

## Modelagem Ex aula (20/10)

$$1.1) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -100 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\text{Transformada: } \begin{bmatrix} s x_1 - x_1(0) \\ s x_2 - x_2(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -100 & 0 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$x_1(0) = x_2(0) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} s x_1 \\ s x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \quad // \quad //$$

$$\begin{cases} s x_1 = x_2 \\ s x_2 = -100 x_1 + 10 u \end{cases}$$

$$s^2 x_1 = 100 x_1 + 10 u$$

$$\frac{x_1}{u} = \frac{10}{s^2 + 100}$$

$$1.2) \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_1 = x_2, \quad y_2 = x_1$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -1 & -1 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 2-\lambda & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -3-\lambda & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (-1-\lambda)(2-\lambda)(-3-\lambda) - [5 \cdot 4 \cdot (-3-\lambda)] = 0$$

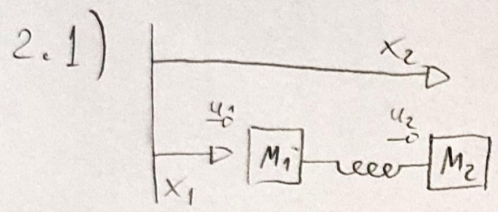
$$\lambda = -3 \quad (-1-\lambda)(2-\lambda) - 20 = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{89}}{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} sX_1 \\ sX_2 \\ sX_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & 0 \\ s & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\begin{cases} sX_1 = -X_1 + 4X_2 \\ sX_2 = sX_1 + 2X_2 + u \\ sX_3 = -X_1 - 3X_3 \end{cases} \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} X_1 &= \frac{4X_2}{s+1} \\ sX_2 &= \frac{20X_2}{s+1} + 2X_2 + u \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$G_1 = \frac{X_2}{u} = \frac{(s+1)}{(s+1)(s-2)-20} \quad s = -1 \quad s = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{89}}{2}$$



$$\begin{cases} m_1 \ddot{X}_1 = u_1 + K(x_2 - x_1) \\ m_2 \ddot{X}_2 = u_2 - K(x_2 - x_1) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{X}_1 \\ \dot{X}_2 \\ \ddot{X}_1 \\ \ddot{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -K/m_1 & K/m_2 & 0 & 0 \\ K/m_2 & -K/m_1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ \dot{X}_1 \\ \dot{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1/m_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/m_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -\lambda & 0 & 1 \\ -K/m_1 & K/m_2 & -\lambda & 0 \\ K/m_2 & -K/m_1 & 0 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = \lambda^4 + \left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2}\right) \lambda^2 + \frac{K^2}{m_1 m_2} = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 = -\left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2}\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2}\right)^2 - 4 \frac{K^2}{m_1 m_2}}$$

$$G = [C(sI - A)^{-1} B + D]$$