

P1-Q1

frequência (ω)
 comprimento de onda (λ)
 período temporal (T)
 período espacial (λ)
 amplitude ψ_0
 velocidade da onda v
 direção de propagação

$$\psi_1 = -4 \sin [0,4\pi x - 6\pi t]$$

$$\omega = 6\pi$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = 0,4\pi \quad \lambda = 5\text{m}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 6\pi \quad T = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\psi_0 = 4$$

$$v = \lambda f = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{3} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$+\hat{x}$$

$$\psi_2 =$$

$$\frac{5}{2} \cos [8\pi x + 3,5t]$$

$$\omega = 3,5$$

$$k = 8 = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad \lambda = 0,25\pi \text{m}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f = 3,5 = \frac{2\pi}{T} \quad T = 0,6\pi$$

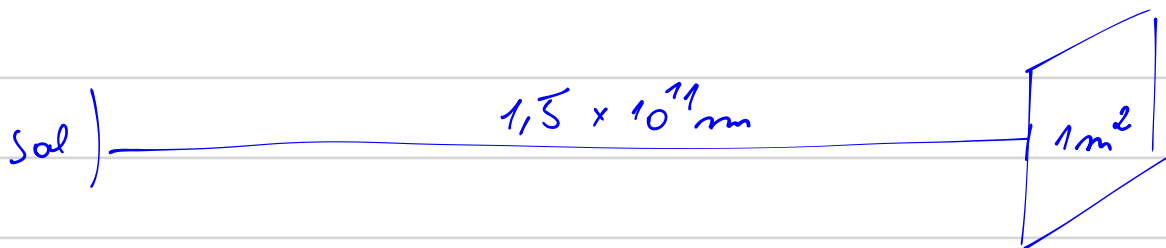
$$\psi_0 = 5/2$$

$$v = (0,25\pi) \cdot (1/0,6\pi) = 0,43 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$-\hat{z}$$

$$\psi = \psi_0 \sin [kx - \omega t + \varepsilon]$$

$$\langle S(t) \rangle = 1,4 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}$$



$$a) \quad \langle S(t) \rangle = I = 1,4 \times 10^3 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{press}} = \frac{I}{c} = \frac{1,4 \times 10^3 \text{ W/m}^2}{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}} = 0,46 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$P_{\text{press}} = 4,6 \frac{\mu\text{J}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$b) \quad 2\% \rightarrow \text{visível}$$

$$\frac{I}{E_f} = 1,4 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$E_f = \frac{hc}{\lambda} = \frac{6,6 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}{500 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}} = 1 \text{ J}$$

$$N = \text{fótons no visível} = \left(\frac{I}{E_f} \right) \times 0,02 = \sim 10^{23} \text{ fótons}$$

Eg

$$\mathcal{E} = 0$$

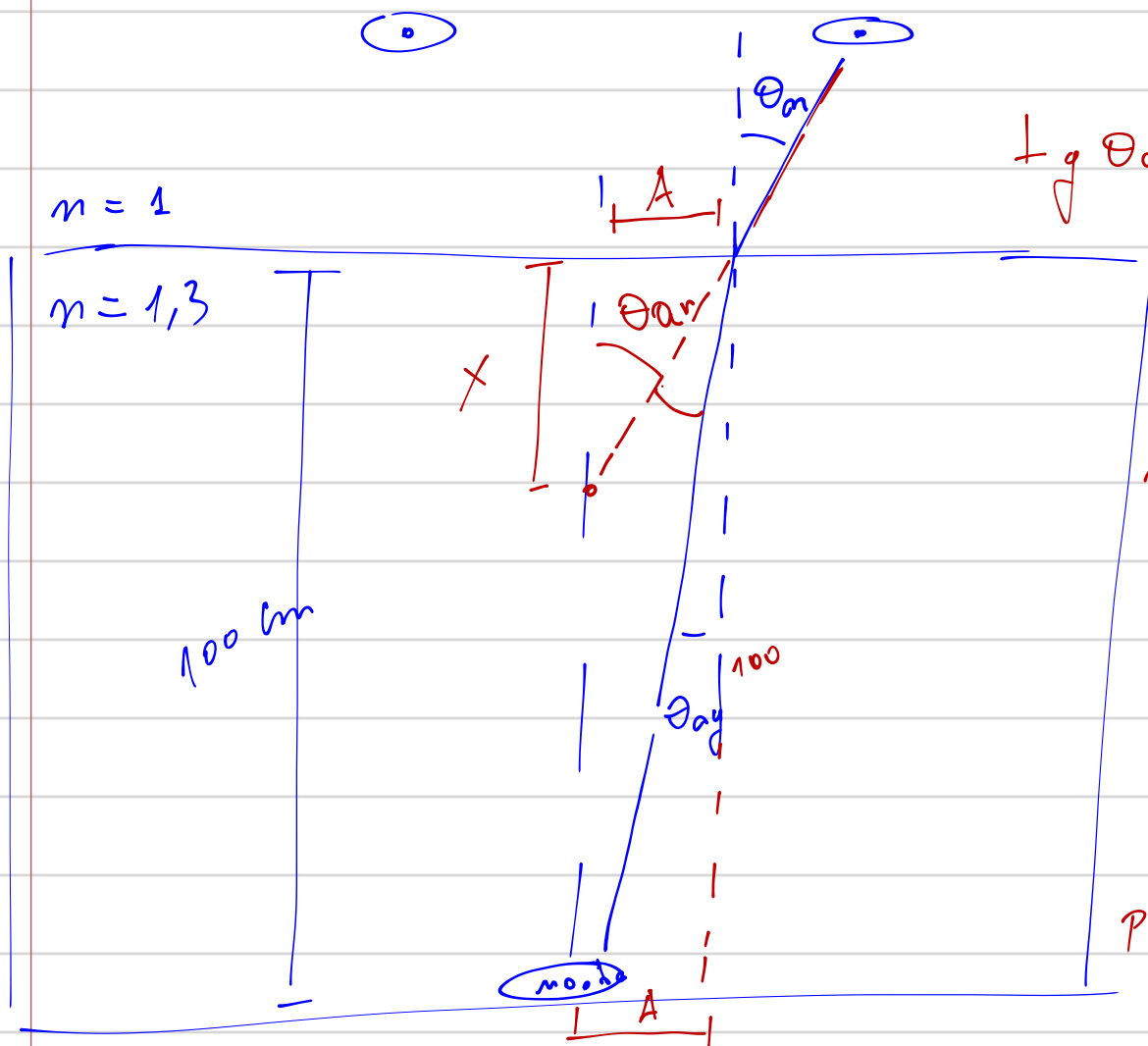
$$K = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = \frac{(0,011 \times 10^3)}{\text{m}} = 1,1 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$E_0^2 = \frac{2 \times 1,4 \times 10^3}{8,8 \times 10^{-12} \times 3 \times 10^8} = 0,10 \times 10^7 \frac{V}{m}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8,8 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$$

$$E_0 = 1029 \text{ V/m}$$

P1-Q3



Θ_{ar} e $\Theta_{ay} = \text{perguntas}$
 $\int g \Theta_a \approx \int_{gr} \Theta \approx \Theta$
 $\Theta_{ar} = \frac{A}{X}$ $\Theta_{ay} = \frac{A}{100}$

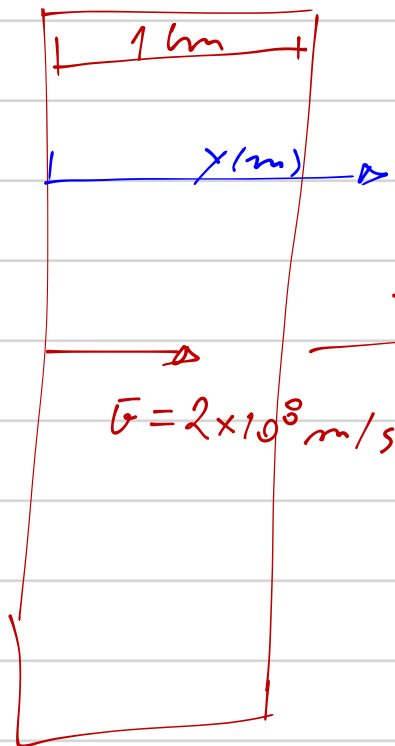
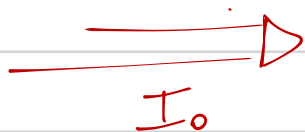
$$L \cdot \frac{A}{X} = 13 \cdot \frac{A}{100}$$

$$x = \frac{100}{1,3} \approx 77 \text{ cm}$$

posigco a parte do molde
77 cm

P1-Q4

$\lambda = 600 \text{ nm}$
laser
Vermelho



$$n = n_R - i n_I$$

$$n_R = \frac{c}{v} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{2 \times 10^8}$$

$$\boxed{n_R = 1,5}$$

$$I = I_0 e^{-\alpha x}$$

$$\alpha = \text{coef de atenu.}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2 n_I \omega}{c}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2 n_I 2\pi c}{c \lambda}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{4\pi n_I}{\lambda}$$

$$I = \frac{I_0}{2} = I_0 e^{-\frac{4\pi n_I}{\lambda} x}$$

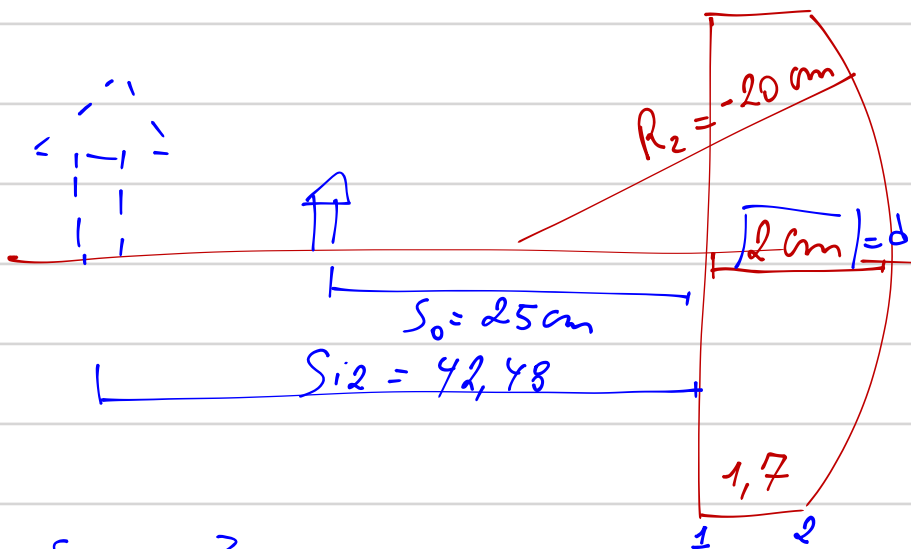
$$\ln(1/2) = -\frac{4\pi n_I \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ m}}{600 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}} = -0,693 \quad n_I = 3,3 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\boxed{n = 1,5 - i(3,3 \times 10^{-6})}$$

P1-Q5

$n = 1,33$ (H₂O)

$$R_1 = +\infty$$



$$S_i = ?$$

$$\frac{n_m}{S_{o1}} + \frac{n_m}{S_{i2}} = (n_f - n_m) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} \right) + \frac{n_f \cdot d}{(S_{i1} - d) \cdot S_{i2}}$$

S_{i1} = imagem formada após passar pela face 1

?

P1 e face 1

$$\frac{n_m}{S_{o1}} + \frac{n_e}{S_{i1}} = \frac{n_e - n_m}{R_1}$$

$$\frac{1,33}{25 \text{ cm}} + \frac{1,7}{S_{i1}} = \frac{1,7 - 1,3}{\infty} = 0$$

$$S_{i1} = -32,69 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{1,33}{25} + \frac{1,33}{S_{i2}} = (1,7 - 1,33) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\infty} + \frac{1}{+20} \right) + \left[\frac{1,7 \cdot 2 \text{ cm}}{(1 - 32,69 - 2) \cdot (-32,69)} \right]$$

$$0,0532 + \frac{1,33}{S_{i2}} = 0,0185 + \left[0,003388 \right]$$

$$S_{i2} = -42,48 \text{ cm}$$