BRT – Bus Rapid Transit Experience in Latin America

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Bus – problems with image

Any man who rides a bus to work after the age of 30 can count himself a failure in life

Margareth Thatcher

BRTs are in fashion



~50 Systems in Operation



~100

Planned Systems

- Curitiba, Brazil
 - BRT basics in the 70s

 Recently, BRTs have transformed public transport in many cities







What is a BRT (1)?

 Is a flexible, rubber-tired form of rapid transit that combines stations, vehicles, services, running ways and ITS elements into an integrated system with strong identity

TRCP Report 90 – Bus Rapid Transit – Volume 2: Implementation Guidelines. TRB, 2003.

What is a BRT (2)?

 Is a high-quality bus-based system that delivers fast, comfortable, and cost-effective urban mobility through the provision of segregated right-ofway infrastructure, rapid and frequent operations, and excellence in marketing and customer service

Bus Rapid Transit: Planning Guide. ITDP, 2007.

- Running ways
- Stations/stops/terminals
- Fare collection
- Vehicles
- Service and Operating Plans
- ITS Intelligent Transport Systems
- Branding and User Education
- Institutions and Regulation

Running ways

- dedicated lanes/carriageways
- curbside or median
- 1 or 2 lanes per direction
- at grade
 - different degrees of physical separation
- "underground"
- elevated
- guidance (mechanical)



At grade, 1+1 lane, with physical separation (ma non troppo)



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Underground, 1+1 lane running way



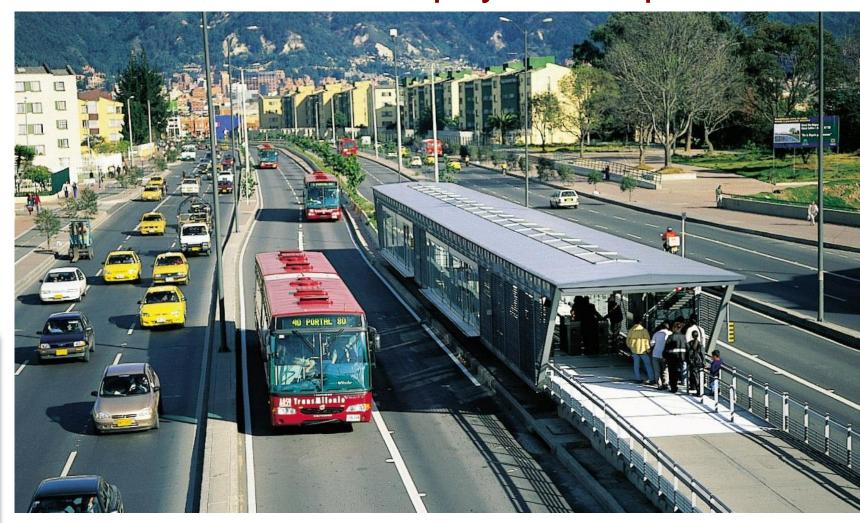
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Take a ride...



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Is it really a problem with road space?



- Running ways
- Stations/stops
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- Stations/stops
 - number of platforms
 - with or without passing lane
 - with or without level access
- Terminals



Number of platforms





Passing lane at stop



Flexibility: different stops in each direction





Level boarding, automatic doors

Level boarding, platform opening



"Tube" station, autom. doors, bus ramps







... and their consequences



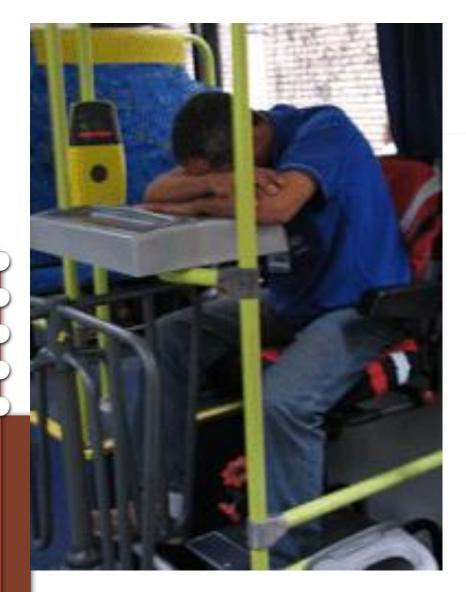


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- Running ways
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- Fare collection
 - transaction media
 - manual or electronic
 - on-board or pre-payment
 - fare structure
 - flat or zonal
 - integrated or not
 - third-party financial services providers
 - equipment
 - commercialization of cards
 - eletronic financial transactions



Combined media: money and smart card



Curitiba

Fare prepayment



Mexico City

- Running ways
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Elements of BRT

Vehicles

- capacity
 - conventional
 - articulated
 - bi-articulated
- low floor/entry x elevated
- number (and width) of doors
- doors on both sides
 - requirement for flexible operation

Las Vegas, Max





Curitib**a**, Expresso Low entry (on the left side)





"No entry" (on the right side)

0

Elements of BRT

- Vehicles (and the environment)
 - propulsion
 - Diesel (not always low-sulphur)
 - CNG
 - biodiesel
 - ethanol
 - trolleybuses
 - hybrid (diesel/electric)
 - fuel cells



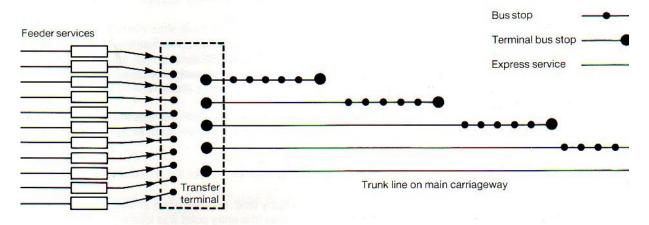
Elements of BRT

- Running ways
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Elements of BRT

- System and corridor planing
 - one corridor x few corridors x network
 - integration with existing systems
 - route structure
 - feeder-trunk
 - closed x open systems
 - express, limited stop, all-stop services
 - remember: buses make turns less transfers
 - convoy operation

(i) Trunk and feeder service



(ii) 'Comonor' bus convoy

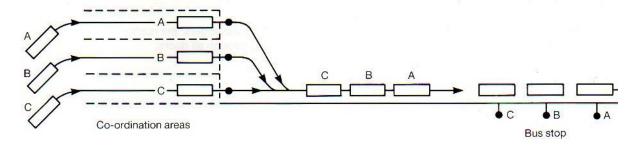


Fig. A1 Options for High Capacity Busway Operations

(from Roads and Transport in Urban Areas, IHT/HMSO 1987)



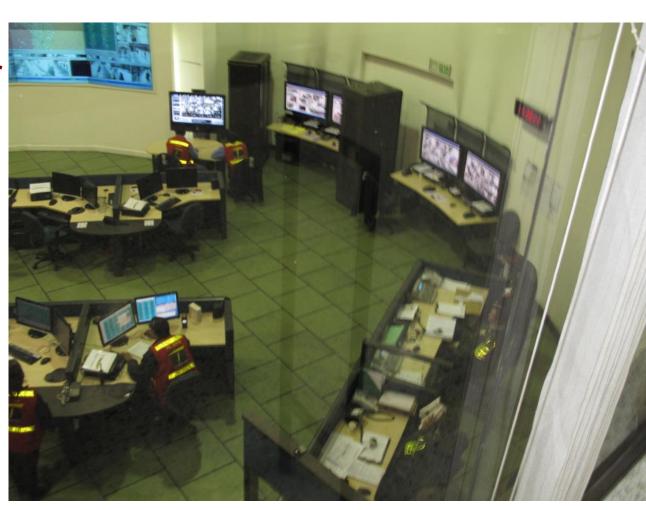
Elements of BRT

- Running ways
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Elements of BRT

- ITS components
 - vehicle prioritization
 - passenger information
 - fare collection
 - scheduling and dispatch systems
 - automated vehicle control
 - guidance (electronic)
 - docking
 - automatic passenger counters
 - security on board and at stations

Control Center Transmilenio

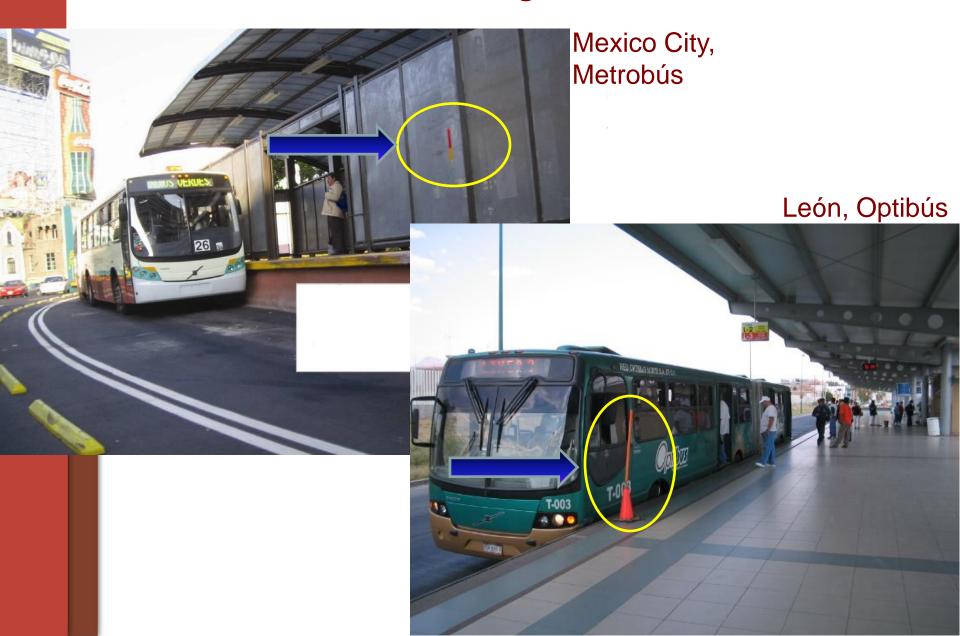


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Signal coordination Curitiba

Docking: ITS?



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Branding – creating a strong identity







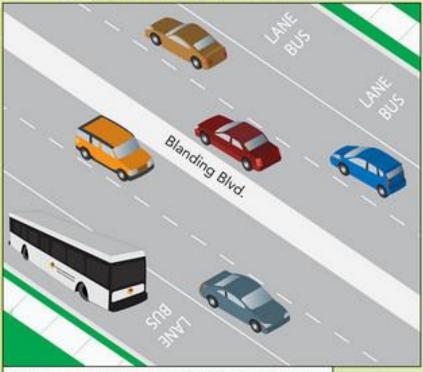
San Antonio

User – and NON-user - education

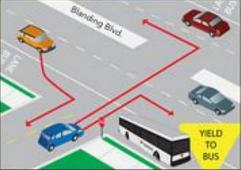
Bus lanes are found throughout the country and are instrumental in helping mass transit vehicles move more efficiently.

Jacksonville has its first bus lane on Blanding Boulevard between Morse Avenue and 103rd Street. Since this concept is new to the area, below are a few tips for using bus lanes.

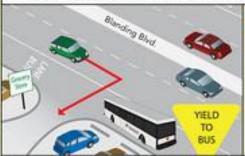
How to Use a Bus Lane



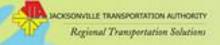
On Blanding between Morse Avenue and 103rd Street the far right lane is for buses only. Cars should not travel in this lane.



If the orange-car needs to make a right hand turn at the intersection, it may enter the bus lane, yielding to buses, just prior to the intersection. It must turn right at that intersection. Buses and emergency vehicles may travel straight through without turning. All other vehicles must turn. If the blue car enters Blanding from a side street, it must be aware that the buses may travel straight through the intersection. It must also enter the travel lane, not the bus lane, even though the bus lane may be closer to the blue car.



If the green car is entering a **business** along Blanding, it will enter from the travel lane by crossing the bus lane to the business. When it leaves, it will cross the bus lane and enter the travel lane. Be sure to yield to buses at all times when crossing the bus lane.



Bus lanes operate 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

For more information, visit www.jtafla.com or call customer service at 904-630-3100.

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Institutions and Regulation

- fragmented bus ownership
 - lack of route structure
 - lack of integration
 - lack of entrepreneurial expertise
- inadequate institutional setting
 - planning
 - management/supervision
 - operations
- stakeholders involvement
 - long and difficult negotiations
 - strong leadership required



Bogota, 1000s of owners/operators

Transmilenio, small number of bus companies



Is the BRT world wonderful?

- problems with design
- problems with implementation
- problems with funding for maintenance
- problems with pavements
- problems with overcrowding
- other problems...

Victims of poor design



Victims of poor design



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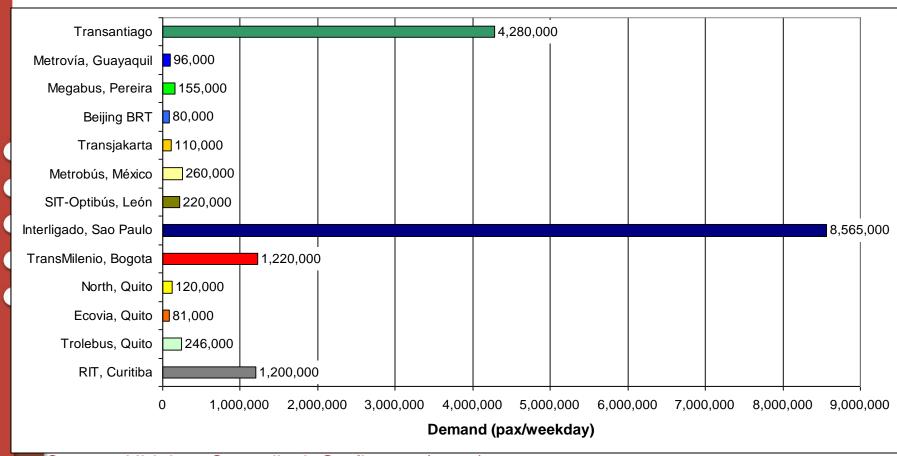
Congested Transmilenio



Flexible systems, flexible results

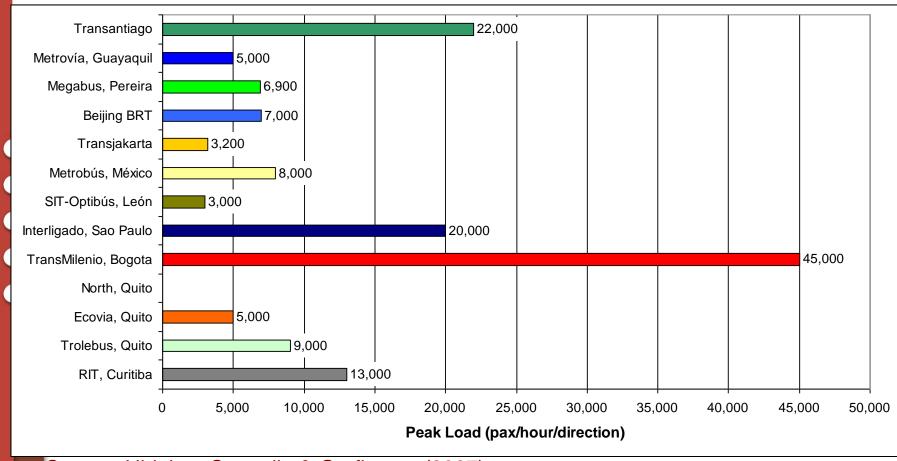
- What is the range of results in terms of
 - daily demand
 - peak loads
 - commercial speeds
 - boardings per km
 - passengers per bus per day
 - capital costs (infra+equipment) per km
 - fares

The ridership is diverse; most systems between 100K–250K pax/day



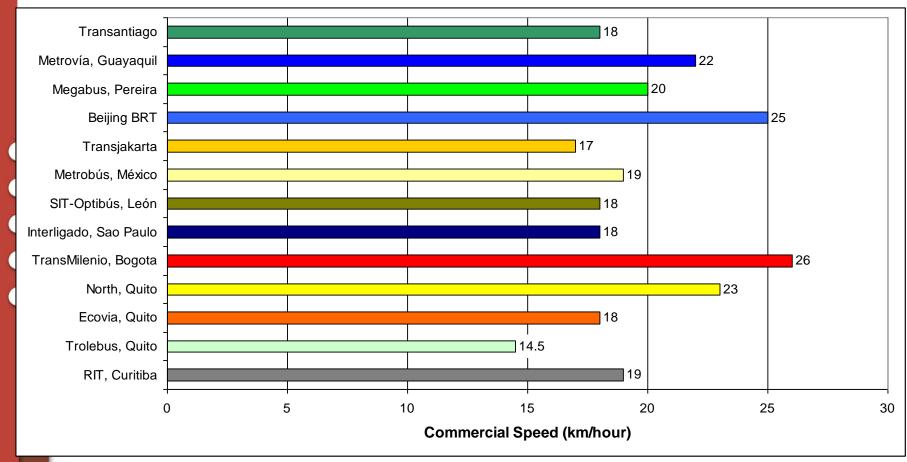
Source: Hidalgo, Custodio & Grafiteaux (2007)

Performance is contrasted: very high loads (20K+ pphpd), medium corridors (8K–13K), small corridors (3K–7K)



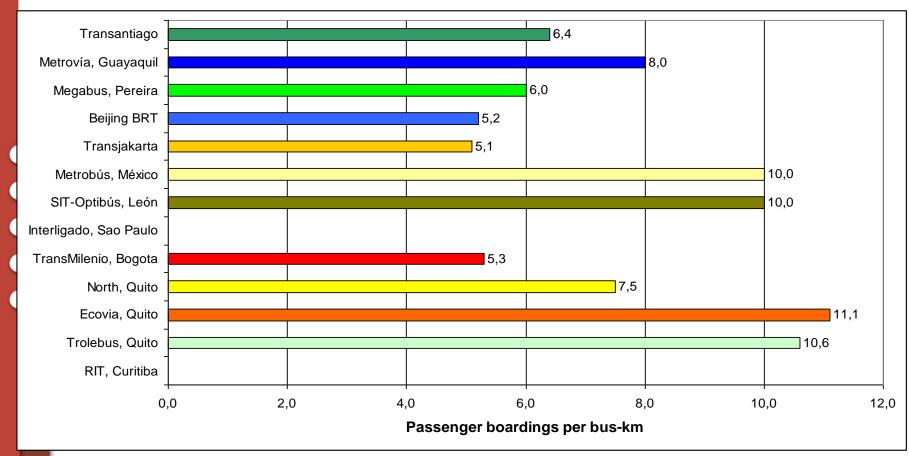
Source: Hidalgo, Custodio & Grafiteaux (2007)

Top commercial speeds are over 25 km/h, with most systems operating between 14 km/h and 20 km/h



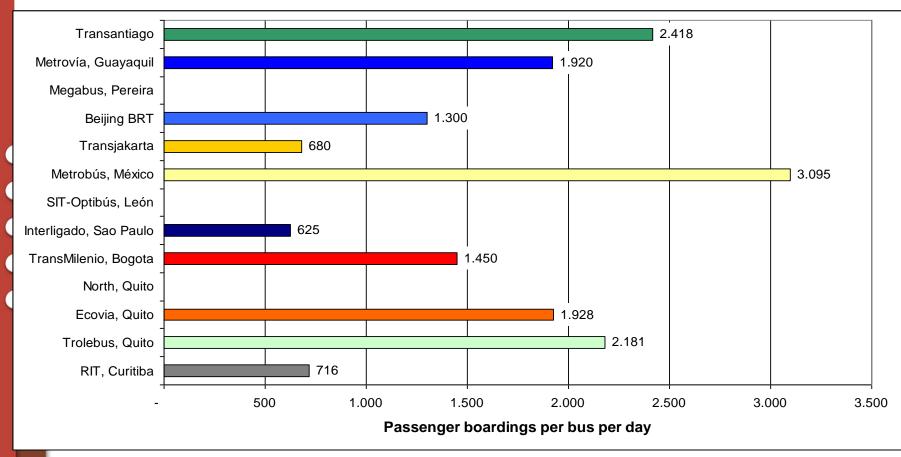
Source: Hidalgo, Custodio & Grafiteaux (2007)

Top operational productivity is over 10 boardings/bus-km with most systems between 5 and 8 boardings/bus-km



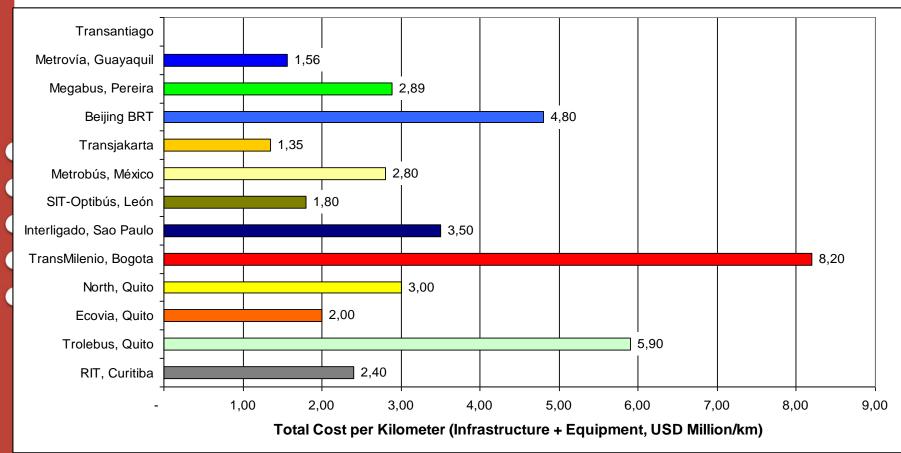
Source: Hidalgo, Custodio & Grafiteaux (2007)

Capital productivity very high in some systems (2–3K+ pax/bus/day); others between 0.6K and 1.5K pax/bus/day



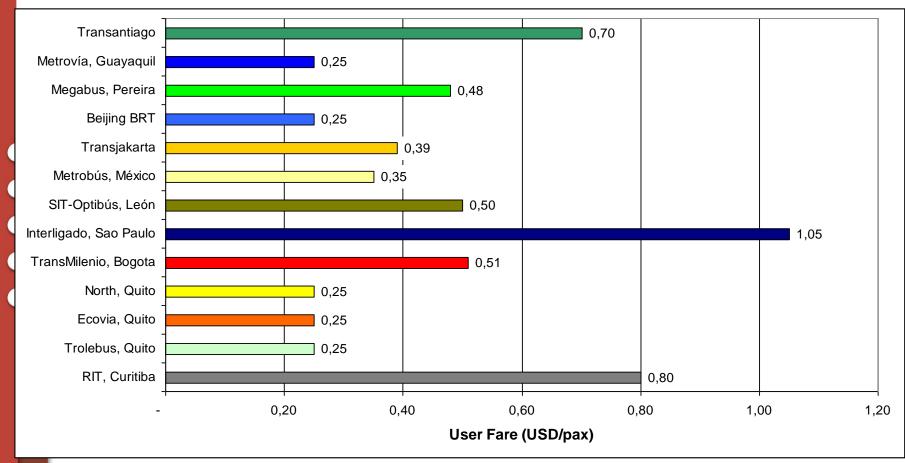
Source: Hidalgo, Custodio & Grafiteaux (2007)

Total capital costs vary from 1.35 U\$ million/km (Jakarta) to 8.2 U\$ million/km (Bogotá, infrastructure and equipment only)



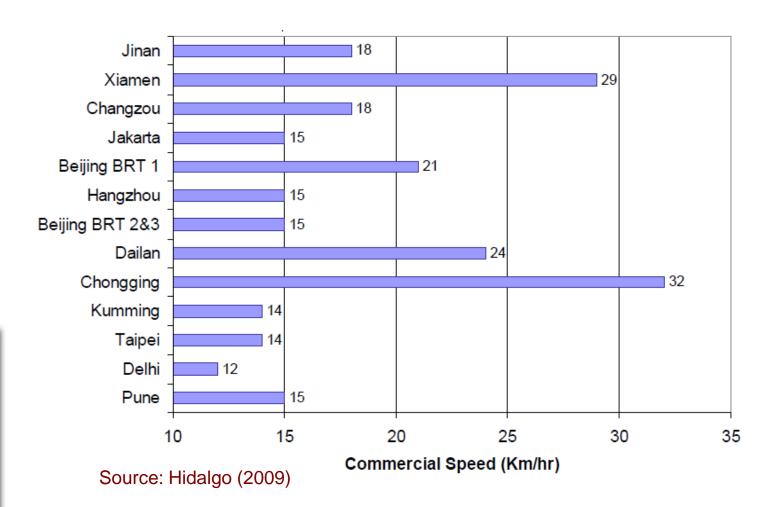
Source: Hidalgo, Custodio & Grafiteaux (2007)

All fares below U\$1.05 per trip – most systems with fares below U\$0.40 are receiving subsidies or under financial stress

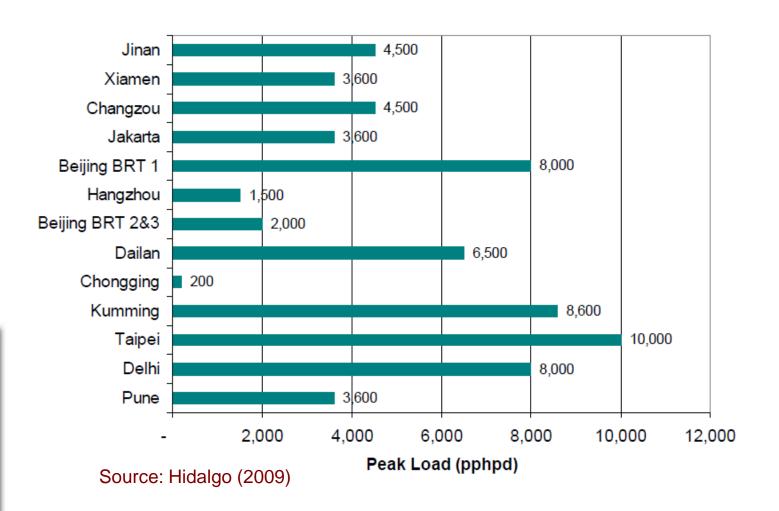


Source: Hidalgo, Custodio & Grafiteaux (2007)

Are BRTs in Asia doing better?



Demand is not high in Asian cities



BRT and Urban Development

- Need to transform cities in developing countries
 - growing interest in TOD –
 Transit-Oriented Development
- Rail modes traditionally seen as more advantageous (fixity)
- Can BRT help?

BRT and Urban Development

- Bogotá
 - every 5 min of additional walking time to BRT station decreases rental price 7 to 9%
- Curitiba Green Line
 - real estate prices tripled after city law enabled densification along BRT corridor
- Curitiba RIT since 1974
 - the pictures speak for themselves









BRT Eye-catchers

Low capital costs Short implementation times

Not a magical solution, but important alternative in transport planners' toolkit





VREF – Volvo Foundations Center of Excellence for BRT

- Catholic University Santiago, Chile
- IST Lisbon Technical University
- MIT
- University of Sidney
- EMBARQ/World Resources Institute



Thank you