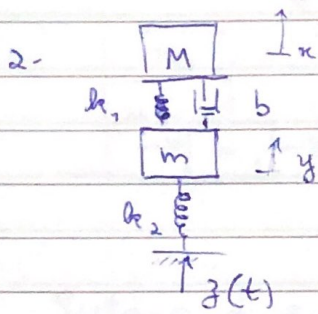


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- Exercícios dos dias 1º/10 e 06/10 -



$$M\ddot{x} + k_1(x-y) + b(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x} = -\frac{k_1}{M}x + \frac{k_1}{M}y - \frac{b}{M}\dot{x} + \frac{b}{M}\dot{y}$$

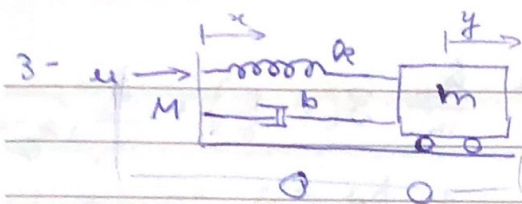
$$m\ddot{y} - k_1(x-y) + k_2(y-z) - b(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{y} = \frac{k_1}{m}x - \frac{(k_1+k_2)}{m}y + \frac{k_2}{m}z + \frac{b}{m}\dot{x} - \frac{b}{m}\dot{y}$$

$$X = [x \ y \ \dot{x} \ \dot{y}] \quad Y = [x \ y]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{k_1}{M} & \frac{k_1}{M} & -\frac{b}{M} & \frac{b}{M} \\ \frac{k_1}{m} & -\frac{(k_1+k_2)}{m} & \frac{b}{m} & -\frac{b}{m} \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{k_2}{m}z \end{bmatrix}}_B \cdot z$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ y \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$m \ddot{y} - k(x-y) - b(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{y} = \frac{k}{m} x - \frac{k}{m} y + \frac{b}{m} \dot{x} - \frac{b}{m} \dot{y}$$

$$M \ddot{x} + k(x-y) + b(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) - u = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x} = -\frac{k}{M} x + \frac{k}{M} y - \frac{b}{M} \dot{x} + \frac{b}{M} \dot{y} + \frac{u}{M}$$

$$X = [x \ y \ \dot{x} \ \dot{y}]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{y} \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{k}{M} & \frac{k}{M} & -\frac{b}{M} & \frac{b}{M} \\ \frac{k}{M} & -\frac{k}{M} & \frac{b}{M} & -\frac{b}{M} \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{M} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_B \cdot u$$

$$c = [0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]$$

$$4 - m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + (k_p + k_s) x_1 + b_1 \dot{x}_1 - k_p \cdot z(t) - k_1 (x_G + b \theta) + b_1 (\dot{x}_G + b \dot{\theta}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x}_1 = -\frac{(k_p + k_s) x_1}{m_1} - \frac{b_1}{m_1} \dot{x}_1 + \frac{k_p}{m} \cdot z(t) + \frac{k_1}{m} (x_G + b \theta) + \frac{b_1}{m} (\dot{x}_G + b \dot{\theta})$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 + (k_p + k_s) x_2 + b_2 \dot{x}_2 - k_p \cdot z(t - \frac{L}{v}) - k_2 (x_G - a \theta) - b_2 (\dot{x}_G - a \dot{\theta}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$



$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x}_2 = -\frac{(k_1 + k_2)}{m_2} x_2 - \frac{b_2}{m_2} \dot{x}_2 + \frac{k_{sp}}{m_2} z(t - \frac{l}{v}) + \frac{k_2}{m_2} (x_G - a\theta) + \frac{b_2}{m_2} (\dot{x}_G - a\dot{\theta})$$

~~Massenmatrix~~

$$M \ddot{x}_G - k_1 x_1 - b_1 \dot{x}_1 - k_2 x_2 - b_2 \dot{x}_2 + k_1 (x_G + b\theta) + b_1 (\dot{x}_G + b\dot{\theta}) + k_2 (x_G - a\theta) + b_2 (\dot{x}_G - a\dot{\theta}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x}_G = \frac{k_1}{M} x_1 + \frac{b_1}{M} \dot{x}_1 + \frac{k_2}{M} x_2 + \frac{b_2}{M} \dot{x}_2 - \frac{k_1}{M} (x_G + b\theta) - \frac{b_1}{M} (\dot{x}_G + b\dot{\theta}) - \frac{k_2}{M} (x_G - a\theta) - \frac{b_2}{M} (\dot{x}_G - a\dot{\theta})$$

$$J \ddot{\theta} - k_1 x_1 b - b_1 \dot{x}_1 b + k_2 x_2 a + b_2 \dot{x}_2 a + k_1 b (x_G + b\theta) + b_1 b (\dot{x}_G + b\dot{\theta}) - k_2 a (x_G - a\theta) - b_2 a (\dot{x}_G - a\dot{\theta}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{\theta} = \frac{k_1}{J} x_1 b + \frac{b_1}{J} \dot{x}_1 b - \frac{k_2}{J} x_2 a - \frac{b_2}{J} \dot{x}_2 a + \frac{1}{J} (k_2 a - k_1 b) x_G + \frac{1}{J} (b_2 a - b_1 b) \dot{x}_G - \frac{1}{J} (k_2 a^2 + k_1 b^2) \theta - \frac{1}{J} (b_2 a^2 + b_1 b^2) \dot{\theta}$$

$$X = [x_1 \ x_2 \ x_G \ \theta \ \dot{x}_1 \ \dot{x}_2 \ \dot{x}_G \ \dot{\theta}]^T \quad Y = [x_G \ \theta]^T$$

$$U = [z(t) \ z(t - \frac{l}{v})]^T$$





$$\begin{bmatrix} x_G \\ \theta \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_G \\ \theta \\ \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_G \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot u$$

$$5- \begin{cases} (M+m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta} = u & \text{(I)} \\ J\ddot{\theta} - mlg\theta + ml\ddot{x} = 0 & \text{(II)} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \ddot{\theta} = \frac{mlg}{J}\theta - \frac{ml}{J}\ddot{x}$$

Substituindo  $\ddot{\theta}$ :  $(M+m)\ddot{x} + ml\left(\frac{mlg}{J}\theta - \frac{ml}{J}\ddot{x}\right) = u$

$$\Rightarrow \left(M+m - \frac{m^2l^2}{J}\right)\ddot{x} + \frac{m^2l^2g}{J}\theta = u$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x} = -\left(\frac{m^2l^2}{MJ+mJ-m^2l^2}\right)\theta + \frac{u}{M+m - \frac{m^2l^2}{J}}$$

~~Substituindo  $\ddot{x}$~~   $\ddot{\theta} = \frac{mlg}{J}\theta - \frac{ml}{J}\ddot{x}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{ml}{J}\ddot{x} = \frac{mlg}{J}\theta - \ddot{\theta} \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = g\theta - \frac{J}{ml}\ddot{\theta}$$

Substituindo  $\ddot{x}$ :  $(M+m)\left(g\theta - \frac{J}{ml}\ddot{\theta}\right) + ml\ddot{\theta} = u \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow \left( \frac{-ml}{M+m} + \frac{J}{ml} \right) \ddot{\theta} = g\theta - \frac{u}{M+m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{\theta} = \left( \frac{gml(M+m)}{J(M+m) - m^2 l^2} \right) \theta - \left( \frac{gml}{J(M+m) - m^2 l^2} \right) u$$

$$x = [x \ \theta \ \dot{x} \ \dot{\theta}]^T \quad | \quad Y = [x \ \theta]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{-m^2 l^2}{MJ + mJ - m^2 l^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{-gml(M+m)}{J(M+m) - m^2 l^2} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \theta \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{M+m - \frac{m^2 l^2}{J}} \\ \frac{-gml}{J(M+m) - m^2 l^2} \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \theta \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{M+m - \frac{m^2 l^2}{J}} \\ \frac{-gml}{J(M+m) - m^2 l^2} \end{bmatrix}}_B u$$

$$G = \begin{cases} m\ddot{x} + mg + \frac{kx^2}{x} = 0 \\ 2\dot{x} + R\dot{x} = u \end{cases}$$

$$x = [x \ \dot{x} \ \ddot{x}]^T \quad | \quad Y = [x]$$

$$f_1 = \ddot{x} = \ddot{x} \quad | \quad f_2 = \dot{x} = g - \frac{kx^2}{m} \quad | \quad f_3 = \dot{x} = \frac{u}{L} - \frac{R\dot{x}}{L} \quad | \quad g_1 = y = x$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{i} \\ \dot{i} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial \dot{x}} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial i} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \dot{x}} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial i} \\ \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial \dot{x}} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial i} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ i \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \end{bmatrix} \cdot v$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{i} \\ \dot{i} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{2k i_0^2}{m x_0^3} & 0 & -\frac{2k i_0}{m x_0^2} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ i \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \end{bmatrix}}_B \cdot v$$

$$X = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ i \end{bmatrix}$$

7- a) Motor:  $L \dot{i} + R \cdot i = V_a - k_b \Omega$

$$\begin{aligned} J_m \cdot \dot{\Omega}_1 &= T_1 - B_m \cdot \Omega_1 - 2 |\theta_1 - \theta_2| (\theta_1 - \theta_2) \\ \Rightarrow J_m \cdot \dot{\Omega}_1 &= k \cdot i - B_m \Omega_1 - 2 |\theta_1 - \theta_2| (\theta_1 - \theta_2) \end{aligned}$$

Caso:  $m \ddot{x}_1 + 2 \dot{x}_1^3 + k x_1 - \frac{2}{R} |\theta_1 - \theta_2| (\theta_1 - \theta_2) = 0$

Vínculo cinemático:  $x_1 = \theta_2 R \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 = \Omega_2 R$

Vetor de estados:  $X = [i \quad \theta_1 \quad x_1 \quad \dot{\theta}_1 \quad \dot{x}_1]^T \rightarrow$  Sistema de 5ª Ordem

$$e) f_1 = 2|\theta_1 - \theta_2|(\theta_1 - \theta_2) = 2\left|\theta_1 - \frac{x_1}{R}\right|\left(\theta_1 - \frac{x_1}{R}\right)$$

$$f_1 \approx f(0) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta_1} \Big|_{eq} (\theta_1 - \theta_{1eq}) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta_2} \Big|_{eq} (\theta_2 - \theta_{2eq})$$

$$= 2\left|\theta_{1eq} - \frac{x_{1eq}}{R}\right|\left(\theta_{1eq} - \frac{x_{1eq}}{R}\right) + 4\left|\theta_{1eq} - \frac{x_{1eq}}{R}\right|\left(\theta_1 - \theta_{1eq}\right) +$$

$$- 4\left|\frac{x_{1eq}}{R} - \theta_{1eq}\right|\left(\theta_2 - \theta_{2eq}\right)$$

definindo:

~~$$s_0 = (\theta_1 - \theta_{1eq})$$~~

$$s_0 = \left(\theta_1 - \frac{x_{1eq}}{R}\right) \quad \theta_i = (\theta_i - \theta_{ieq})$$

$$f = 4s_0(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + s_0^2$$

$$f_2 = 2\dot{x}_1^3, \quad f_2 \approx f_{eq} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \dot{x}_1} \Big|_{eq} (\dot{x}_1 - \dot{x}_{1eq})$$

$$= F_{0eq} + 6\dot{x}_{1eq}^2 (\dot{x}_1 - \dot{x}_{1eq})$$

definindo:  $\dot{x}_{1eq} = (\dot{x}_1 - \dot{x}_{1eq})$

$$f = 6\dot{x}_{1eq}^2 \dot{x}_1 + F_{0eq}$$

$$\frac{V_a}{L} - \frac{R_b}{L} \dot{\theta}_1 - \frac{R \dot{x}_1}{L} = \ddot{\theta}_1$$

$$\frac{k}{J_m} \dot{\theta}_1 - \frac{R_m}{J_m} \dot{\theta}_1 - \frac{4s_0}{J_m} (\theta_1 - \frac{x_1}{R}) - \frac{s_0^2}{J_m} = \ddot{\theta}_1$$

$$\frac{4s_0}{mR} (\theta_1 - \frac{x_1}{R}) + \frac{s_0^2}{mR} - 6\dot{x}_{1eq}^2 \dot{x}_1 + F_{0eq} - R\dot{x}_1 = \ddot{x}_1$$



$$c) X = [i \quad \theta_1 \quad x_1 \quad \dot{\theta}_1 \quad \dot{x}_1]^T$$

Cada estado representa a perturbação em torno do valor no ponto de equilíbrio

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{i} \\ \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{\theta}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{R}{L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{b_e}{J_m} & -\frac{4J_0}{J_m} & \frac{4J_0}{J_m R} & -\frac{B_m}{J_m} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{4J_0}{mR} & -\frac{4J_0}{mR^2} - b_e & 0 & -6x_{1eq}^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i \\ \theta_1 \\ x_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{x}_1 \end{bmatrix} +$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot ee \quad Y = \underbrace{[0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]}_C \begin{bmatrix} i \\ \theta_1 \\ x_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{x}_1 \end{bmatrix} = x_1$$

$$8 - a) \quad \cancel{H_x} \quad H_x = J_x \cdot \omega_x$$

$$\dot{\omega}_x + H_x \left( \frac{1}{J_d} - \frac{1}{J_x} \right) \omega_x = \frac{\tau_x}{J_d}$$

$$\ddot{\omega}_x + H_x \left( \frac{1}{J_d} - \frac{1}{J_x} \right) \omega_x = \frac{\tau_x}{J_d} = 0$$

$$\tau_x = -2klL \cdot \theta_x - B \cdot \omega_x$$

Considerando  $J_y = J_z = J_d$ :

$$I \ddot{\omega}_x + H_x \left( \frac{1}{J_d} - \frac{1}{J_x} \right) \cdot \omega_x = - \frac{2klL}{J_d} \theta_x - \frac{B \omega_x}{J_d}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_x \\ \dot{\theta}_x \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Espacio de estados

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_x \\ \ddot{\theta}_x \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{2klL}{J_d} & -\frac{B}{J_d} \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{bmatrix} \theta_x \\ \dot{\theta}_x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -H_x \left( \frac{1}{J_d} - \frac{1}{J_x} \right) \end{bmatrix} \cdot \omega_x$$

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