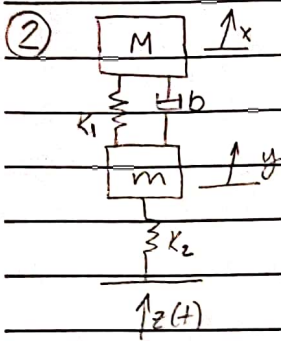


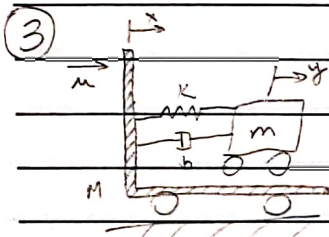
Exercício



$$\begin{cases} M\ddot{x} + k_1(x-y) + b(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) = 0 \\ m\ddot{y} - k_1(x-y) - b(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) + k_2(y-z) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -k_1/M & k_1/M & -b/M & b/M \\ k_2/m & (-k_1-k_2)/m & b/m & -b/m \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ k_2/m \end{bmatrix} z(t)$$

$$\dot{z} = A z + B u$$



$$\begin{cases} m\ddot{y} + k(y-x) + b(\dot{y}-\dot{x}) = 0 \\ M\ddot{x} - k(y-x) - b(\dot{y}-\dot{x}) = u \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -k/M & k/M & -b/M & b/M \\ k/m & -k/m & b/m & -b/m \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1/M \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

$$\dot{z} = A z + B u$$

$$\begin{cases} m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + k(x_1 - z) - k_1(x_2 - x_1 + l\theta) - b_1(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1 + l\dot{\theta}) \\ m_2 \ddot{x}_2 + k(x_2 - z) - k_2(x_2 - x_1 - l\theta) - b_2(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1 - l\dot{\theta}) \\ M \ddot{x}_G + k_1(x_G - x_1 + l\theta) + k_2(x_G - x_2 - l\theta) + b_1(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1 + l\dot{\theta}) + b_2(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1 - l\dot{\theta}) \\ J_G \ddot{\theta} + k_1 l(x_2 - x_1 + l\theta) - k_2 l(x_2 - x_1 - l\theta) + b_1 l(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1 + l\dot{\theta}) + b_2 l(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1 - l\dot{\theta}) \end{cases}$$





$$\textcircled{5} \begin{cases} (M+m)\ddot{x} + m l \ddot{\theta} = u \\ J\ddot{\theta} + m l \ddot{x} - m g \theta = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{m^2 l^2}{J(m+M) - m^2 l^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{g m l (M+m)}{J(m+M) - m^2 l^2} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{M+m - m^2 l^2 / J} \\ \frac{-g m l}{J(m+M) - m^2 l^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \begin{cases} m\ddot{x} = mg - KI^2/x^2 \\ LI + RI = V \end{cases}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2KI_0^2/mx_0^3 & 0 & -\frac{2KI_0}{mx^3} \\ 0 & 0 & -R/L \end{bmatrix} \quad ; \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1/L \end{bmatrix}$$

