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$$G(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2(s+2)} = \frac{c_1}{(s+1)} + \frac{c_2}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{c_3}{(s+2)}$$

$$\bullet c_3 = G(s) \cdot (s+2) \Big|_{s=-2} = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} \Big|_{s=-2} = \frac{1}{-1^2} = 1/$$

$$\bullet c_{k-i} = \frac{1}{i!} \left[\frac{d^i}{ds^i} (s+p_i)^k \cdot G(s) \right] \Big|_{s=-p_i}$$

• Para $i=0$, $k=2$ ($p_i=+1$):

$$\bullet c_{2-0} = \frac{1}{1} \left[\frac{d^0}{ds^0} (s+p_i)^2 \cdot G(s) \right] \Big|_{s=-1} = \\ = (s+1)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{(s+1)^2(-1+2)} = 1/$$

• Para $i=1$, ($k=2$)

$$\bullet c_{2-1} = \frac{1}{1} \left[\frac{d}{ds} (s+p)^2 \cdot G(s) \right] \Big|_{s=-1} = \\ = \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{1}{s+2} \right) \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{-1}{(s+2)^2} \Big|_{s=-1} = -1$$

$$\blacktriangleright G(s) = \frac{-1}{(s+1)} + \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{1}{(s+2)}$$

1) Achar as FTs e resolver as EDO.

$$\bullet 2\ddot{x} + 7\dot{x} + 3x = 0 \quad ; \quad x(0) = x_0 \quad ; \quad \dot{x}(0) = 0$$

$$\bullet \text{FT: } \downarrow \mathcal{L}, \text{ CI nulas} \\ 2s^2 X(s) + 7s X(s) + 3X(s) = 1 \quad \sim \text{degrau}$$

$$\frac{X(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{1}{2s^2 + 7s + 3}$$

• Resolver a EDO:

$$\bullet \mathcal{L}(f(t)): \quad 2(s^2 X(s) - s x(0) - \dot{x}(0)) + 7(s X(s) - x(0)) + 3X(s) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2s^2 X(s) - 2s x_0 + 7s X(s) - 7x_0 + 3X(s) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow X(s) \cdot (2s^2 + 7s + 3) = (2s + 7) x_0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow X(s) = \frac{(2s + 7)}{(2s^2 + 7s + 3)} x_0$$

• Separando em frações parciais:

Polos: -3 e $-\frac{1}{2}$

$$X(s) = \left(\frac{\alpha_1}{(s+3)} + \frac{\alpha_2}{(s+\frac{1}{2})} \right) \cdot \frac{x_0}{2}$$

$$\alpha_1 = (s+3) \cdot X(s) \Big|_{s=-3} = \frac{2 \cdot (-3) + 7}{(-3 + \frac{1}{2})} = -0,4$$

$$\alpha_2 = (s + \frac{1}{2}) \cdot X(s) \Big|_{s=-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2 \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) + 7}{(-\frac{1}{2} + 3)} = 2,4$$

$$X(s) = -\frac{0,4}{(s+3)} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x_0 + \frac{2,4}{(s+\frac{1}{2})} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x_0$$

$$X(s) = -\frac{0,2 x_0}{(s+3)} + \frac{1,2 x_0}{(s+\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$\downarrow \mathcal{L}^{-1}$$

$$x(t) = -0,2 \cdot x_0 \cdot e^{-3t} + 1,2 \cdot x_0 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}$$

2) • $\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} + 7x = \ddot{u} + 7\dot{u} + 5u$; $\ddot{x}(0) = 2$; $\dot{x}(0) = 1$
 $x(0) = 9$; $\dot{u}(0) = 0$
 $u(0) = 1$

• FT: \mathcal{L} , CI nula:

$$\Rightarrow s^3 X(s) + 2s^2 X + 7sX = s^2 U + 7sU + 5U \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow X(s) \cdot (s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s) = U(s) \cdot (s^2 + 7s + 5) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{X(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{s^2 + 7s + 5}{s \cdot (s^2 + 2s + 7s)}$$

• Resolver a EDO:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}(x(t)): & s^3 X(s) - s^2 x(0) - s \dot{x}(0) - \ddot{x}(0) + \\ & + 2(s^2 X(s) - s x(0) - \dot{x}(0)) + 7(sX(s) - x(0)) \\ & = U(s) \cdot s^2 - s u(0) - \dot{u}(0) + 7(sU(s) - u(0)) \\ & + 5 \cdot U(s) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow s^3 X(s) - s^2 \cdot 9 - s \cdot 1 - 2 + 2s^2 X(s) - 2 \cdot s \cdot 9 - 2 + 7sX(s) - 7 \cdot 9 = \\ = U(s) \cdot s^2 - s + 7sU(s) - 7 + 5 \cdot U(s) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow X(s) \cdot (s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s) - (9s^2 + 19s + 67) = \\ = U(s) \cdot (s^2 + 7s + 5) - (s + 7) \end{aligned}$$

$$X(s) = U(s) \cdot (s^2 + 7s + 5) + \frac{9s^2 + 19s + 67}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s} - \frac{s + 7}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s}$$

Considerando $u(t) = 1$; $U(s) = \frac{1}{s}$:

$$X(s) = \frac{(s^2 + 7s + 5)}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s} + \frac{9s^2 + 19s + 67}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s} - \frac{s + 7}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s}$$

$$X_{(s)} = \frac{s^2 + 7s + 5}{s^2(s^2 + 2s + 7)} + \frac{9s^2 + 19s + 67}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s}$$

• Expandido em frações parciais:

$$X(s) = \frac{5}{s^2} + \frac{39}{49s} - \frac{(39s + 64)}{s^2 + 2s + 7} + \frac{60}{s} + \frac{\frac{3}{7}s + \frac{6}{7}}{s^2 + 2s + 7} =$$

$$= \frac{5}{s^2} + \frac{39}{49s} - \frac{39s + 64}{49(s^2 + 2s + 7)} + \frac{60}{s} + \frac{3s + 6}{7 \cdot (s^2 + 2s + 7)}$$

$$= \frac{5}{s^2} + \frac{459}{49s} - \frac{18(s + 1)}{49(s^2 + 2s + 7)}$$

• No domínio do tempo:

$$x(t) = \frac{5}{7} \cdot t + \frac{459}{49} - \frac{18}{49} e^{-t} \cdot \cos(\sqrt{6} \cdot t)$$