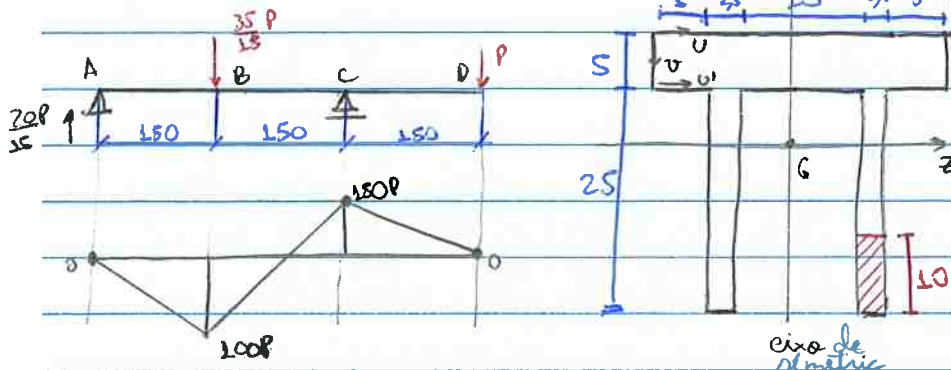


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$$N^* = \frac{M S_x^*}{I_z}$$

a) Determinar P para

$$\sigma_{d,t} = 1 \text{ KN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{d,c} = 3 \text{ KN/cm}^2$$

b) Com esse P , a resultante das tensões normais na região fechada. Na seção B.

a)

$$x_B = \frac{S_u}{A} = \frac{2,5 \cdot 5 \cdot 25 + 2(17,5 \cdot 2,5 \cdot 25)}{5,75 + 2,5 \cdot 25,2} = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$x_B = 12,5 \text{ cm}$$

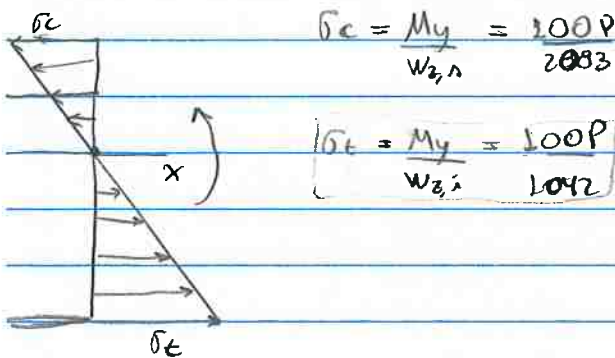
$$I_{U'} = \frac{25 \cdot 5^3}{3} + 2 \cdot \frac{2,5 \cdot 25^3}{3} = 27083,3 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_z = I_{U'} - S^2 \cdot A = 20833 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$W_{z,i} = \frac{I_z}{y_i} = \frac{20833}{20} = 1042 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$W_{z,n} = \frac{I_z}{y_n} = \frac{20833}{10} = 2083 \text{ cm}^3$$

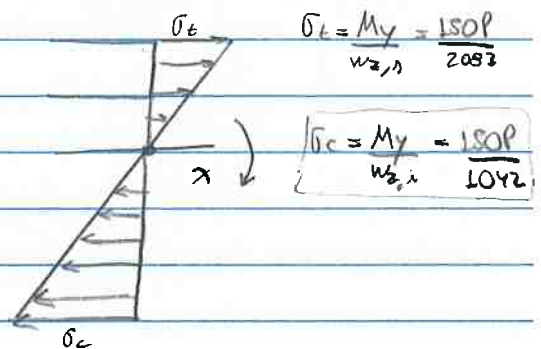
Seção B:



$$\sigma_c = \frac{M y}{W_{z,n}} = \frac{100P}{2083}$$

$$\sigma_t = \frac{M y}{W_{z,i}} = \frac{150P}{1042}$$

Seção C:



$$\sigma_t = \frac{M y}{W_{z,n}} = \frac{150P}{2083}$$

$$\sigma_c = \frac{M y}{W_{z,i}} = \frac{100P}{1042}$$

Tensão máx: $\frac{100P}{1042} = 1 \Rightarrow P_{máx} = 10,42 \text{ KN}$

Compressão máx: $\frac{150P}{2042} = 3 \Rightarrow P_{máx} = 20,8 \text{ KN}$

$$P_{máx} = 10,42 \text{ KN}$$

b) $N^* = \frac{M_y \cdot S_z^*}{I_z} = \frac{150 \cdot 1042 \cdot (15 \cdot 10 \cdot 25)}{20833} = 28,13 \text{ KN}$

