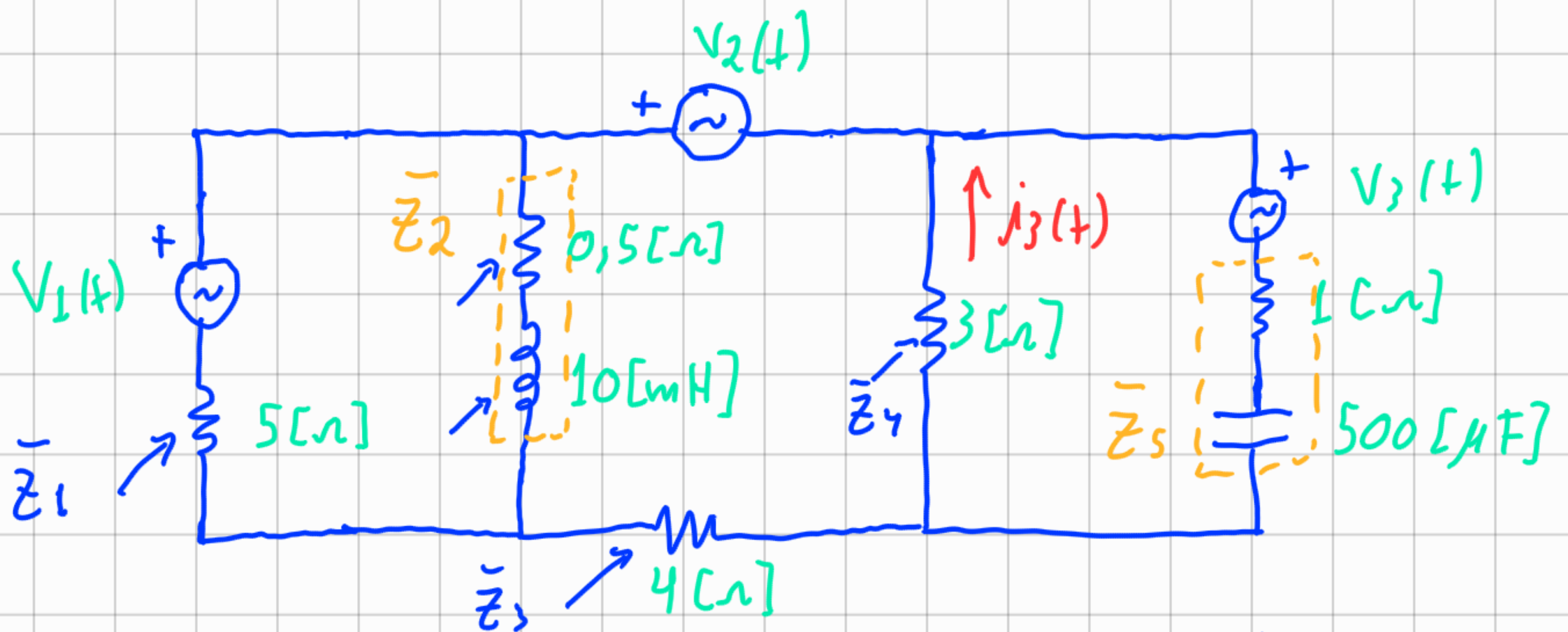


Ex: Determine $i_3(t)$ no circuito abaixo.



Dados: $v_1(t) = 10 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cos(377t + 5^\circ) \text{ [v]}$

$v_2(t) = 20 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cos(377t + 0^\circ) \text{ [v]}$

$v_3(t) = 5 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cos(377t - 15^\circ) \text{ [v]}$

Solução:

1) Transformar o circuito utilizando fasores e impedâncias.

$$\dot{V}_1 = \frac{10 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} e^{j5^\circ} = 10 \angle 5^\circ \text{ [v]}$$

$$\dot{V}_2 = 20 \angle 0^\circ \text{ [v]}$$

$$\dot{V}_3 = 5 \angle -15^\circ \text{ [v]}$$

$$\bar{Z}_1 = 5 \text{ } [\Omega]$$

$$\bar{Z}_2 = 0,5 + j\omega L, \quad \omega = 377 \text{ rad/s}$$

$\omega = 2\pi \cdot \boxed{60} \rightarrow f \text{ [Hz]}$

$$\boxed{\bar{Z}_2 = 0,5 + j377 \cdot 10 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0,5 + j3,77 \text{ } [\Omega]}$$

Na forma polar:

$$\bar{Z}_2 = \sqrt{0,5^2 + 3,77^2} \angle \tan^{-1} \frac{3,77}{0,5}$$

$$\bar{Z}_2 = 3,803 \angle 82,45^\circ \text{ } [\Omega]$$

$$\bar{Z}_3 = 4 \text{ } [\Omega]$$

$$\bar{Z}_4 = 3 \text{ } [\Omega]$$

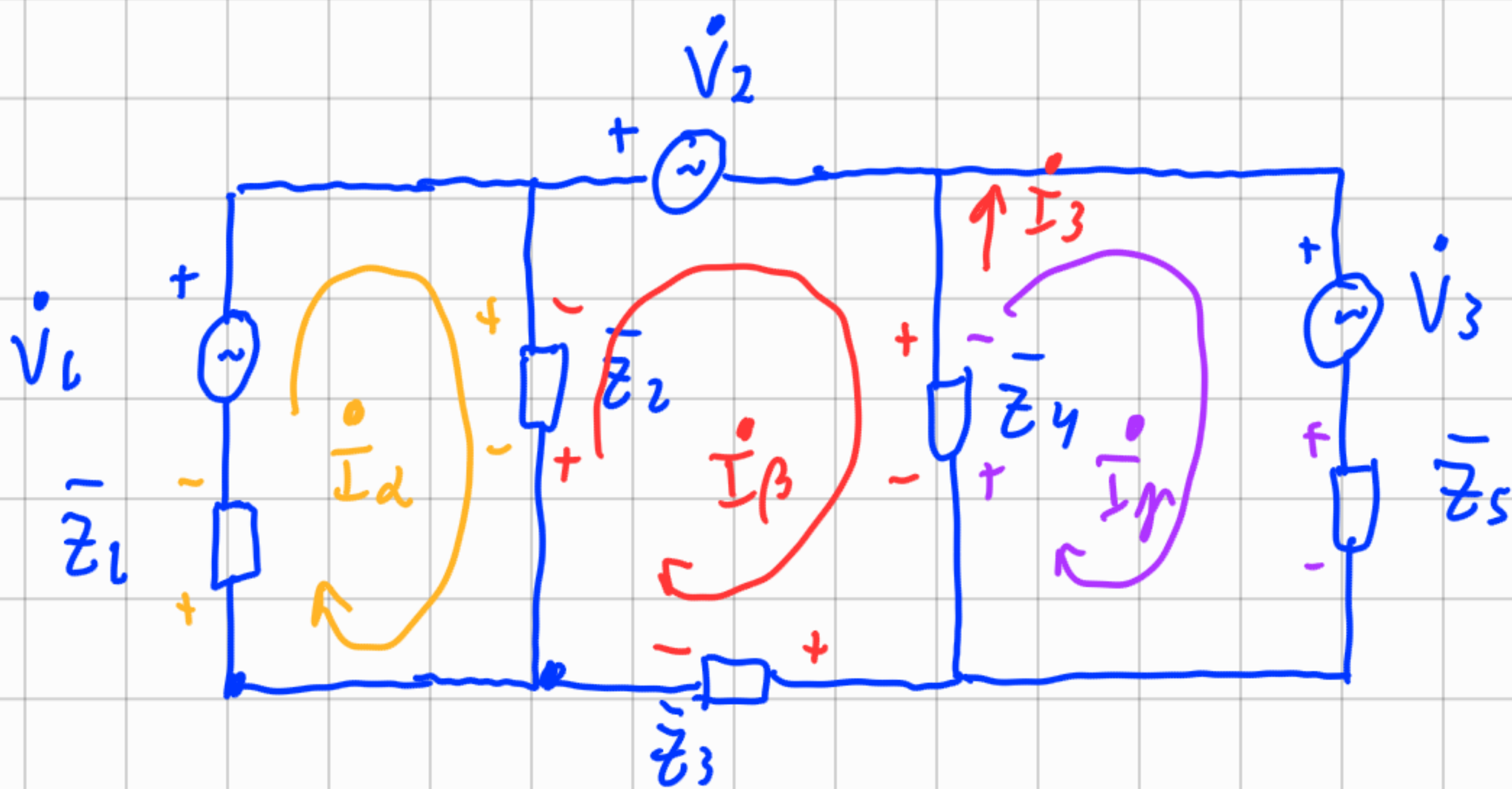
$$\bar{Z}_5 = 1 - j \frac{1}{\omega C} = 1 - j \frac{1}{377 \cdot 500 \cdot 10^{-6}}$$

$$\bar{Z}_5 = 1 - j5,305 \text{ } [\Omega]$$

$$\bar{Z}_s = \frac{1 \cdot (-j5,305)}{1 + (-j5,305)} = \frac{-j5,305}{1 - j5,305}$$

$$\bar{Z}_s = 0,966 - j0,182 \text{ } [\Omega]$$





Malha α :

$$-\bar{Z}_1 \dot{I}_\alpha + \dot{V}_1 - \bar{Z}_2 \dot{I}_\alpha + \bar{Z}_2 \dot{I}_\beta = 0$$

$$(\bar{Z}_1 + \bar{Z}_2) \dot{I}_\alpha - \bar{Z}_2 \dot{I}_\beta = \dot{V}_1$$

Malha β :

$$-\bar{Z}_2 \dot{I}_\beta + \bar{Z}_2 \dot{I}_\alpha - \dot{V}_2 - \bar{Z}_4 \dot{I}_\beta + \bar{Z}_4 \dot{I}_\gamma - \bar{Z}_3 \dot{I}_\beta = 0$$

$$-\bar{Z}_2 \dot{I}_\alpha + (\bar{Z}_2 + \bar{Z}_4 + \bar{Z}_3) \dot{I}_\beta - \bar{Z}_4 \dot{I}_\gamma = -\dot{V}_2$$

Malha γ :

$$-\bar{Z}_4 \dot{I}_\gamma + \bar{Z}_4 \dot{I}_\beta - \dot{V}_3 - \bar{Z}_5 \dot{I}_\gamma = 0$$

$$-\bar{Z}_4 \dot{I}_\beta + (\bar{Z}_4 + \bar{Z}_5) \dot{I}_\gamma = -\dot{V}_3$$

Sistema matricial:

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \bar{z}_1 + \bar{z}_2 & -\bar{z}_2 & 0 \\ -\bar{z}_2 & \bar{z}_2 + \bar{z}_4 + \bar{z}_3 & -\bar{z}_4 \\ 0 & -\bar{z}_4 & \bar{z}_4 + \bar{z}_5 \end{bmatrix}}_A \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \dot{I}_\alpha \\ \dot{I}_\beta \\ \dot{I}_\gamma \end{bmatrix}}_x = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \dot{V}_1 \\ -\dot{V}_2 \\ -\dot{V}_3 \end{bmatrix}}_b$$

$$Ax = b$$

$$x = A^{-1} \cdot b$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5,5 + j3,77 & -0,5 - j3,77 & 0 \\ -0,5 - j3,77 & 7,5 + j3,77 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 - j5,305 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{I}_\alpha \\ \dot{I}_\beta \\ \dot{I}_\gamma \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \angle 5^\circ \\ -20 \angle 0^\circ \\ -5 \angle -15^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{I}_\alpha \\ \dot{I}_\beta \\ \dot{I}_\gamma \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,418 \angle -82,32^\circ \\ 2,282 \angle 162,90^\circ \\ 1,7828 \angle -143,23^\circ \end{bmatrix} \quad [A]$$

P/ \dot{I}_3 :

$$\dot{I}_3 = \dot{I}_\gamma - \dot{I}_\beta$$

$$\dot{I}_3 = 1,7828 \angle -143,23^\circ - 2,282 \angle 162,90^\circ$$

$$\dot{I}_3 = 1,8945 \angle -66,57^\circ \quad (A)$$

$$i_3(t) = 1,8945 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cos(377t - 66,57^\circ) \text{ (A)}$$

$$i_3(t) = 2,68 \cos(377t - 66,57^\circ) \text{ (A)}$$