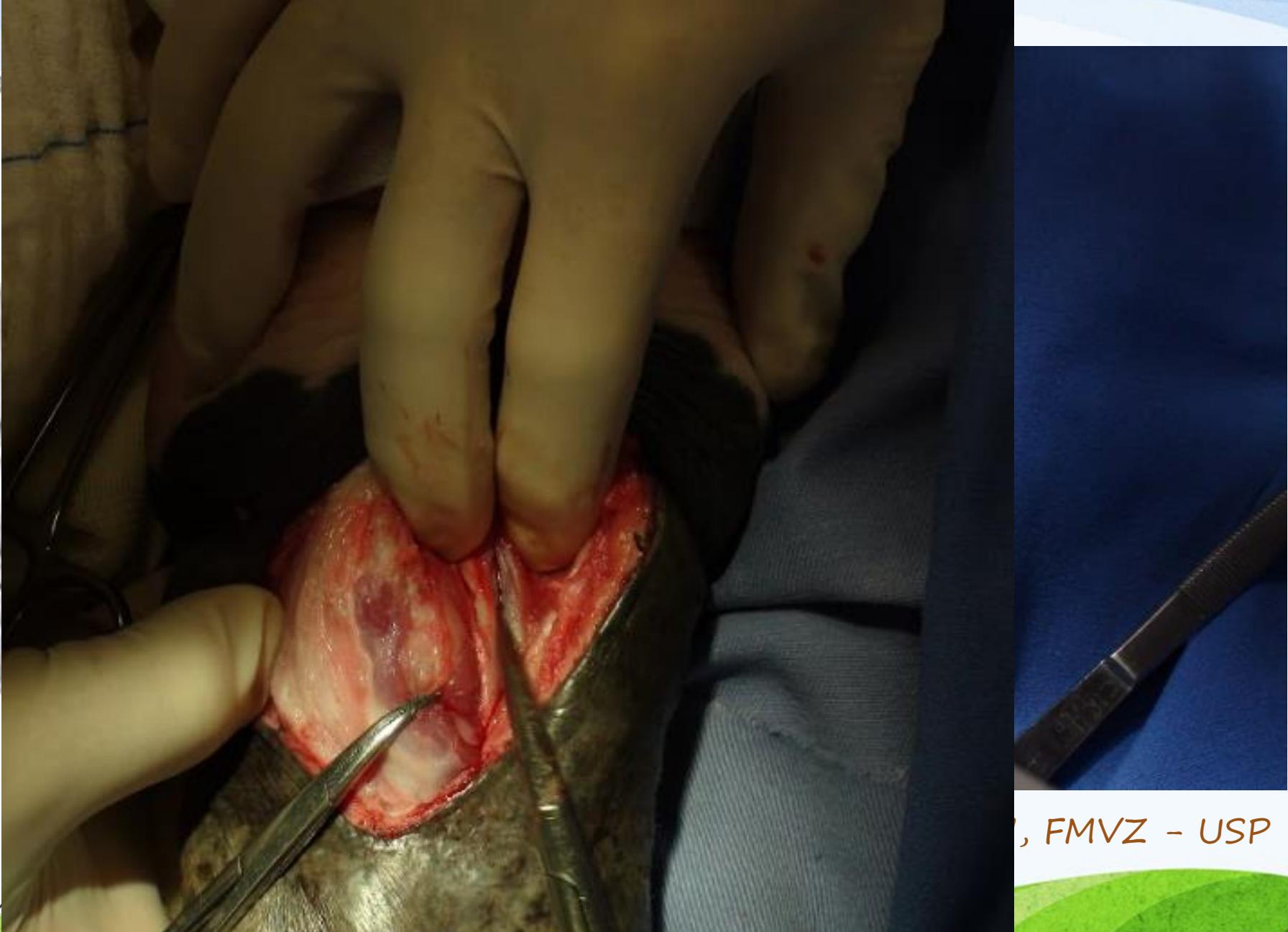




- 1 Tunica albuginea
- 2 Corpus cavernosum
- 3 Bulbospongiosus muscle
- 4 Corpus spongiosum
- 5 Urethra

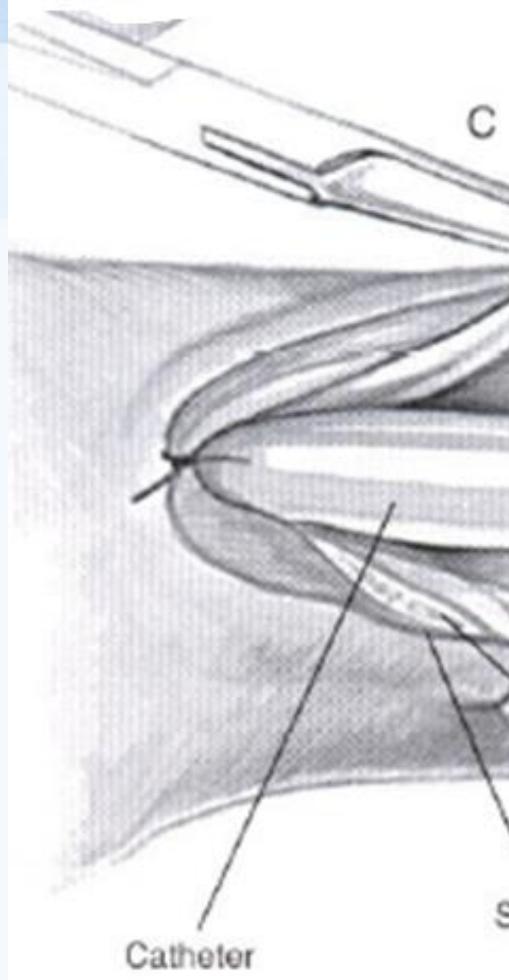


- 1 Skin overlying the glans
- 2 Tunica albuginea covering the corpus cavernosum
- 3 Bulbospongiosus muscle
- 4 Ischiocavernosus muscle
- 5 Retractor penis muscle



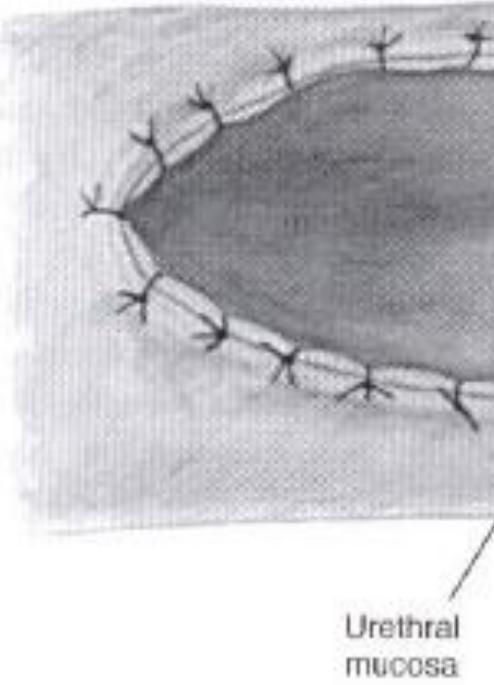
' , FMVZ - USP

Adams, S. B., & Fessler, J. F. (2000). *A
Saunders Company.*



Adams, S. B., & Fessler, J. F. (20
Saunders Company.

VCI, FMVZ - USP



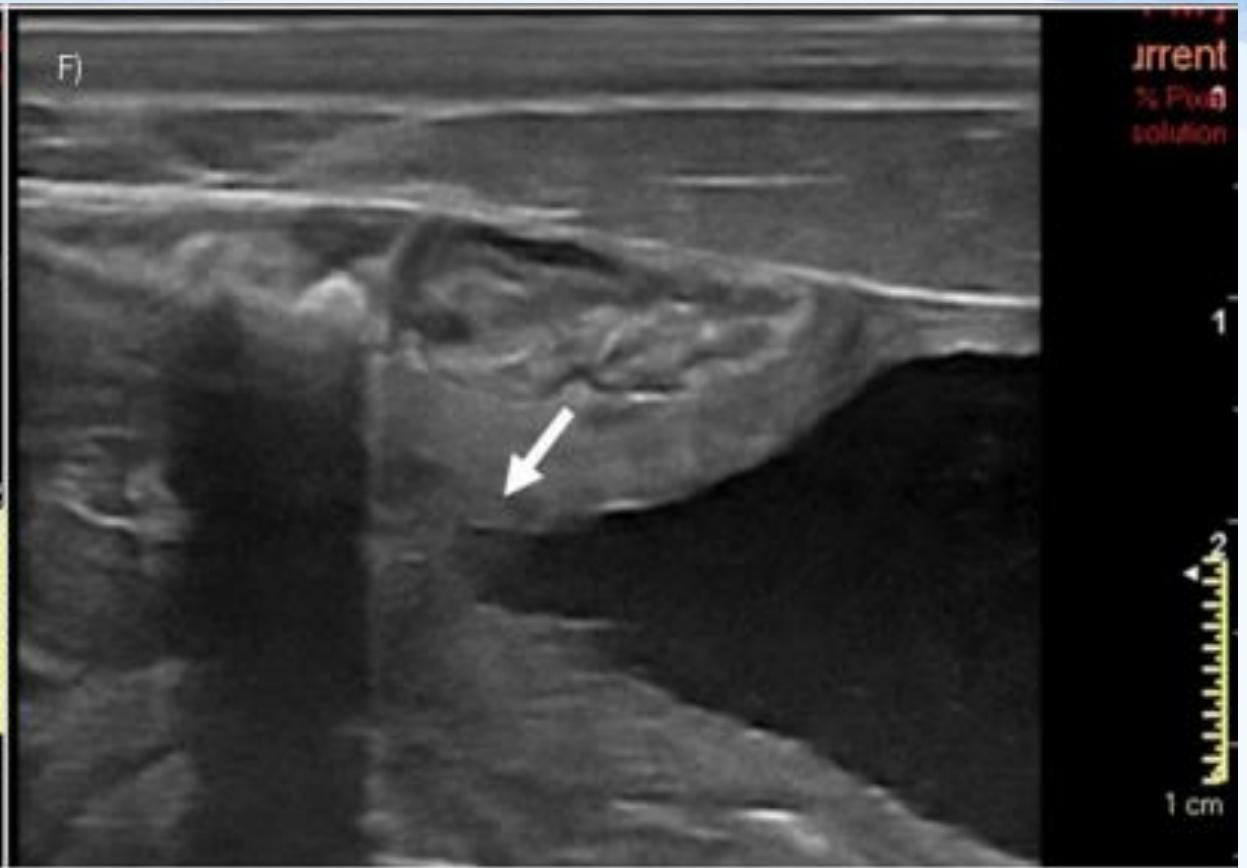
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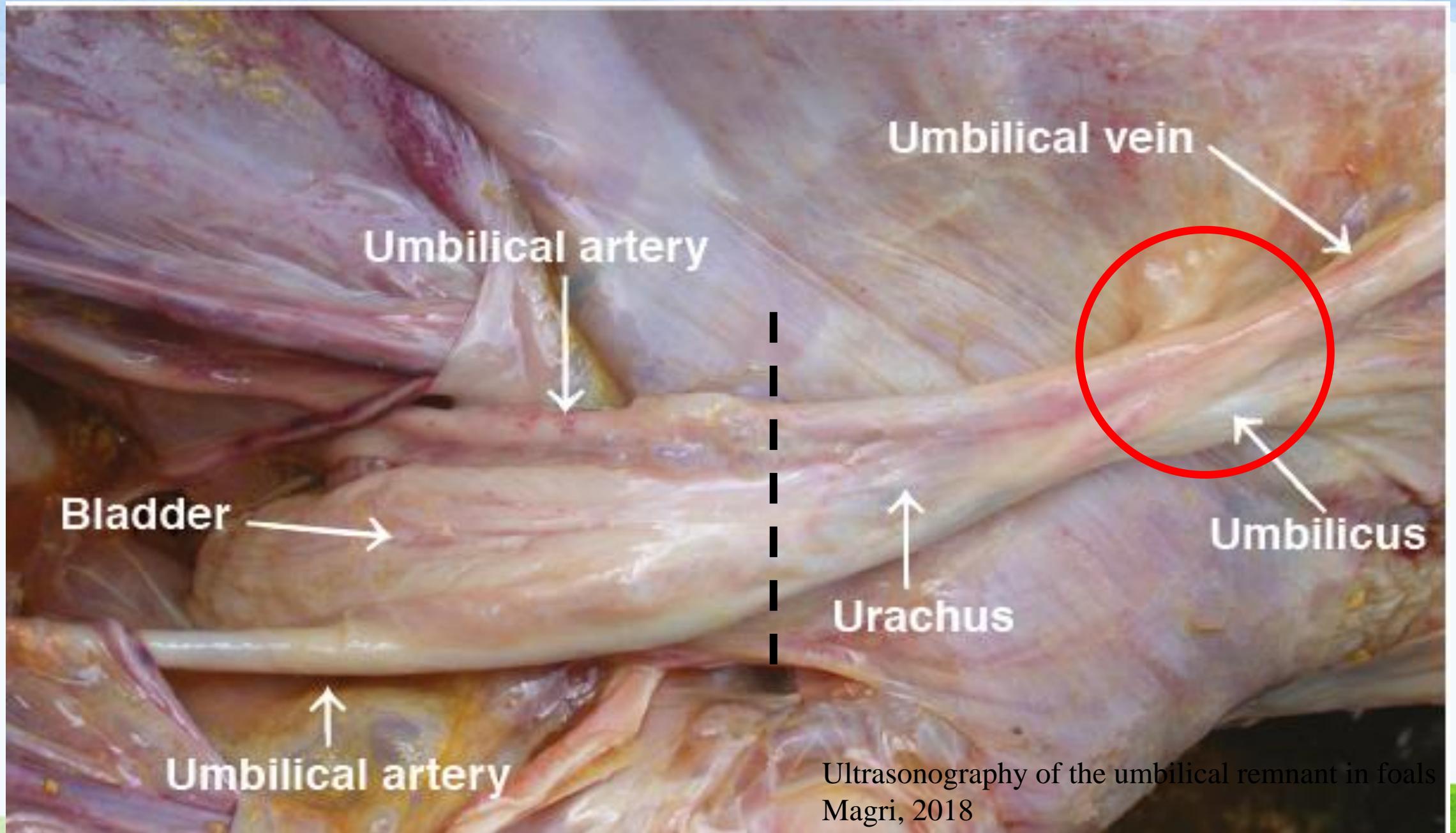
PERSISTÊNCIA DE ÚRACO

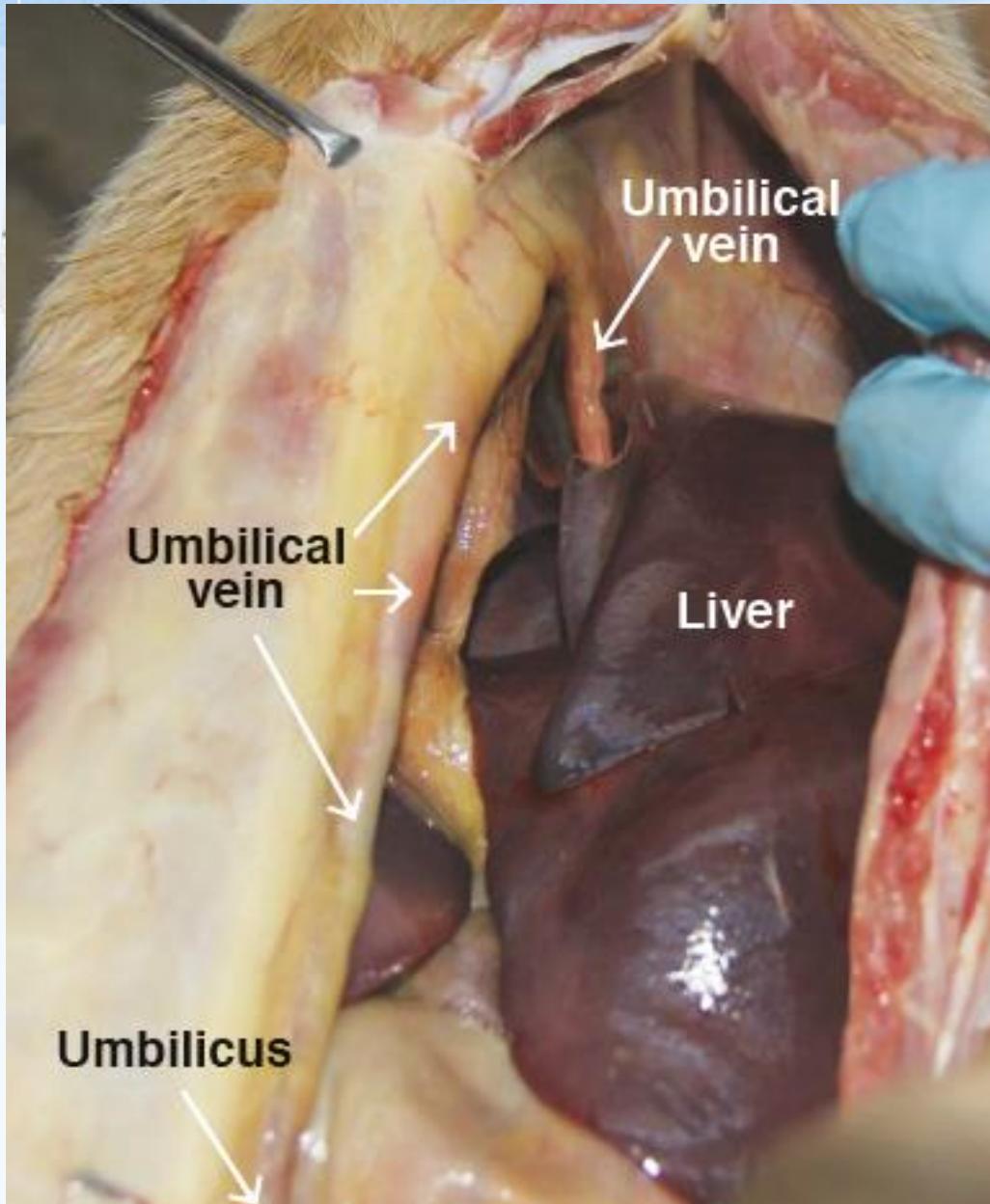
(Enfermidades do remanescente umbilical)

- Úraco – canal do alantoide para eliminação da urina fetal
- Deve obliterar completamente após o nascimento
- Não obliteração – urina eliminada pelo umbigo
- Processo infeccioso concomitante
- Hérnia umbilical, onfaloflebite

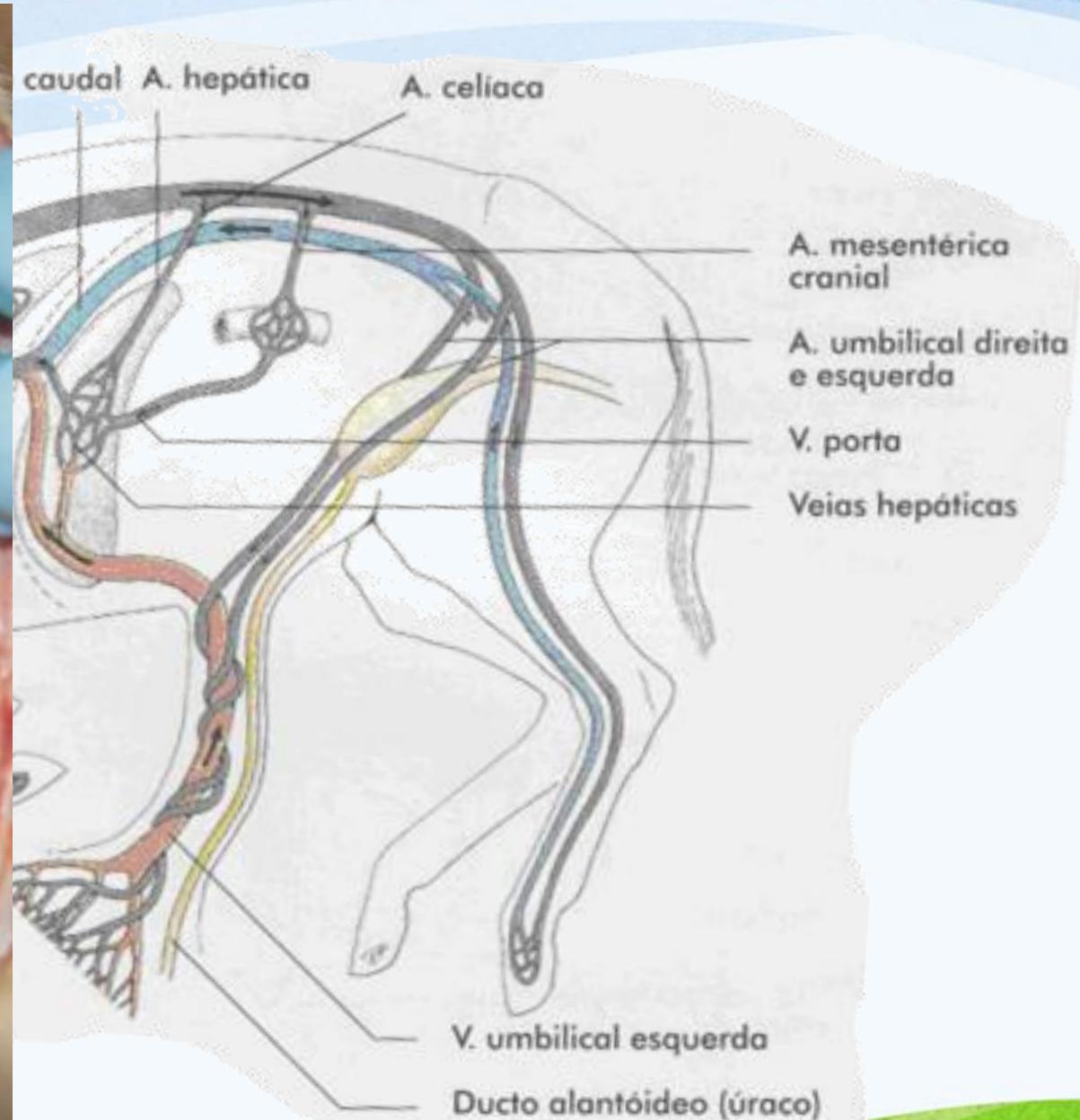


Normal regression of the internal umbilical remnant structures
in Standardbred foals. McCoy et al., 2019



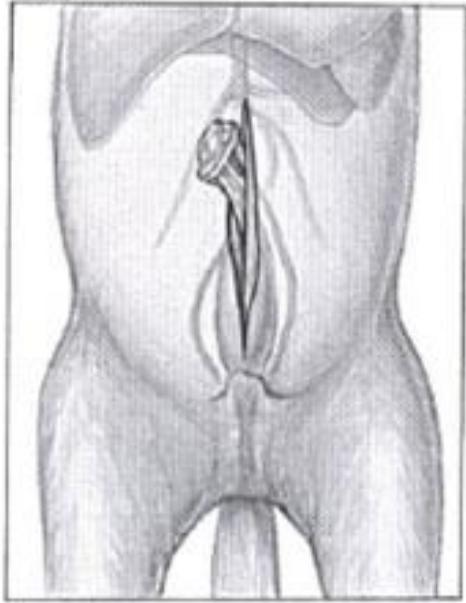


Ultrasonography of the umbilical remnant in foals
Magri, 2018

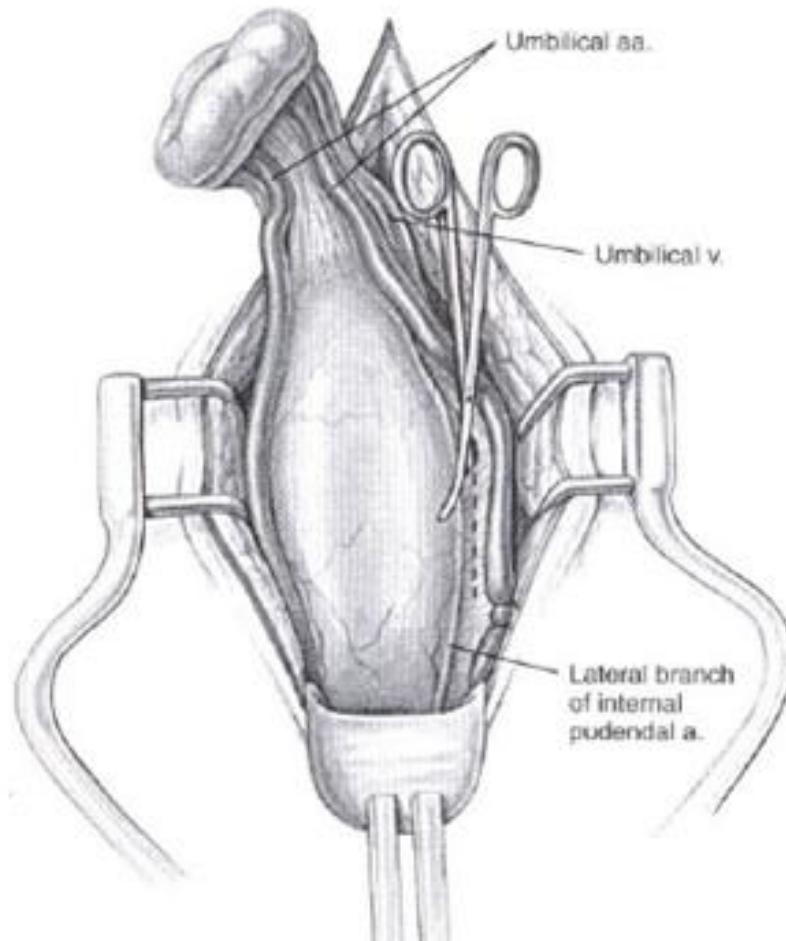


www.vetarq.com.br/search/label/Anatomia

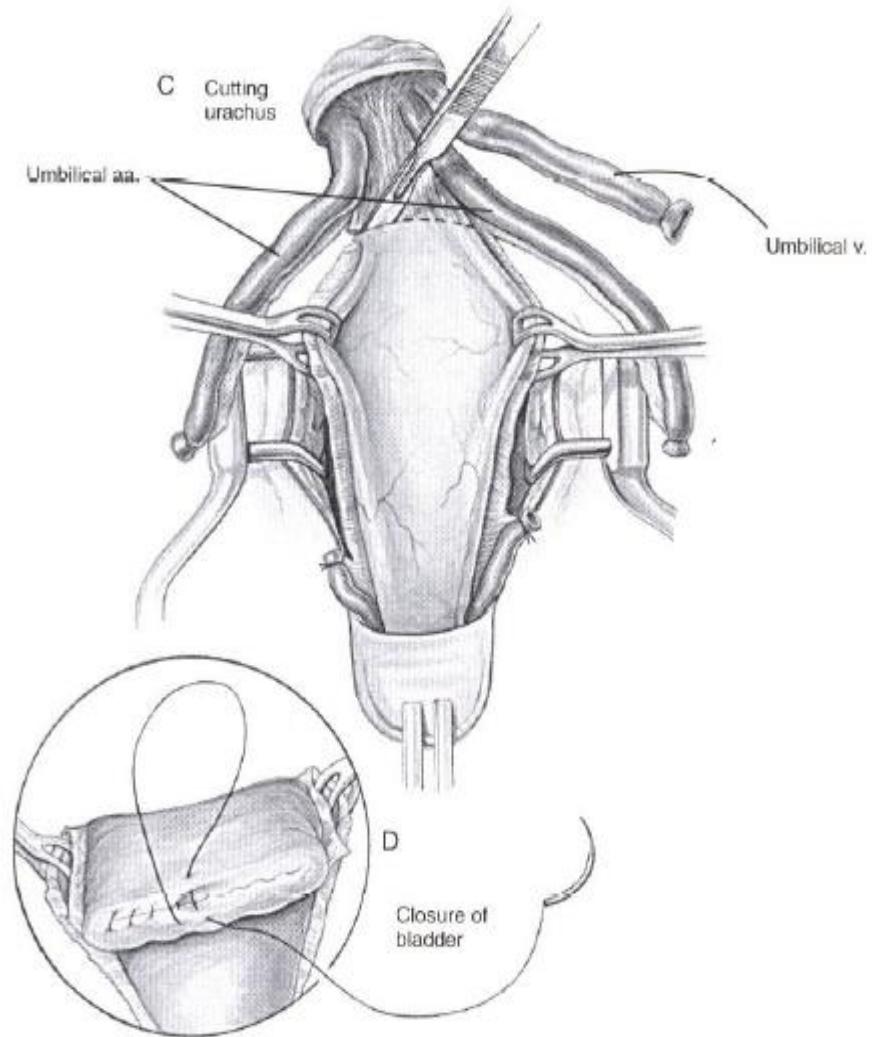
A. Incision



B. Cutting lateral ligament of bladder



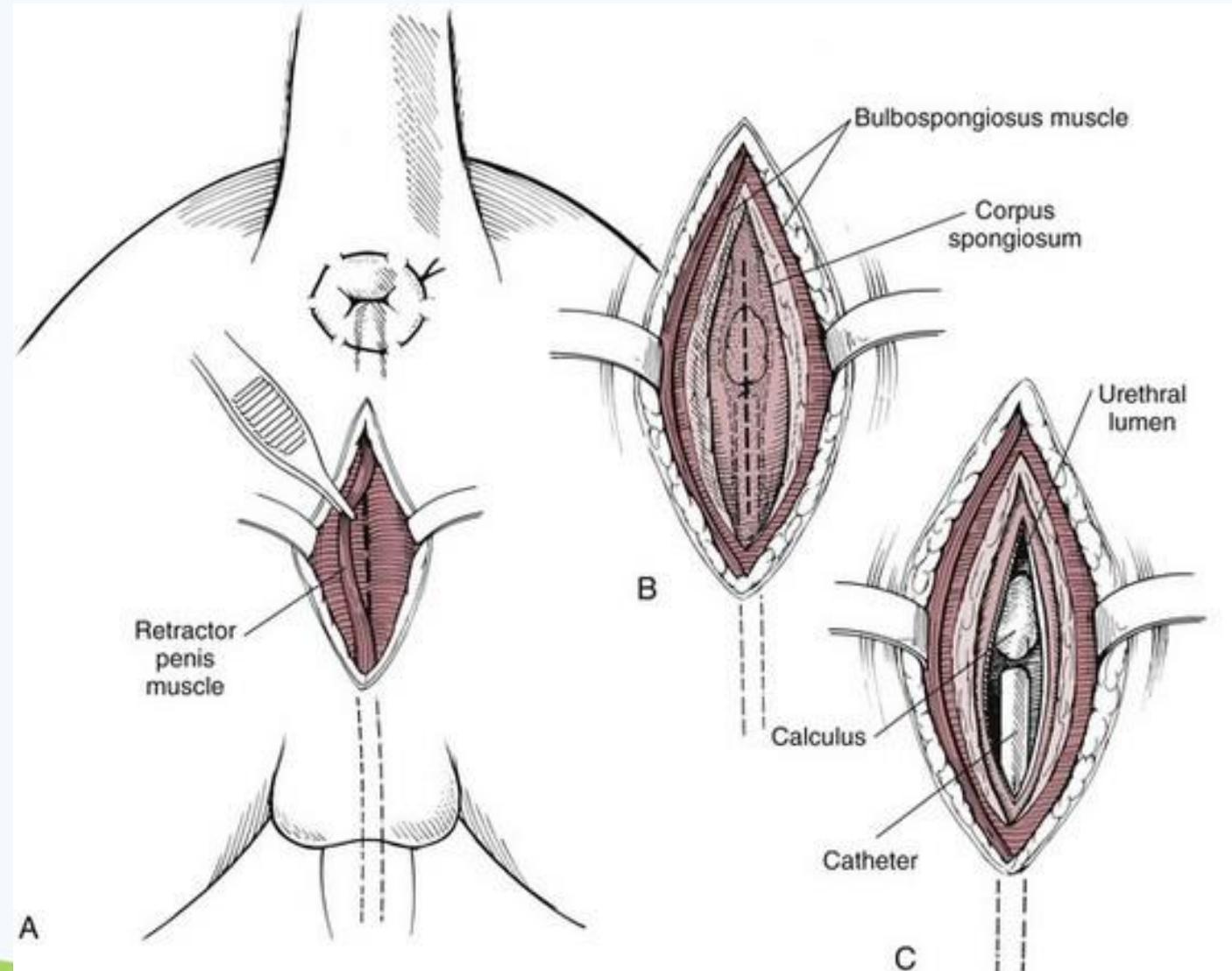
C. Cutting urachus



Adams, S. B., & Fessler, J. F. (2000). *Atlas of equine surgery*. WB Saunders Company.

URETROSTOMIA - Urolitíases

- Laparocistotomia
- Uretrostomia Perineal

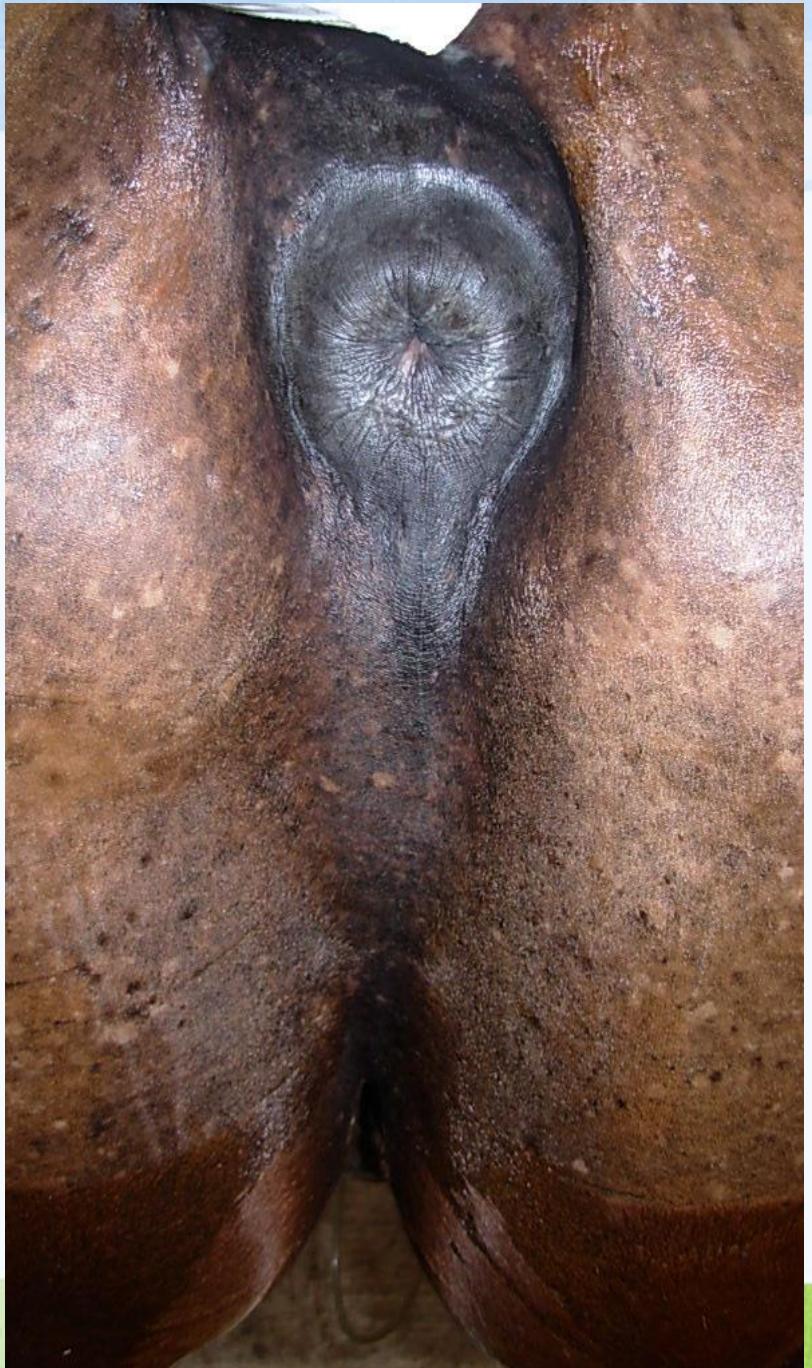




- 1 Ventral surfaces of the ischia
- 2 Ischial tuberosities
- 3 Ischiocavernosus muscles
- 4 Bulbospongiosus muscle
- 5 Retractor penis muscle
- 6 Body of the penis composed of the tunica albuginea
enclosing the corpus cavernosum

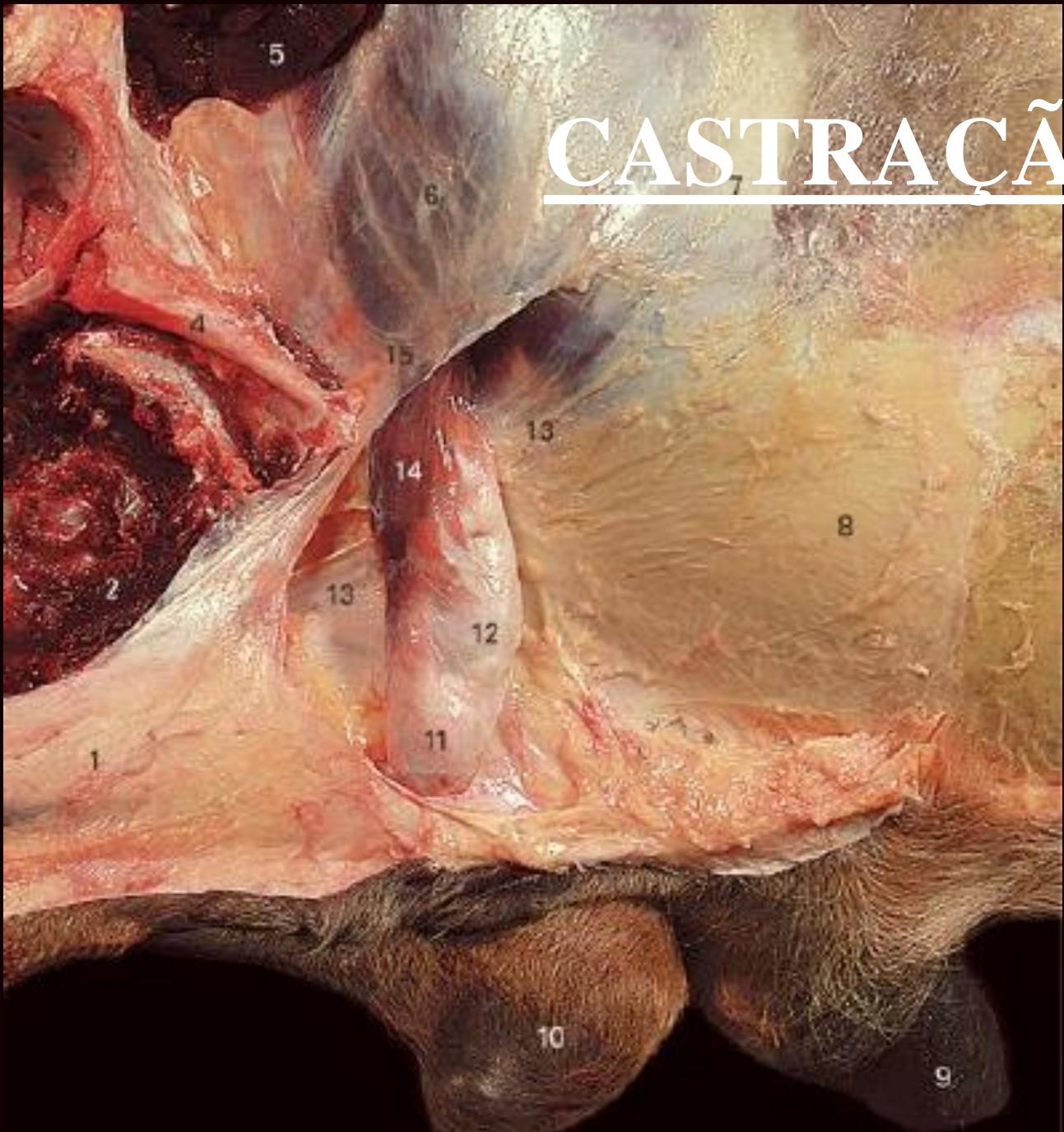


- 1 Ischiocavernosus muscle
- 2 Tunica albuginea
- 3 Corpus cavernosum
- 4 Fibrous trabeculae/corpus cavernosum
- 5 Bulbospongiosus muscle
- 6 Corpus spongiosum
- 7 Urethra



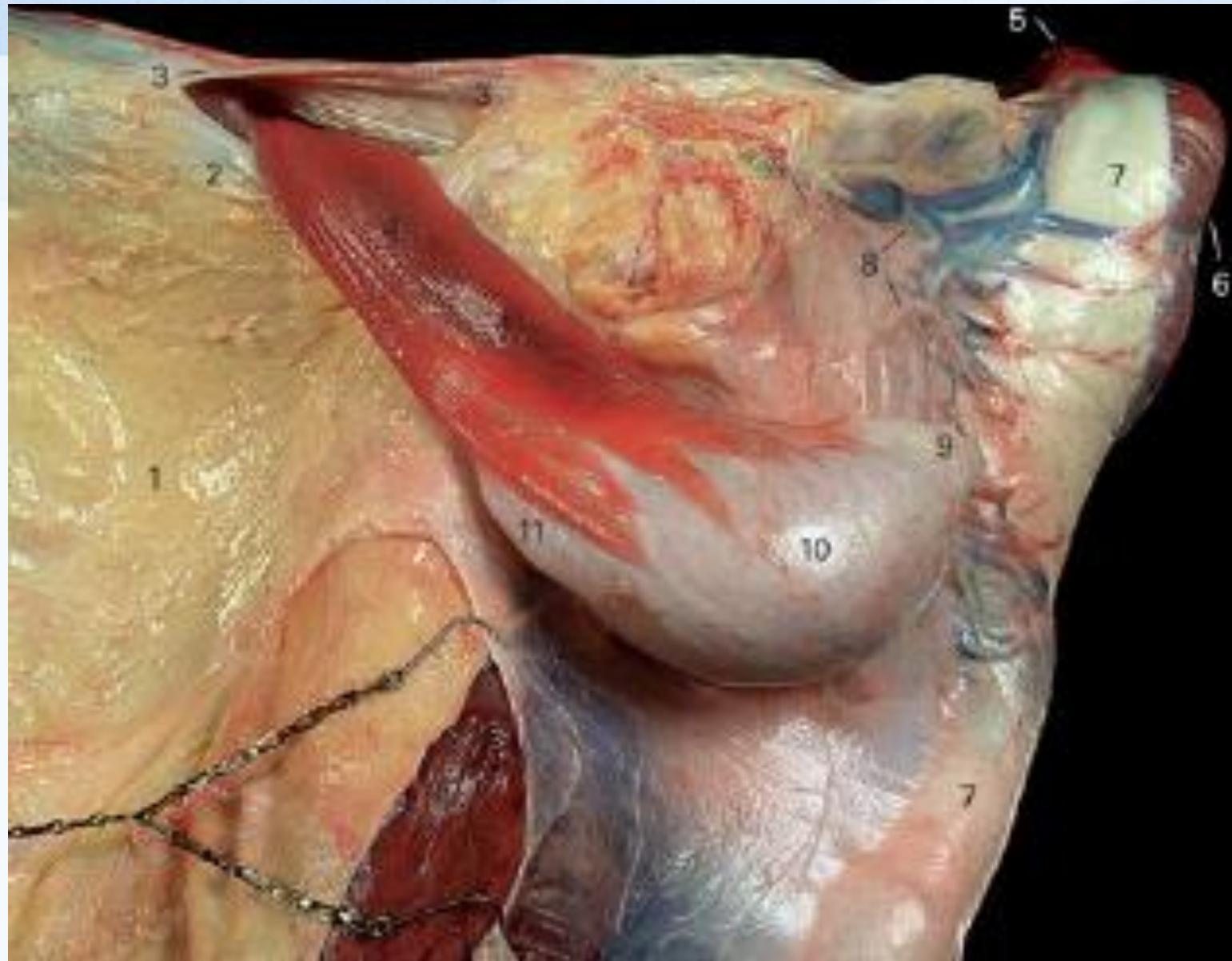
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Prof. Romero

CASTRAÇÃO - CRIPTORQUÍDIA



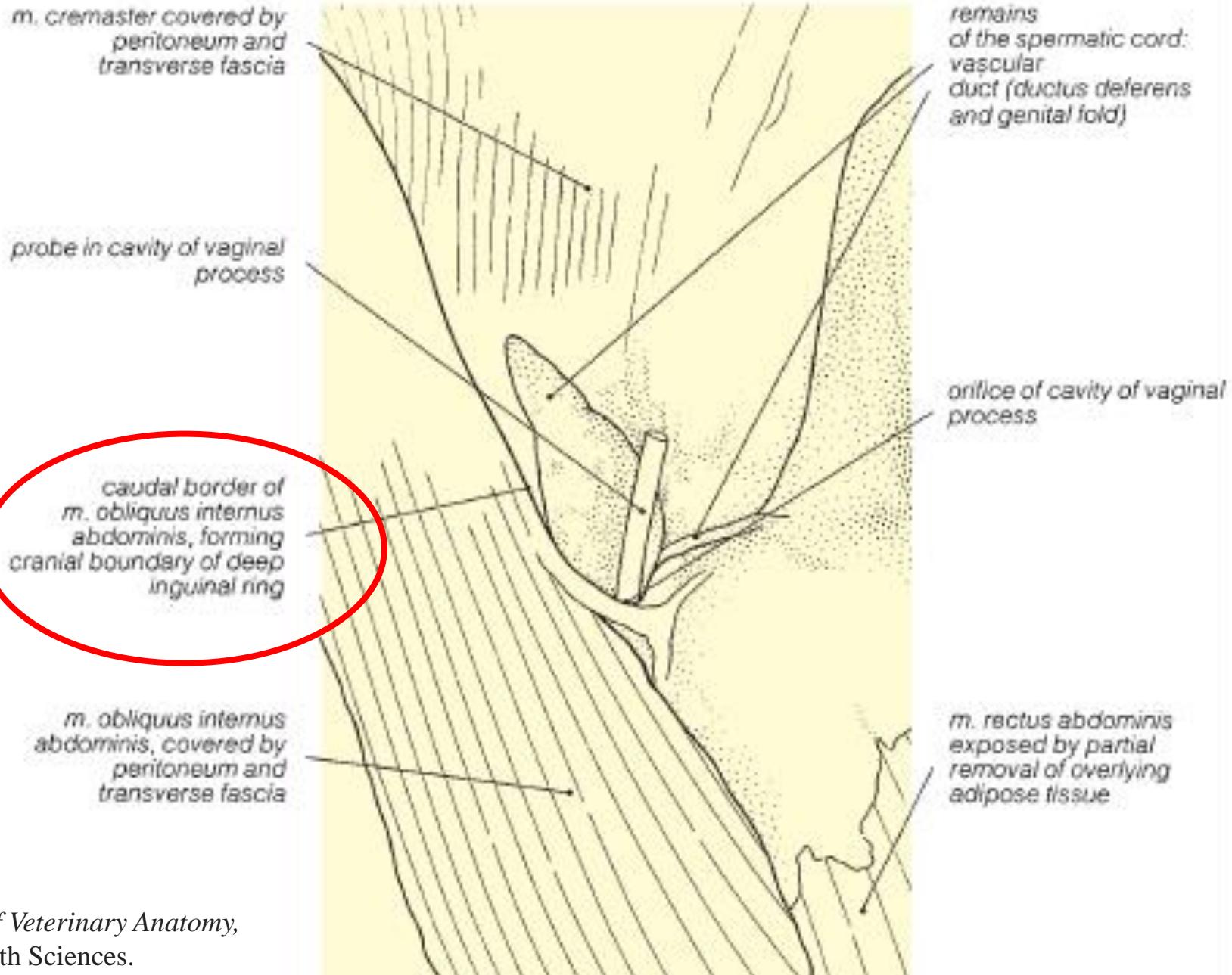
- 10 Hemiscroto do lado esquerdo normal
- 11 Cauda epidídimo visível através da fáscia espermática
- 12 Testículo
- 13 M. obliquus externus abdominis
- 14 Músculo Cremaster visto emergindo do anel inguinal

Clayton, H. M. (2005). *Clinical anatomy of the horse*.



**Musculo oblíquo
abdominal interno –
Anel inguinal interno**

**Musculo oblíquo
abdominal externo –
Anel inguinal externo**



a Linea alba
b Vaginal process
c Cremaster and ilioinguinal nerve

d Transverse fascia
e Pudendoepigastric vessels
f Deep femoral vessels

g Deep circumflex iliac vessels
and lateral cut. femoral nerve
h Iliacofemoral vessels

i Tensor fasciae latae
j Rectus femoris
k Vastus medialis

1 Abdominal tunic

2 Internal abdominal oblique muscle

3 Accessory external pudendal veins

4 Symphysial tendon fossa

5 Femoral ring

6 Pectenius (and adductor longus)

7 Femoral canal

8 Gracilis

9 Saphenous nerve

a

b

c

d

e

f

g

h

i

j

k

(Caudoventral view)

10 External abdominal oblique muscle

11 External pudendal vessels and genitofemoral nerve

12 Supf. inguinal ring

13 Vascular lacuna

14 Muscular lacuna

15 Femoral vessels

16 Iliospoas

17 Tendinous femoral lamina

18 Sartorius

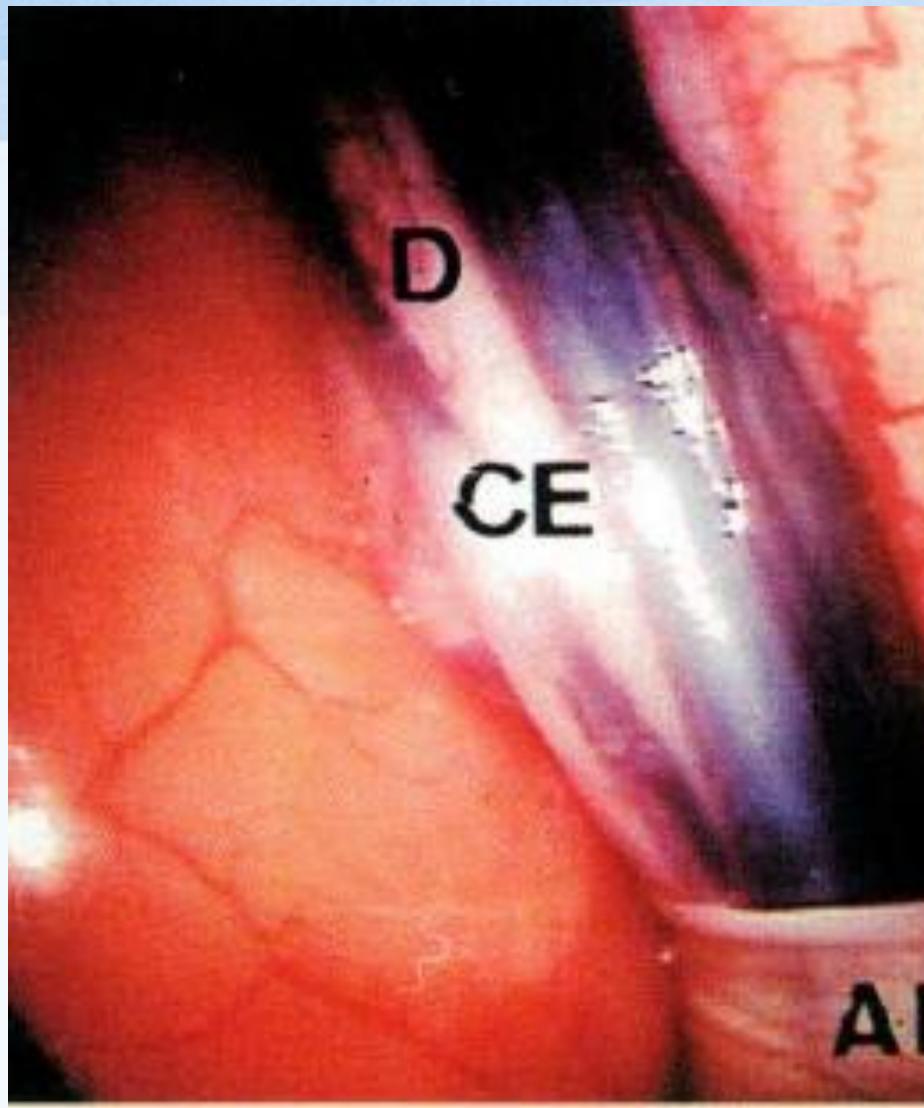
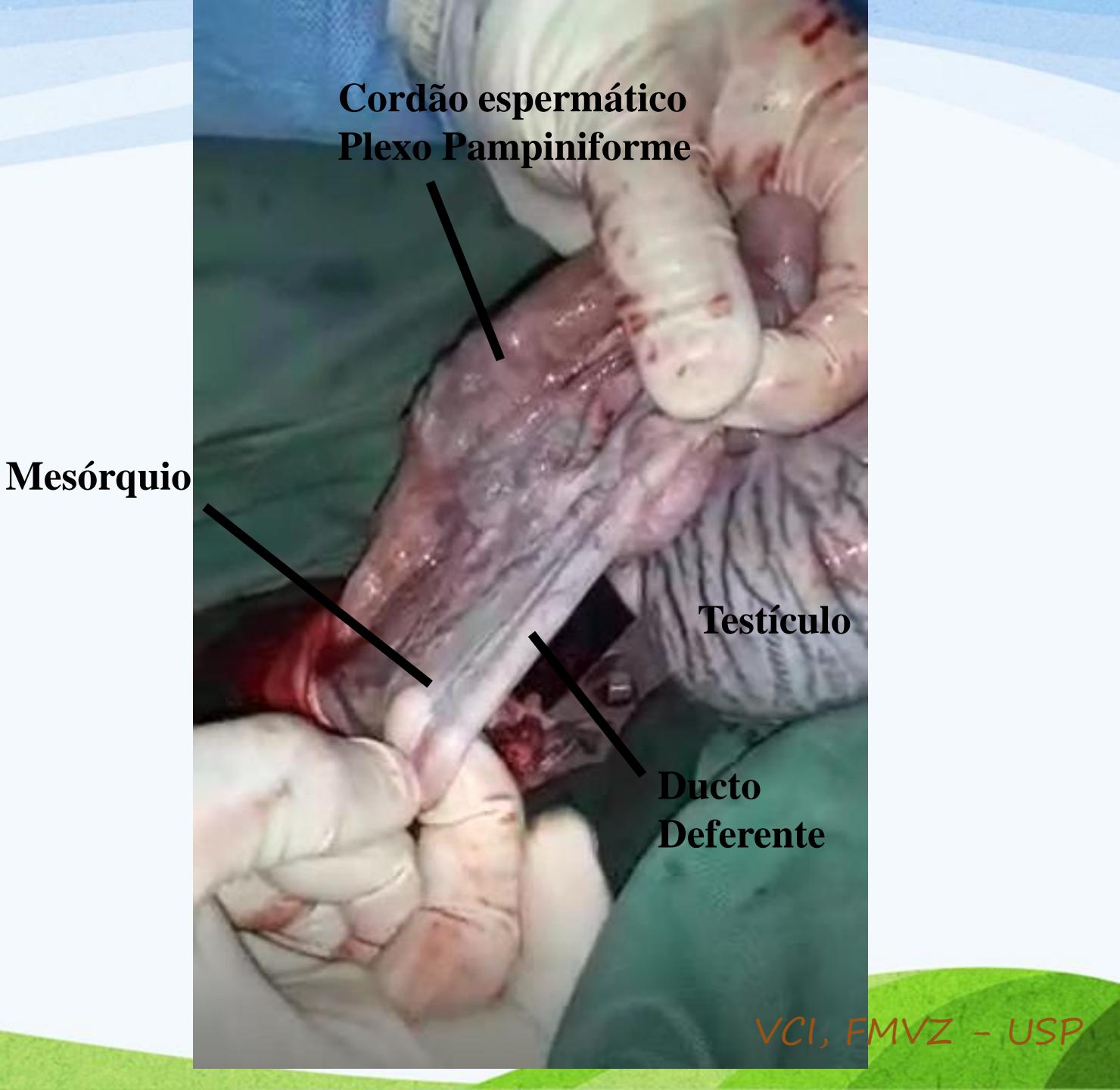
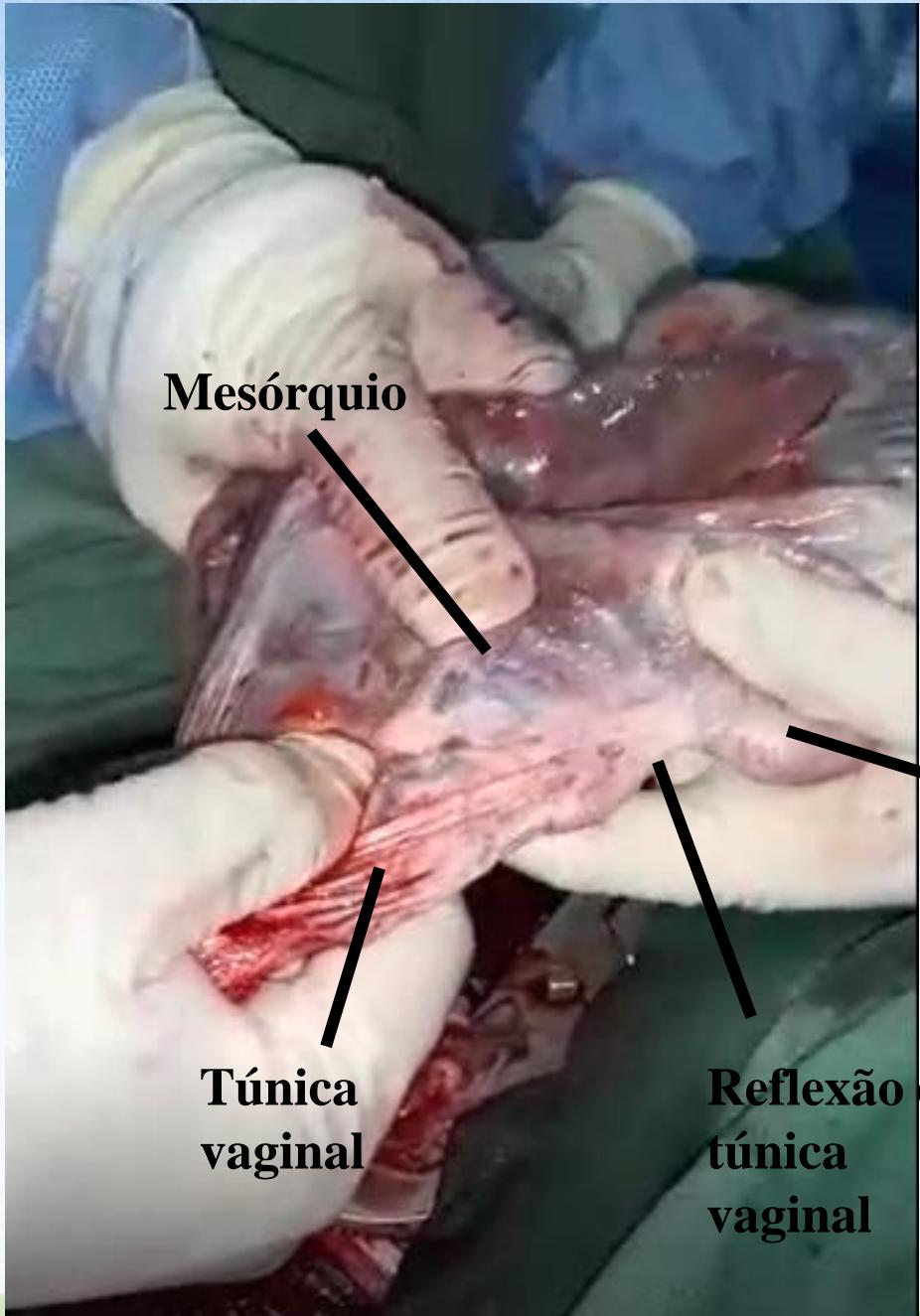


Figura 6. Imagem laparoscópica de eqüilominal, suspenso por pinça de apreensão, em cavalo criptorragagem pelo flanco esquerdo, em posição quídico. Abordagem pelo flanco direito, em posição quadrupinguinal esquerdo, D-ducto deferente, CE-clal.

Figura 8. Imagem laparoscópica de testículo direito intra-ab-

dominal, suspenso por pinça de apreensão, em cavalo criptorragagem pelo flanco esquerdo, em posição quídico. Abordagem pelo flanco direito, em posição quadrupinguinal esquerdo, T-testículo, CM-côlon menor.









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Laceração perineal Retovaginal em éguas

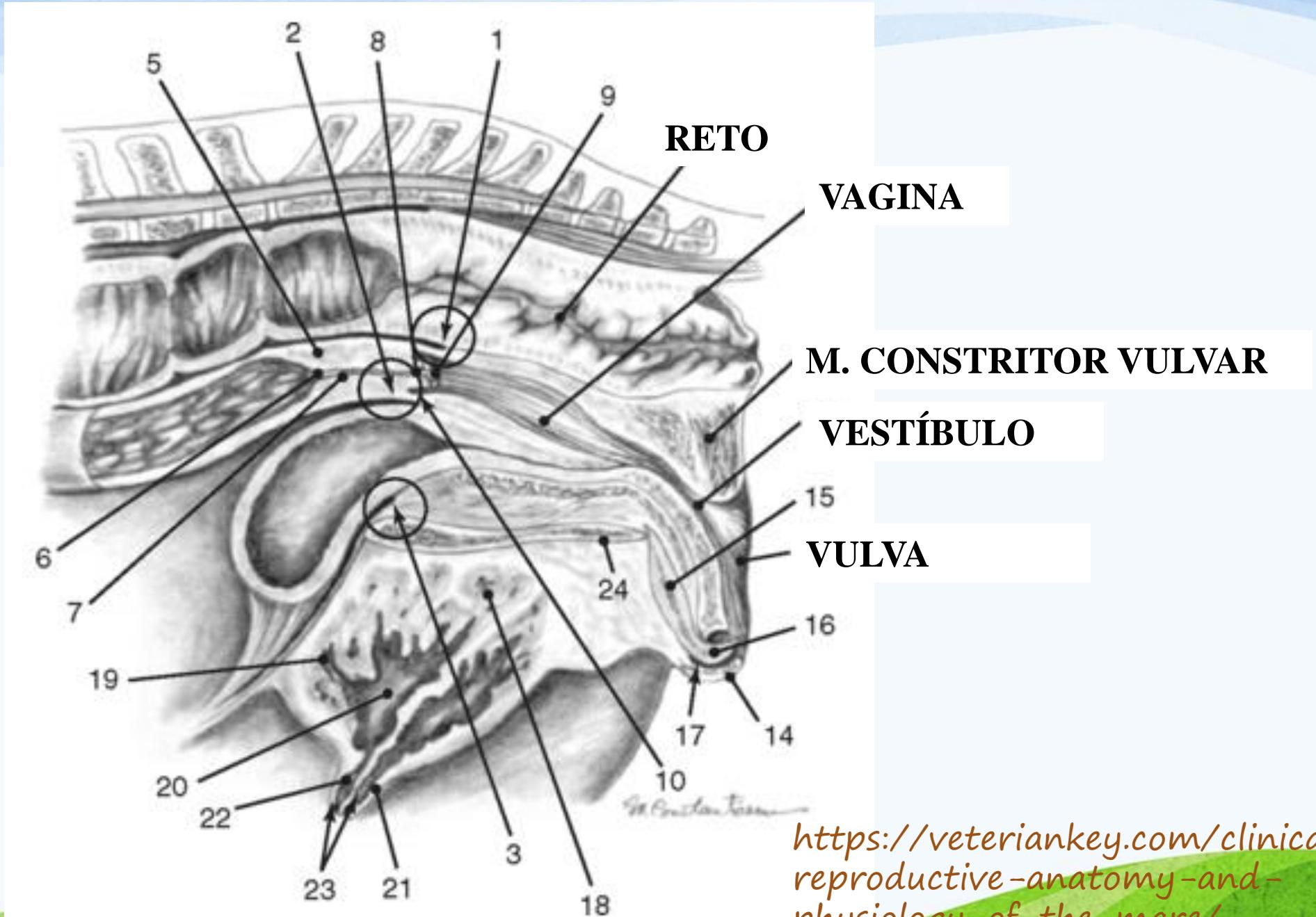


Lesão na dobra anular do hímen, entre a vagina e o vestíbulo, penetrando assim no vestíbulo dorsal e/ou no reto

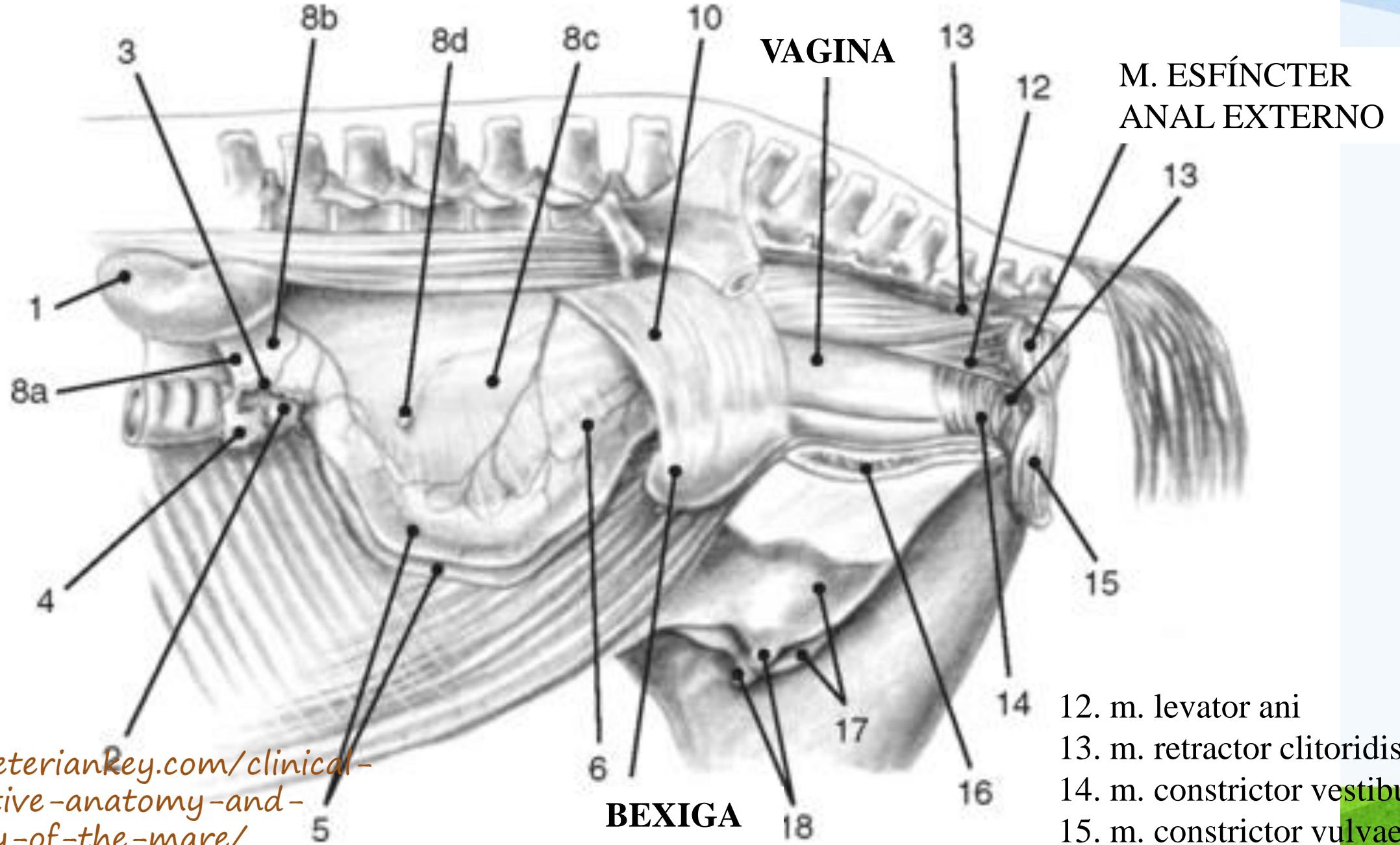
1º Mucosa do vestíbulo e a pele da comissura dorsal da vulva.

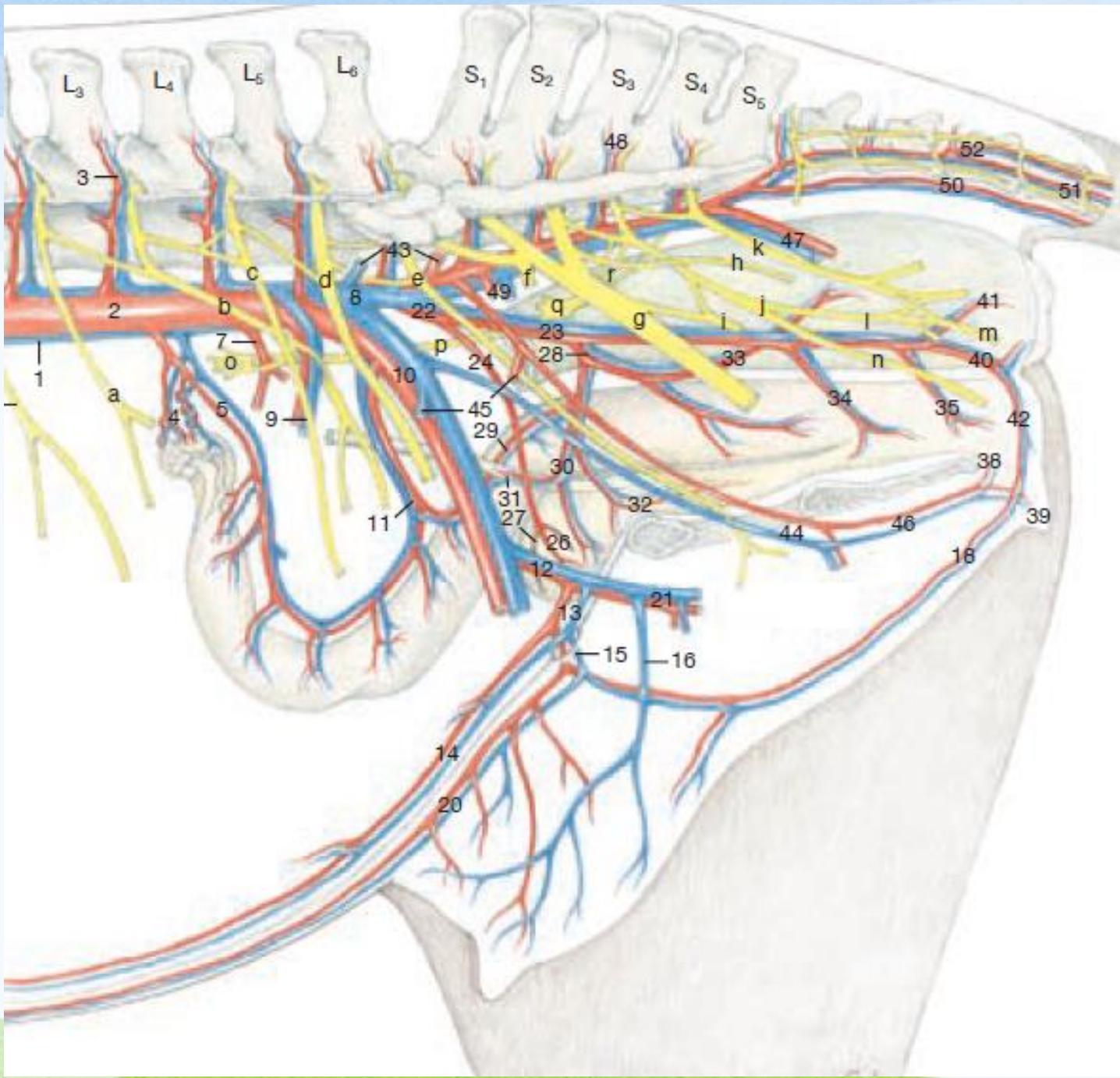
2º Mucosa, a submucosa e músculos do períneo

3º Lesão completa entre o reto e o vestíbulo, desde a parede dorsal da vagina até o assoalho retal, incluindo reto, corpo perineal e esfíncter anal.



<https://veteriankey.com/clinical-reproductive-anatomy-and-physiology-of-the-mare/>





34 Vestibular branch

35 Vessels of the vestibular bulb

40 Ventral perineal vessels

41 Caudal rectal vessels

42 Dorsal labial branches

♀

(caudal view)

-
- 1 Caudal rectal n., Caudal gluteal a./v.
Broad sacrotuberous ligament
2 Coccygeus m.
3 Levator ani m.
Internal pudendal a./v.
4 Obturator internus
5 Retractor clitoridis m.
6 Constrictor vulvae m.
d
e
f
g
7 Rectococcygeus m.
8 External anal sphincter
9 Deep perineal nerve
Ventral perineal a./v.

