

Tools and their applications

Willian Giordani

Prof. Dr. Roberto Fritsche Neto Department of Genetics ESALQ - USP

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- 1. Single-imager Multispectral Camera
 - ✓ Survey2 and Survey3
- 2. Multi-imager Multispectral Camera
 - ✓ MicaSense RedEdge™
- 3. Hiperspectral Camera
 - ✓ SOC710-GX
- 4. Thermal radiometric Camera
 - ✓ Workswell WIRIS
- 5. Light Detection and Ranging LiDAR
 - ✓ RIEGL VUX-1UAV
- 6. Best Practices for Collecting Data
- 7. Vehicle-based high-throughput systems
- 8. High-Tech Robot
 - ✓ TERRA-MEPP

Summary



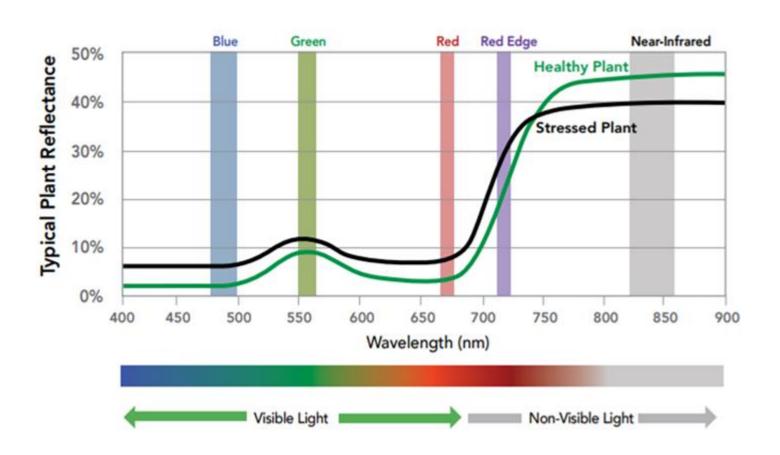


1. Single-imager Multispectral Camera





Plant Reflectance





Mapir Cameras

Survey2

Survey3

Kernel



6



Turn-Key
Survey Camera

Turn-Key GPS Survey
Camera

Professional Array

Camera



Survey2



Turn-Key Survey Camera

Survey2

Survey3



Camera

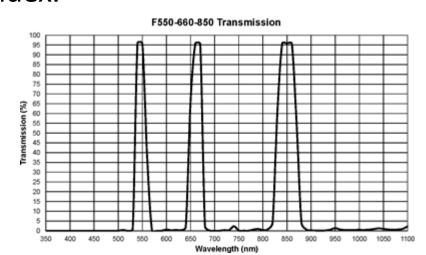
Survey3

16MP	12MP	
TOIVIF	IZIVIP	
1440p30	2160p24	
Up to 0.28fps (RAW)	Up to 0.36fps (RAW)	
Up to 0.51fps (JPG)	Up to 0.67fps (JPG)	
82° HFOV (23mm) Lens	87° or 41° HFOV (19mm/47mm) Lens	
6 Filter Options	4 Filter Options	
No GPS Tags	External GPS Tags (Included)	
No IMU	IMU	
59 x 41 x 30 mm	59 x 41.5 x 36 mm	
47g+	50g+	
Max 64GB Storage	Max 128GB Storage	
Starts at \$400	Starts at \$400	



Survey3

- √ Triple-band multispectral filters
 - ✓ Red+Green+NIR (RGN)
 - ✓ Most popular for plant phenotyping (Survey3W)
 - ✓ Indices such as NDVI, GNDVI, OSAVI, TVI, CVI, etc.
 - ✓ NIR+Green+Blue (NGB).
 - ✓ ENDVI index.





Survey3

- ✓ USB GPS Receiver
- ✓ Battery (Removable Li-ion 1200mAh)
 - Optional micro USB
- ✓ Micro SD: Up To 128GB Card
 - ≈ 30,000 JPG, 4,400 RAW+JPG
- ✓ Speed photo trigger:
 - ✓ RAW+JPG: 2.75 Seconds / Photo.
 - ✓ JPG: 1.5 Seconds / Photo
- ✓ Video Resolution: 2160p24, 1440p30, 1080p60, 720p60
- ✓ Image Resolution: 12 MegaPixel (4032 x 3024 px).





Turn-Key GPS Survey
Camera



Price



Survey2 Camera - Visible Light RGB \$400.00



Survey2 Camera - Red \$400.00



Survey2 Camera - NDVI Red+NIR \$400.00

Survey2 Camera - Green

\$400.00



Survey2 Camera - Near Infrared (NIR) \$400.00



Survey2 Camera - Blue \$400.00



Survey3W Camera -Visible Light RGB \$400.00



Survey3W Camera -Near Infrared (NIR) \$400.00



Survey3N Camera -Red+Green+NIR (RGN, NDVI) \$400.00



Survey3W Camera -Red+Green+NIR (RGN, NDVI) \$400.00



Survey3N Camera -Near Infrared (NIR) \$400.00



Survey3N Camera -NIR+Green+Blue (NGB, ENDV1) \$400.00



Survey3N Camera -Visible Light RGB

\$400.00



Sensor Câmera MAPIR Survey 2 NDVI RED+NIR

A linha de câmeras da MAPIR foi desenvolvida e pensada para utiliz agricultura de precisão e meio ambiente. A MAPIR Survey 2 I infravermeiho próximo, possibilitando uma serie de cálculos diferen normalizada (NDVI). Com pequenas dimensões e peso de apenas 64 RGB é de fácil integração em praticamente todos os Veículos Aéreos F

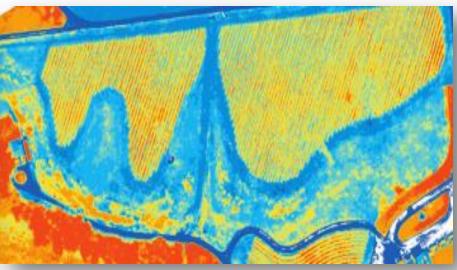
Preço: R\$3.850,00

Tudo sobre o Sensor Câmera MAPIR Survey 2 NDVI RED+NIR >>>



NDVI analysis of an Vineyard







2. Multi-imager Multispectral Camera





MicaSense RedEdge™

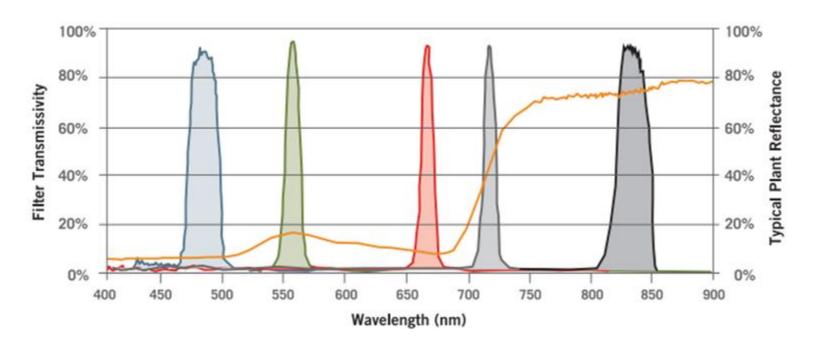
- ✓ Multispectral camera optimized for use in small unmanned aircraft systems.
 - ✓ Also works unplugged.
 - ✓ An integrated shutter button maintain geo-tagging and timestamping.





MicaSense RedEdge™ Spectral Bands

SPECTRAL BANDS

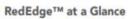


✓ One camera allows to perform many vegetation indices.

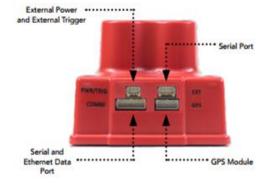


MicaSense RedEdge™

- √ Fast capture rate
 - faster flight speeds and lower flight altitudes
- ✓ Single SD card stores all images with geotags
- ✓ Calibrated
- ✓ Rugged design









GPS and DLS

- ✓ Two GPS options:
 - Included module
 - Use custom GPS data

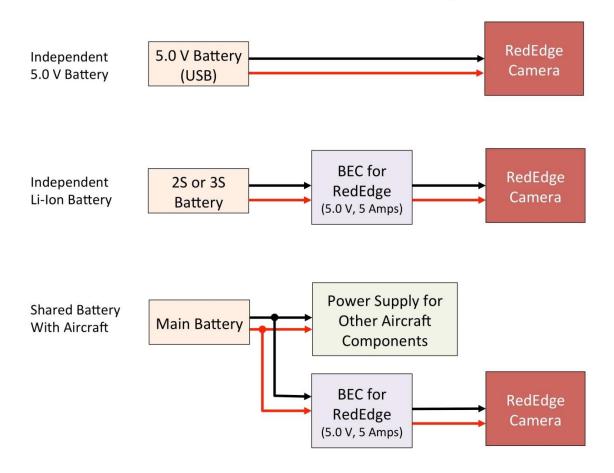


- ✓ **DLS Downwelling Light Sensor**: Measures the ambient light during a flight for the five bands (metadata),
 - specialized processing tools (Atlas) to correct lighting changes.
 - Installed on top of the aircraft, facing up towards the sky
 - Used in conjunction Calibrated Reflectance Panel (CRP)
- ✓ Multiple options for integration





Powering





Technical Specification

Weight:	180 grams (6.3 oz.) (including DLS and cable)	
Dimensions:	12.1 cm x 6.6 cm x 4.6 cm (4.8 in x 2.6 in x 1.8 in)	
External Power:	5.0 V DC, 4 W nominal (8 W peak)	
Spectral Bands:	Blue, green, red, red edge, near IR (global shutter, narrowband)	
RGB Color Output:	3.6 MP (global shutter, aligned with all bands)	
Ground Sample Distance (GSD):	Distance (GSD): 8 cm per pixel (per band) at 120 m (~400 ft) AGL	
Capture Rate:	1 capture per second (all bands), 12-bit RAW	
Interfaces:	Serial, Ethernet, WiFi, External Trigger, GPS	
Field of View:	47.2° HFOV	
Custom Bands:	400nm - 900nm (QE of 10% at 900nm)	



Wavelength

Band Name	Center Wavelength (nm)	Bandwidth (nm)
Blue	475	20
Green	560	20
Red	668	10
Red Edge	717	10
Near IR	840	40



Price

USA





MicaSense RedEdge Kit. 901 \$5,000.00

\$5,195.00 socionize 12%



RedEdge and Pix4Dag: Yearly 101 35434-00 \$6,594.00



Sensor Câmera Multispectral Micasense RedEdge

A Micasense RedEdge é um sensor multispectral de altíssima pe precisão. Com ele é possível gerar mosaicos com até 8cm por pixel de é composta por 5 espectros, azul, verde, vermelho, vermelho próxii 150 gramas, pode ser integrada a grande parte dos Veículos Aéreo interface da RedEdge permite que ela seja integrada a grande parti PWM, ou simplesmente funcionar independente da controladora.

Preço: R\$38.800,00

Tudo sobre o Sensor Câmera Multispectral Micasense RedEdge >>>



RedEdge and Pix4Dag: Perpetual 1015 \$3,835.00 \$8,435.00 accounter 1%



RedEdge and Pix4Dmapper Pro: Yearly

mes \$3,694.00 \$8,445.00 economias 2%



RedEdge and Pix4Dmapper Pro: Perpetual 100 \$12,004.00 \$12,895.00 economize 7%.



Detecting Weeds with MicaSense Atlas and RedEdge

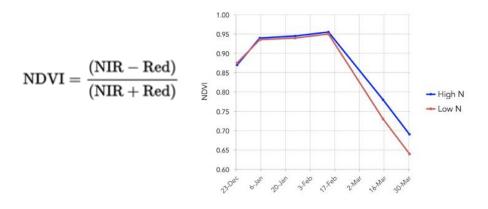
- ✓ Using the *Weeds1* layer, which identifies variation in chlorophyll content.
 - Manually identifying \$525,
 - RedEdge \$250.

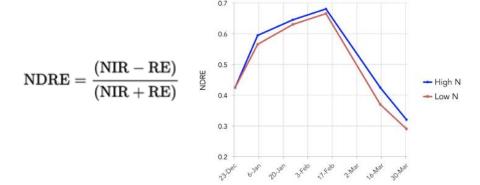




Monitoring Urea Application in Rice

✓ Six different flights over a three-month











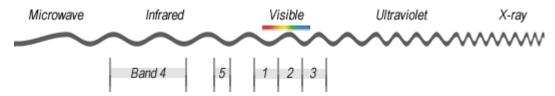
3. Hyperspectral Camera



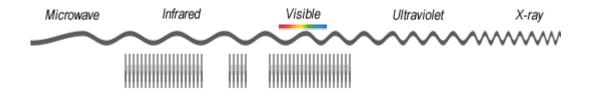


Multispectral vs Hyperspectral

- ✓ Multispectral
 - 3 to 10 bands



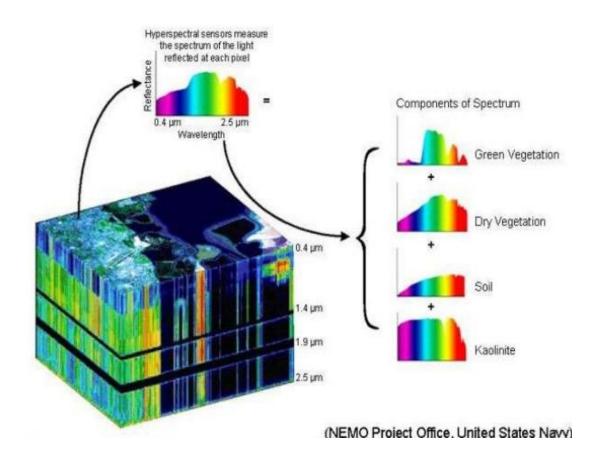
- √ Hyperspectral
 - Hundreds or thousands of bands





Hyperspectral Camera

✓ Much more detailed information.





SOC710-GX Airborne Hyperspectral Imager

- ✓ Designed for UAV or small aircraft.
- ✓ Delivers real-time results
- ✓ Compact: 20 cm and less than 1,5kg
- ✓ Continuous data collection for over an hour.





Technical Specification

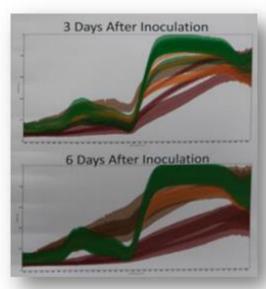
- ✓ Spectral Coverage: 400-1000nm
- ✓ Spectral Resolution: 4.2nm
- **✓ Bands:** 120
- ✓ Focal Length: Configurable
- ✓ Power: 12-VDC / 10 Watts
- **✓ Pixel size:** 9.9µm x 9.9µm
- **✓ Operating Temp:** 0°C ... +50°C





Hyperspectral disease signatures for detection of charcoal rot in soybean

- ✓ Charcoal rot (Macrophomina phaseolina),
- √ Hyperspectral imaging
 - Precise and accurate phenotypes
 - Minor differences in disease expression.
- ✓ Spectral reflectance signatures using HSI.
- ✓ HSI successfully differentiated symptoms not distinguishable through visual assessment.





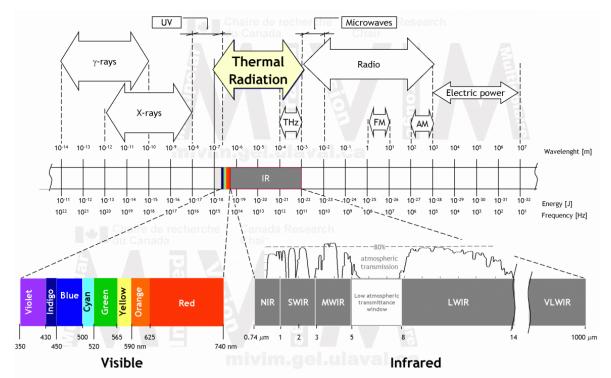
4. Drone Radiometric Thermal Camera





Radiometric thermal camera

- ✓ Thermal infrared region 7 15 microns
- ✓ Measure the emitted radiation.
- ✓ Temperature of a surface (individual pixels)

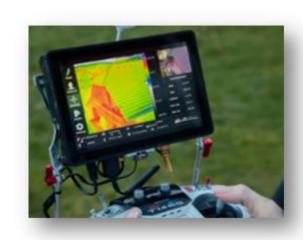




Drone Thermal Camera

- ✓ Workswell WIRIS
 - ✓ Thermal camera,
 - ✓ Digital camera,
 - ✓ Processor unit to record radiometric data.
- ✓ Intensity of the thermal radiation
 - ✓ Workswell CorePlayer.
- ✓ Also records radiometric video.







Temperature Measurement





Other functions

- ✓ Zoom
 - Digital camera 16x
 - Thermal camera 14x
- ✓ Palettes
 - 18 colour palettes
 - Isotherms







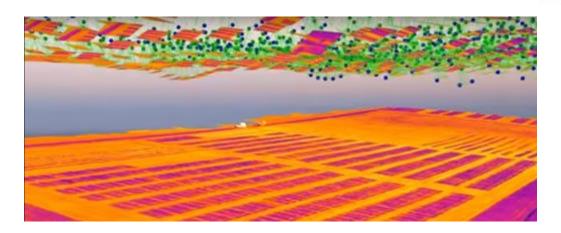
Other functions

✓ GPS navigation - optional accessory.

✓ Coordinates, Speed, Number of satellites, Altitude, META data.

✓ Allows the creation of a 3D model.

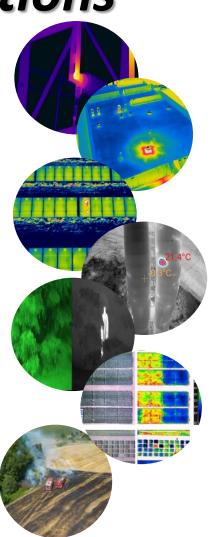
√(Pix4D)





Potential Applications

- ✓ Power engineering sector
- ✓ Flat roofs
- ✓ Photovoltaic power plants
- ✓ Security system
- ✓ Searching people and animals
- ✓ Pipelines
- ✓ Cultivation and Phenotyping
- ✓ Detect water stress
- ✓ Fight fires





Technical Specification

	Workswell WIRIS 2nd 640	Workswell WIRIS 2nd 336	
Thermal Imaging Camera			
Resolution	640 x 512 pixels	336 x 256 pixels	
FPA active sensor size	1.088 x 0.8705 cm	0.5712 x 0.4351 cm	
Temperature ranges	-25 °C to +150 °C -40 °C to +550 °C, optional temperal	-25 °C to +150 °C -40 °C to +550 °C, optional temperature range 400 °C to 1 500 °C (filter)	
Temperature sensitivity	0.05 °C (50 mK) 0.03 °C (30 mK) available on request		
Accuracy	±2 % or ±2 °C (in high temperature r	±2 % or ±2 °C (in high temperature range 0 °C to +550°C)	
Spectral range	7.5 – 13.5 μm		
Calibration	Yes, the package includes the calibra	Yes, the package includes the calibration certificate	
Detector type	Uncooled VOx microbolometer	Uncooled VOx microbolometer	
Lenses	Interchangeable and focusable, vari	Interchangeable and focusable, various field of view	
Available lenses	18°, 32°, 45°, 69°	17°, 25°, 35°, 45°	
Focus	Manual (focused on infinity, Min focus distance depends on lens)		
Digital zoom	1 – 14x continuous	1 – 11x continuous	
Digital Camera			
Resolution	1 600 x 1 200 pixels	1 600 x 1 200 pixels	
Focus	Fixed	Fixed	
Digital zoom	1 – 16x continuous		



Technical Specification

Memory and Data Recording		
Memory	Internal: 32 GB (up to 80 000 images or 200 minutes of video) External: recording directly on USB stick	
Image recording	Radiometric image and digital JPEG image can saved by trigger Radiometric image format: JPEG or TIFF	
Video recording	Radiometric video recording can be start/stop by trigger	
Periodic image capturing	Yes, adjustable interval between 1 to 60 s (IR and digital saved on trigger)	
GPS location info	GPS data is stored in EXIF when external GPS is connected	
Remote control	Data are recorded by PWM, SBus or External (TTL) trigger	
File management	Images and video from each flight are stored in separate folders	
File transfer	Selected folders are transferred to USB flash disk	
Measurement Functions		
Measurement functions	Center spot, Hot/Cold spot detection, Peak Max/Min spot detection	
Alarm mode (isotherm)	Above, Below, Between, Above & Below	
Hot/Cold spot detection	Auto hot and cold spot detection with temperature values	
Peak Max/Min detection	Measurement interval 1 to 100 s	
Temperature unit	Celsius, Fahrenheit, kelvin	
Emissivity correction	Adjustable in WIRIS directly or in Software	
Other corrections	Reflected ambient temperature, atmospheric temperature	



Technical Specification

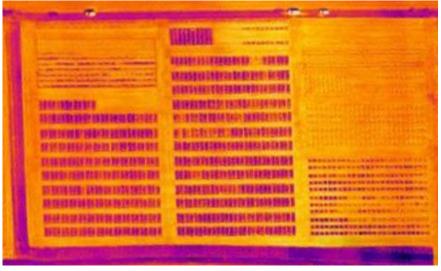
Power Supply				
Input supply voltage	6 to 36 V DC			
Power dissipation	< 6 W (max. 8 W during calibration event of approx. 0.5 seconds)			
Power connector	Coaxial 2.1 x 5.5 mm, outer shell - GND			
Dimensions/Weight				
Dimensions	135 x 77 x 69 mm			
Weight	< 390 g			
Mounting	4x 1/4-20 UNC thread (2x bottom side and 2x top side)			
Operating Environment				
Operating temperature	-15°C to +50°C			
Storage temperature	-30°C to +60°C			
Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing			
List of contents				
	WIRIS head with chosen lens, Calibration certificate, USB Flash drive 32 GB, HDMI cable, Servo connectors (PWM), Power supply cable, Software license CorePlayer, Hard transport case			



Using the UAV Thermography for Cultivation and Phenotyping of Cereals

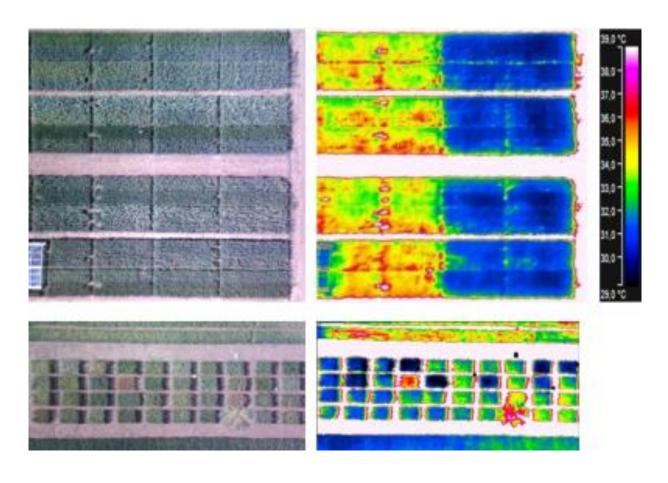
✓ 549 genotypes of wheat, 82 genotypes of barley and 70 genotypes of triticale







Detection of Water Stress in Cereals Using the UAV Thermography





Price

Home About Us UAV Applications UAV Consultations Flight school Support Blog Contact

—— Product Categories ——	-
Camera gimbals	>
Infrared Cameras	>
Workswell Thermal Vision Light	>
Workswell Thermal Vision Pro	>
Workswell WIRIS	>
Multi-spectral cameras	>
ADC Multi-spectral Imaging Systems	, >
GEMS Sensor Payload	>
Multispectral systems	>
Parts & Spares	>
Parts & Spares for XYRIS 6	>
Rescue Systems	>
UAV Mapping	>



Workswell WIRIS (336 x 256 resolution)
Workswell WIRIS
€6.995



Workswell WIRIS (640 x 512 resolution)
Workswell WIRIS
€9.995



Cautions

- ✓ Do not point at strong energy sources (laser radiation or sun).
 - ✓ Effect on the accuracy
 - ✓ Damage to the detector



- ✓ Do not use the camera in temperatures higher than +50°C or lower than -15°C.
- ✓ Maximum irradiance 100W/cm2
- ✓ Air Displacement



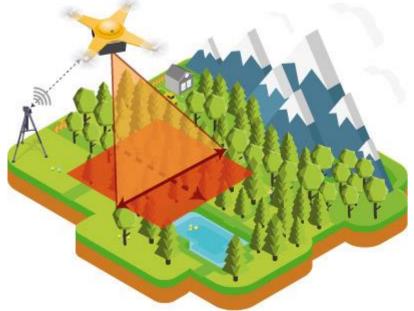
5. Light Detection and Ranging - LiDAR





Light Detection and Ranging - LiDAR

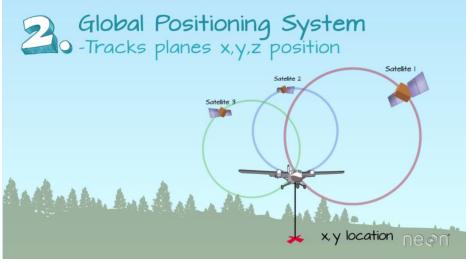
 Pulsed laser beam and the reflection time of the signal from the object back to the detector is measured.

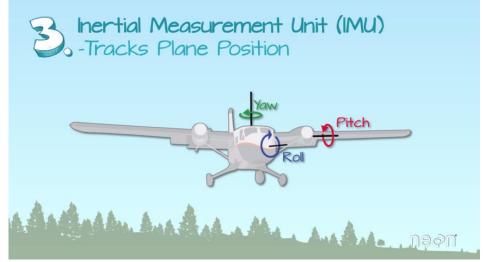




Light Detection and Ranging - LiDAR





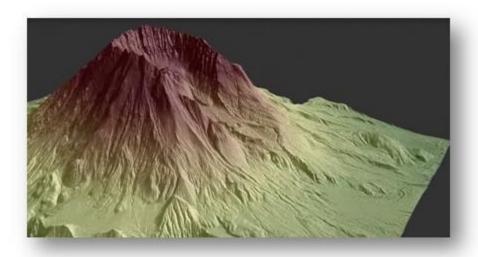


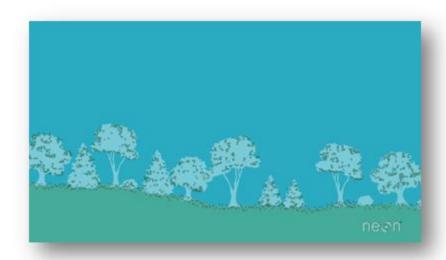




UAV LIDAR

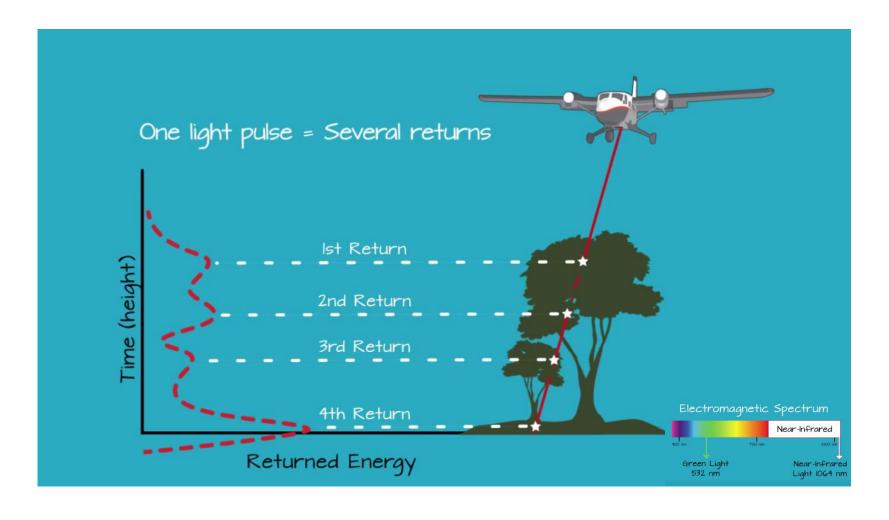
- ✓ Relatively new technique.
- ✓ Inicially High resolution elevation maps
 - Vegetation was considered noise







Vegetation measurement





LiDAR - Riegl

✓ RIEGL VUX-1

- UAS/UAV/RPAS, gyrocopter, and ultra-light aircraft.
- Modest power consumption.
- Data set is stored 240 GByte SSD or real-time line (LAN-TCP/IP)

✓ RIEGL VUX-1 HA (High Accuracy)

- Terrestrial mobile data acquisition
- Field of View of 360°
- accuracy of 5 mm

√ RIEGL VUX-1 LR (Long Range)

- Helicopter, gyrocopter, and other small aircraft.
- Max. measurement range of 1,350 m
- up to 750,000 measurements/sec.,
- Flight altitude of up to 530m.







VUX-1UAV Lidar Sensor Main Features:

Scanner Performance (for details refer to	o the corresponding info sheets and date	sheets)	_
RIEGL VUX-1 Series Sensor	VUX-1LR	VUX-1UAV	VUX-1HA 13
Maximum Range	1,350 m ²⁾	920 m ^a	420 m 3
Minimum Range	5 m	3 m	1.2 m
Accuracy / Precision	15 mm / 10 mm	10 mm / 5 mm	5 mm / 3 mm
Laser Pulse Repetition Rate	up to 750 kHz	up to 550 kHz	up to 1017 kHz
Max. Effective Measurement Rate	up to 750,000 meas./sec.	up to 500,000 meas./sec.	up to 1,000,000 meas./se
Field of View (selectable) 4	up to 330°	up to 330°	up to 360°
Max, Scan Speed	200 scans/sec	200 scans/sec	250 scans/sec

- ✓ Operating flight altitude up to 300m
- ✓ Compact (227 x 180 x 125 mm), lightweight (3.5 kg)
 and rugged
- ✓ Easily mountable on professional UAS / UAV / RPAS



RIEGL RICOPTER with VUX-SYS

- ✓ Complete miniaturized airborne laser scanning system.
- ✓ The system consists of:
 - the RIEGL VUX-1UAV laser scanner,
 - IMU/GNSS system,
 - control unit
 - up to 4 optional high-resolution cameras.



RIEGL RICOPTER with VUX-SYS

RIEGL VUX-SYS Sensor System Technical Data

System Components	RIEGL VUX-1UAV LIDAR sensor IMU/GNSS unit with antenna control unit up to 2 cameras (optional)
RIEGL VUX-1UAV Scanner Performance when integrated in RICOPTER Field of View (FOV) max. effective measurement rate max. range @ target reflectivity 20 % minimum range	230° up to 350,000 meas/sec 550 m 3 m
range accuracy Laser Safety Class according to IEC60825-1:2007	10 mm Laser Class 1 (eye safe)
IMU/GNSS Unit accuracy Roll, Pitch / Heading IMU sampling rate position accuracy (typ.)	0.015° / 0.035° 200 Hz 0.05 m - 0.3 m
Camera Interfaces	2x trigger and event marker



RIEGL RICOPTER Aircraft Technical Data

Specifications and Performance:

Main Dimensions ready to fly arms folded for transportation & storage	1,920mm x 1,820mm x 470mm 624mm x 986mm x 470mm
MTOM (Maximum Take-Off Mass)	< 25 kg
Max. Payload (batteries & sensor load)	up to 16 kg ¹⁾
Empty Weight	8 kg
Max. Operating Altitude AMSL 3	up to 4000 m (12,000 ft) 344 (under ISA ⁵¹ conditions)
Max. Flight Endurance	with 8 kg sensor load; up to 30 min with 5 kg sensor load; up to 40 min
Cruise Speed	typ. 20 - 30 km/h
Take-off / Landing	VIOL (Vertical Take-off and Landing)
RiOPTER Transportation Case dimensions empty weight	1,220mm x 810mm x 540mm approx. 20 kg
RiCOPTER Ground Station (optional) dimensions weight components	600mm x 400mm x 400mm approx. 19 kg • monitor for video downstream • video receiver with two antennas • ground station PC (flight planning, mission guidance) • internal batteries for power supply

Proceedings of SilviLaser 2015 - September 28-30, 2015 - La Grande Motte, France

First examples from the RIEGL VUX-SYS for forestry applications

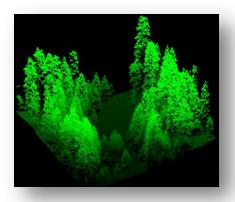
Mandlburger Gottfried¹, Markus Hollaus¹, Philipp Glira¹, Martin Wieser¹, Milutin Milenković¹, Ursula Riegl² and Martin Pfennigbauer²

¹Vienna University of Technology, Department of Geodesy and Geoinformation, Research Group Photogrammetry, Guβhausstraβe 27-29, A-1040 Vienna, Austria (gottfried.mandlburger, markus.hollaus, philipp.glira, martin.wieser, milutin.milenkovic@geo.tuwien.ac.at)
²RIEGL Research Forschungsgesellschaft mbH, Riedenburgerst. 48, 3580 Horn, Austria (uriegl, mpfennigbauer@riegl.com)

Highlights: Very high point density UAS-based laser scanner point clouds of an alluvial forest acquired with the RIEGL VUX-SYS were analyzed w.r.t. forestry applications. With point densities >1500 points/m² and accuracies <2 cm the study shows that individual stems and branches, understory, lying deadwood, and the terrain are clearly represented in the 3D point clouds.

Keywords: UAS, LiDAR, forest, single trees, understory, deadwood, terrain roughness

- ✓ 3D data acquisition of a alluvial forest area.
- ✓ An average point density of 1500 points/m2
 - Point spacing of 2.5 cm
- ✓ Quality control confirmed an accuracy of less than 2 cm.





6. Best Practices for Collecting Data





UAV Considerations

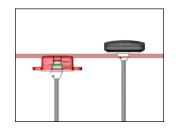
Multicopter Mounting Considerations

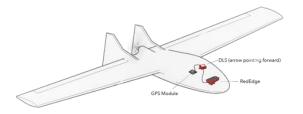
- ✓ Gimbal
 - Keep vibration to a minimum
 - Ensure the nadir.
- ✓ DLS and GPS on top of the aircraft
 - clear view of the sky.

Fixed-Wing Mounting Considerations

- ✓ Airflow around the camera
 - cooling.
- ✓ Protected during landing.



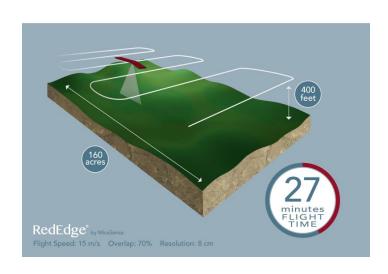


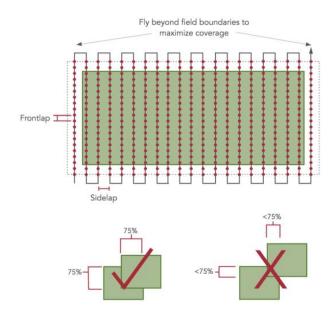




Mission Planning

- ✓ The area should be larger than the field.
 - One additional flight track.
 - Sufficient space at the end of each flight track (critical for fixed-wing).

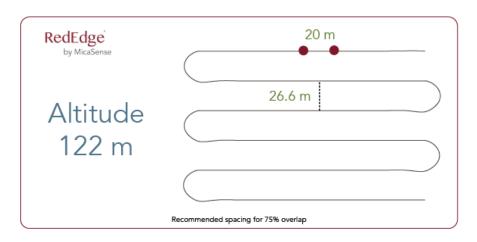


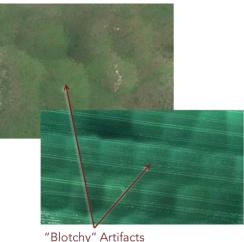




Overlap

- ✓ Sidelap: Distance between tracks,
- ✓ Frontlap: Distance between successive captures.
- ✓ Both of these should be configured to yield a 75% overlap.

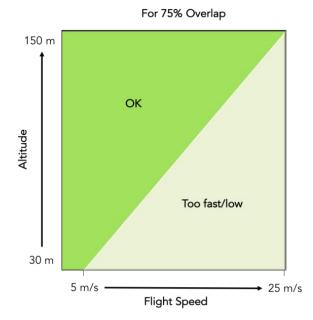






Speed and Altitude

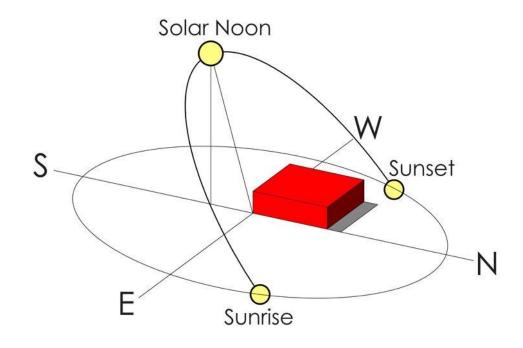
- ✓ Frontlap also depends on the flight speed and altitude.
- ✓ The flight tracks should be oriented perpendicular to the rows.





Best Time for Capture

 Flights should be performed within two and a half hours of local solar noon.





Calibrated Reflectance Panels

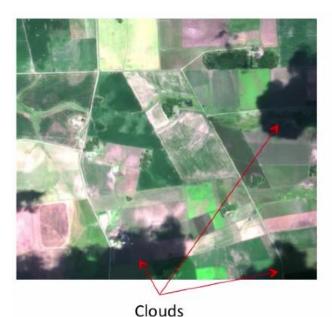
- Reflectance-compensated outputs
 - immediately before and after each and every flight
- Panel placed flat on the ground, far away from any objects
- Hold the aircraft at chest level and point the camera to the panel

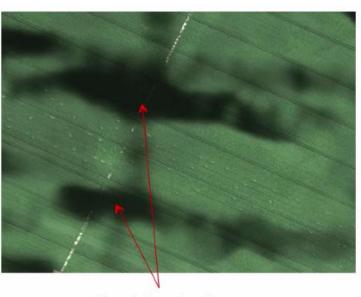




Ambient Light Conditions

- ✓ Consistent throughout any one flight.
- ✓ Clear sunny days as well as light overcast days in which the ambient light is not changing are best.



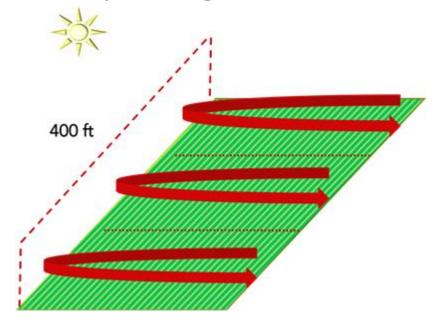


Clouds Passing By



Sloped Terrain

- Maintain altitude constant relatively to the slope.
- If "terrain following" is not possible, split the field into multiple flights.





7. Vehicle-based highthroughput systems





Vehicle-based high-throughput systems

CSIRO PUBLISHING

Functional Plant Biology, 2014, 41, 68-79 http://dx.doi.org/10.1071/FP13126

Development and evaluation of a field-based highthroughput phenotyping platform

Pedro Andrade-Sanchez^{A,E}, Michael A. Gore^{B,C}, John T. Heun^A, Kelly R. Thorp^B, A. Elizabete Carmo-Silva^{B,D}, Andrew N. French^B, Michael E. Salvucci^B and Jeffrey W. White^B

^ADepartment of Agricultural and Biosystems Engineering, University of Arizona, Maricopa Agricultural Center, 37860 W. Smith-Enke Road, Maricopa, AZ 85138, USA.

BUS Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service, Arid-Land Agricultural Research Center, 21881 North Cardon Lane, Maricopa, AZ 85138, USA.

^CPresent address: Department of Plant Breeding and Genetics, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853, USA.

Description of the Present address: Rothamsted Research, Plant Biology and Crop Science Department, Harpenden, Hertsfordshire, AL5 2JQ, UK.

^ECorresponding author. Email: pandrade@ag.arizona.edu



Evaluation of a field-based HT phenotyping plataform

- ✓ Measuring morphological and physiological responses of Pima cotton (Gossypium barbadense L.)
- ✓ Well watered and water-limited conditions
- ✓ Phenotyping plataform x aerial imagery x manual phenotyping.







Vehicle-based high-throughput system

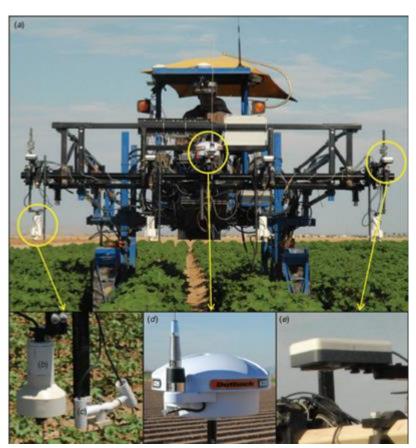
- LeeAgra 3434 DL open rider sprayer.
- Height clearance of 1.93 m,
 - minimal disturbance to the plants.





Vehicle Components

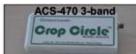
✓ Three types of sensors for measuring plant canopy height, temperature and reflectance.



- a) Front view of the phenotyping system,
- b) Sonar proximity sensor,
- c) Infrared radiometer sensor,
- d) GPS-RTK receiver-antenna,
- e) Multi-spectral crop canopy sensor.



Vehicle-based high-throughput system



Vegetation Indices



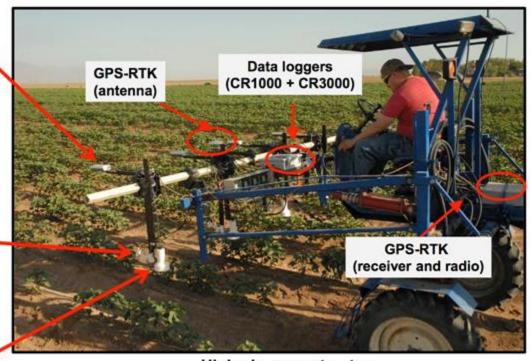
Active, multi-spectral crop canopy sensor



Infrared thermometer



Ultrasonic Transducer



High-clearance tractor Average speed of 2.82 km/h; 1-4 data point/meter (1-4 Hz)



Performance

1. Field efficiency:

Productive time under field conditions

Total time in the field

2. Ability of the system to generate data on a time and area basis:

Size of eletronic data files (MB)

Correlations from Aerial and phenotyping system

✓ Temperature

 $r^2 = 0.75 - 0.82$

✓ NDVI

- $r^2 = 0.61 0.62$ (4 and 18 August)
- $r^2 = 0.35 (21 \text{ july})$

✓ Canopy height

 $r^2 = 0.76 - 0.79$







Conclusions

- ✓ The tractor-based phenotyping system
 - Reliably acquiring and recording data
 - Much higher rates
- ✓ Opportunities to improvement.
 - Data acquisition rate
 - Number of rows monitored
- ✓ Experimental design
 - Plots are arranged in longer runs
- ✓ Data loggers have much higher sampling frequencies (100 Hz) than sensors (2 Hz).







8. High-tech Robot



Transportation Energy Resource from Renewable Agriculture -Mobile Energy-Crop Phenotyping Platform



Project

\$3.1 million in funding - U.S. Department of Energy Advanced Research Projects.



Robot

Visual and microclimate sensors plant growth and physiological traits.



Market

A cost-benefit analysis

500 varieties of sorghum



Manage the robot's data and construct a 3D image of each plant to predict biomass yield



Genetics team





Associate Director University of Illinois





Patrick Brown
Professor
University of Illinois







Edward Buckler
Professor
Cornell University





Samuel Fernandes
Postdoctoral Researcher
University of Illinois







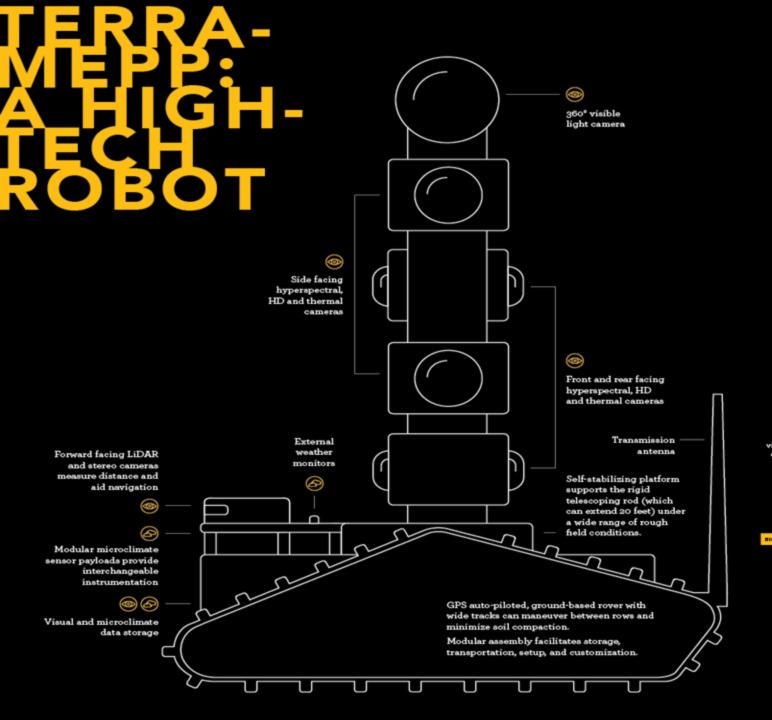
Elodie Gazave Research Associate Cornell University





Michael Gore Professor Cornell University









VISUAL MICROCLIMATE SENSORS SENSORS

Visual sensors,
i.e. cameras, will
capture each plant
from above and
below, using
a fine-tuned
spectrum, parts
of which are not
visible to the human
eye, to characterize
growth and
biomass yield.

HEIGHT TEMPERATURE

GREENMESS HUMIDITY

STEM DIAMETER CO, LEVELS

LEAF AREA IMDEX SOIL MOISTURE

BIOMASS GROWTH BATE LIGHT PEMITRATION

BIOMASS QUALITY TRANSPIRATION

PHOTOSYNTHESIS WATER USE EFFECIENCY

DIGITAL PHENOTYPE

Imaging and microclimate sensor data will be used to construct a 2D image of each plant, which can be used to calculate production throughout the growing season.

TERRA-MEPP

- ✓ Twice each day more than 2,500 plots
 - Operates at high speeds
 - Operates in hard conditions
- ✓ Evaluates both row sides
- ✓ Capture each plant, from above and below.





Process of development

				2015 Prototype robot ready	Sorghum lines identified that will be planted in the field
2016	2	3	5	9	12
	Economic workbook shows costs and value to commercial breeders	Robot is assembled and operational and can navigate through sorghum field Selected sensors are added to robot	First year of field trials	Validated model available to predict final yield of energy sorghum Validated algorithms available to estimate height and stem diameter of a single sorghum plant	Process one week of data in 48 hours Top 40% of seedlings identified
2017		3	5	9	12
		Based on controlled environmental experiments, key phenotypes identified for field trials	Further optimizing and testing of robot Advanced sensors are added to robot	Algorithms available to closely estimate height, stem diameter, leaf angles for over 100 plants More than 100 alleles and genetic markers identified that are linked to increased biomass yields and other key phenotypes	Entry-level commercial TERRA-MEPP robot and software ready

^{*}commercial version by 2021.



Commercial robot

- ✓ TerraSentia
 - 2 visual cameras,
 - Tablet app,
 - secure cloud software to store data and teach the robot.
 - At 8.5 hours charge full workday.
- ✓ Further customized
 - ✓ GPS to enable autonomous navigation,
 - ✓ Multi-spectral cameras,
 - √ Hyperspectral cameras,
 - √ Stereoscopic,
 - √ Structured light cameras,
 - ✓ LIDAR.



Price

- ✓ Small version (3D-printing) ~\$4,999
 - -6,3 Kg
- ✓ TERRA-MEPP rover ~ \$20,000 or less,
 - operating cost ~\$13,000 per year,
 - return ~\$38.4 million in ten years.





Application

- ✓ "Our philosophy is growers first," Chowdhary
- ✓ "We are starting to do disease detection as well," added Soman, noting the robot's ability to be inside the canopy.
- ✓ "Our long-term dream is for several robots that would stay out in the fields. There would be a charging station. And they would report data to you," Chowdhary concluded.

By Kay Shipman

Archives

Email Author

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U of I scientists envision robot crop scouts doing farm dirty work

The device can roll between crop rows, counting plant populations and reporting on stalk sizes, uniformity and vigor.



Girish Chowdhary, University of Illinois assistant professor in agricultural and biological engineering, explains the benefits of a robotic crop scout positioned in front of him during U of I Agronomy Day. (Photo by Kay Shipman)



Thank you!

Willian Giordani
Giordani.willian@usp.br