

- 01. Introduction to the PIC simulation
- 02. Random number generation and its application
- 03. Particle weighting and normalization
- 04. Particle pusher
- 05. Poisson's equation
- 06. One-dimensional electrostatic PIC code
- 07. Numerical tips and tricks in PIC simulations

08. Visualization

## **Particle-in-Cell (PIC) kinetic simulations**

### **09. Electromagnetic field solver**

**Chun-Sung Jao ( 饒駿頌 )**

Assistant Research Scholar,  
Institute of Space Science and Engineering,  
National Central University, Taiwan

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[www.slido.com](http://www.slido.com) code: #B194

# Maxwell's equations (1D)

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{\rho_c}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial x} = \frac{\rho_c}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x} = 0 \quad B_x = \text{const}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$-\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x} = -\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x} = -\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial t}$$

$$-\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x} = \mu_0 J_y + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} = \mu_0 J_z + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial t}$$

## Maxwell's equations (2D)

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t}$$

$$-\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x} = -\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial y} = \mu_0 J_x + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial t}$$

$$-\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x} = \mu_0 J_y + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial t}$$

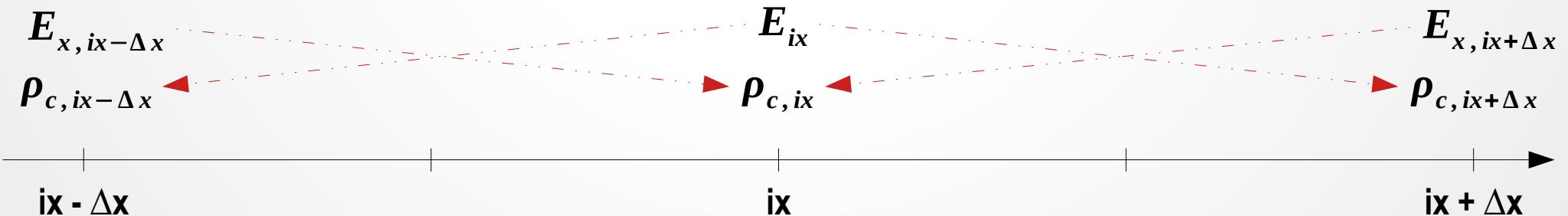
$$\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial y} = \mu_0 J_z + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial t}$$

# Maxwell's equations (1D)

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial x} = \frac{\rho_c}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{E_{x,ix+\Delta x} - E_{x,ix-\Delta x}}{2 \Delta x} = \frac{\rho_{c,ix}}{\epsilon_0}$$

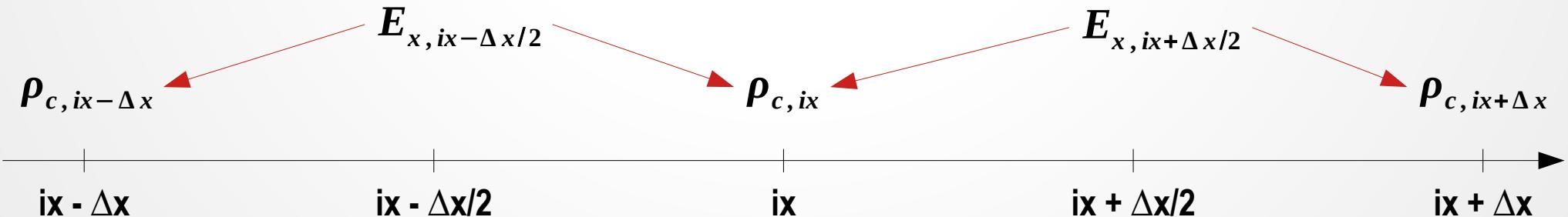


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$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial x} = \frac{\rho_c}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{E_{x, ix + \Delta x/2} - E_{x, ix - \Delta x/2}}{\Delta x} = \frac{\rho_{c, ix}}{\epsilon_0}$$



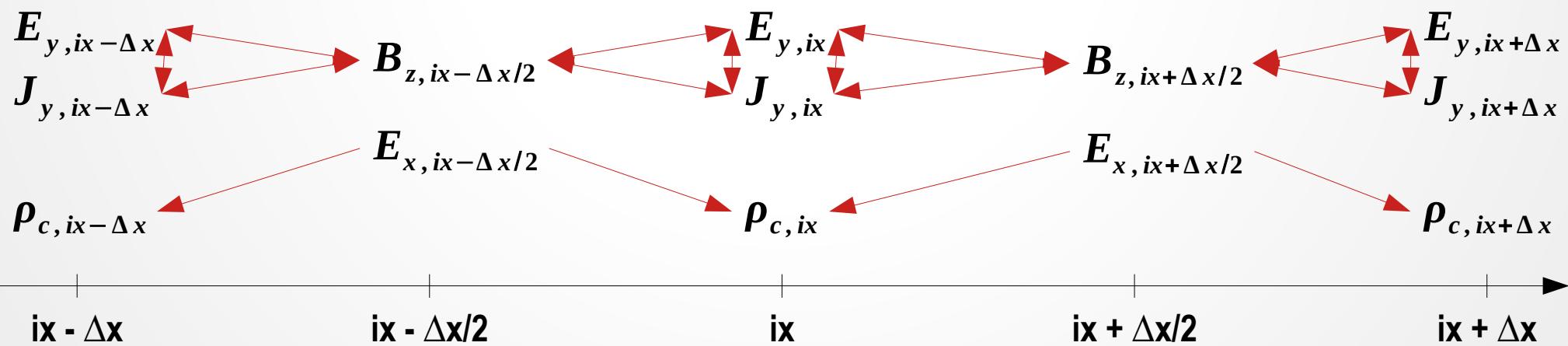
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