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1.  $2\ddot{x} + 7\dot{x} + 3x = 0$  ;  $x(0) = x_0$  ;  $\dot{x}(0) = 0$

$2(n^2 X - n x_0) + 7(nX - x_0) + 3X = 0$

$2n^2 X + 7nX + 3X = 2n x_0 + 7x_0 \Rightarrow X = \frac{x_0(2n+7)}{2(n+3)(n+\frac{1}{2})}$

$X = \frac{2An + A + Bn + 3B}{2(n+3)(n+\frac{1}{2})}$

$(n+3)(2n+1) \Rightarrow A = -\frac{x_0}{5}$  ;  $B = \frac{12x_0}{5}$

$\mathcal{L}\{e^{at}\} = \frac{1}{s-a} \Rightarrow x(t) = -\frac{x_0}{5} e^{-5t} + \frac{6x_0}{5} e^{-t/2}$

2.  $\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} + 7x = \ddot{u} + 7u + 5u$  ;  $\ddot{x}(0) = 2$  ;  $\dot{x}(0) = 1$  ;  $x(0) = 9$  ;  $u(0) = \dot{u}(0) = 0$  ;  $u(1) = 1$

$(n^2 X - 2 - n - 9n^2) + 2(n^2 X - 1 - 9n) + 7(nX - 9) = (n^2 U) + 7(nU) + 5U$

$X(n) = \frac{U(n) \cdot n^2 + 7n + 5}{n^3 + 2n^2 + 7n}$  ;  $\frac{9n^2 + 19n + 67}{n^3 + 2n^2 + 7n}$

Como  $u(t) = 1$  ,  $U(n) = \frac{1}{n} \Rightarrow X(n) = \frac{9n^2 + 20n^2 + 74n + 18}{n^3(n^2 + 2n + 7)}$

$\mathcal{L}\{\frac{1}{n}\} = \frac{1}{s}$  ,  $\mathcal{L}\{t\} = \frac{1}{s^2}$  ,  $\mathcal{L}\{\frac{1}{n^2 + 1}\} = \frac{1}{s} \cos(\sqrt{5}t)$  ,  $\mathcal{L}\{\frac{1}{n^2 + 4}\} = \frac{1}{s} \cos(\sqrt{5}t)$

$x(t) = \frac{508}{99} + \frac{1}{7}t + \frac{67}{49} e^{-t} \cos(\sqrt{5}t) - \frac{49}{96\sqrt{6}} e^{-t} \cos(\sqrt{5}t)$