

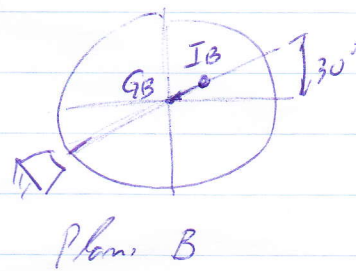
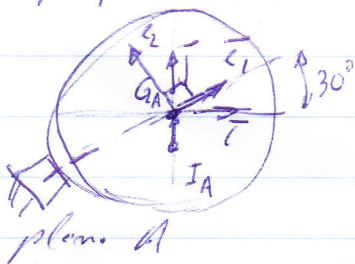
1.º Q) Observando que as pás são ortogonais entre si e que se escolhermos vetores ortogonais $\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2$ nas direções das pás ① e ② daremos facilitação a solução final, representaremos os vetores girantes, em geral, nesse sistema. Os vetores $\vec{i}, \vec{j}$ são definidos com $\vec{i}$ na direção de movimento.

a) $\vec{S}_{Aorg} = 0,2\vec{j} = 0,2 \angle 90^\circ$ no instante do pulso e $\vec{j}$ na que vem 90° após.

$\vec{S}_{Borg} = -0,1 \angle 30^\circ$

nas direções $\vec{e}_1$ e $\vec{e}_2$ teríamos $\vec{S}_{Aorg} = 0,2 \angle 60^\circ = 0,1\vec{e}_1 + 0,173\vec{e}_2$

$\vec{S}_{Borg} = -0,1\vec{e}_1$



b) $\vec{S}_{Aorgf} = 0,1\vec{e}_1 + 0,05\vec{e}_2$ após 3 ms correspondendo a $\vec{e}_1$ e 12 ms a $\vec{e}_2$

$\vec{S}_{Borgf} = -0,18\vec{e}_1 + 0,05\vec{e}_2$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \vec{S}_{Aorgf} - \vec{S}_{Aorg} = 0,08\vec{e}_1 - 0,12\vec{e}_2 = \alpha_{CA} \cdot m_C \cdot \vec{e}_2 + \alpha_{DA} \cdot m_D \cdot \vec{e}_1 \\ \vec{S}_{Borgf} - \vec{S}_{Borg} = -0,08\vec{e}_1 + 0,05\vec{e}_2 = \alpha_{CB} \cdot m_C \cdot \vec{e}_2 + \alpha_{DB} \cdot m_D \cdot \vec{e}_1 \end{array} \right\}$ Observar que a massa de cada um foi colocada na pá ② e em D na ①

$\alpha_{CA} = -\frac{0,12}{10} = -0,012 \text{ mm/g}$ $\alpha_{DA} = 0,008 \text{ mm/g}$
 $\alpha_{CB} = 0,005 \text{ mm/g}$ $\alpha_{DB} = -0,008 \text{ mm/g}$

c) $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{CA} & \alpha_{DA} \\ \alpha_{CB} & \alpha_{DB} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_C \vec{e}_1 \\ m_D \vec{e}_2 \end{pmatrix} = - \begin{pmatrix} \vec{S}_{Aorgf} \\ \vec{S}_{Borgf} \end{pmatrix} \therefore \begin{pmatrix} -0,012 & 0,008 \\ 0,005 & -0,008 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_C \vec{e}_1 \\ m_D \vec{e}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -0,1\vec{e}_1 - 0,173\vec{e}_2 \\ 0,1\vec{e}_1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\begin{pmatrix} -1,2 & 0,8 \\ 0,5 & -0,8 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_C \vec{e}_1 \\ m_D \vec{e}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -10\vec{e}_1 - 17,3\vec{e}_2 \\ 10\vec{e}_1 \end{pmatrix} \therefore m_C \vec{e}_1 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} -10\vec{e}_1 - 17,3\vec{e}_2 & 0,8 \\ 10\vec{e}_1 & -0,8 \end{vmatrix}}{1,2 \cdot 0,8 - 0,5 \cdot 0,8} =$

$m_C \vec{e}_1 = \frac{8\vec{e}_1 + 13,9\vec{e}_2 - 8\vec{e}_1}{0,56} = 24,7 \text{ g na direção de } \vec{e}_1 \text{ ou } \vec{e}_2 \text{ ou } \vec{e}_1 \text{ ou } \vec{e}_2$ Plano B retirar 24,7 g na pá ④

$m_D \vec{e}_2 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} -1,2 & -0,56 \\ 0,5 & 10\vec{e}_1 \end{vmatrix}}{0,56} = \frac{-12\vec{e}_1 + 5,6\vec{e}_2}{0,56} = -12,5\vec{e}_1 + 10\vec{e}_2$ Plano D retirar 12,5 g na pá ① e 10 g na pá ④

(2)

d) ISO G6.3, $m_{cp} = 3600 \text{ p.p.m} \therefore w_{cp} = 3.77 \text{ rad/s}$
 $rad \cdot w_{cp} \leq 6.3 \text{ mm/p} \therefore rad \leq 0.0167 \text{ mm}$
 $M_{rad} = U_{ad} = 10000 \times 0.0167 = 167 \text{ g.mm}$
 $U_{adS} = 84 \text{ g.mm} \quad U_{adD} = 84 \text{ g.mm}$

2.º Q)

$$w_{bal} = \frac{2\pi}{0.036} = 174.5 \text{ rad/s}$$

a) $F_A = 20\vec{j}$

$$\vec{F}_B = -15\text{N} \angle 30^\circ = -13\vec{i} - 7.5\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{F}_{ms} = \vec{F}_A + \vec{F}_B = -13\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j}; \quad \vec{F}_D + \vec{F}_E = \vec{0}$$

$$\vec{F}_E = 13\vec{i} - 12.5\vec{j} = 18\text{N} \angle 44^\circ; \therefore 18 = m_E R_E \cdot w_{bal}^2; m_E = 9.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$$

Precisamos retirar 9.9g a 136° para anular a resultante.

b) Efeito de $\vec{F}_E$ nas forças das mancas

$$\vec{F}_{EA} = \vec{F}_E \cdot \frac{(L-d)}{L} = \frac{3}{5} \vec{F}_E$$

$$\vec{F}_{EB} = \vec{F}_E \cdot \frac{d}{L} = \frac{2}{5} \vec{F}_E$$

Forças remanescentes nas mancas

$$\vec{F}_A' = \vec{F}_A + \vec{F}_{EA} = 20\vec{j} + 7.8\vec{i} - 7.5\vec{j} = 7.8\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j} = 14.7\text{N} \angle 58^\circ$$

$$\vec{F}_B' = \vec{F}_B + \vec{F}_{EB} = -13\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j} + 5.2\vec{i} - 5\vec{j} = -7.8\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j} = -14.7\text{N} \angle 58^\circ$$

Observa que a resultante é nula.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \vec{F}_C \left\{ \begin{aligned} \vec{F}_{CA} &= \vec{F}_C \cdot \frac{L-a}{L} = \frac{4}{5} \vec{F}_C \\ \vec{F}_{CB} &= \vec{F}_C \cdot \frac{a}{L} = \frac{1}{5} \vec{F}_C \end{aligned} \right. \\ \vec{F}_D \left\{ \begin{aligned} \vec{F}_{DA} &= \vec{F}_D \cdot \frac{L-b}{L} = \frac{1}{10} \vec{F}_D \\ \vec{F}_{DB} &= \vec{F}_D \cdot \frac{b}{L} = \frac{9}{10} \vec{F}_D \end{aligned} \right. \end{aligned} \right\} \text{mas}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \vec{F}_{CA} + \vec{F}_{DA} + \vec{F}_A' &= \vec{0} \\ \vec{F}_{CB} + \vec{F}_{DB} + \vec{F}_B' &= \vec{0} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\vec{F}_C = \begin{bmatrix} -7.8\vec{i} - 12.5\vec{j} & 0.2 \\ 7.8\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j} & 0.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4/5 & 1/10 \\ 1/5 & 9/10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vec{F}_C \\ \vec{F}_D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -7.8\vec{i} - 12.5\vec{j} \\ 7.8\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F}_C = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} -7.8\vec{i} - 12.5\vec{j} & 0.2 \\ 7.8\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j} & 0.1 \end{bmatrix}}{0.8 \times 0.9 - 0.2 \times 0.1} = \frac{-7.8\vec{i} - 12.5\vec{j}}{0.7} = -11.1\vec{i} - 17.9\vec{j} = 21.0\text{N} \angle 238.2^\circ$$

$$\vec{F}_D = \frac{7.8\vec{i} + 12.5\vec{j}}{0.7} = 21\text{N} \angle 58.2^\circ$$

$$m_D = 17.2 \text{ g p/retirar a } 238.2^\circ$$

$$21 = m_C R_C w_{bal}^2 \therefore m_C = \frac{21}{0.04 \cdot 174.5^2} = 17.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$$

retirar a 58.2°

(3)

c) ISO G 6.3 e $n_{op} = 5000 \text{ r.p.m.} \therefore \omega_{op} = 523,6 \text{ rad/s}$

$\text{rad} \cdot \omega_{op} \leq 6,3 \text{ mm/s} \therefore \text{rad} \leq 0,012 \text{ mm}$

$M \cdot \text{rad} = 20 \times 12 = 240 \text{ g} \cdot \text{mm}$ | Sugestão: tolerância de 80 g/mm por cada plano.

3.9

$$\begin{cases} F_{in} = M \cdot (x + s) \cdot \omega^2 \\ F_{el} = 2k_m \cdot x \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{s} = \frac{M \omega^2}{2k_m - M \omega^2} = \frac{\left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_{cr}}\right)^2}{1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_{cr}}\right)^2} \text{ com } \omega_{cr} = \sqrt{\frac{2k_m}{M}}$$

a) $\omega_{op} = \frac{40000}{60} \cdot 2\pi = 4189 \text{ rad/s}$

$\omega_{cr} = \frac{4189}{5} = 837,8 \text{ rad/s} \therefore \omega_{cr}^2 \cdot M = 2k_m \therefore \boxed{K = 702000 \text{ N/m}}$

$K = 2 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m} \therefore \omega_{cr, \text{min}} = \frac{40000}{5} = 8000 \text{ r.p.m.}$

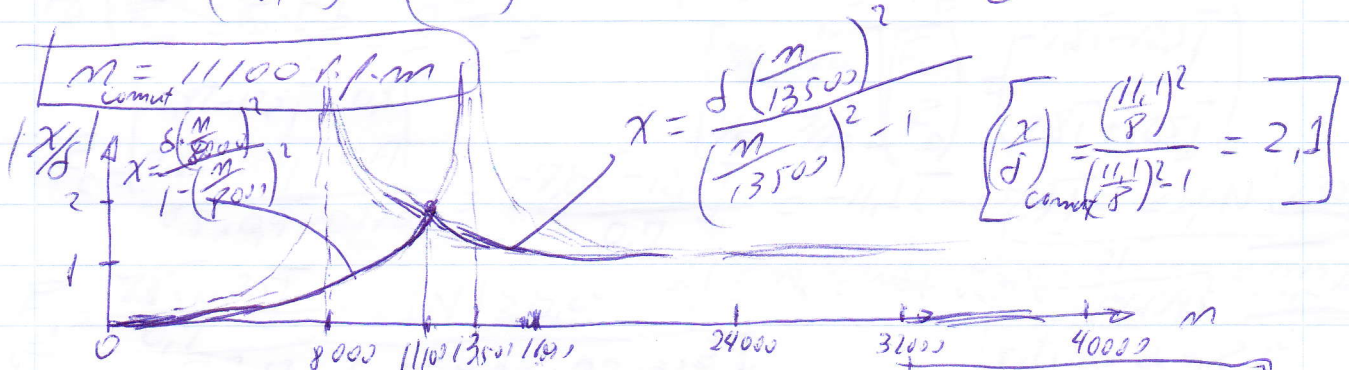
b) $\frac{x}{s}_{\text{min}} = \frac{\left(\frac{n}{n_{cr, \text{min}}}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{n}{n_{cr, \text{min}}}\right)^2 - 1}$ (estamos acima da crítica mais baixa.)

$\frac{x}{s}_{\text{max}} = \frac{\left(\frac{n}{n_{cr, \text{max}}}\right)^2}{1 - \left(\frac{n}{n_{cr, \text{max}}}\right)^2}$ (estamos abaixo da crítica mais alta.)

Para a rotacão de ressonância $\frac{x}{s}_{\text{min}} = \frac{x}{s}_{\text{max}}$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{n}{8000}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{n}{8000}\right)^2 - 1} = \frac{\left(\frac{n}{13500}\right)^2}{1 - \left(\frac{n}{13500}\right)^2} \therefore \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{8000}{n}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{13500}{n}\right)^2 - 1}$$

$$\left(\frac{13500}{n}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{8000}{n}\right)^2 = 2 \therefore n^2 = \frac{8000^2 + 13500^2}{2} = 0$$



c) ISO G 2,5 $\rightarrow \text{rad} \cdot \omega_{op} \leq 2,5 \text{ mm/s} \therefore s = 0,6 \mu\text{m}$ $x_{\text{crust}} = 1,3 \mu\text{m}$

1ª Questão:

balanceamento por retirada de massa
balanceadora de mancais flexíveis

$$M = 10 \text{ kg}$$

$$n_0 = 3600 \text{ rpm}$$

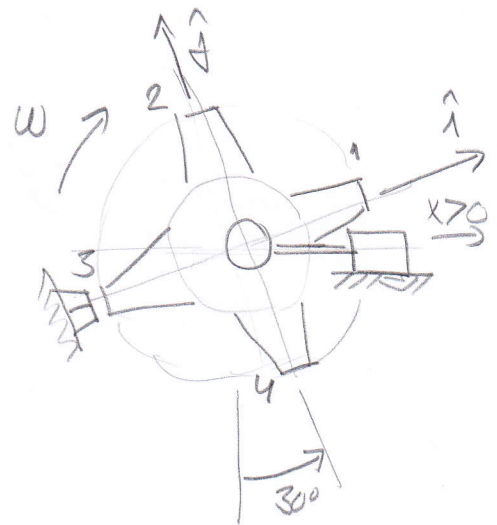
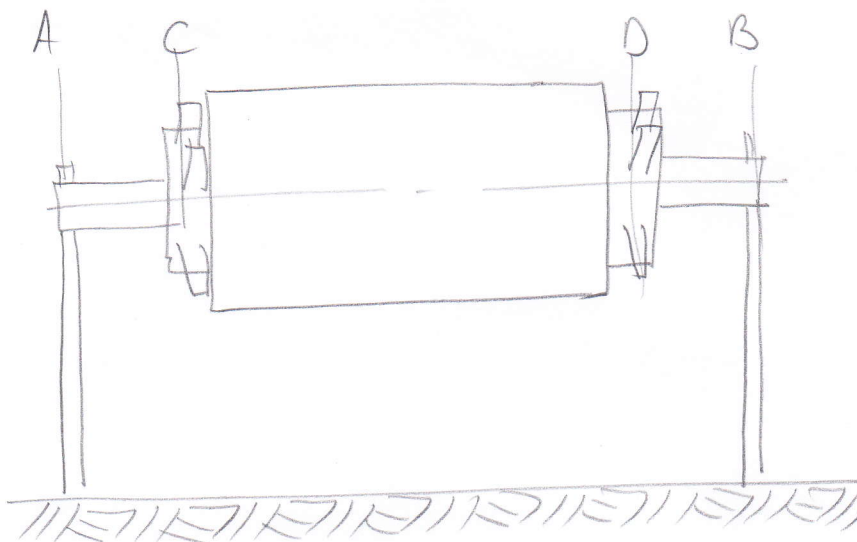
$$m_t = 10 \text{ g} \quad \begin{cases} \text{na pá 2 no plano C} \\ \text{na pá 1 no plano D} \end{cases}$$

a) $\vec{\delta}_A = ?$ $\vec{\delta}_B = ?$

b) $\alpha_{ij} = ?$

c) m_C e m_D

d) $U_{I,Adm} = ?$, $U_{II,Adm} = ?$ p1 ISO G6,3



$$\vec{\delta}_{Ao} = 0,1 \hat{i} + 0,173 \hat{j} = 0,2 \angle 60^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$\vec{\delta}_{Bo} = -0,1 \hat{i} + 0,0 \hat{j} = 0,1 \angle 180^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$\vec{\delta}_A = +0,14 \hat{i} + 0,05 \hat{j} = 0,15 \angle 20^\circ$$

$$\vec{\delta}_B = -0,18 \hat{i} + 0,05 \hat{j} = 0,19 \angle 165^\circ$$

$$\vec{\delta}_{At} = \vec{\delta}_A - \vec{\delta}_{Ao} = 0,04 \hat{i} - 0,123 \hat{j} = 0,129 \angle -72^\circ$$

$$\vec{\delta}_{Bt} = \vec{\delta}_B - \vec{\delta}_{Bo} = -0,08 \hat{i} + 0,05 \hat{j} = 0,094 \angle 148^\circ$$

$$\vec{m}_{ct} = 10 \text{ g} \angle 90^\circ = 10 \hat{i} + 10 \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{m}_{bt} = 10 \text{ g} \angle 0^\circ = 10 \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j}$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} d_{AC} & d_{AD} \\ d_{BC} & d_{BD} \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{Bmatrix} \vec{m}_{ct} \\ \vec{m}_{bt} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \vec{\delta}_{AC} \\ \vec{\delta}_{BC} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} d_{AC} & d_{AD} \\ d_{BC} & d_{BD} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 10 \hat{i} + 10 \hat{j} \\ 10 \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0,04 \hat{i} - 0,123 \hat{j} \\ -0,08 \hat{i} + 0,05 \hat{j} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$d_{AC} \cdot 10 \hat{j} + d_{AD} \cdot 10 \hat{i} = 0,04 \hat{i} - 0,123 \hat{j}$$

$$d_{AC} = -0,0123 \text{ g/mm} \quad d_{AD} = 0,004 \text{ g/mm}$$

$$d_{BC} \cdot 10 \hat{j} + d_{BD} \cdot 10 \hat{i} = -0,08 \hat{i} + 0,05 \hat{j}$$

$$d_{BC} = 0,005 \text{ g/mm} \quad d_{BD} = -0,008 \text{ g/mm}$$

$$c) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -0,0123 & 0,004 \\ 0,005 & -0,008 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{1000} \begin{bmatrix} -12,3 & 4 \\ 5 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = \frac{1}{10^6} (-12,3 \cdot 8 - 20) = -78,4 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{10^6}{-78,4} \frac{1}{1000} \begin{bmatrix} -8 & -4 \\ -5 & -12,3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{10^3}{-78,4} \begin{bmatrix} -8 & -4 \\ -5 & -12,3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \vec{m}_c \\ \vec{m}_D \end{Bmatrix} = A^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \vec{\delta}_{A0} \\ \vec{\delta}_{B0} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \vec{m}_c \\ \vec{m}_D \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{10^3}{78,4} \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -4 \\ -5 & -12,3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 0,1 \hat{i} + 0,173 \hat{j} \\ -0,1 \hat{i} + 0,0 \hat{j} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \vec{m}_c \\ \vec{m}_D \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{10^3}{78,4} \begin{Bmatrix} -0,4 \hat{i} - 1,384 \hat{j} \\ 0,73 \hat{i} - 0,865 \hat{j} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -5,10 \hat{i} - 17,7 \hat{j} \\ 9,31 \hat{i} - 11,0 \hat{j} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{m}_c = 18,4 \text{ } \underline{-106^\circ} \quad \text{excesso de massa}$$

$$\vec{m}_D = 14,4 \text{ } \underline{-498^\circ} \quad \text{excesso de massa}$$

remover $\begin{matrix} 5,10 \text{ g de p\text{e} 3} \\ 17,7 \text{ g de p\text{e} 4} \end{matrix} \} \text{ plano C } //$

remover $\begin{matrix} 9,31 \text{ g de p\text{e} 1} \\ 11,0 \text{ g de p\text{e} 4} \end{matrix} \} \text{ plano D } //$

d)

ISO 663

$$n_0 = 3600 \text{ rpm} \Rightarrow f_0 = 60 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow \omega_0 = 377 \text{ rad/s} //$$

$$n = 6,3 \text{ mm/s} \geq \omega_0 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$e_{adm} \leq 0,0167 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_{adm} = e_{adm} \cdot M = 0,167 \text{ kg mm}$$

$$U_{\text{F adm}} = U_{\text{H adm}} = 0,0836 \text{ kg mm} = 83,6 \text{ g mm} //$$