

Gabriel Barbosa Paganini - 10772539 - Modelagem aula 20/10

$$1.1) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -100 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} u \xrightarrow{\text{Laplace}} \begin{bmatrix} sX(s) - X(0) \\ sY(s) - Y(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -100 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X(s) \\ Y(s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} U(s)$$

$$\begin{cases} sX(s) = Y(s) \\ sY(s) = -100X(s) + 10U(s) \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} X(s) = \frac{10U(s)}{100 + s^2} \\ Y(s) = \frac{10sU(s)}{100 + s^2} \end{matrix}$$

• Função de transferência: $FT(x) = \frac{10}{100 + s^2}$ e $FT(y) = \frac{10s}{100 + s^2}$

$$1.2) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u \rightarrow \text{Domínio do tempo: } \text{eigen autovalores}$$

$$\det(M - \lambda I) = \begin{vmatrix} -1-\lambda & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 2-\lambda & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -3-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (-3-\lambda) \cdot [(2-\lambda) \cdot (-1-\lambda) - 4 \cdot 5] = (3+\lambda) \cdot (-\lambda^2 + \lambda + 22)$$

$\lambda_1 = -3$; $\lambda_2 = -4,22$; $\lambda_3 = 5,22$

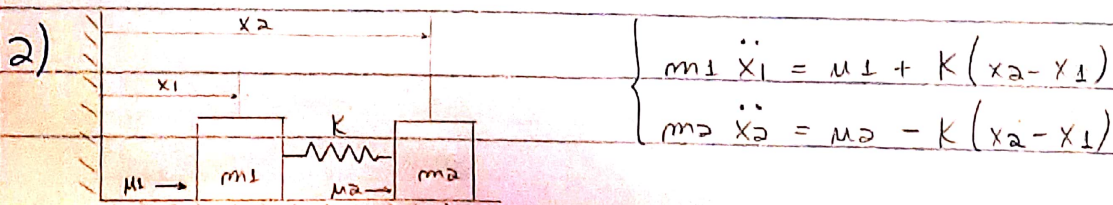
• Domínio da frequência:

$$\begin{bmatrix} sX(s) - X(0) \\ sY(s) - Y(0) \\ sZ(s) - Z(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X(s) \\ Y(s) \\ Z(s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} U(s)$$

$$\begin{cases} sX(s) = -X(s) + 4Y(s) \\ sY(s) = 5X(s) + 2Y(s) + U(s) \\ sZ(s) = -X(s) - 3Z(s) \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} X(s) = \frac{4U(s)}{s^2 - s - 22} \\ Y(s) = \frac{(s+1)U(s)}{s^2 - s - 22} \\ Z(s) = \frac{-4U(s)}{(3+s)(s^2 - s - 22)} \end{matrix}$$

• Função de transferência: $FT(x) = \frac{4}{s^2 - s - 22}$; $FT(y) = \frac{(s+1)}{s^2 - s - 22}$; $FT(z) = \frac{-4}{(3+s)(s^2 - s - 22)}$

• Pólos: $(3+s) \cdot (s^2 - s - 22) = 0 \rightarrow s_1 = -3$; $s_2 = -4,22$; $s_3 = 5,22$
 ↳ bateram com os autovalores!



$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{X}_1 \\ \ddot{X}_1 \\ \dot{X}_2 \\ \ddot{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -K/m_1 & 0 & +K/m_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ +K/m_2 & 0 & -K/m_2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ \dot{X}_1 \\ X_2 \\ \dot{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1/m_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/m_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mu_1 \\ \mu_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Domínio do tempo · det

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -K/m_1 & -\lambda & +K/m_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\lambda & 1 \\ +K/m_2 & 0 & -K/m_2 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = \lambda^2 \cdot (-\lambda^2 + K/m_1 + K/m_2)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0 \quad \lambda_3 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-K(m_1+m_2)}{m_1 m_2}}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 0$$

Domínio da frequência

$$\begin{cases} \rho X_1(s) - X_1(s) \\ \rho \dot{X}_1(s) - \dot{X}_1(s) \\ \rho X_2(s) - X_2(s) \\ \rho \dot{X}_2(s) - \dot{X}_2(s) \end{cases} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -K/m_1 & 0 & K/m_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ K/m_2 & 0 & -K/m_2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1(s) \\ \dot{X}_1(s) \\ X_2(s) \\ \dot{X}_2(s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \mu_1/m_1 \\ 0 \\ \mu_2/m_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} \rho X_1 = \dot{X}_1 \\ \rho \dot{X}_1 = -KX_1/m_1 + KX_2/m_1 + \mu_1/m_1 \\ \rho X_2 = \dot{X}_2 \\ \rho \dot{X}_2 = KX_1/m_2 - KX_2/m_2 + \mu_2/m_2 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} X_1 = \frac{-K\mu_1}{m_1 m_2} - \frac{\rho^2 \mu_1}{m_1} - \frac{K\mu_2}{m_1 m_2} \\ \rho^2 \left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2} + \rho^2 \right) \\ X_2 = \frac{-K\mu_1}{m_1 m_2} - \frac{\rho^2 \mu_1}{m_1} - \frac{K\mu_2}{m_1 m_2} \\ \rho^2 \left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2} + \rho^2 \right) \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow X_2 = \frac{-K(\mu_1 + \mu_2) - \rho^2 \mu_2}{m_1 m_2} \quad ; \quad \dot{X}_2 = \frac{-K(\mu_1 + \mu_2) - \rho^2 \mu_2}{m_1 m_2}$$

$$\rho^2 \left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2} + \rho^2 \right) \quad ; \quad \rho^2 \left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2} + \rho^2 \right)$$

Polos: $\rho^2 \left(\frac{K}{m_1} + \frac{K}{m_2} + \rho^2 \right) = 0 \rightarrow \rho_1 = 0, \rho_2 = 0, \rho_3 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-K(m_1+m_2)}{m_1 m_2}}$

↳ batem com os autovalores!