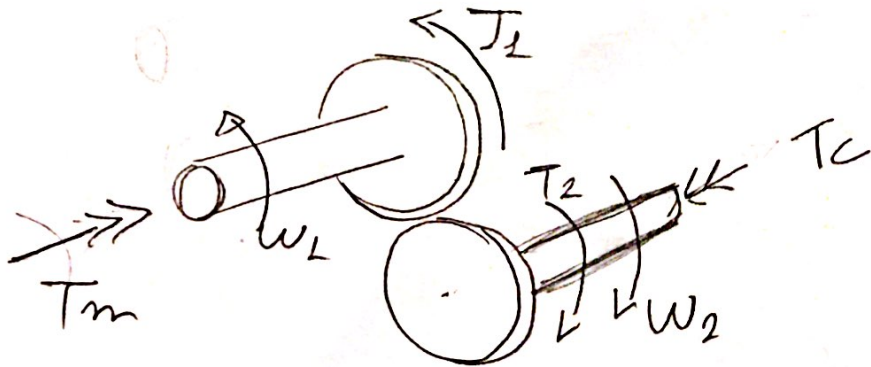


Jose Felipe Felix Rafael - 10333139

PME 3380 - Exercícios do dia 15/09.

1º Exercício



$$\left. \begin{aligned} J_1 \cdot \dot{\omega}_1 + B_1 \omega_1 + T_1 &= T_m \\ J_2 \cdot \dot{\omega}_2 + B_2 \omega_2 + T_c &= T_2 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\omega T_2 = \eta T_1$$

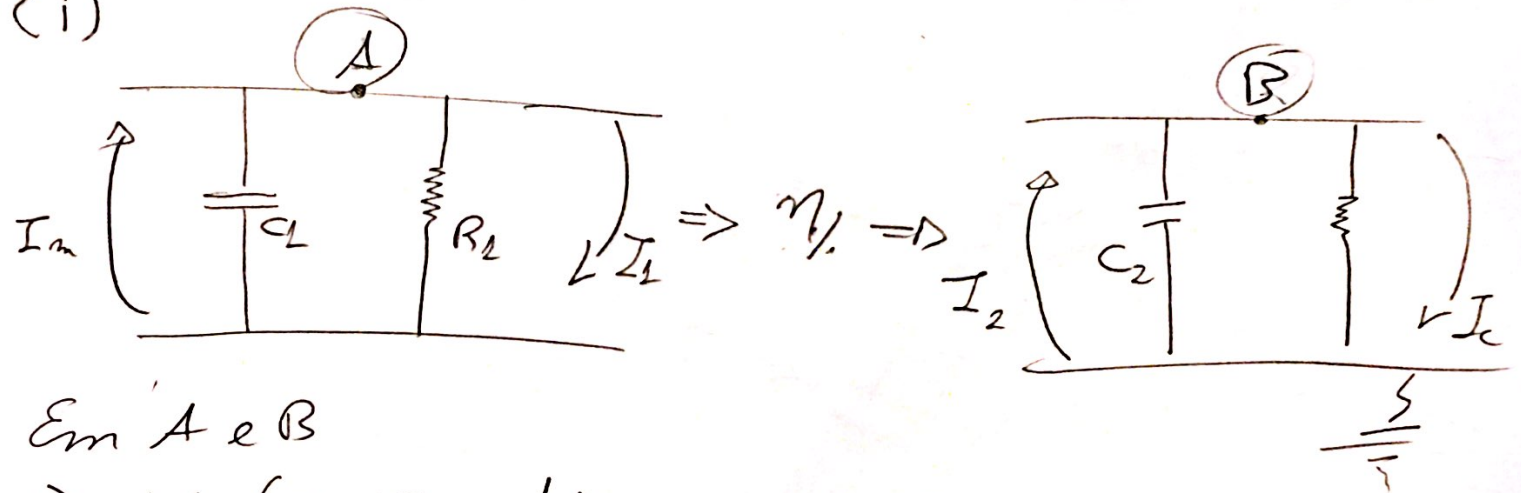
$$J_2 \omega_2 + B_2 \omega_2 + T_c = \eta \cdot T_1 = \eta (T_m - J_1 \dot{\omega}_1 - B_1 \omega_1)$$
$$\boxed{J_2 \omega_2 + B_2 \omega_2 + T_c = \eta (T_m - J_1 \dot{\omega}_1 - B_1 \omega_1)}$$

por fim

$$\boxed{(J_2 + \eta^2 J_1) \dot{\omega}_2 + (B_2 + \eta^2 B_1) \omega_2 + T_c = \eta T_m}$$

- Analogia do Tipo 2

(i)



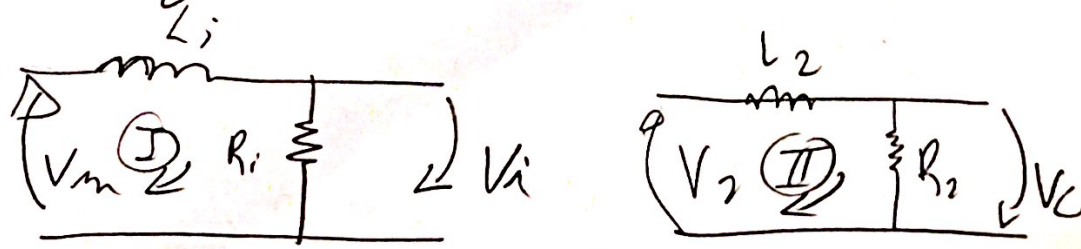
Em A e B

$$A) V_1 \left(C_1 D + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = I_m - I_1$$

$$B) V_2 \left(C_2 D + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = I_2 - I_c$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} J_1 \cdot \omega_1 + B_1 \omega_1 &= T_m - T_L \\ J_2 \omega_2 + B_2 \omega_2 &= T_2 - T_c \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Analogia do Tipo 1



$$I: V_m - V_1 = L_1 D i_1 + R_1 i_1$$

$$II: V_2 - V_c = L_2 D i_2 + R_2 i_2$$

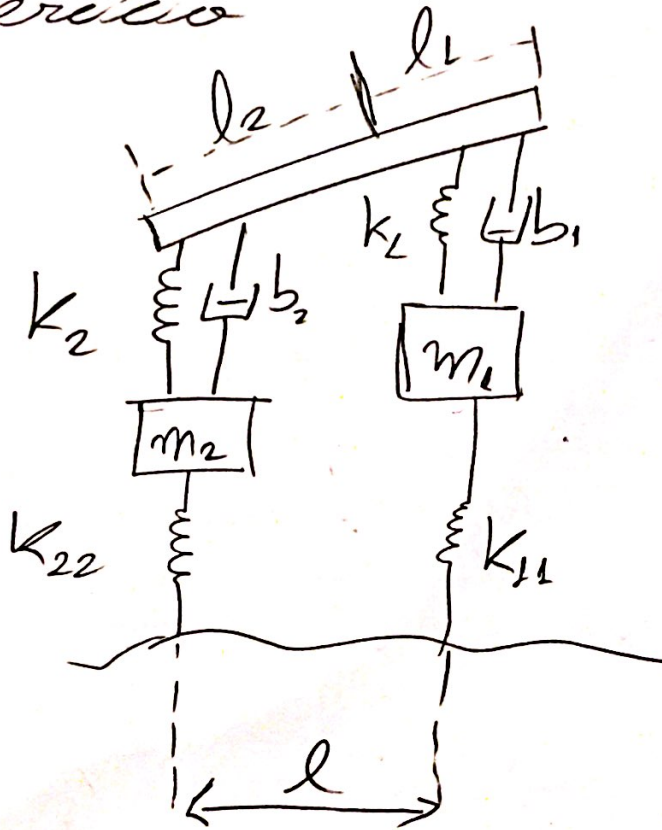
$$J_1 \cdot \omega_1 + B_1 \omega_1 = T_m - T_L$$

$$J_2 \cdot \omega_2 + B_2 \omega_2 = V_2 - V_c$$

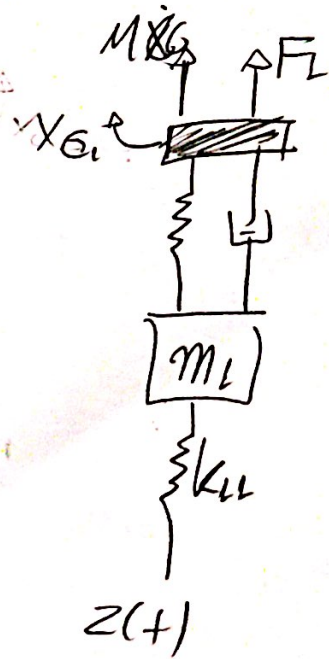
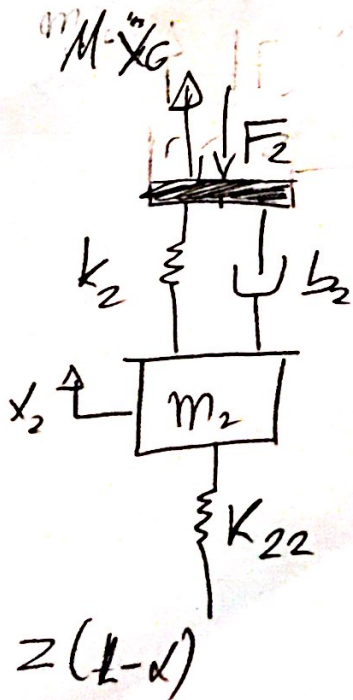
Jose Selva Selva Rafael - 10333139

PME3380 - Exercícios de 19/09

2º Exercício

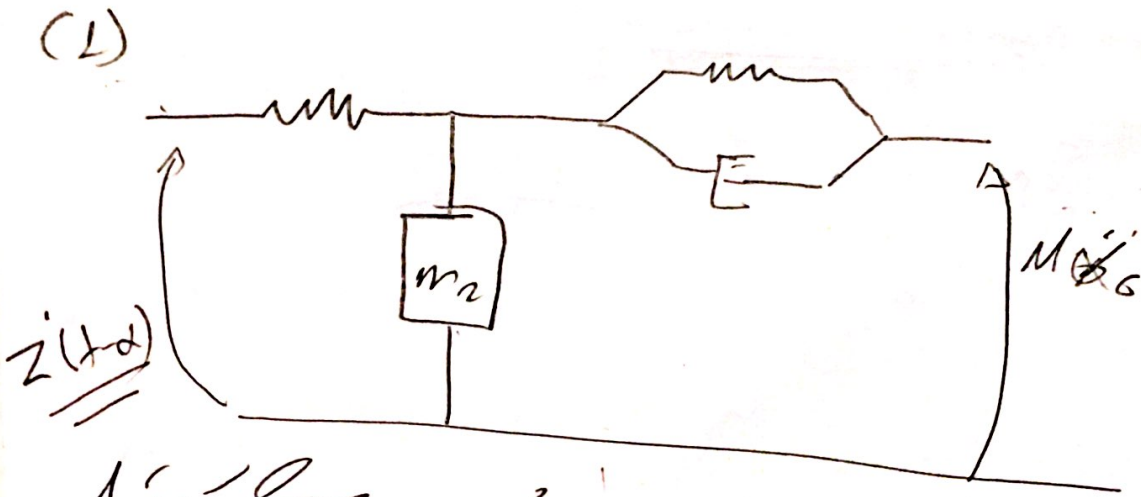


Divida a figura ao lado em 2 sistemas, de esquerda com m_2 e do direito com m_1 e do direito completa



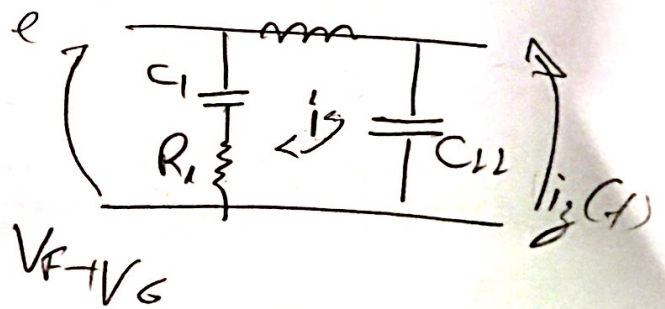
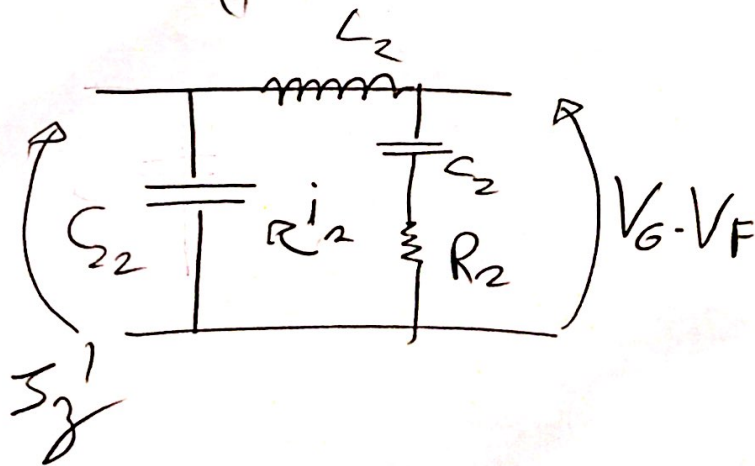
$$F_2 \cdot l_2 = F_1 \cdot l_1$$

$$\eta = \frac{F_2}{F_1}$$



Analogie p/m_2

Diese Forme



$$\textcircled{1} \quad V_F + V_G = i_2 \left(L_2 D + R_1 + \frac{1}{C_1 D} + \frac{1}{C_2 D} \right) - i_3 \left(\frac{1}{C_1 D} \right)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad V_G - V_F = i_2 \left(L_2 D + R_2 + \frac{1}{C_2 D} + \frac{1}{C_1 D} \right) - i_3 (1 - \alpha) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{C_1 D} \right)$$

$$F_1 + M\ddot{x}_G = m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + b_1 \dot{x}_1 + k_1 x_1 + k_{11} x_1 - k_{12} z(t)$$

$$M\ddot{x}_G - F_2 = m_2 \ddot{x}_2 + b_2 \dot{x}_2 + k_2 x_2 + k_{22} x_2 - k_{21} z(t)$$