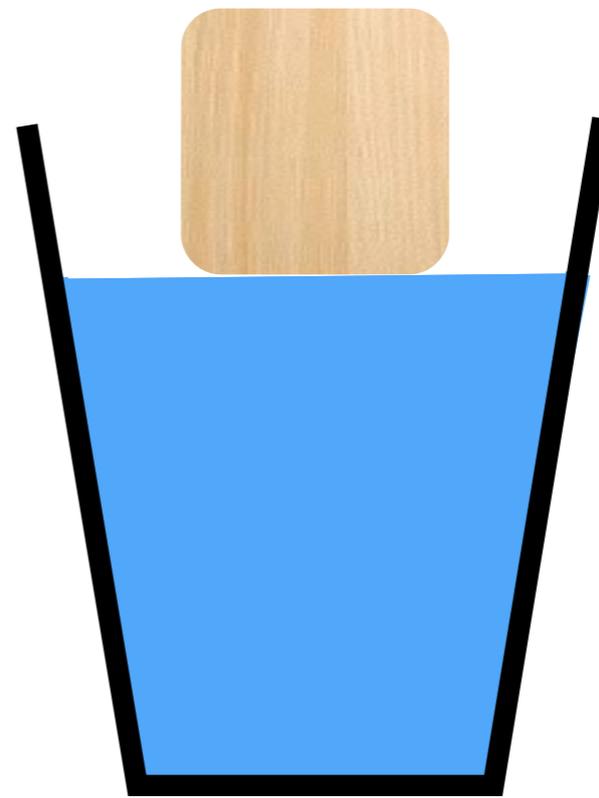


IAG/USP

# Modelos quantitativos de bacias sedimentares

## Isostasia e Flexura da Litosfera

# Princípio de Arquimedes



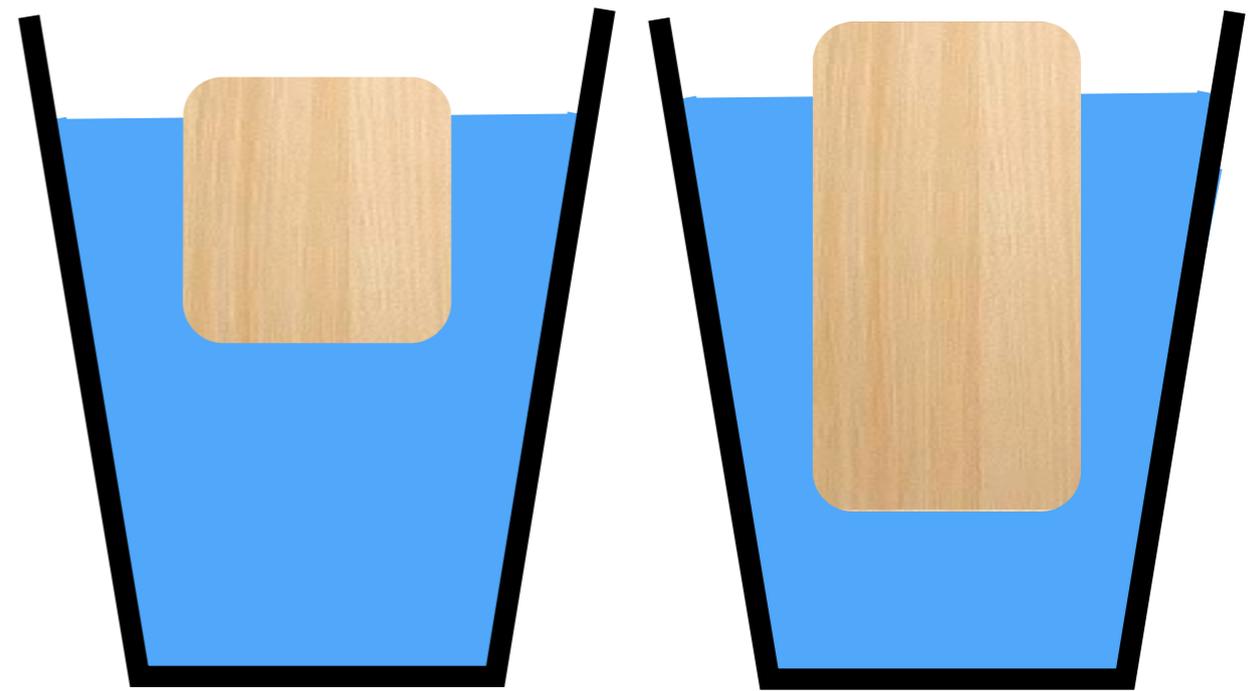
Any floating object displaces its own weight of fluid.  
— Arquimedes de Siracusa

# Princípio de Arquimedes



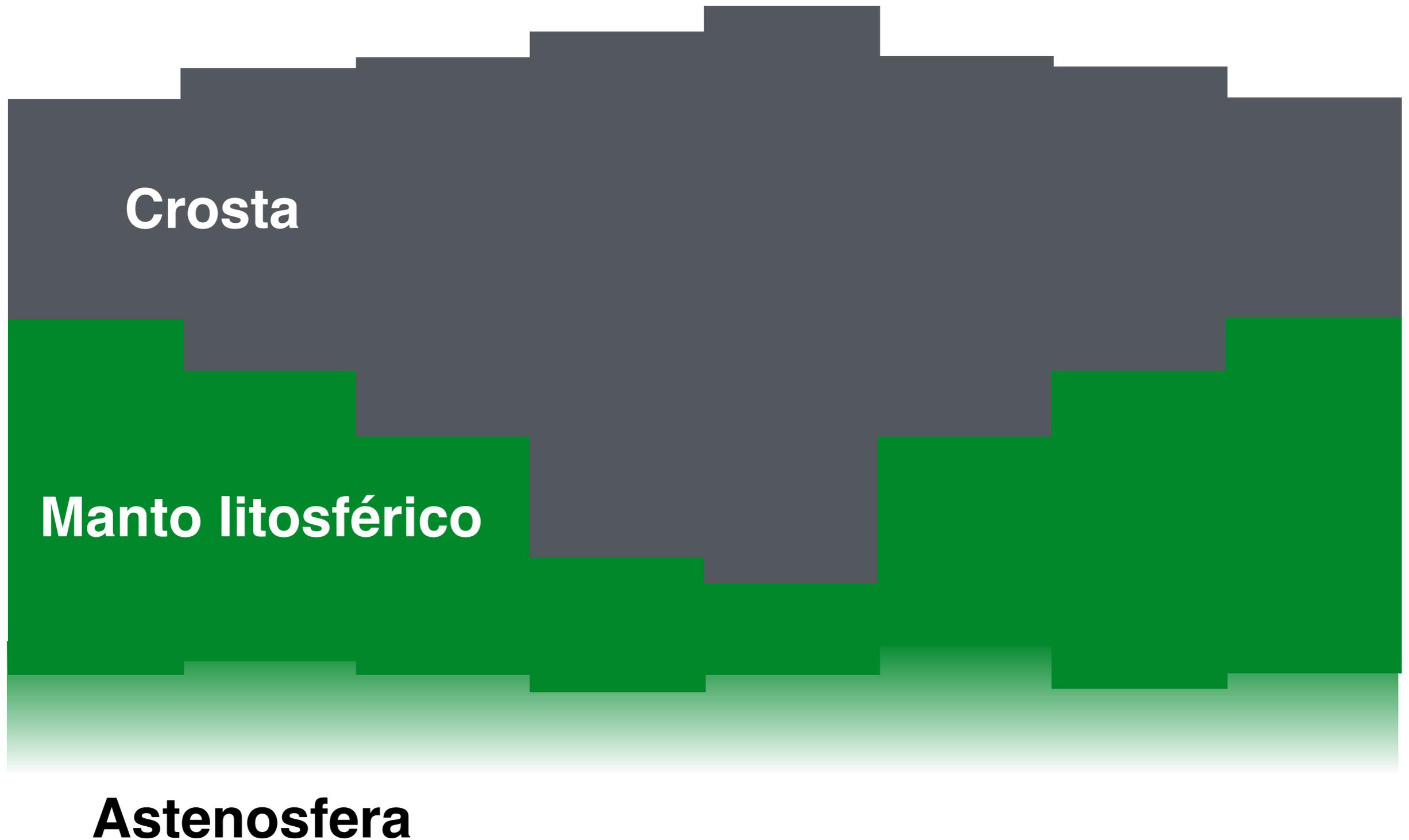
Any floating object displaces its own weight of fluid.  
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# Princípio de Arquimedes

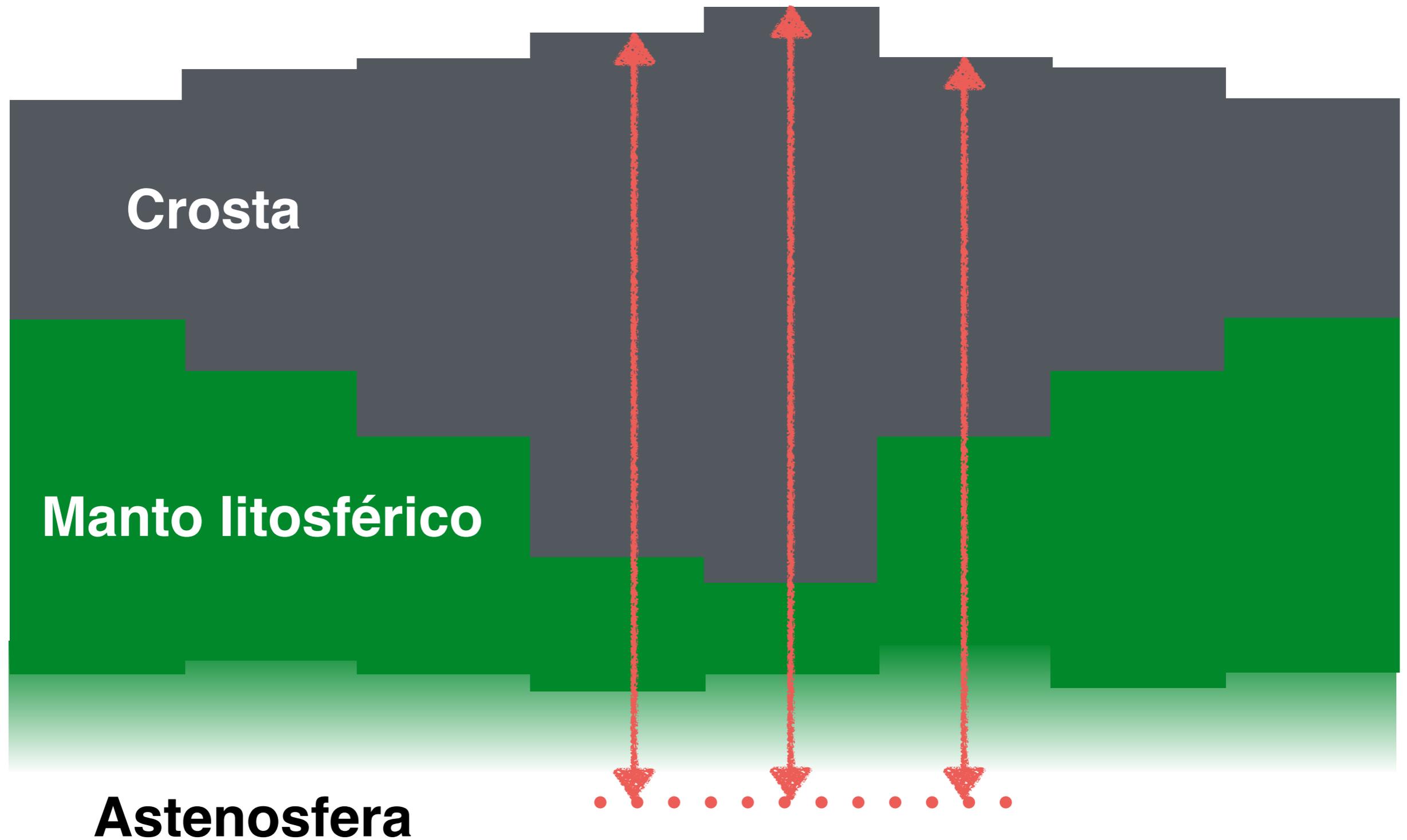


Any floating object displaces its own weight of fluid.  
— Arquimedes de Siracusa

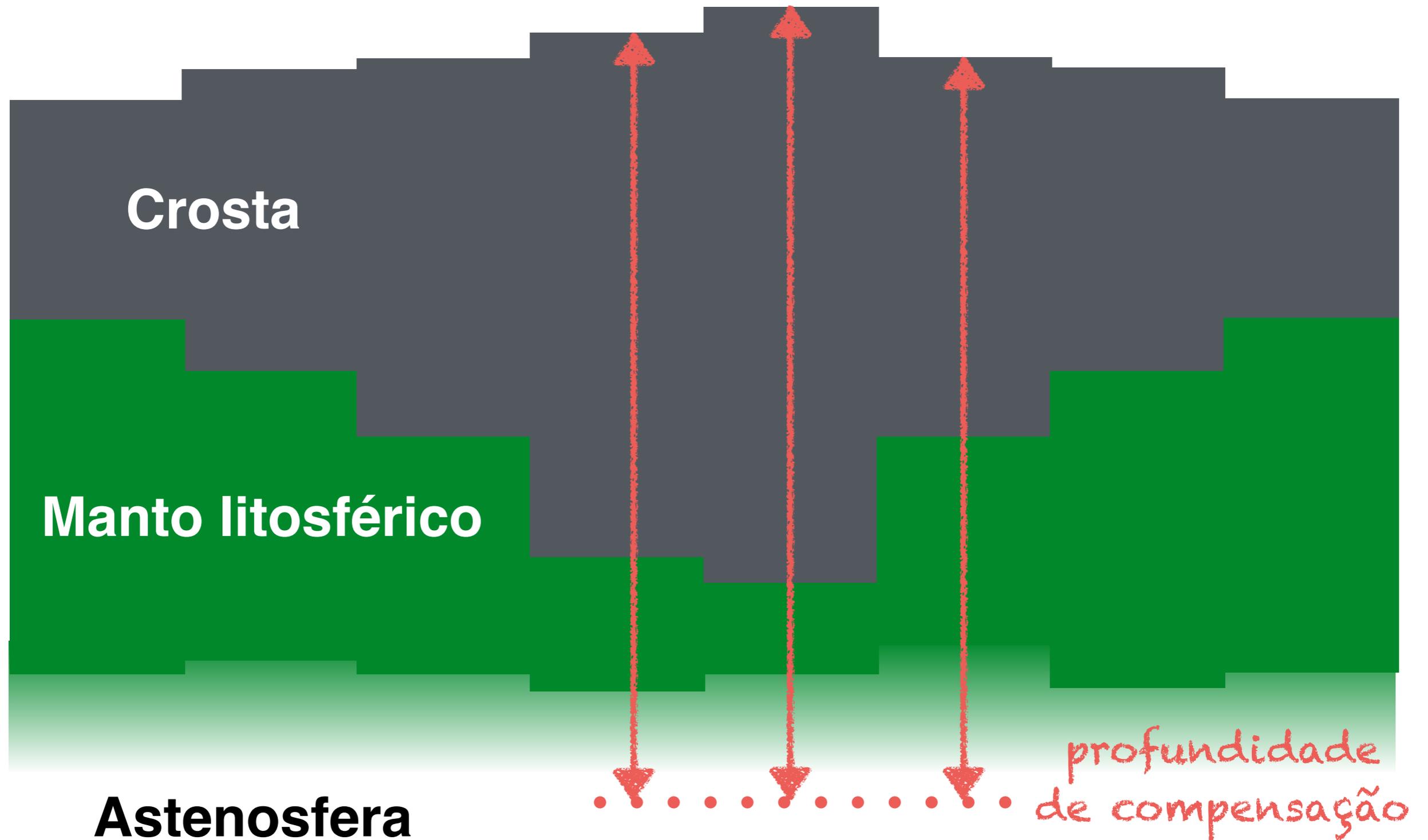
# Isostasia da litosfera



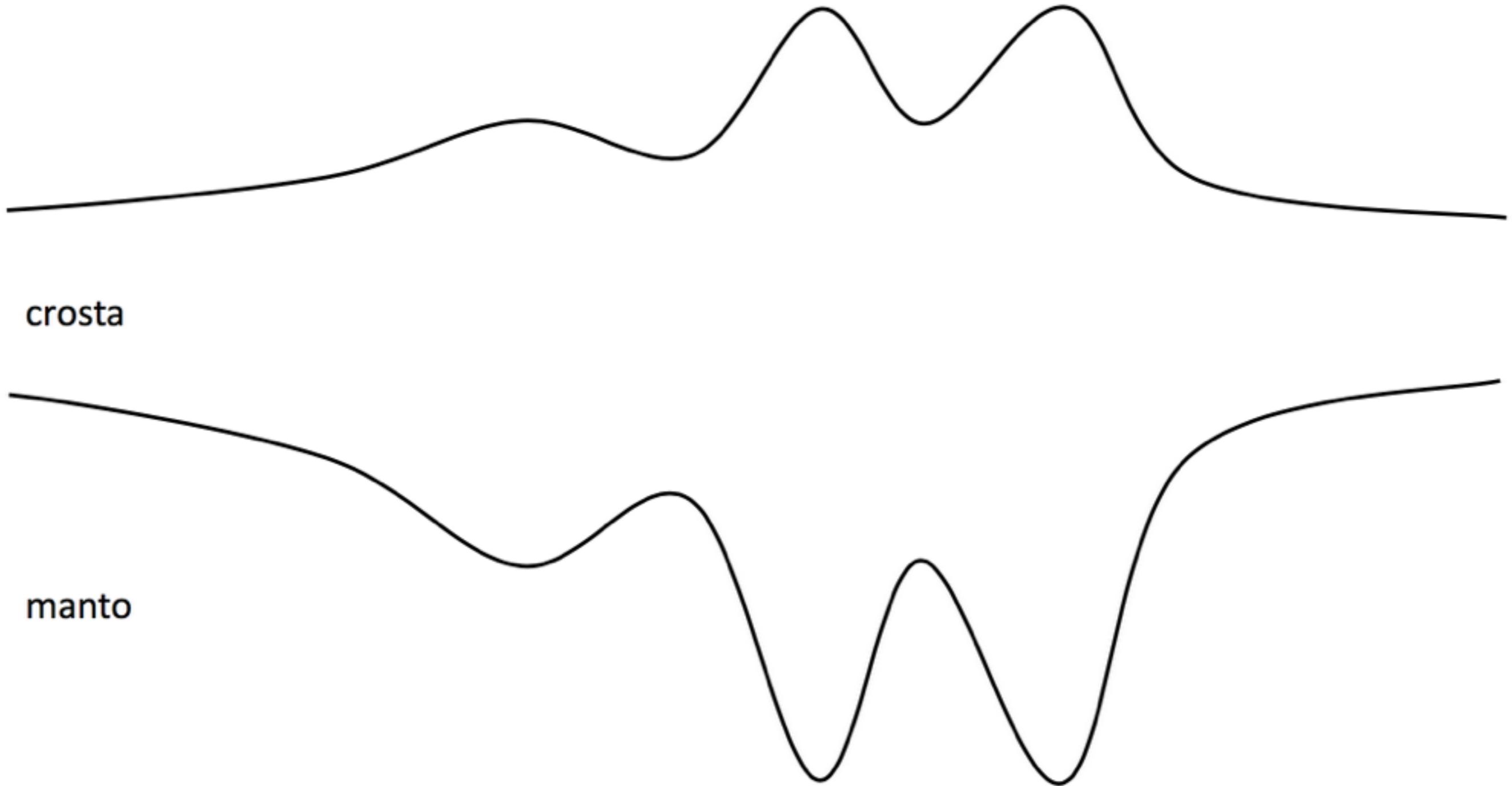
# Isostasia da litosfera



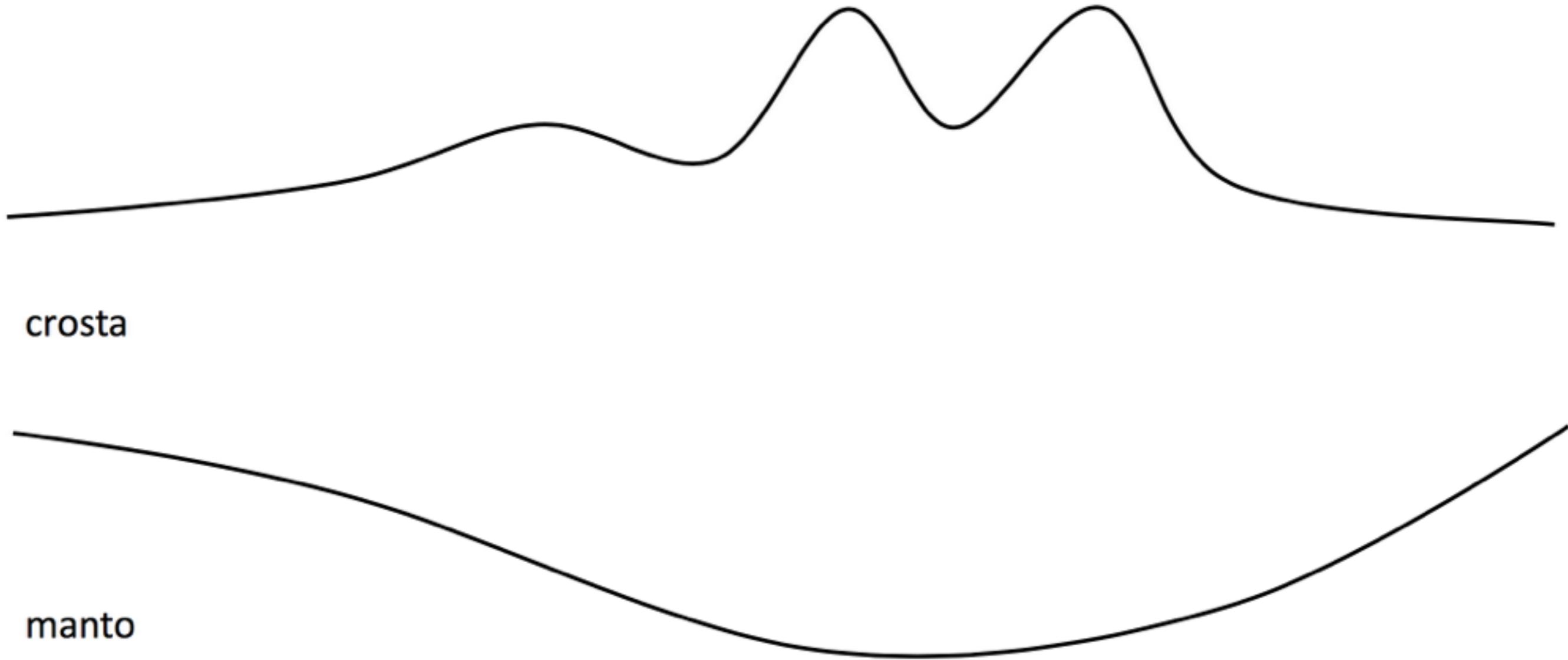
# Isostasia da litosfera



# Isostasia local



# Isostasia regional



# Flexura da litosfera: os primórdios

Para grandes blocos – por exemplo, um continente ou uma bacia oceânica inteira – a teoria da isostasia deve ser aceita sem dúvida; mas onde há feições menores, como montanhas individuais, a lei perde a sua validade. Tais feições podem ser sustentadas pela elasticidade do bloco todo.

Alfred Wegener (1929) *tradução livre*



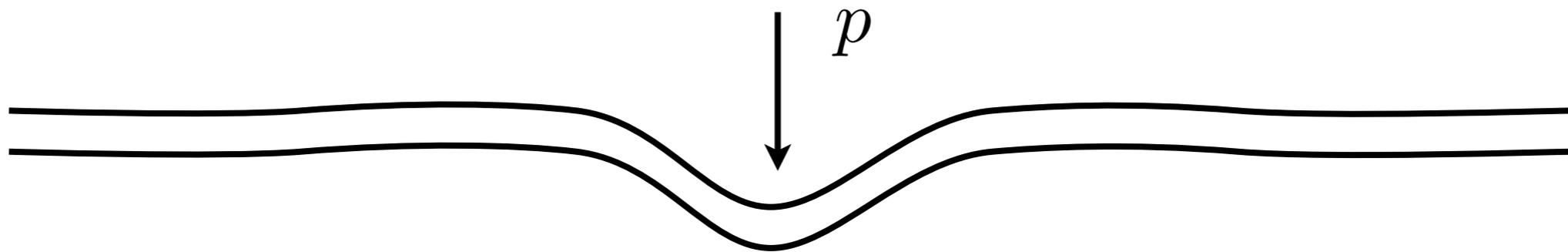
Litosfera

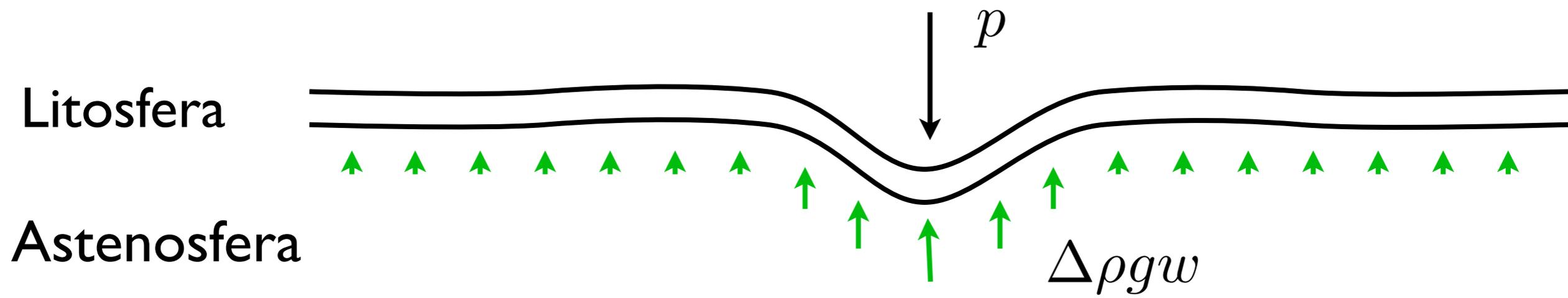


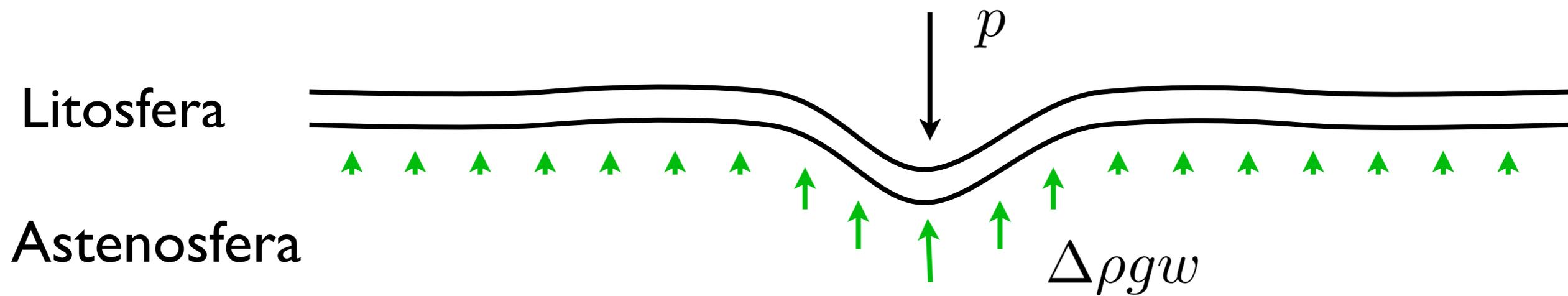
Astenosfera

Litosfera

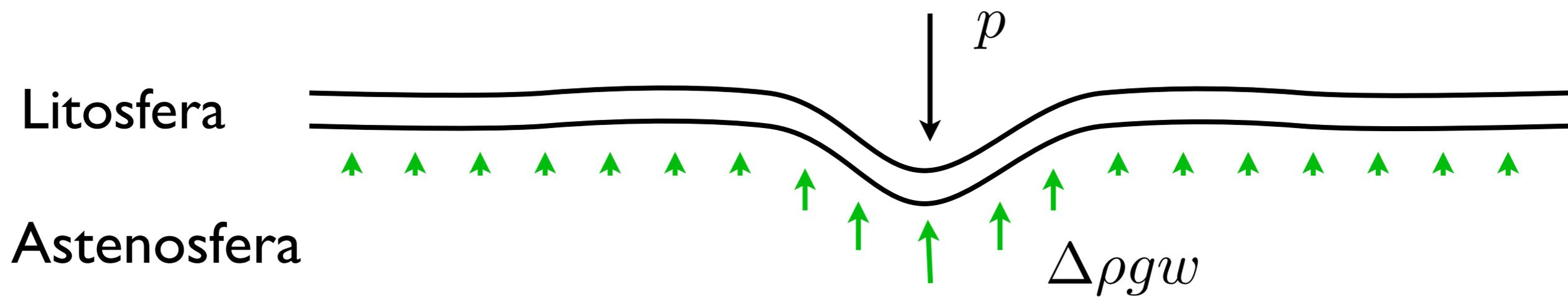
Astenosfera





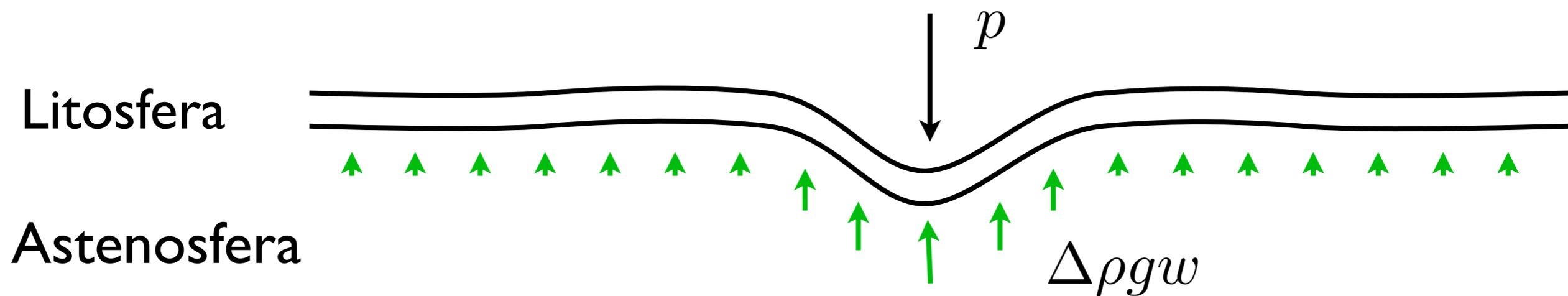


$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$



deslocamento  
vertical da placa

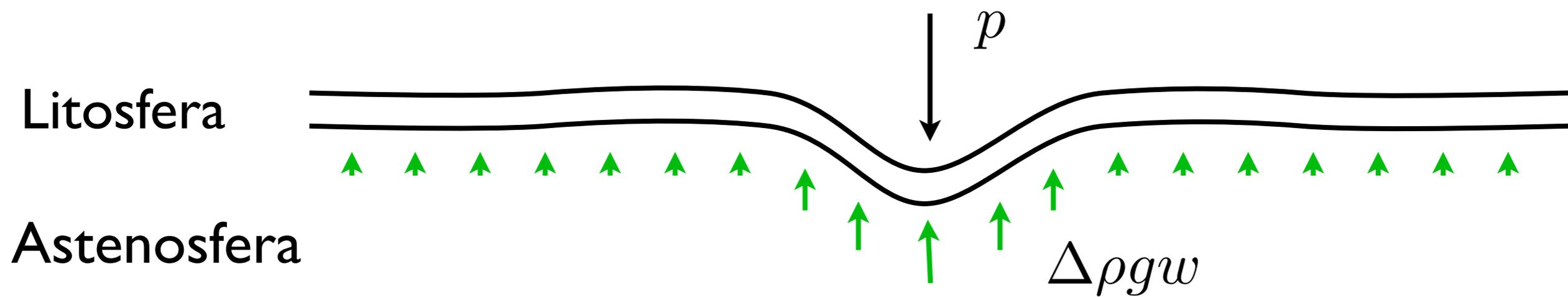
$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$



deslocamento  
vertical da placa

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$

Rigidez da placa  
elástica

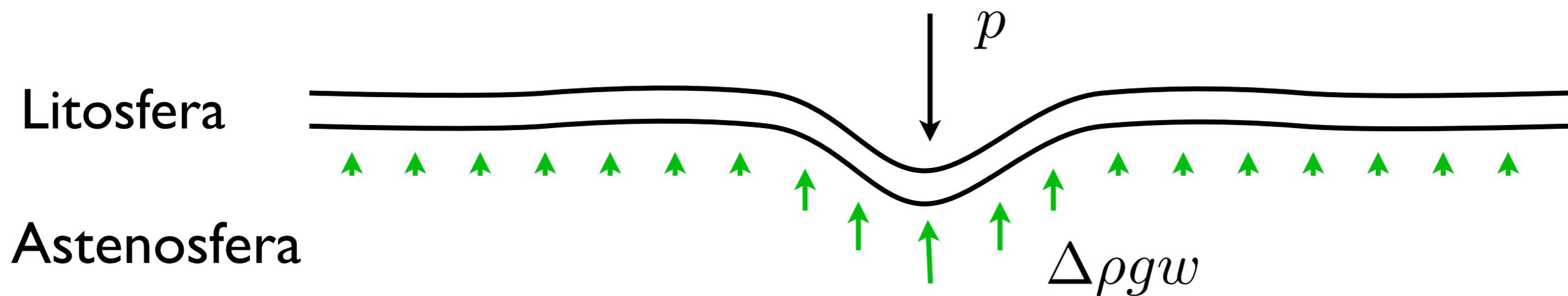


deslocamento  
vertical da placa

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$

Rigidez da placa elástica

coordenada



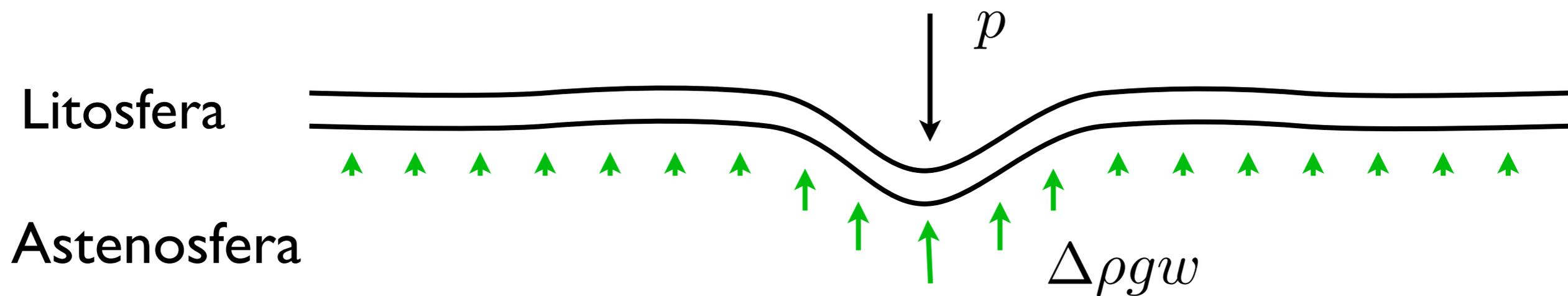
deslocamento  
vertical da placa

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$

Rigidez da placa  
elástica

coordenada

diferença de  
densidade



deslocamento  
vertical da placa

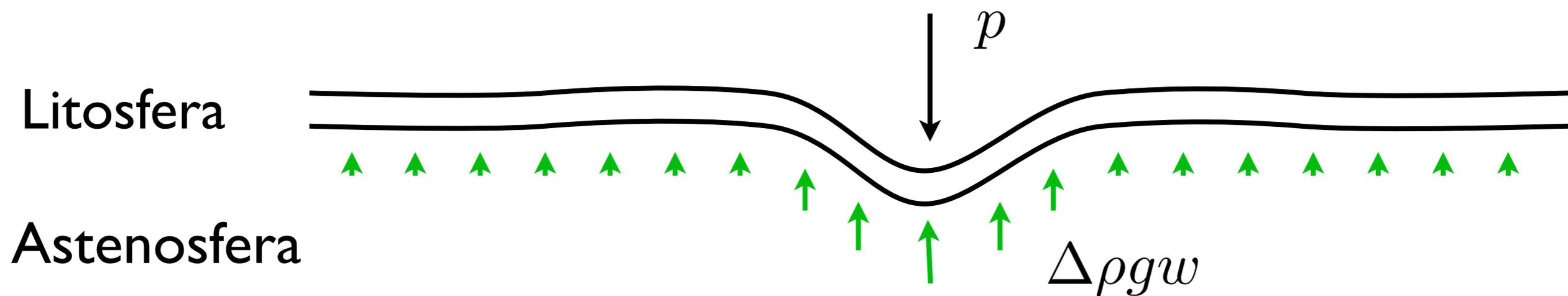
$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$

Rigidez da placa elástica

coordenada

gravidade

diferença de densidade



deslocamento  
vertical da placa

carga

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$

Rigidez da placa  
elástica

coordenada

gravidade

diferença de  
densidade

deslocamento  
vertical da placa

carga

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

Rigidez da placa  
elástica

coordenada

gravidade  
diferença de  
densidade

deslocamento  
vertical da placa

carga

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

gravidade

diferença de  
densidade

coordenada

Rigidez da placa  
elástica

$$D = \frac{ET_e^3}{12(1 - \nu^2)}$$

deslocamento  
vertical da placa

carga

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

gravidade

diferença de  
densidade

coordenada

Módulo de  
elasticidade

$$D = \frac{ET_e^3}{12(1 - \nu^2)}$$

Rigidez da placa  
elástica

deslocamento  
vertical da placa

carga

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

gravidade

diferença de  
densidade

Rigidez da placa  
elástica

coordenada

Módulo de  
elasticidade

Espessura  
elástica  
efetiva

$$D = \frac{ET_e^3}{12(1 - \nu^2)}$$

deslocamento vertical da placa

carga

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

Rigidez da placa elástica

coordenada

gravidade

diferença de densidade

Módulo de elasticidade

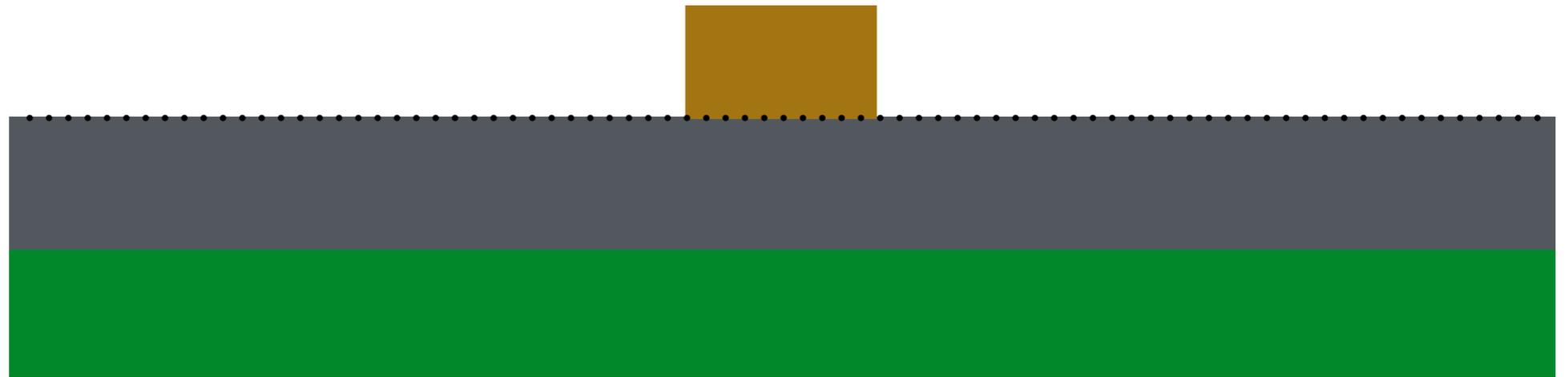
Espessura elástica efetiva

$$D = \frac{ET_e^3}{12(1 - \nu^2)}$$

Coefficiente de Poisson

# Isostasia e Flexura da Litosfera

Isostasia  
Local

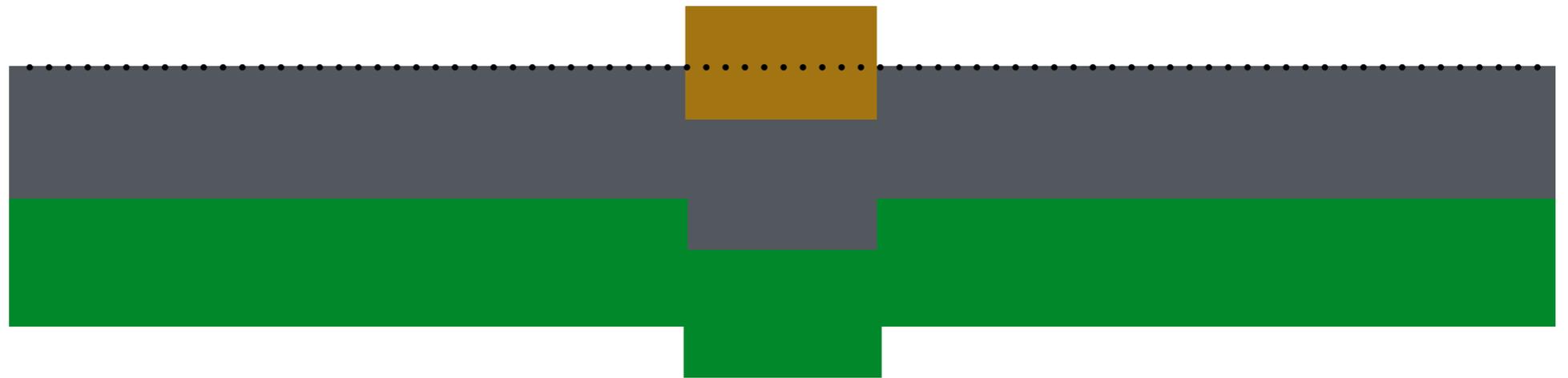


Isostasia  
Flexural



# Isostasia e Flexura da Litosfera

Isostasia  
Local

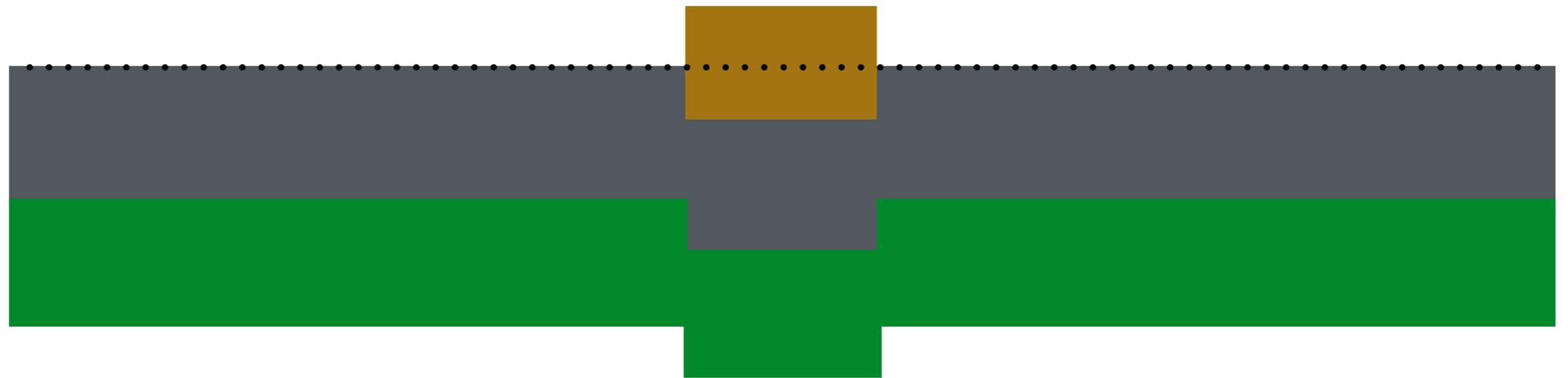


Isostasia  
Flexural



# Isostasia e Flexura da Litosfera

Isostasia  
Local

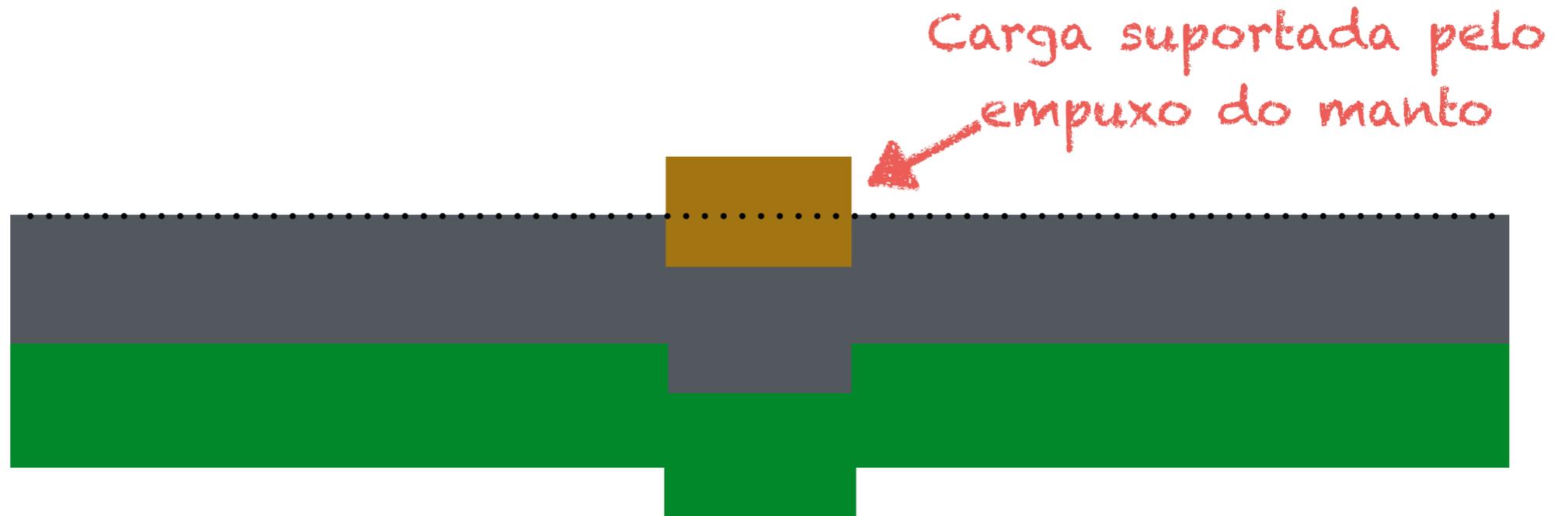


Isostasia  
Flexural



# Isostasia e Flexura da Litosfera

Isostasia  
Local

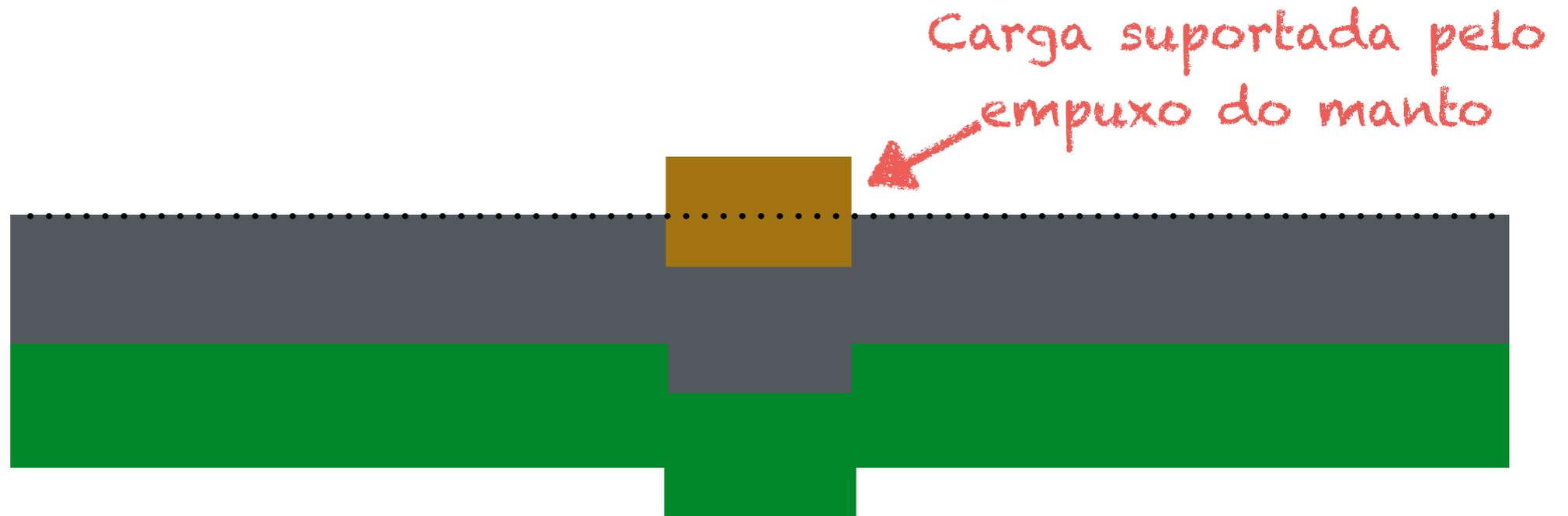


Isostasia  
Flexural

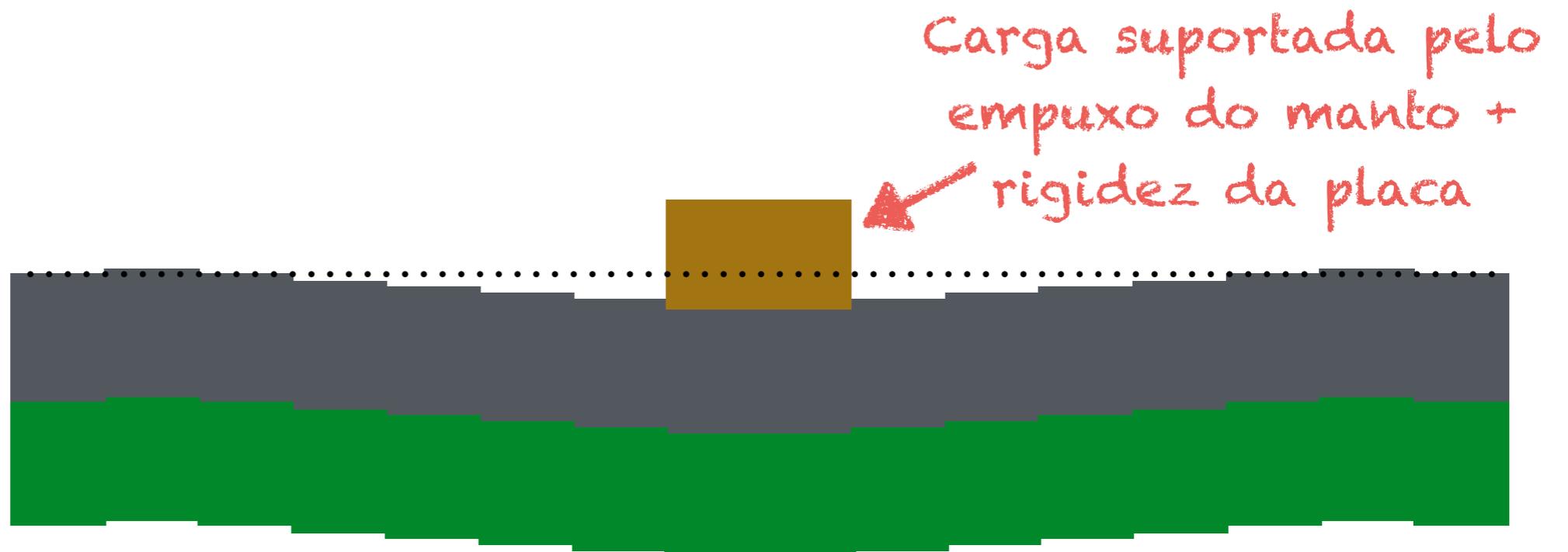


# Isostasia e Flexura da Litosfera

Isostasia  
Local



Isostasia  
Flexural



# Espessura da placa elástica

$T_e$  : Espessura elástica efetiva

$T_e = 0$



$T_e$  finite



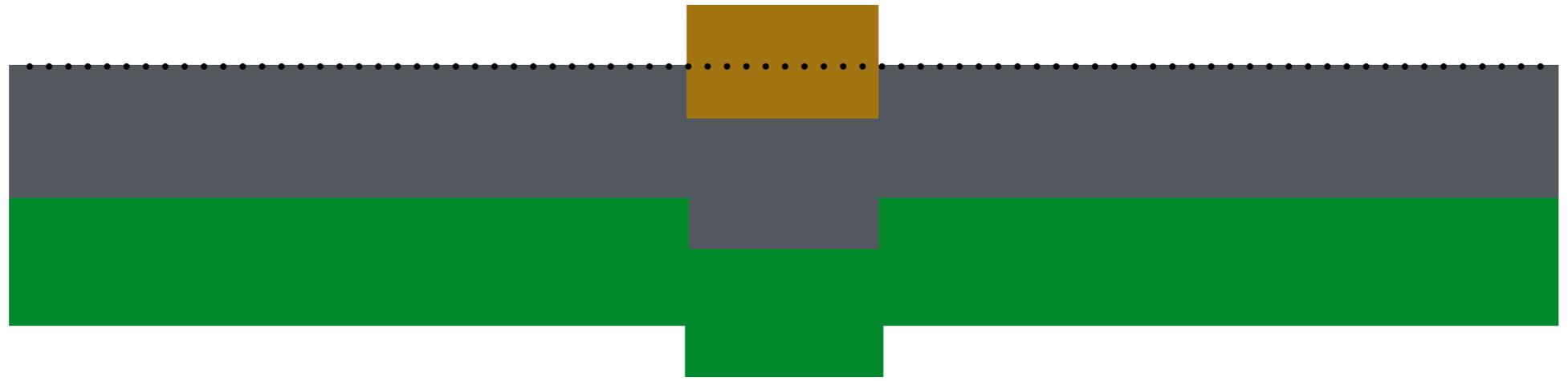
$T_e \rightarrow \infty$



# Espessura da placa elástica

$T_e$  : Espessura elástica efetiva

$T_e = 0$



$T_e$  finite



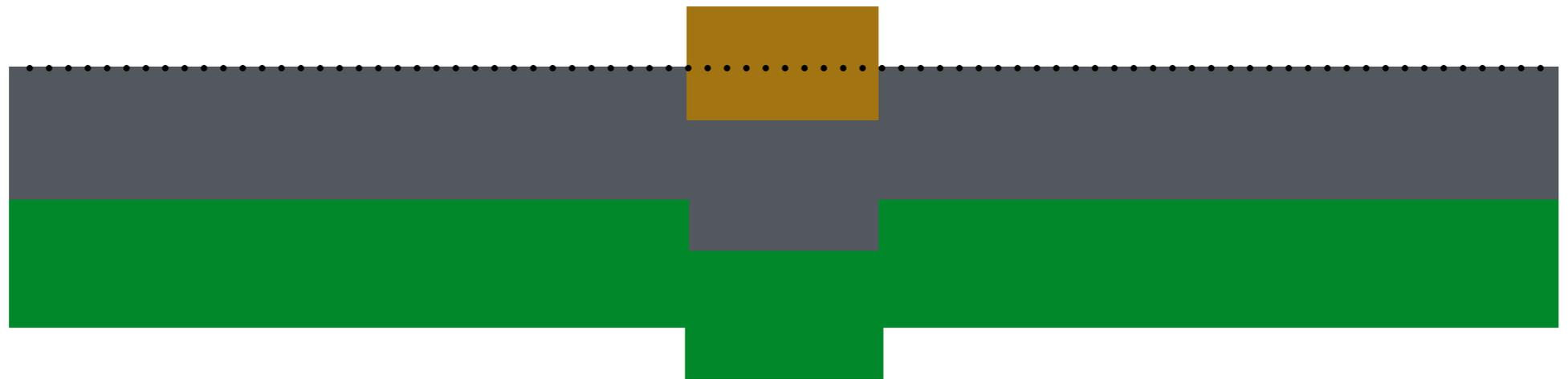
$T_e \rightarrow \infty$



# Espessura da placa elástica

$T_e$  : Espessura elástica efetiva

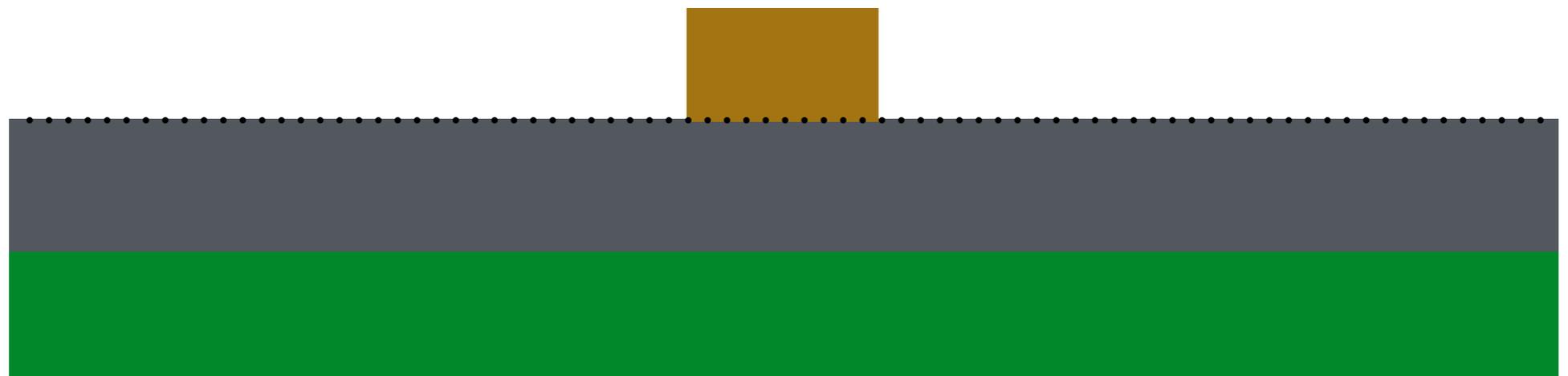
$T_e = 0$



$T_e$  finite



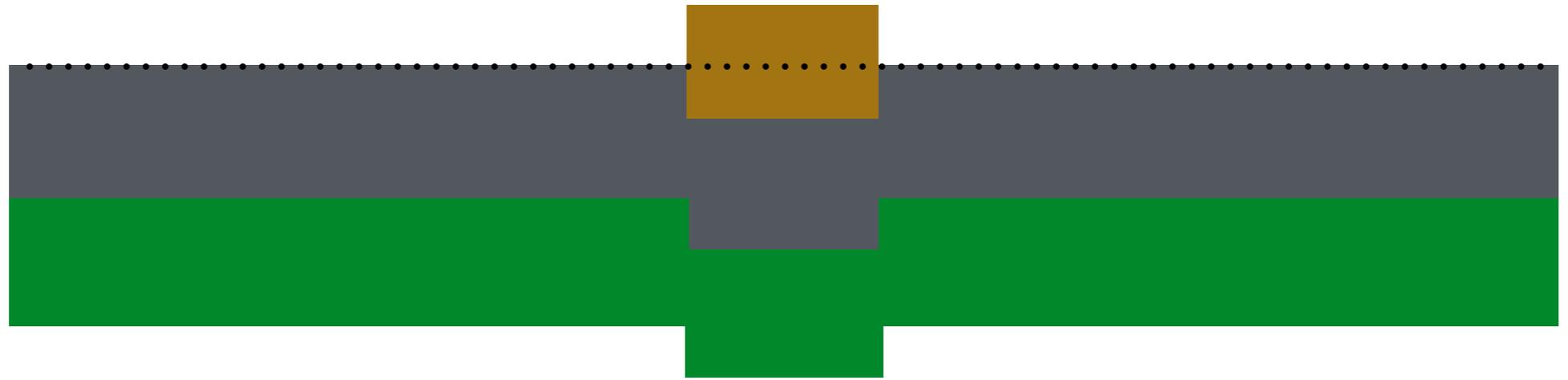
$T_e \rightarrow \infty$



# Espessura da placa elástica

$T_e$  : Espessura elástica efetiva

$T_e = 0$

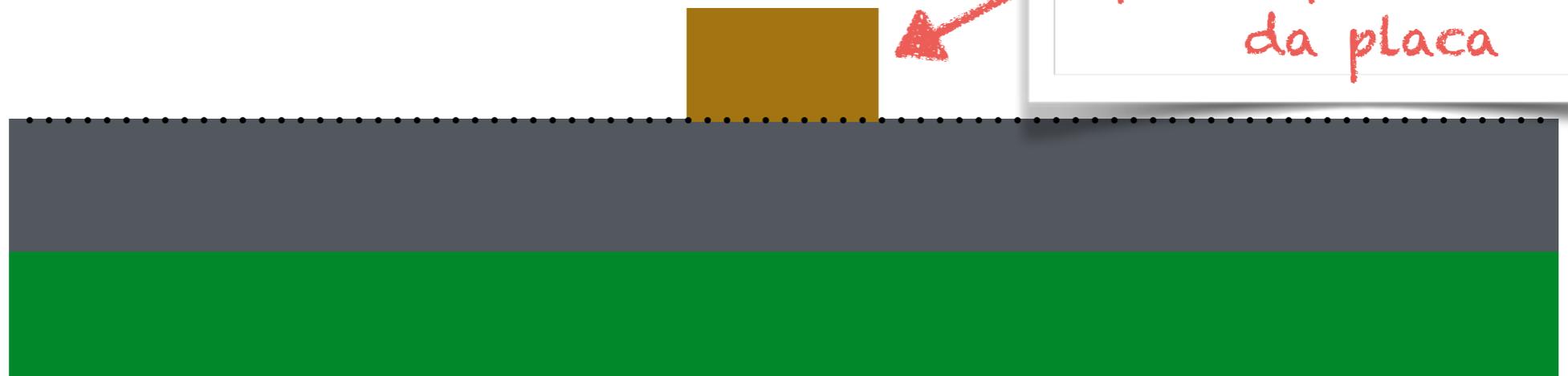


$T_e$  finite



Carga suportada apenas pela rigidez da placa

$T_e \rightarrow \infty$



# Size of the load $\times T_e$

Para o mesmo  $T_e$  :

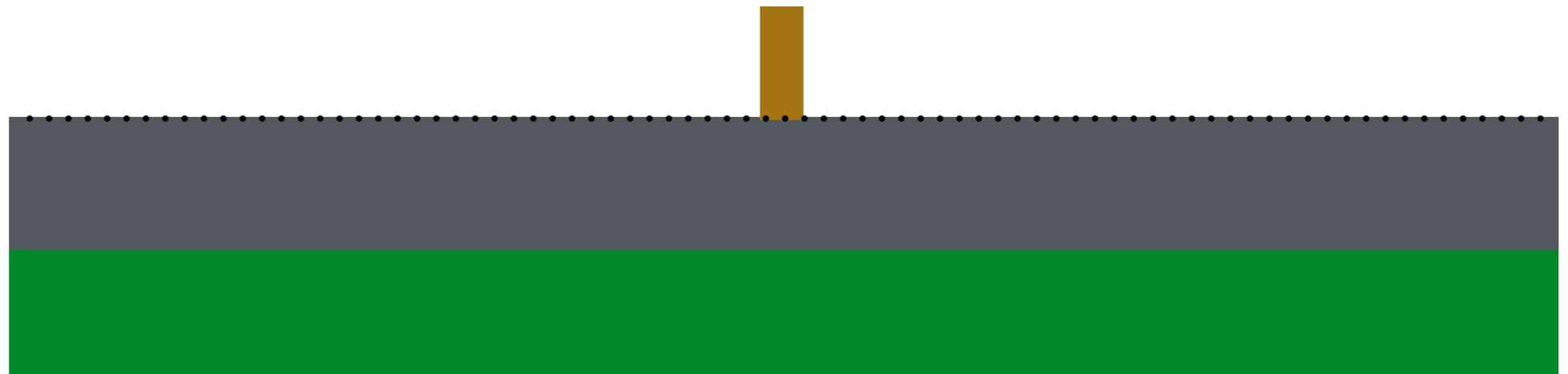
Carga  
larga



Carga  
intermediária



Carga estreita



# Size of the load $\times T_e$

Para o mesmo  $T_e$  :

Carga  
larga



Carga  
intermediária



Carga estreita



# Size of the load $\times T_e$

Para o mesmo  $T_e$  :

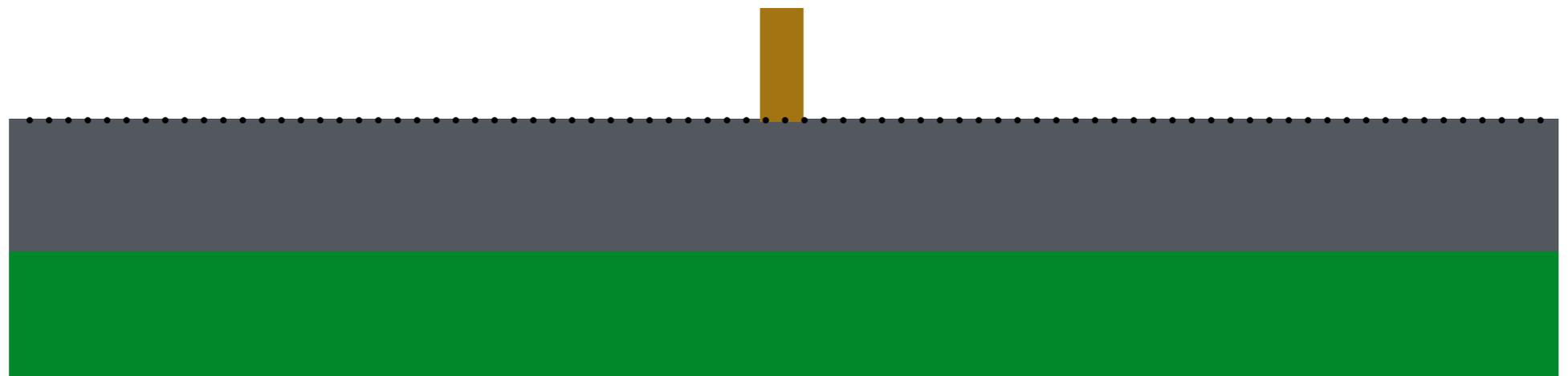
Carga  
larga



Carga  
intermediária



Carga estreita



# Contribuições da isostasia e flexura para a tectônica de placas

- Existência de um fluido (astenosfera) que permite a compensação isostática e o deslocamento lateral das placas litosféricas.
- A camada externa da Terra (litosfera) preserva a sua rigidez ao longo do tempo geológico.

# Cinemática das placas



<http://www.bl.uk/voices-of-science/interviewees/dan-mckenzie>

McKenzie & Parker (1967)



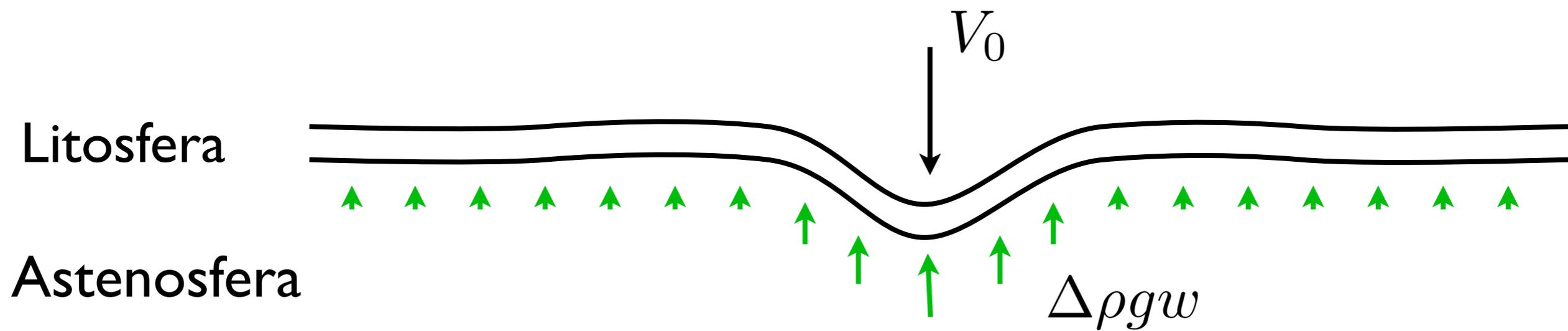
<https://www.onbeing.org/program/fragility-and-evolution-our-humanity/101>

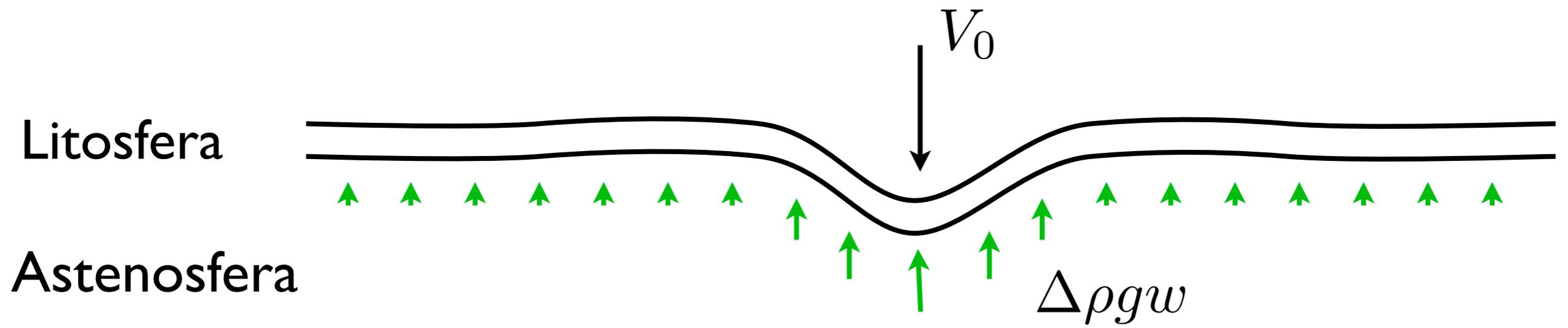
Le Pichon (1968)



[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/W.\\_Jason\\_Morgan#/media/File:Morgan,\\_W.\\_Jason.jpg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/W._Jason_Morgan#/media/File:Morgan,_W._Jason.jpg)

Morgan (1968)

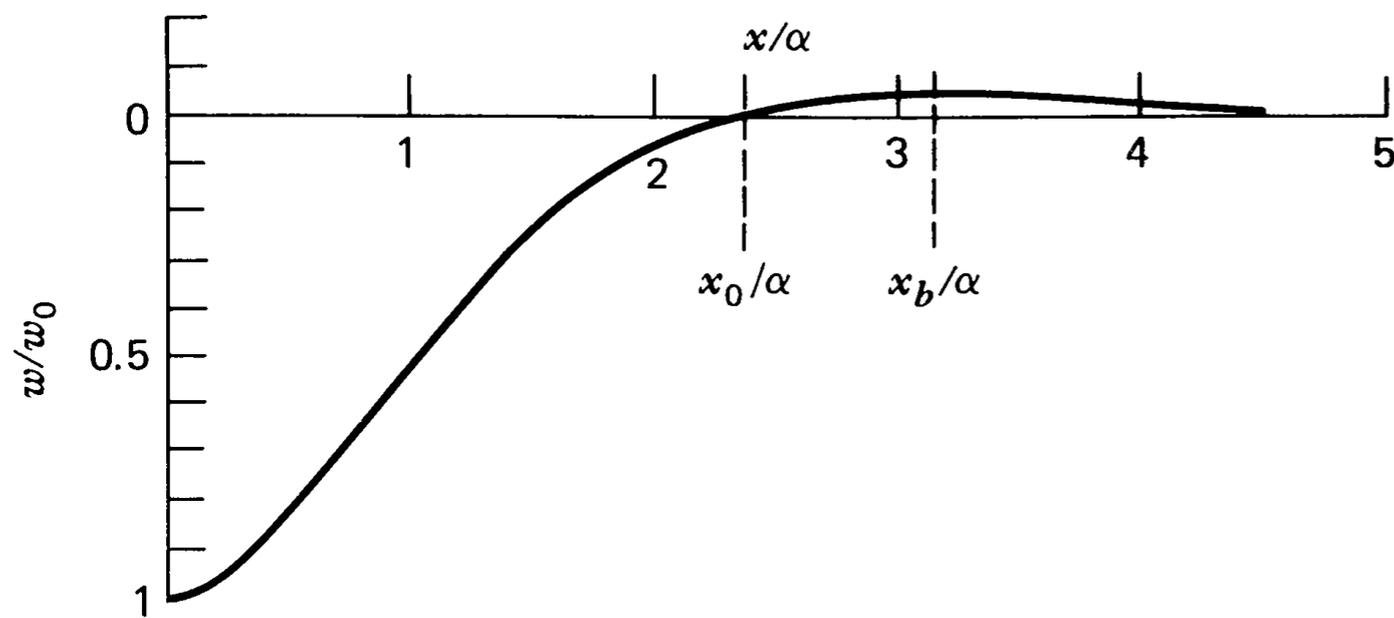




$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta\rho gw = p$$

# Solução analítica para o caso de uma carga pontual

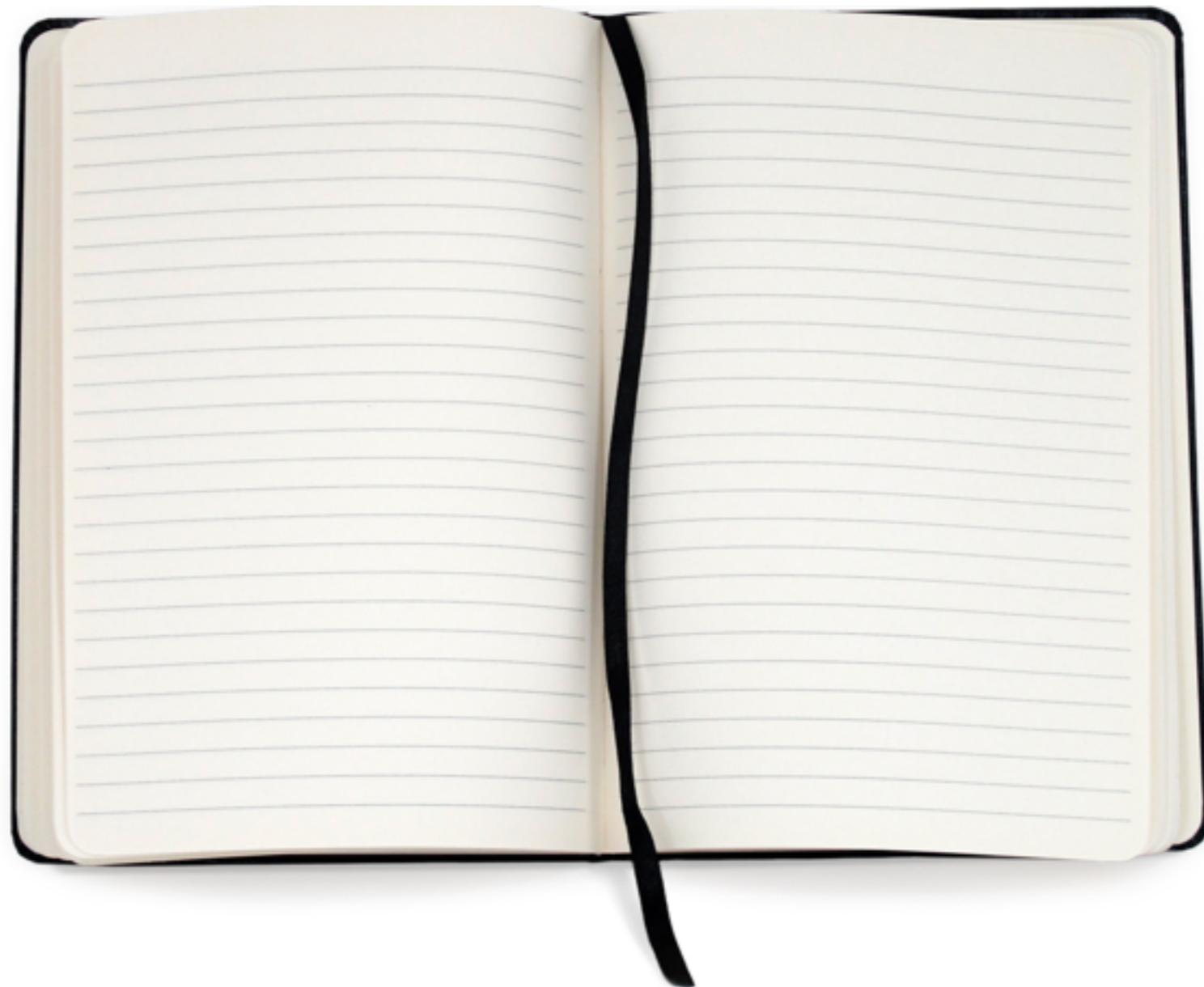
$$w = \frac{V_0 \alpha^3}{8D} e^{-x/\alpha} \left( \cos \frac{x}{\alpha} + \sin \frac{x}{\alpha} \right)$$



$$D = \frac{ET_e^3}{12(1 - \nu^2)}$$

$$\alpha = \left[ \frac{4D}{(\rho_m - \rho_w)g} \right]^{1/4}$$

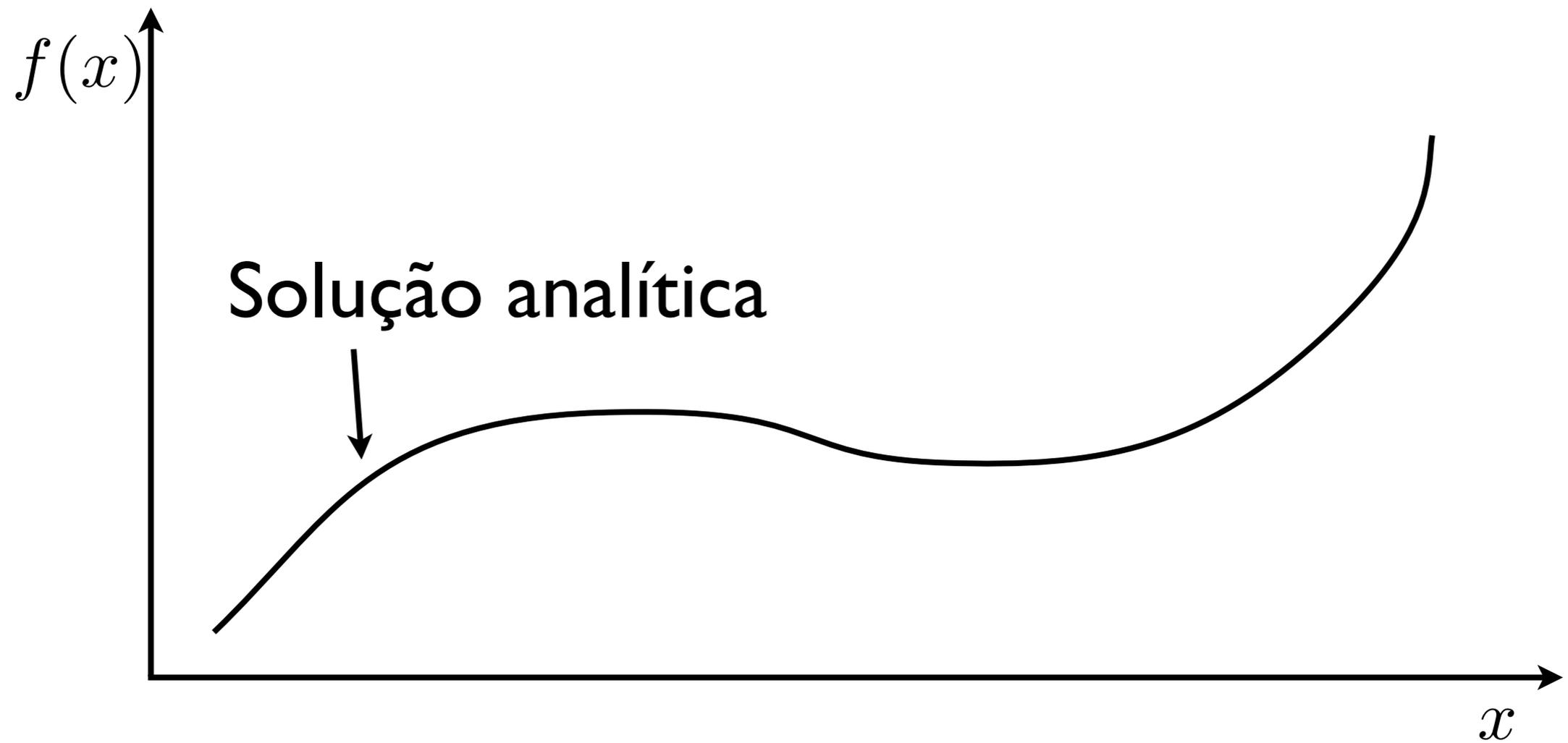
# Prática: Flex\_analitico



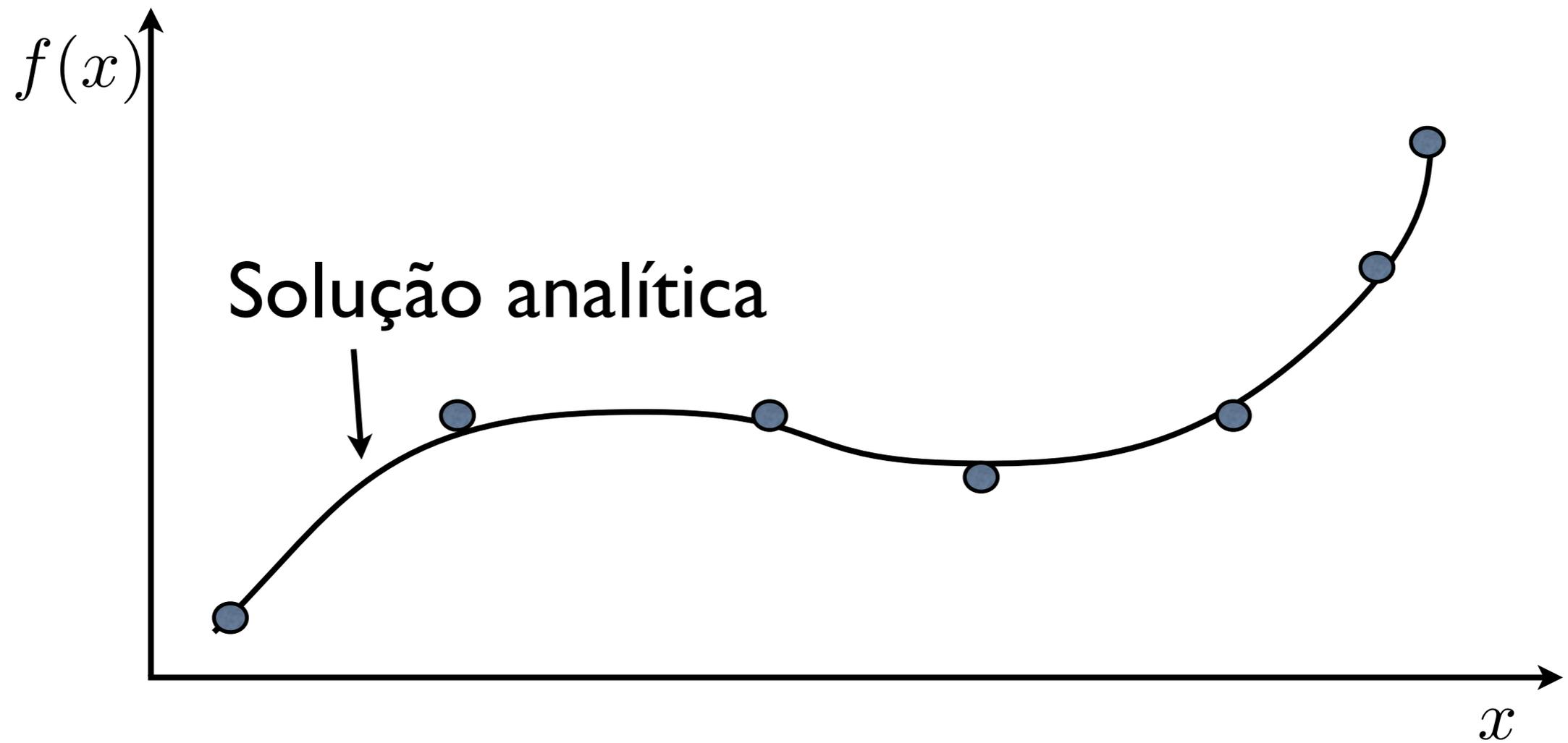
# Aproximação numérica



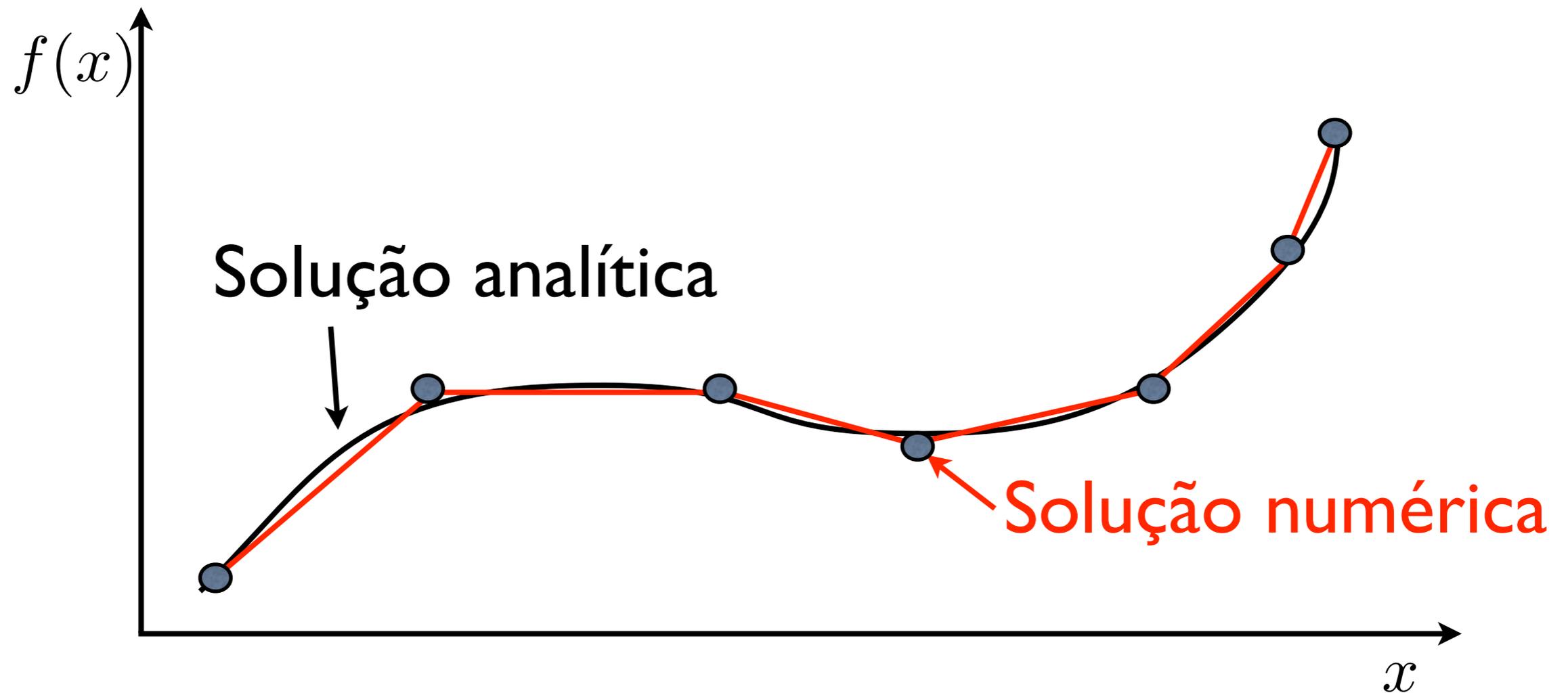
# Aproximação numérica



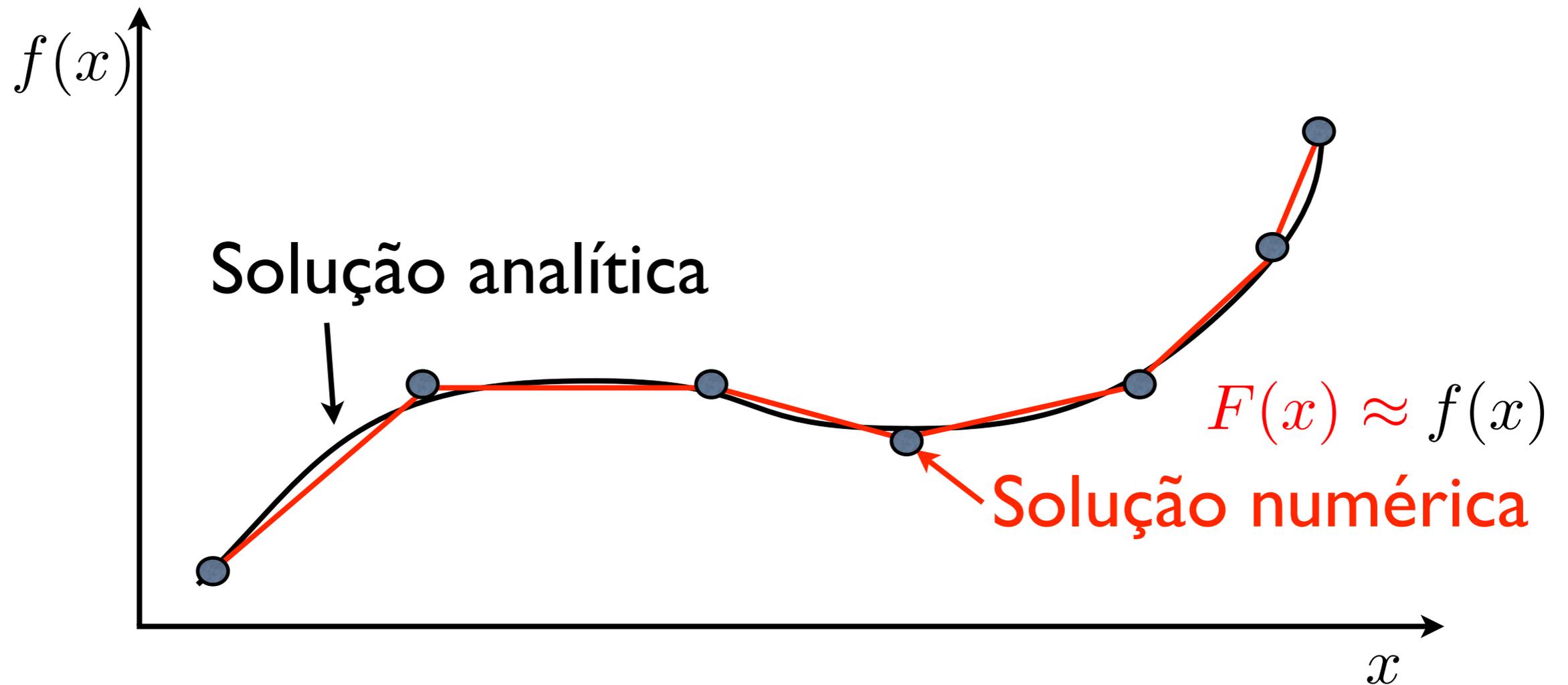
# Aproximação numérica



# Aproximação numérica



# Aproximação numérica



**Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica**

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
- Solução aproximada

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
- Contínua
- Solução aproximada

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
- Contínua
- Solução aproximada
- Discreta

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
- Contínua
- Nada é escondido
- Solução aproximada
- Discreta

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
- Contínua
- Nada é escondido
- Solução aproximada
- Discreta
- Pode ser uma caixa preta

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
  - Contínua
  - Nada é escondido
  - Todos os cenários
- Solução aproximada
  - Discreta
  - Pode ser uma caixa preta

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
  - Contínua
  - Nada é escondido
  - Todos os cenários
- Solução aproximada
  - Discreta
  - Pode ser uma caixa preta
  - 1 simulação por cenário

# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
  - Contínua
  - Nada é escondido
  - Todos os cenários
  - Não exige validação
- Solução aproximada
  - Discreta
  - Pode ser uma caixa preta
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# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
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- Solução aproximada
  - Discreta
  - Pode ser uma caixa preta
  - 1 simulação por cenário
  - Exige validação

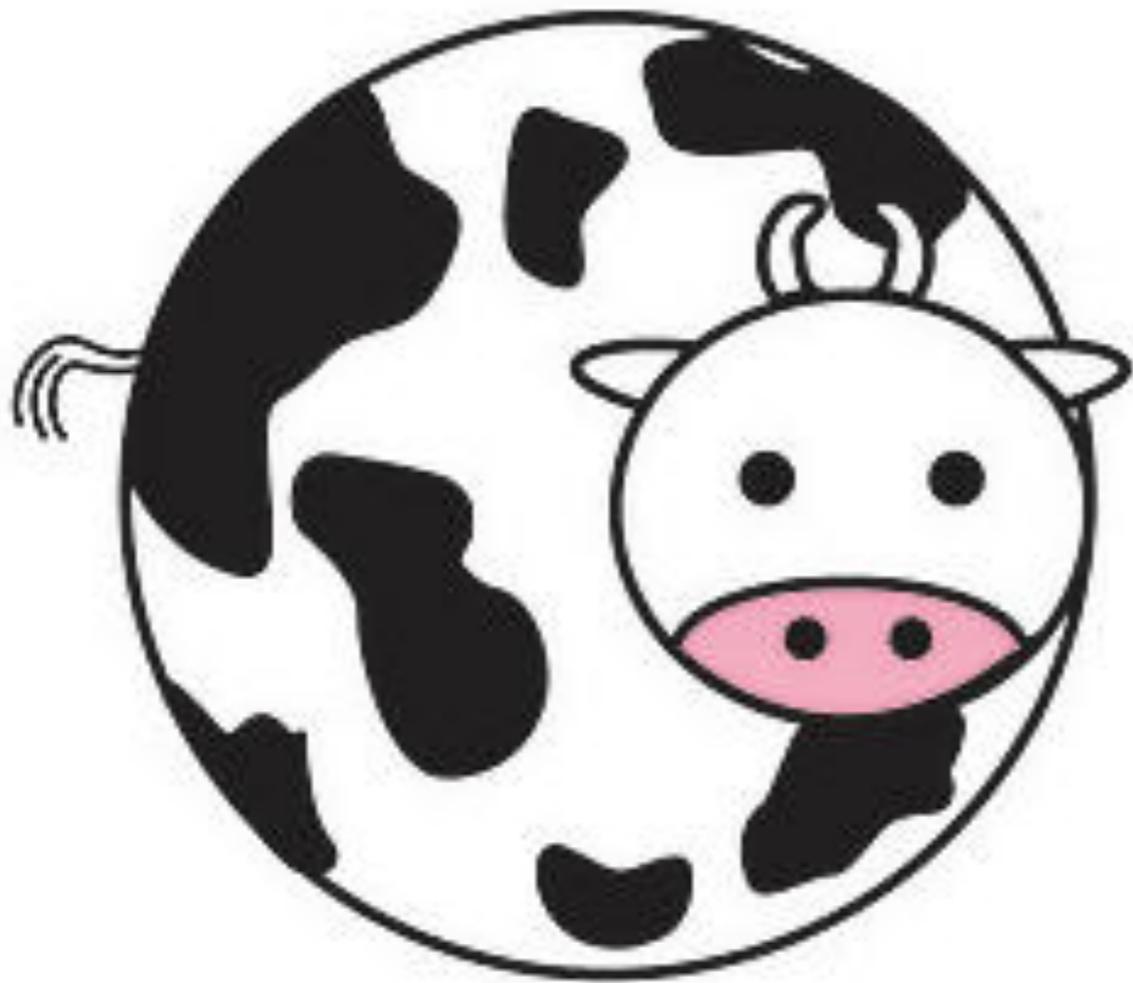
# Sol. analítica x Sol. numérica

- Solução exata
- Contínua
- Nada é escondido
- Todos os cenários
- Não exige validação
- Solução aproximada
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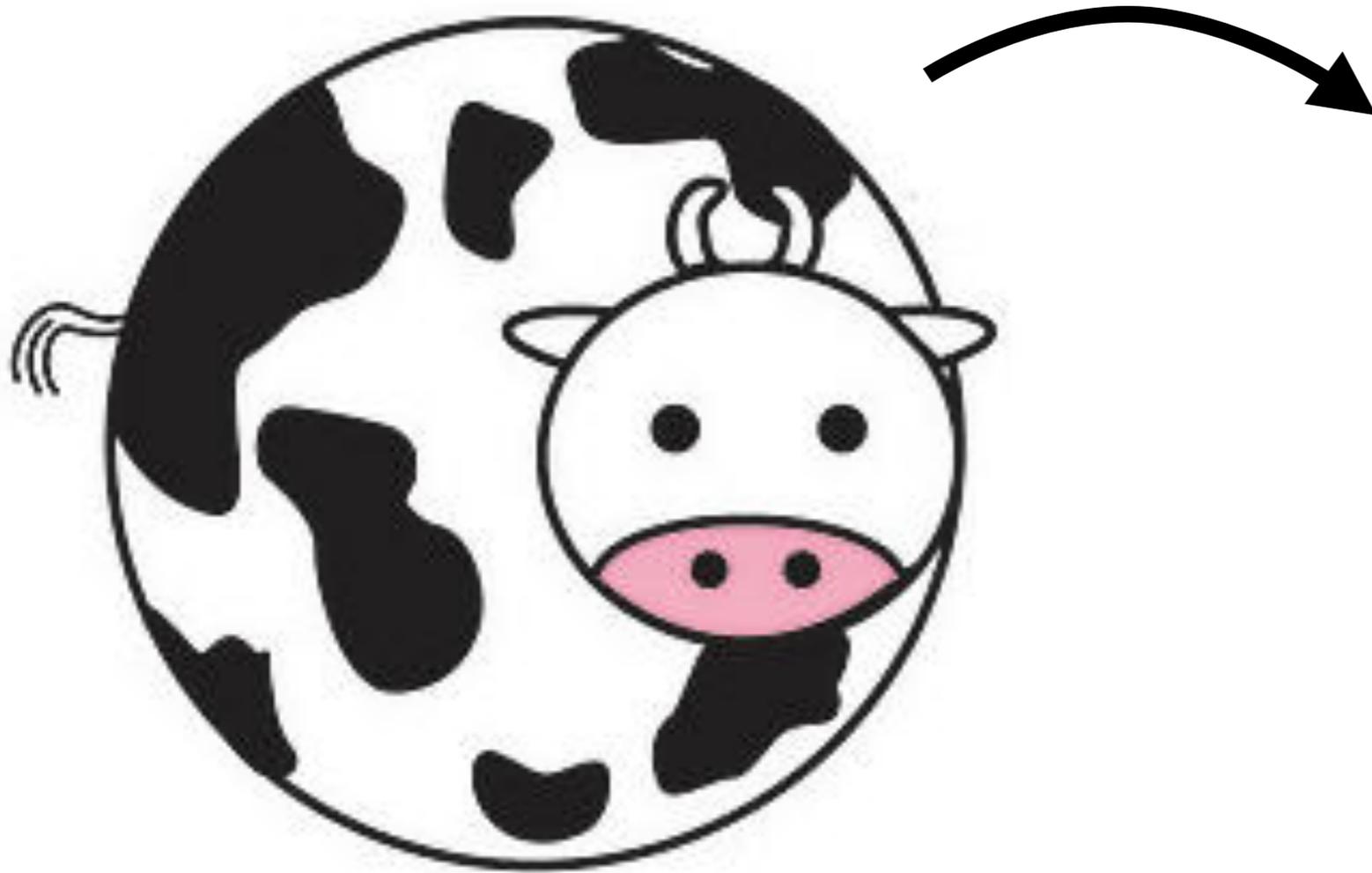
*Ora bolas! Para que serve a modelagem numérica?*

# I. Geometria complicada

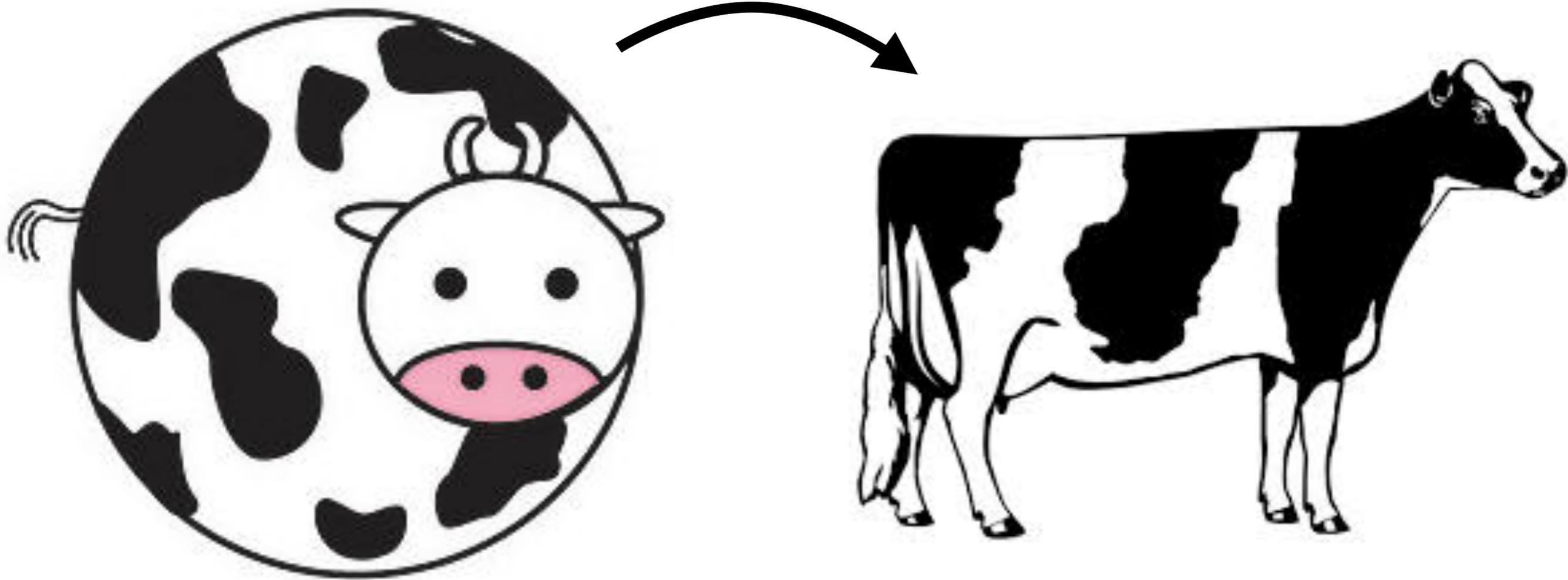
# I. Geometria complicada



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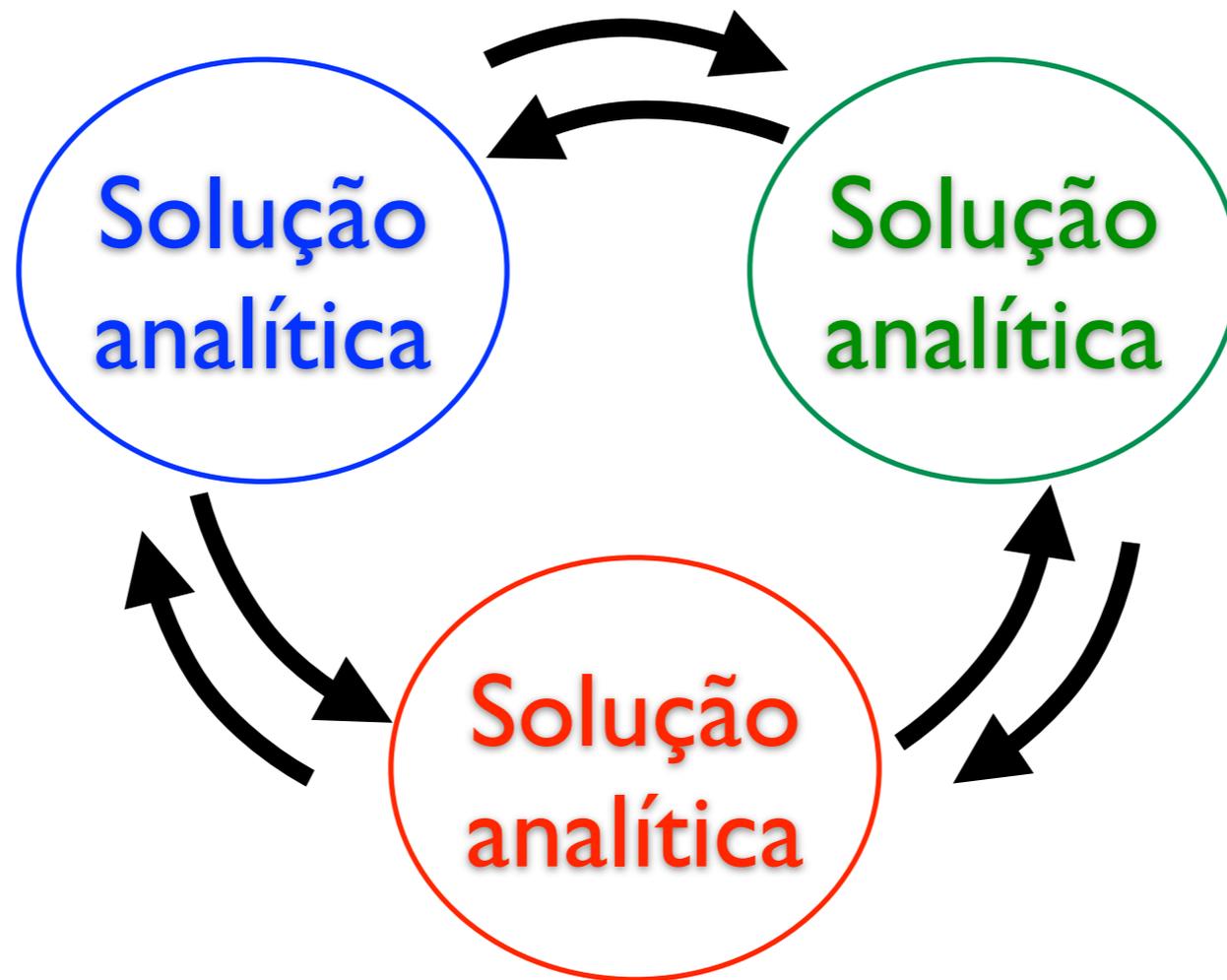
# 2. Acoplamento entre diferentes processos

Solução analítica

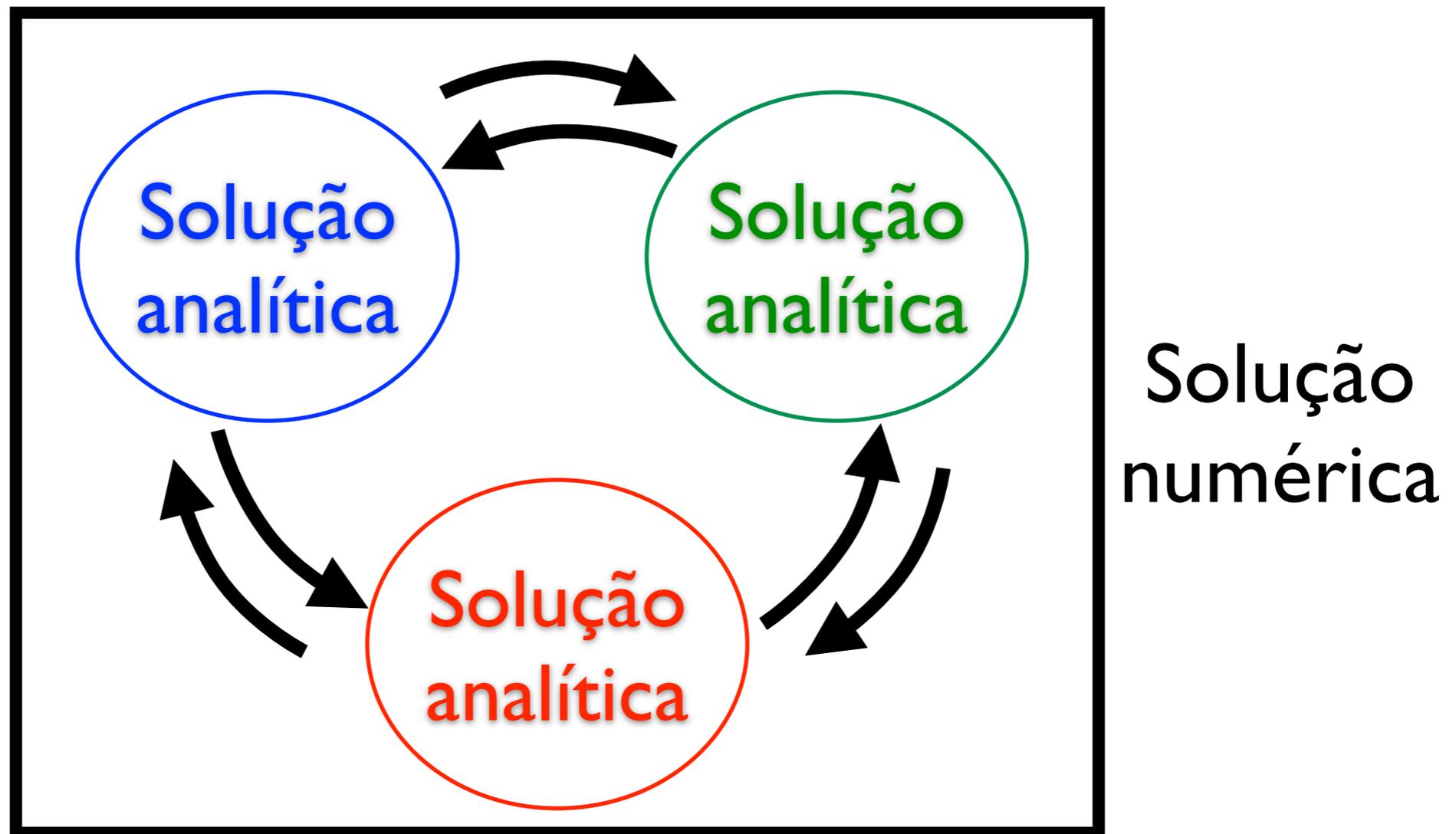
Solução analítica

Solução analítica

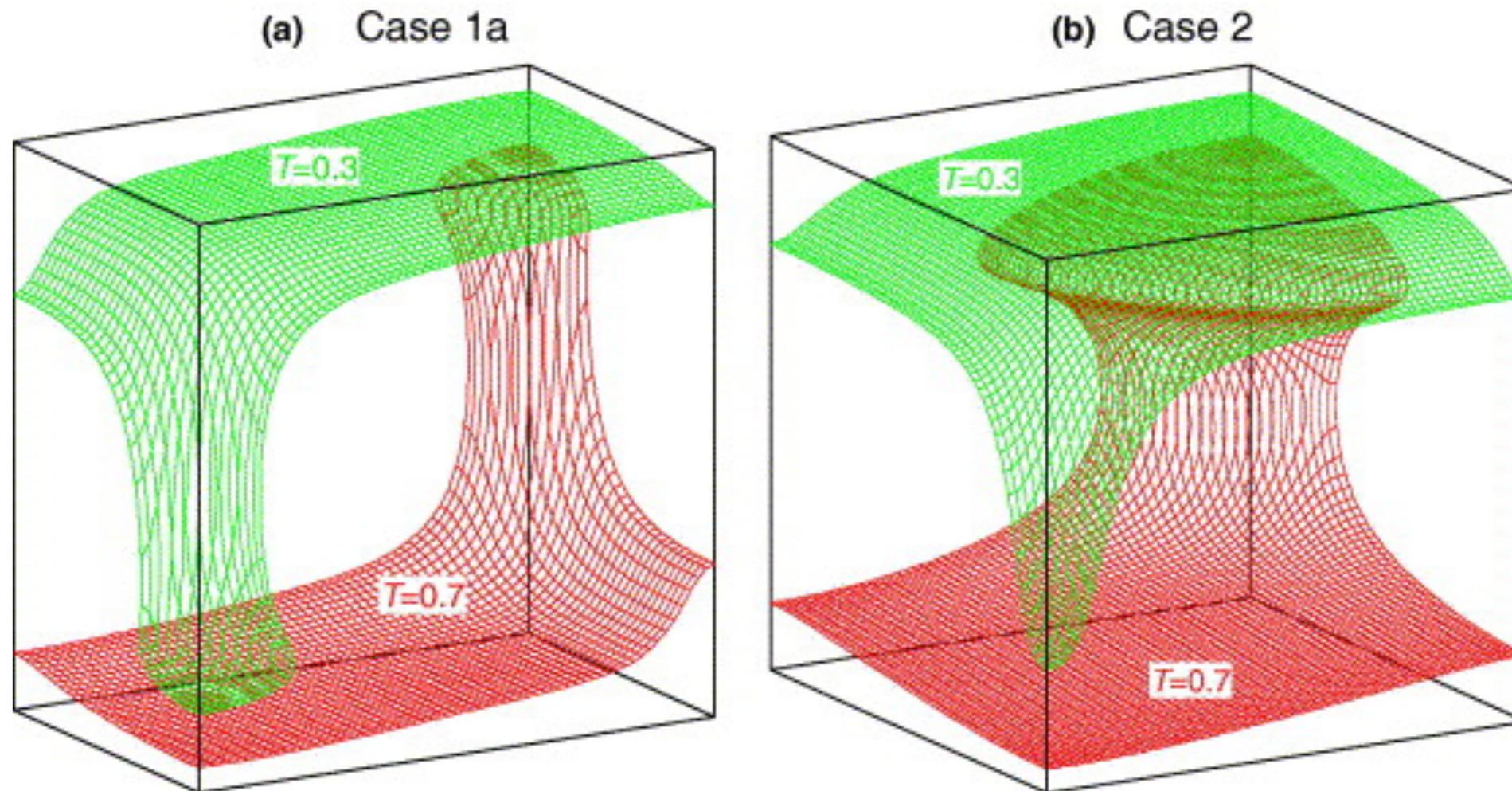
# 2. Acoplamento entre diferentes processos



## 2. Acoplamento entre diferentes processos



# 3. Não existência de solução analítica



# Método numérico: Diferenças finitas

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$$\frac{dw(a)}{dx}$$

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$$\frac{dw(a)}{dx} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{w(a + \Delta x) - w(a)}{\Delta x}$$

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$$\frac{dw(a)}{dx} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{w(a + \Delta x) - w(a)}{\Delta x}$$
$$\approx \frac{w(a + \Delta x) - w(a)}{\Delta x}$$

# Método numérico: Diferenças finitas

$$\frac{dw(a)}{dx} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{w(a + \Delta x) - w(a)}{\Delta x}$$
$$\approx \frac{w(a + \Delta x) - w(a)}{\Delta x} = \frac{\Delta w}{\Delta x}$$

$w_{i-2}$

$\Delta x$

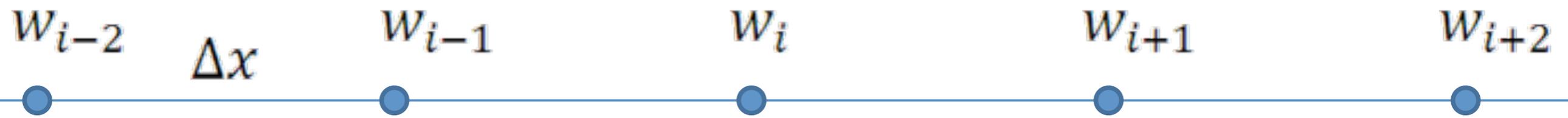
$w_{i-1}$

$w_i$

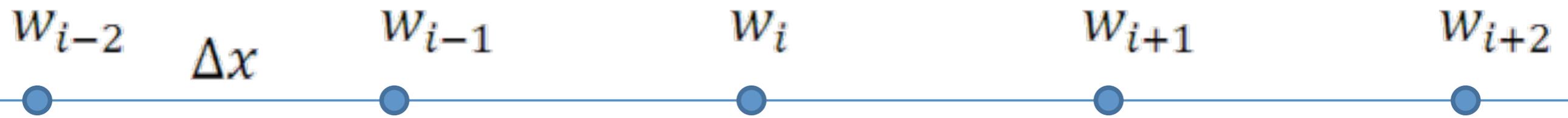
$w_{i+1}$

$w_{i+2}$



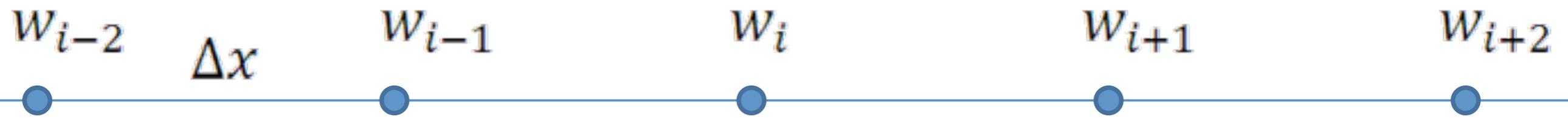


$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$



$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$



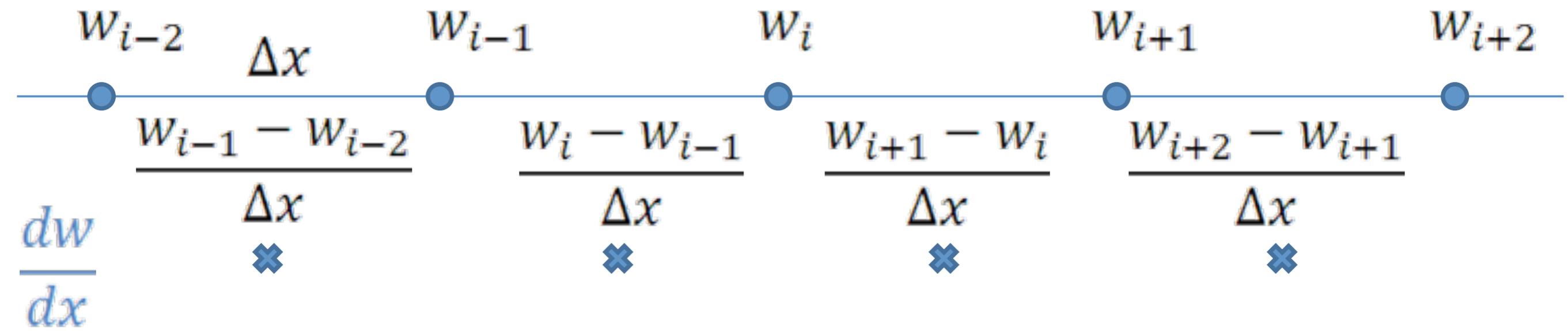


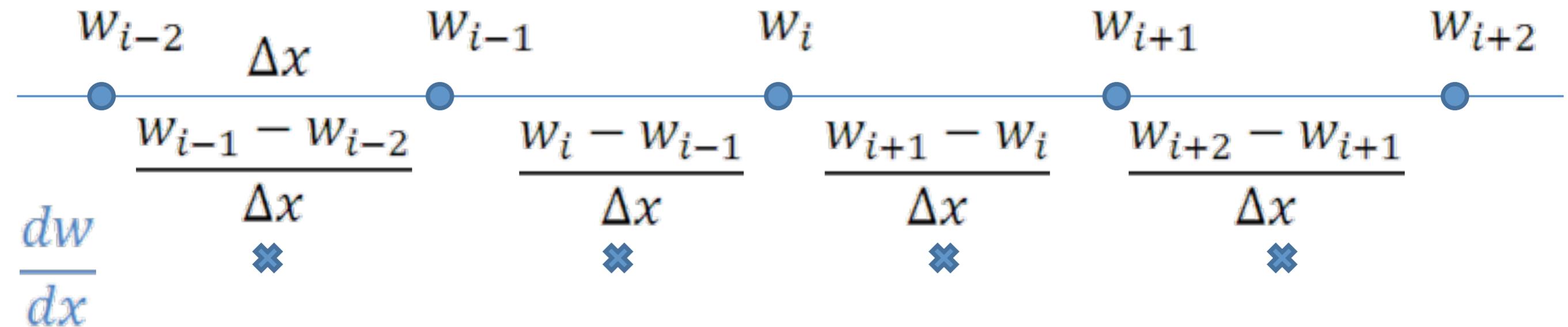
$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$



$$? + \Delta \rho g w_i = p_i$$

$w_{i-2}$  $\Delta x$  $w_{i-1}$  $w_i$  $w_{i+1}$  $w_{i+2}$  $\frac{dw}{dx}$  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$



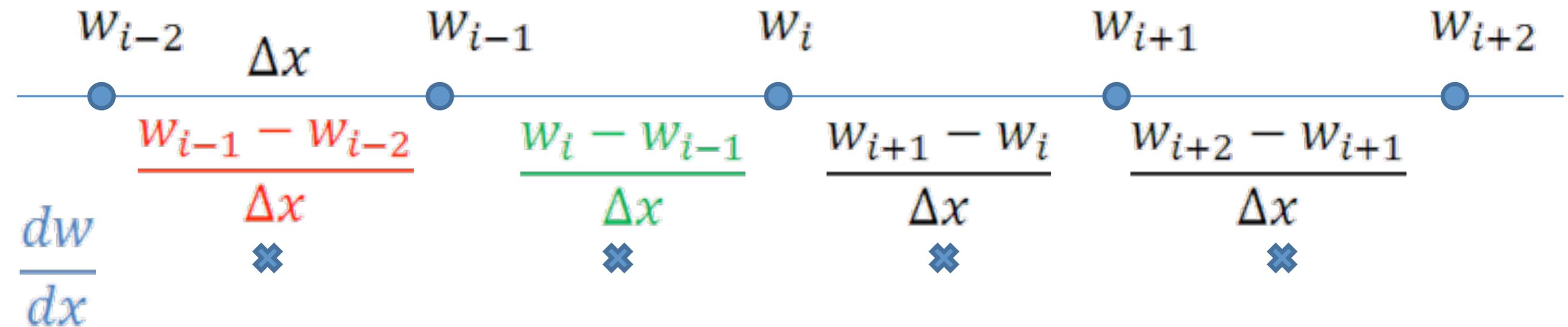


$\frac{d^2w}{dx^2}$

x

x

x

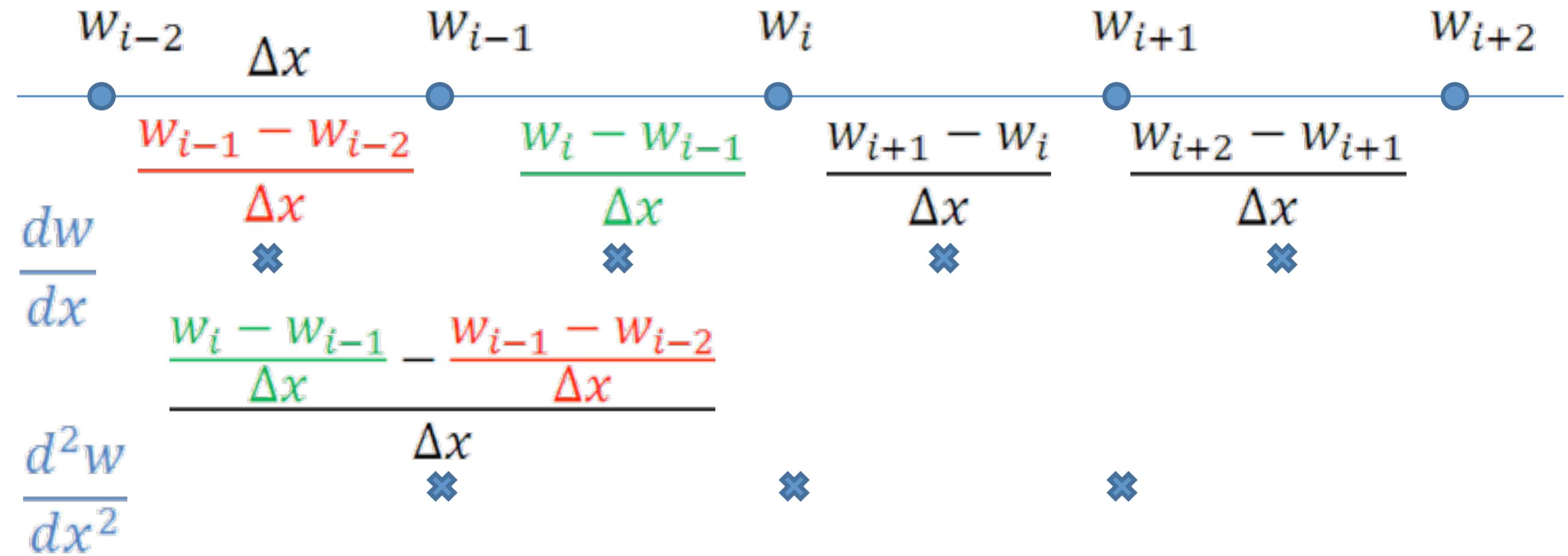


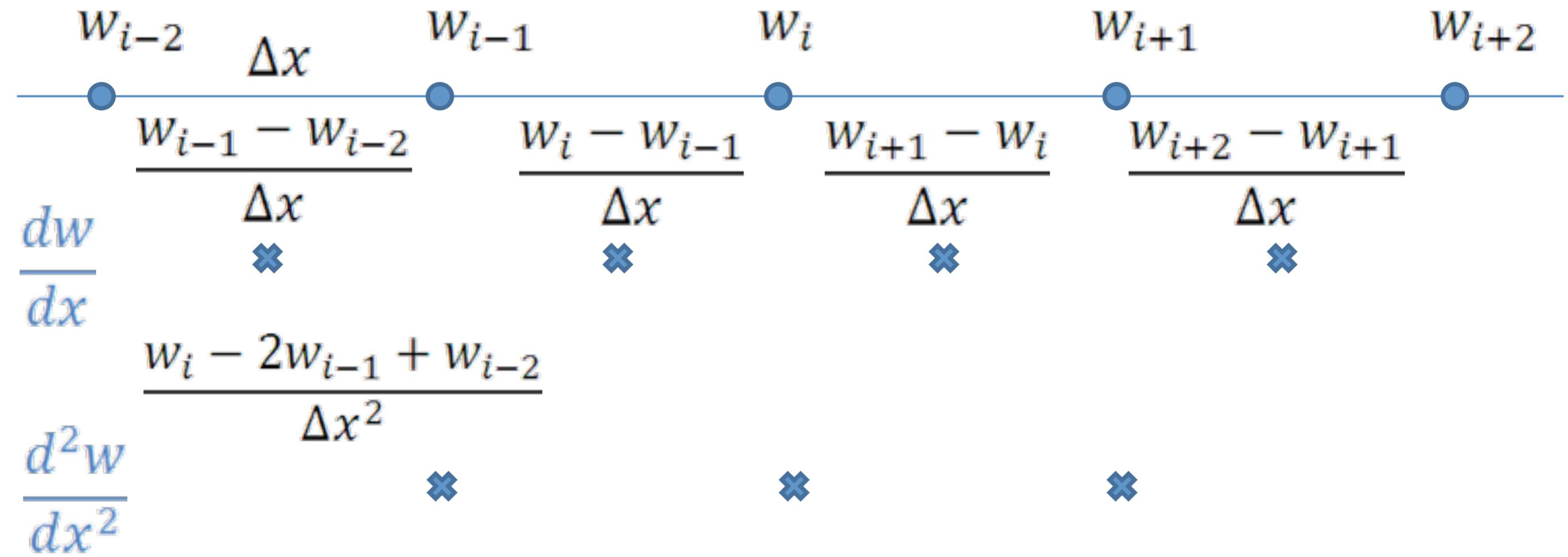
$\frac{d^2w}{dx^2}$

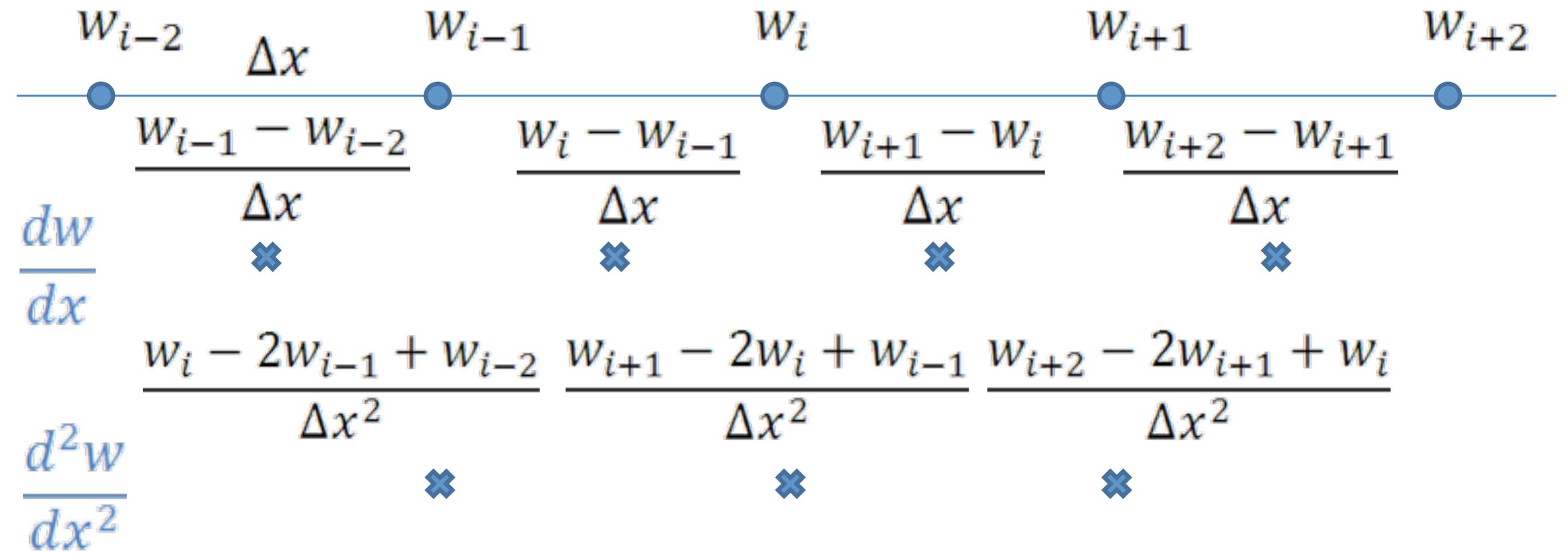
x

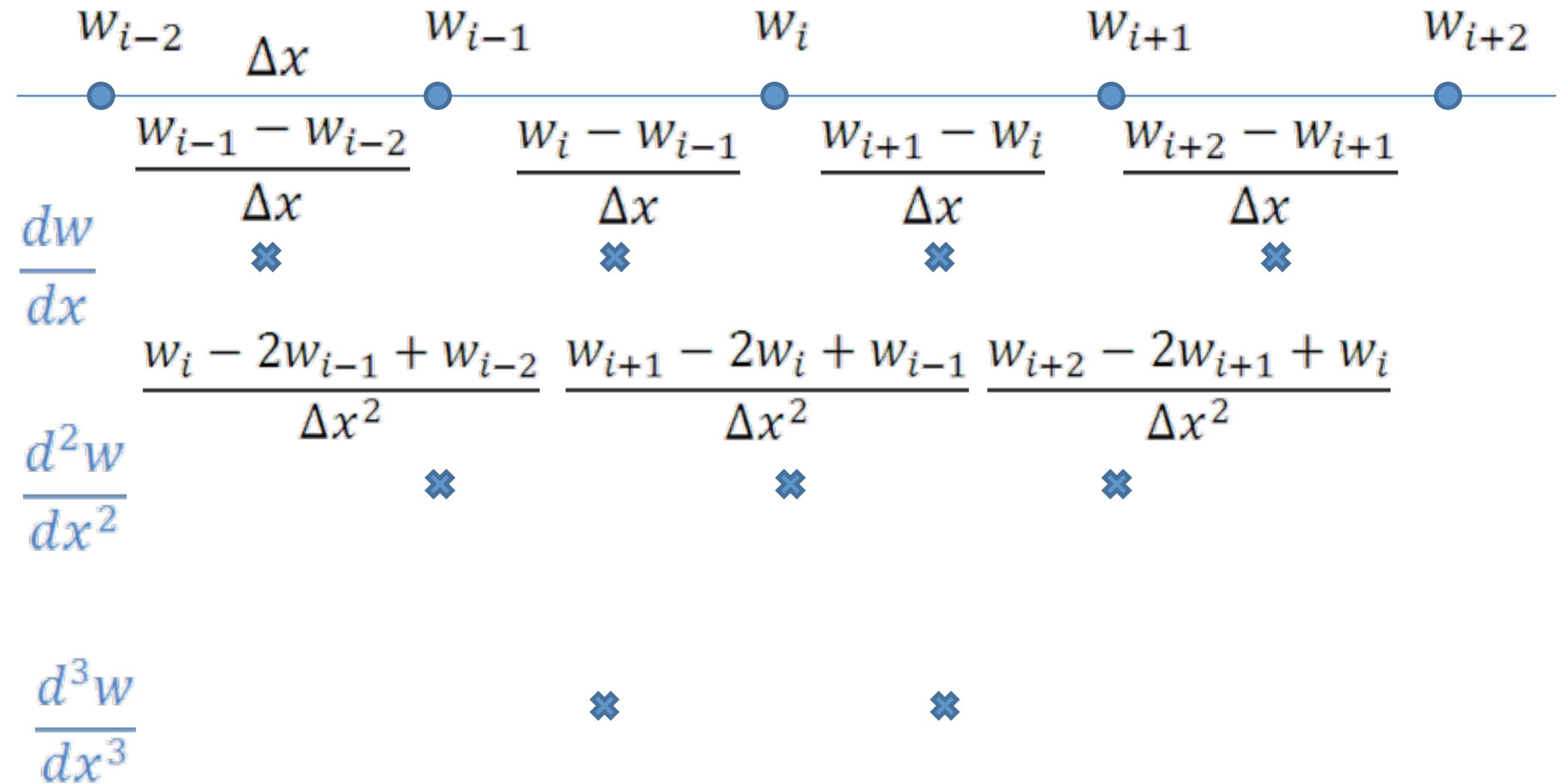
x

x









$w_{i-2}$     $\Delta x$     $w_{i-1}$     $w_i$     $w_{i+1}$     $w_{i+2}$

---

$\frac{dw}{dx}$

$\frac{w_{i-1} - w_{i-2}}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_i - w_{i-1}}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_{i+1} - w_i}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - w_{i+1}}{\Delta x}$

$\times$     $\times$     $\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^2w}{dx^2}$

$\frac{w_i - 2w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^2}$     $\frac{w_{i+1} - 2w_i + w_{i-1}}{\Delta x^2}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - 2w_{i+1} + w_i}{\Delta x^2}$

$\times$     $\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^3w}{dx^3}$

$\frac{w_{i+1} - 3w_i + 3w_{i-1} - w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^3}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - 3w_{i+1} + 3w_i - w_{i-1}}{\Delta x^3}$

$\times$     $\times$

$w_{i-2}$     $\Delta x$     $w_{i-1}$     $w_i$     $w_{i+1}$     $w_{i+2}$

---

$\frac{dw}{dx}$

$\frac{w_{i-1} - w_{i-2}}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_i - w_{i-1}}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_{i+1} - w_i}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - w_{i+1}}{\Delta x}$

$\times$     $\times$     $\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^2w}{dx^2}$

$\frac{w_i - 2w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^2}$     $\frac{w_{i+1} - 2w_i + w_{i-1}}{\Delta x^2}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - 2w_{i+1} + w_i}{\Delta x^2}$

$\times$     $\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^3w}{dx^3}$

$\frac{w_{i+1} - 3w_i + 3w_{i-1} - w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^3}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - 3w_{i+1} + 3w_i - w_{i-1}}{\Delta x^3}$

$\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^4w}{dx^4}$

$\times$

$w_{i-2}$     $\Delta x$     $w_{i-1}$     $w_i$     $w_{i+1}$     $w_{i+2}$

---

$\frac{dw}{dx}$

$\frac{w_{i-1} - w_{i-2}}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_i - w_{i-1}}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_{i+1} - w_i}{\Delta x}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - w_{i+1}}{\Delta x}$

$\times$     $\times$     $\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^2w}{dx^2}$

$\frac{w_i - 2w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^2}$     $\frac{w_{i+1} - 2w_i + w_{i-1}}{\Delta x^2}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - 2w_{i+1} + w_i}{\Delta x^2}$

$\times$     $\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^3w}{dx^3}$

$\frac{w_{i+1} - 3w_i + 3w_{i-1} - w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^3}$     $\frac{w_{i+2} - 3w_{i+1} + 3w_i - w_{i-1}}{\Delta x^3}$

$\times$     $\times$

---

$\frac{d^4w}{dx^4}$

$\frac{w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^4}$

$\times$

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

$$D \frac{w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^4} + \Delta \rho g w_i = p_i$$

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

$$D \frac{w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^4} + \Delta \rho g w_i = p_i$$

$$D[w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}] + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g w_i = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

$$D \frac{w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^4} + \Delta \rho g w_i = p_i$$

$$D[w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}] + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g w_i = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

$$D \frac{w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^4} + \Delta \rho g w_i = p_i$$

$$D[w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}] + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g w_i = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

$$\begin{aligned} Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g]w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} &= \\ &= \Delta x^4 p_i \end{aligned}$$

$$D \frac{d^4 w}{dx^4} + \Delta \rho g w = p$$

$$D \frac{w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}}{\Delta x^4} + \Delta \rho g w_i = p_i$$

$$D[w_{i+2} - 4w_{i+1} + 6w_i - 4w_{i-1} + w_{i-2}] + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g w_i = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

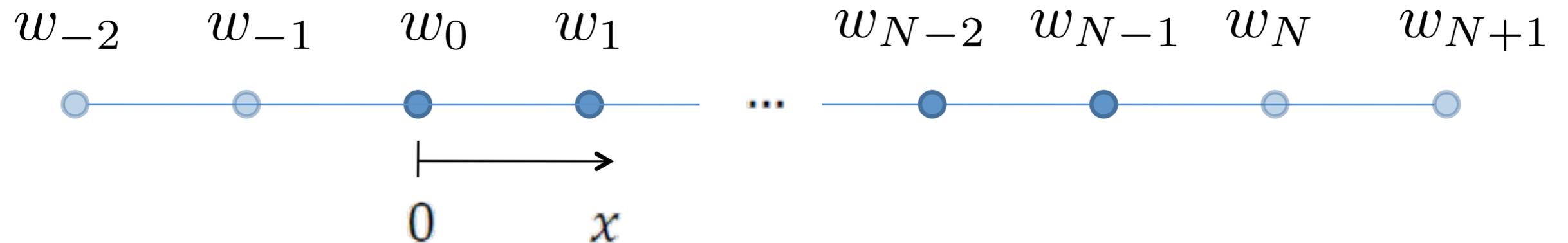
$$\begin{aligned} Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g]w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} &= \\ &= \Delta x^4 p_i \end{aligned}$$

# Condição de contorno

Placa contínua:

$$w \rightarrow 0 \text{ para } x \rightarrow 0$$

$$w \rightarrow 0 \text{ para } x \rightarrow x_n$$



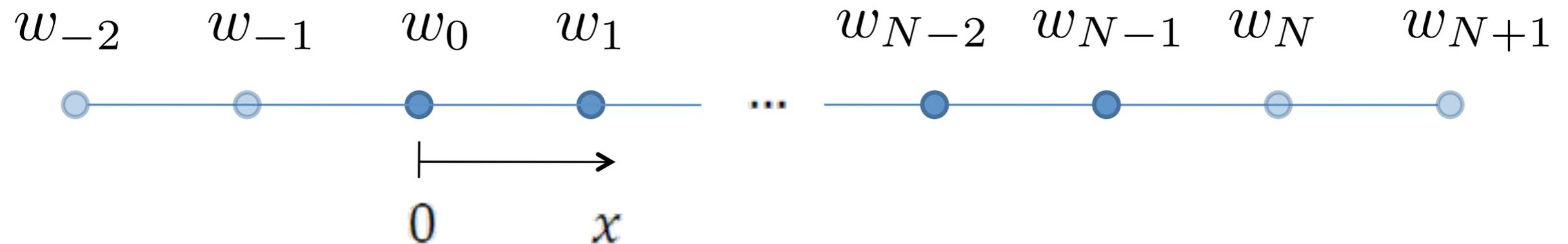
# Condição de contorno

Placa contínua:

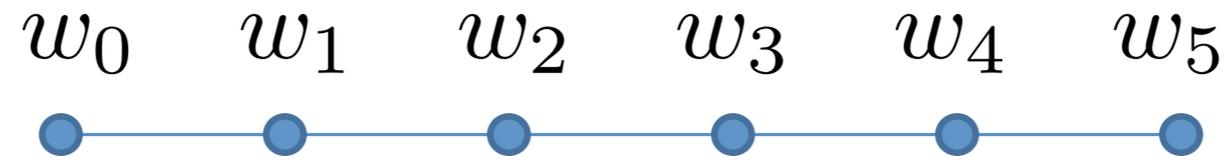
$$w \rightarrow 0 \text{ para } x \rightarrow 0$$

$$w \rightarrow 0 \text{ para } x \rightarrow x_n$$

$$w_{-2}, w_{-1}, w_N, w_{N-1} = 0$$

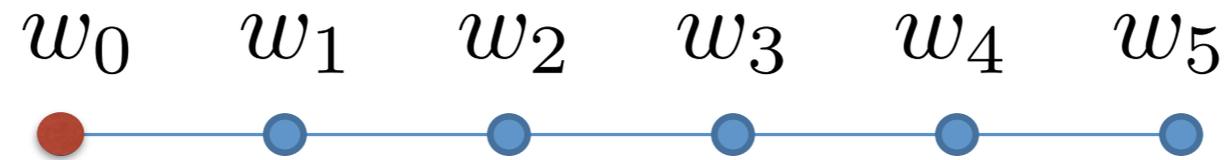


# Exemplo



$$Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g]w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

# Exemplo

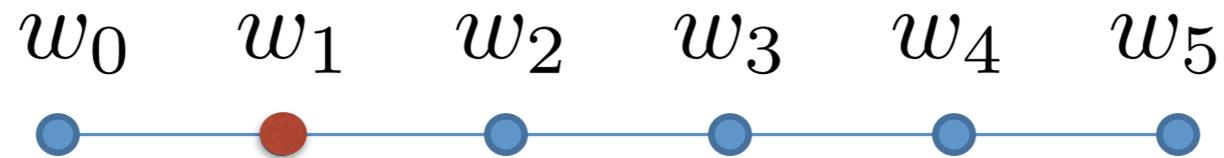


$w_0$  :

$$[6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0$$

$$Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g]w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

# Exemplo

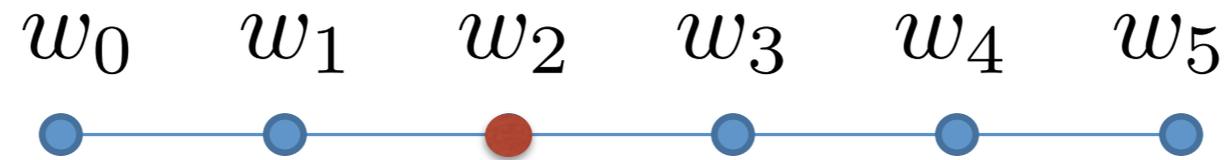


$$w_0 : \quad [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0$$

$$w_1 : \quad -4Dw_0 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_1 - 4Dw_2 + Dw_3 = \Delta x^4 p_1$$

$$Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

# Exemplo



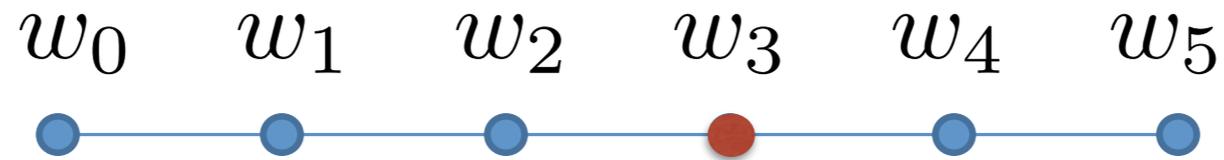
$$w_0 : \quad [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0$$

$$w_1 : \quad -4Dw_0 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_1 - 4Dw_2 + Dw_3 = \Delta x^4 p_1$$

$$w_2 : \quad Dw_0 - 4Dw_1 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_2 - 4Dw_3 + Dw_4 = \Delta x^4 p_2$$

$$Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

# Exemplo



$$w_0 : \quad [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0$$

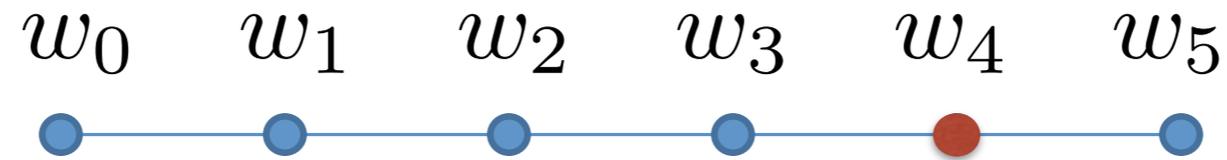
$$w_1 : \quad -4Dw_0 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_1 - 4Dw_2 + Dw_3 = \Delta x^4 p_1$$

$$w_2 : \quad Dw_0 - 4Dw_1 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_2 - 4Dw_3 + Dw_4 = \Delta x^4 p_2$$

$$w_3 : \quad Dw_1 - 4Dw_2 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_3 - 4Dw_4 + Dw_5 = \Delta x^4 p_3$$

$$Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

# Exemplo



$$w_0 : \quad [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0$$

$$w_1 : \quad -4Dw_0 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_1 - 4Dw_2 + Dw_3 = \Delta x^4 p_1$$

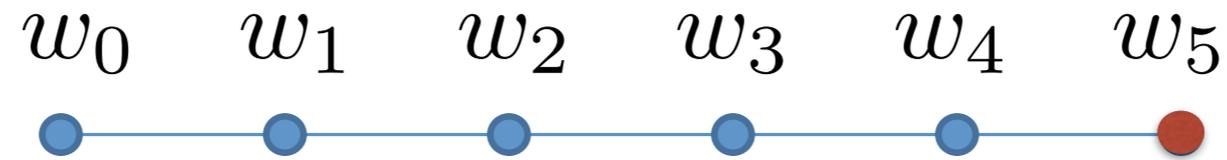
$$w_2 : \quad Dw_0 - 4Dw_1 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_2 - 4Dw_3 + Dw_4 = \Delta x^4 p_2$$

$$w_3 : \quad Dw_1 - 4Dw_2 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_3 - 4Dw_4 + Dw_5 = \Delta x^4 p_3$$

$$w_4 : \quad Dw_2 - 4Dw_3 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_4 - 4Dw_5 = \Delta x^4 p_4$$

$$Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} = \Delta x^4 p_i$$

# Exemplo



$$\begin{aligned}w_0 : & \quad [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0 \\w_1 : & \quad -4Dw_0 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_1 - 4Dw_2 + Dw_3 = \Delta x^4 p_1 \\w_2 : & \quad Dw_0 - 4Dw_1 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_2 - 4Dw_3 + Dw_4 = \Delta x^4 p_2 \\w_3 : & \quad Dw_1 - 4Dw_2 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_3 - 4Dw_4 + Dw_5 = \Delta x^4 p_3 \\w_4 : & \quad Dw_2 - 4Dw_3 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_4 - 4Dw_5 = \Delta x^4 p_4 \\w_5 : & \quad Dw_3 - 4Dw_4 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_5 = \Delta x^4 p_5\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}Dw_{i-2} - 4Dw_{i-1} + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_i - 4Dw_{i+1} + Dw_{i+2} = \\= \Delta x^4 p_i\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0 \\
-4Dw_0 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_1 - 4Dw_2 + Dw_3 &= \Delta x^4 p_1 \\
Dw_0 - 4Dw_1 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_2 - 4Dw_3 + Dw_4 &= \Delta x^4 p_2 \\
Dw_1 - 4Dw_2 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_3 - 4Dw_4 + Dw_5 &= \Delta x^4 p_3 \\
Dw_2 - 4Dw_3 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_4 - 4Dw_5 &= \Delta x^4 p_4 \\
Dw_3 - 4Dw_4 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_5 &= \Delta x^4 p_5
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_0 - 4Dw_1 + Dw_2 = \Delta x^4 p_0 \\
& -4Dw_0 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_1 - 4Dw_2 + Dw_3 = \Delta x^4 p_1 \\
& Dw_0 - 4Dw_1 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_2 - 4Dw_3 + Dw_4 = \Delta x^4 p_2 \\
& Dw_1 - 4Dw_2 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_3 - 4Dw_4 + Dw_5 = \Delta x^4 p_3 \\
& Dw_2 - 4Dw_3 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_4 - 4Dw_5 = \Delta x^4 p_4 \\
& Dw_3 - 4Dw_4 + [6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g] w_5 = \Delta x^4 p_5
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
-4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D & 0 & 0 \\
D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D & 0 \\
0 & D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D \\
0 & 0 & D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D \\
0 & 0 & 0 & D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
w_0 \\
w_1 \\
w_2 \\
w_3 \\
w_4 \\
w_5
\end{bmatrix}
=$$

$$= \Delta x^4 \begin{bmatrix} p_0 \\ p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \\ p_4 \\ p_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D & 0 & 0 \\ D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D & 0 \\ 0 & D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D & D \\ 0 & 0 & D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g & -4D \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & D & -4D & 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_0 \\ w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \\ w_4 \\ w_5 \end{bmatrix} = \Delta x^4 \begin{bmatrix} p_0 \\ p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \\ p_4 \\ p_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Aw} = \mathbf{p}$$

$$A(i, j = i - 2) = D$$

$$A(i, j = i - 1) = -4D$$

$$A(i, j = i) = 6D + \Delta x^4 \Delta \rho g$$

$$A(i, j = i + 1) = -4D$$

$$A(i, j = i + 2) = D$$

# Prática: Flex\_numerico

