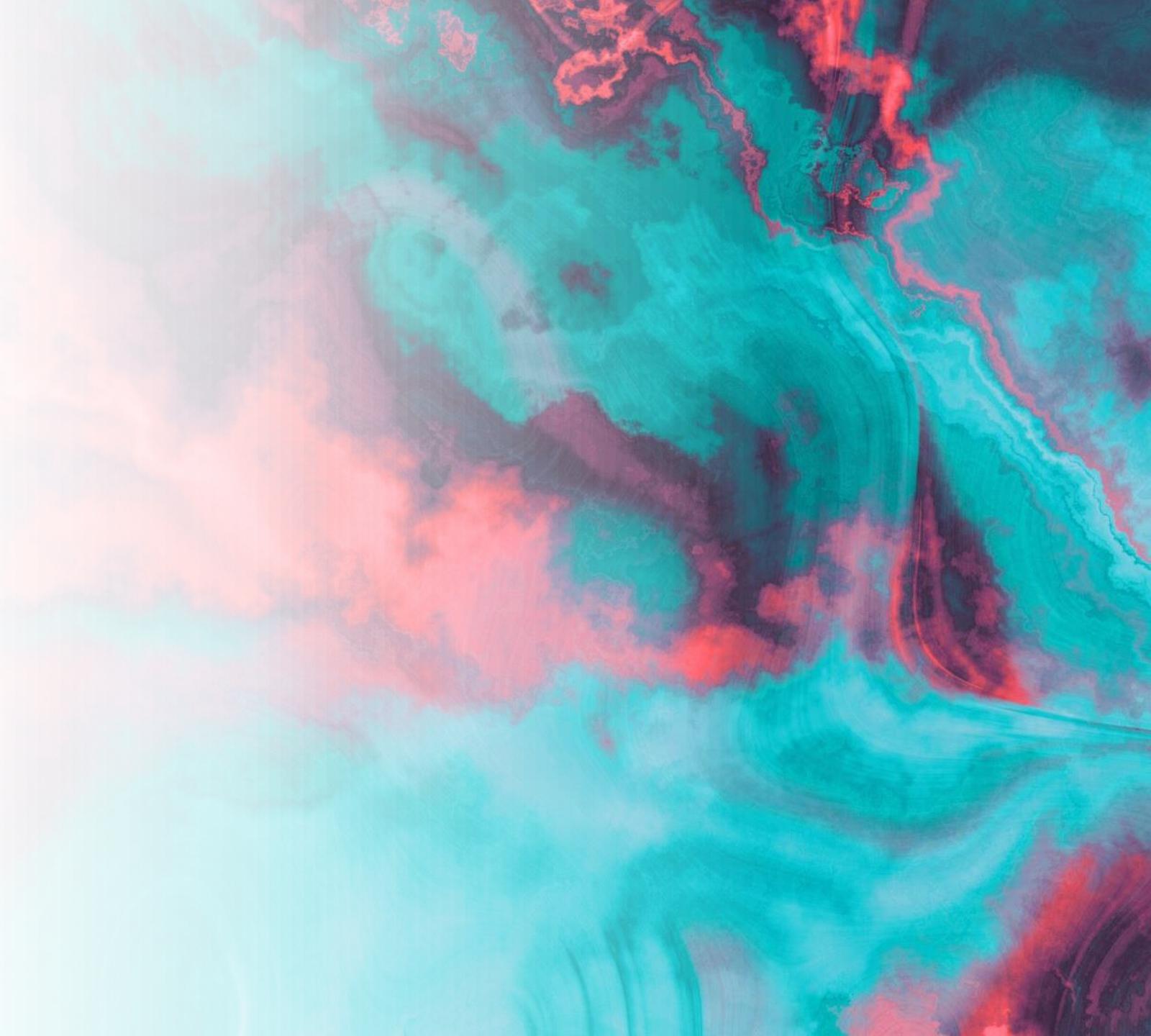


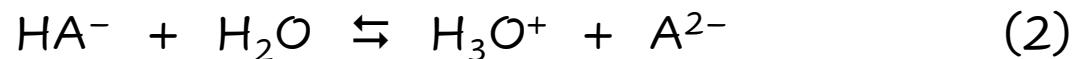
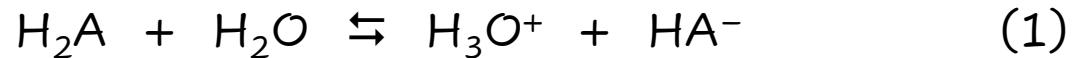


Ácidos, bases e sais polipróticos

QUÍMICA ANALÍTICA
AVANÇADA



Ácidos polipróticos



Constantes de dissociação ácida:

$$K_{a1} = \frac{[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+][\text{HA}^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{A}]} \quad (3)$$

$$K_{a2} = \frac{[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+][\text{A}^{2-}]}{[\text{HA}^-]} \quad (4)$$

Balanço de massas:

$$C_a = [\text{H}_2\text{A}] + [\text{HA}^-] + [\text{A}^{2-}] \quad (5)$$

Balanço de cargas:

$$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] = [\text{OH}^-] + [\text{HA}^-] + 2[\text{A}^{2-}] \quad (6)$$



C_a é a concentração analítica de H_2A .

Isolando $[H_2A]$ em (3), $[A^{2-}]$ em (4) e substituindo em (5):

$$C_a = \frac{[H_3O^+][HA^-]}{K_{a1}} + [HA^-] + \frac{K_{a2}[HA^-]}{[H_3O^+]}$$

$$C_a = [HA^-] \left(\frac{[H_3O^+]}{K_{a1}} + 1 + \frac{K_{a2}}{[H_3O^+]} \right) \quad (7)$$

Na eq. (6), substituindo $[\text{OH}^-] = K_w/[H_3O^+]$ e $[A^{2-}]$:

$$K_{a2} = \frac{[H_3O^+][A^{2-}]}{[HA^-]}$$

$$[H_3O^+] = \frac{K_w}{[H_3O^+]} + [HA^-] + 2 \left(\frac{K_{a2}[HA^-]}{[H_3O^+]} \right)$$

$$[H_3O^+] - \frac{K_w}{[H_3O^+]} = [HA^-] \left(1 + \frac{2K_{a2}}{[H_3O^+]} \right) \quad (8)$$

Dividindo a eq. (7) pela eq. (8):

$$\frac{C_a[H_3O^+]}{[H_3O^+] - K_w} = \frac{[H_3O^+]^2 + K_{a1}[H_3O^+] + K_{a1}K_{a2}}{K_{a1}([H_3O^+] + 2K_{a1})} \quad (9)$$

Desenvolver!! ☺



$$[H_3O^+]^4 + K_{a1}[H_3O^+]^3 + (K_{a1}K_{a2} - K_w - K_{a1}C_a)[H_3O^+]^2 - (K_{a1}K_w - 2K_{a1}K_{a2}C_a) - K_{a1}K_{a2}K_w = 0 \quad (10)$$

Ignorando a contribuição da água, elimina-se todos os termos que envolvem K_w :

$$[H_3O^+]^3 + K_{a1}[H_3O^+]^2 + (K_{a1}K_{a2} - K_{a1}C_a)[H_3O^+] - 2K_{a1}K_{a2}C_a = 0 \quad (11)$$

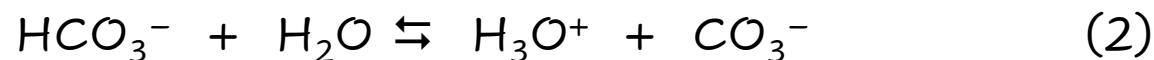
Se $K_{a1} \gg K_{a2}$, os termos envolvendo K_{a2} em (11) podem ser eliminados:

$$[H_3O^+]^2 + K_{a1}[H_3O^+] - K_{a1}C_a = 0 \quad (12)$$

Se $[H_3O^+] < 5\%$ de C_a :

$$[H_3O^+] = \sqrt{K_a C_a}$$

Ácidos e Bases Polifuncionais



$$K_h = \frac{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3][\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{HCO}_3^-]} = \frac{K_w}{K_{a1}} \quad (3)$$

$$K_{a2} = \frac{[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+][\text{CO}_3^{2-}]}{[\text{HCO}_3^-]} \quad (4)$$

$$K_h = \frac{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3][\text{OH}^-][\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]}{[\text{HCO}_3^-][\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]} \quad \begin{matrix} K_w \\ \cancel{K_{a1}} \end{matrix}$$
$$K_h = \frac{K_w}{K_{a1}}$$

Balanço de massas:

$$C_s = [\text{Na}^+] = [\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] + [\text{HCO}_3^-] + [\text{CO}_3^{2-}] \quad (5)$$

Balanço de cargas:

$$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] + [\text{Na}^+] = [\text{OH}^-] + [\text{HCO}_3^-] + 2[\text{CO}_3^{2-}] \quad (6)$$

Substituindo (5) em (6):

$$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] + [\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] + [\text{HCO}_3^-] + [\text{CO}_3^{2-}] = [\text{OH}^-] + [\text{HCO}_3^-] + 2[\text{CO}_3^{2-}] \quad (7)$$

$$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] + [\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] = [\text{OH}^-] + [\text{CO}_3^{2-}] \quad (8)$$

$$\text{Como } [\text{OH}^-] = K_w / [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] \quad (9)$$

Substituindo (9) em (3):

$$[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] \frac{K_w}{[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]} K_{a1} = K_w [\text{HCO}_3^-]$$

$$[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] = \frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-][\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]}{K_{a1}} \quad (10)$$

Isolando $[CO_3^{2-}]$ em (4):

$$[CO_3^{2-}] = [HCO_3^-] \frac{K_{a2}}{[H_3O^+]} \quad (11)$$

Substituindo (9), (10) e (11) em (8)

$$[H_3O^+] + [HCO_3^-] \frac{[H_3O^+]}{K_{a1}} = \frac{K_w}{[H_3O^+]} + \left([HCO_3^-] \frac{K_{a2}}{[H_3O^+]} \right)$$

Multiplicando por $K_{a1}[H_3O^+]$:

$$[H_3O^+]^2 K_{a1} + K_{a1}[H_3O^+] \left([HCO_3^-] \frac{[H_3O^+]}{K_{a1}} \right) = \frac{K_w}{[H_3O^+]} K_{a1}[H_3O^+] + \left([HCO_3^-] \frac{K_{a2}}{[H_3O^+]} \right) K_{a1}[H_3O^+]$$

$$K_{a1}[H_3O^+]^2 + [HCO_3^-][H_3O^+]^2 = K_w K_{a1} + K_{a1} K_{a2} [HCO_3^-]$$

$$(K_{a1} + [HCO_3^-])[H_3O^+]^2 = K_{a1} K_w + K_{a1} K_{a2}[HCO_3^-]$$

$$[H_3O^+]^2 = \frac{K_{a1}K_w + K_{a1}K_{a2}[HCO_3^-]}{K_{a1} + [HCO_3^-]} \quad (12)$$

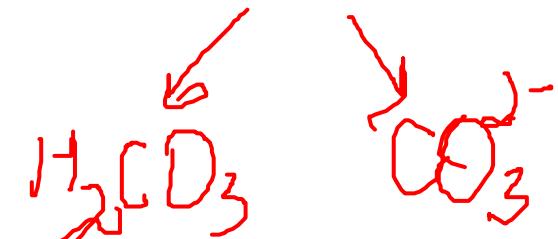
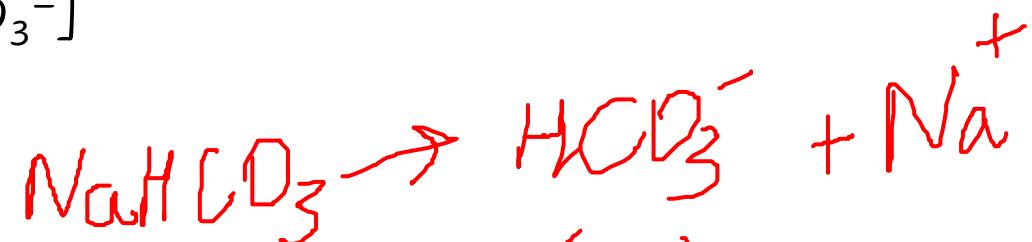
Se $[H_2CO_3] + [CO_3^{2-}] < 5\%$ de $[HCO_3^-]$ e $C_s = [HCO_3^-]$

$$[H_3O^+]^2 = \frac{\cancel{K_{a1}K_w} + K_{a1}K_{a2}C_s}{\cancel{K_{a1}} + C_s} = \cancel{C_s}$$

Se $C_s \gg K_{a1} \therefore K_{a1} + C_s \sim C_s$

$$[H_3O^+]^2 = K_{a1}K_{a2}$$

$$[H_3O^+] = \sqrt{K_{a1}K_{a2}}$$



$$K_{a1} = 4,5 \times 10^{-7}$$

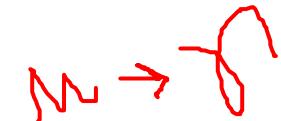
$$K_w = 10 \times 10^{-14}$$



1. Calcule o pH de uma solução contendo CH_3COOH 0,025 M mais NaCl 0,05 M



2. Calcule o pH de uma solução 0,1 Mol/L Na_2CO_3



3. Calcule o pH de uma solução 0,0100 Mol/L de NaHCO_3