

PME 3380 - Exc. 22.10  
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①  $2\ddot{x} + 7\dot{x} + 3x = 0$  ;  $x(0) = x_0$  ;  $\dot{x}(0) = 0$

Aplicando transformada  $\mathcal{L}$ :

$$2s^2X - 2x_0s + 7sX - 7x_0 + 3X = 0 \Rightarrow (-2-7)x_0 = (2s^2+7s-3)$$

$$\Rightarrow X(s) = \frac{2s+7}{2s^2+7s+3} x_0 \Rightarrow X(s) = \left( \frac{a}{s+3} + \frac{b}{s+\frac{1}{2}} \right) \frac{x_0}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow X(s) = \left[ \frac{-2}{s(s+3)} + \frac{12}{s(s+\frac{1}{2})} \right] \frac{x_0}{2} \Rightarrow X(s) = \frac{6x_0}{s(s+\frac{1}{2})} - \frac{x_0}{s(s+3)} \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow x(t) = -\frac{x_0}{5} e^{-3t} + \frac{6x_0}{5} e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$$

②  $\ddot{\ddot{x}} + 2\ddot{x} + 7\dot{x} = \ddot{u} + 7\dot{u} + 5u$  ;  $u(1)=1$  ;  $u(0)=1$  ;  $x(0)=9$   
 $\dot{u}(1)=\frac{1}{5}$  ;  $\dot{u}(0)=0$  ;  $\dot{x}(0)=1$   
 $\dot{x}(0)=2$

$\mathcal{L}$

$$s^3X - s^2x(0) - s\dot{x}(0) - \ddot{x}(0) + 2(s^2X - sx(0) - \dot{x}(0)) + 7(sX - x(0)) = s^2U - sU(0) - \dot{U}(0) + 7(sU - u(0)) + 5U \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow (s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s)X = (s^2 + 7s + 5)U + s^2x(0) + s(\dot{x}(0) + 2x(0) - u(0)) + (\ddot{x}(0) + 2\dot{x}(0) + 7x(0) - \dot{u}(0) - 7u(0)) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow (s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s)X = (s^2 + 7s + 5)U + 9s^2 + 18s + 60 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow X(s) = \frac{s^2 + 7s + 5}{s^2(s^2 + 2s + 7)} + \frac{9s^2 + 18s + 60}{s(s^2 + 2s + 7)}$$

$\hookrightarrow$  Sol particular

$\hookrightarrow$  Sol homogênea

$$G(s) = \frac{X(s)}{U(s)} \Rightarrow G(s) = \frac{s^2 + 7s + 5}{s(s^2 + 2s + 7)}$$

$$s=0 ; s = -1 + 2,449j ; s = -1 - 2,449j$$

↳ Sist estável

Escreveremos

$$X(s) = \frac{a}{s} + \frac{b}{s^2} + \frac{cs+d}{s^2+2s+7}$$

Fazendo um desenvolvimento algébrico chegamos:

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{49} \left[ \frac{459}{s} + \frac{24s}{7s^2} - \frac{18(s+1)}{(s+1)^2+6} - \frac{4}{(s+1)^2+6} \right]$$

↳  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}$

$$X(t) = \frac{459}{9} + \frac{5}{7} t - \frac{18}{49} e^{-t} \cos(\sqrt{6}t) - \frac{4}{49\sqrt{6}} e^{-t} \sin(\sqrt{6}t)$$