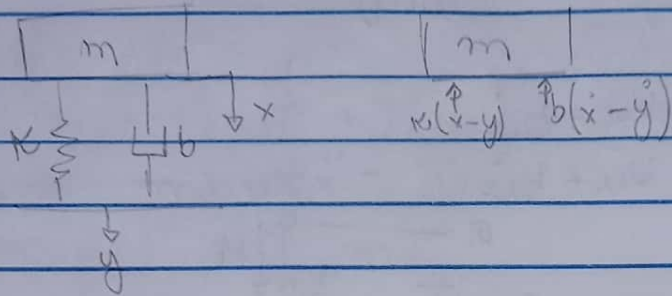


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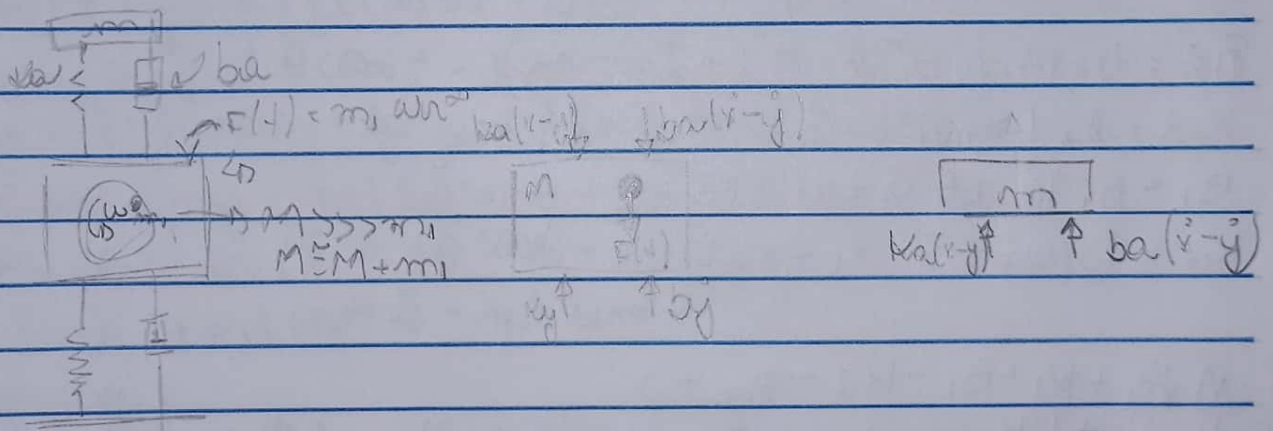
Exercícios Aula 2/10/8

a) Sismógrafo / b) Acelerômetro



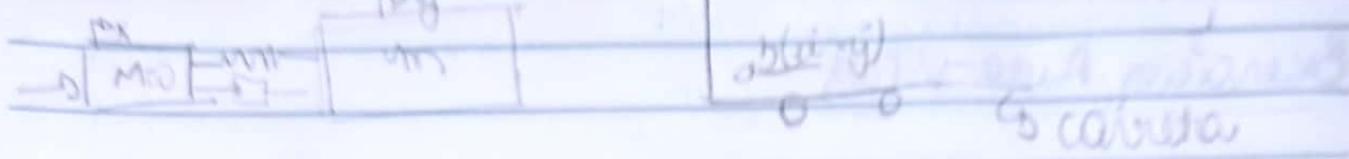
TMB:  $m(\ddot{x} - \ddot{y}) = -k(x-y) - b(\dot{x} - \dot{y}) \Leftrightarrow m\ddot{x} + b\dot{x} + kx = m\ddot{y} + b\dot{y} + ky$

2) máquina rotativa com absorvedor de vibração



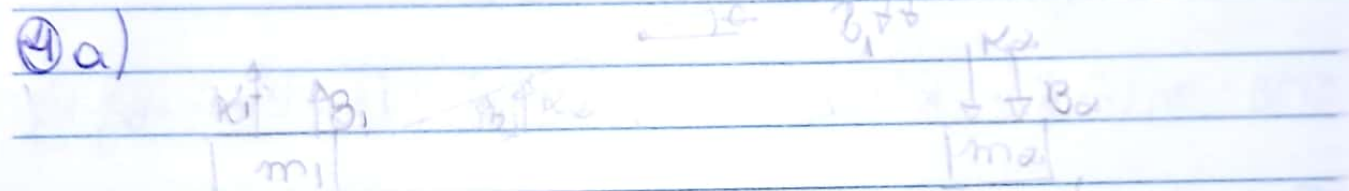
$m\ddot{x} + kax + bax\dot{x} = kax\dot{y} + bax\dot{y}$   
 $M\ddot{y} + y(k + ka) + \dot{y}(b + ba) = m_1\omega^2 R + kax + bax\dot{x}$

3) Carro de transporte



a)  $m\ddot{y} + ky + by = kx + bu$

b)  $M\ddot{u}_i + kx + bu = ky + by$   
 $m\ddot{y} + ky + by = kx + bu$



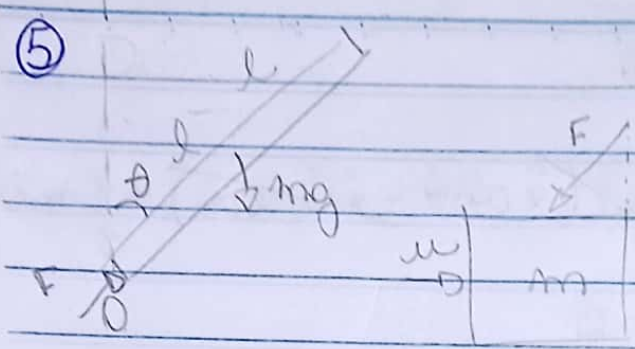
$k_1(x_1 - z(t))$

$B_2 = b_2 \theta \cos \theta [l - G] + v_2 - x_2$   
 $K_2 = k_2 [x_2 \sin \theta [l - G] + v_2 - x_2]$   
 $B_1 = b_1 \theta \cos \theta G - v_1 + x_1$   
 $K_1 = k_1 [x_1 \sin \theta G - v_1 + x_1]$

$M\ddot{x}_G + K_1 + B_1 - K_2 - B_2 = 0$   
 $J_G \ddot{\theta} + (K_1 + B_1) \cos \theta G + (K_2 + B_2) \cos \theta (l - G) = 0$   
 $m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + k_1 (x_1 - z(t)) - K_1 - B_1 = 0$   
 $m_2 \ddot{x}_2 + K_2 (x_2 - \beta(t - \alpha)) + K_2 + B_2 = 0$

b) Não sabe resolver.





$$\vec{\omega} = -\dot{\theta} \hat{k}$$

$$M_{ext} = m(g \cdot 0) \wedge \vec{r} + J[\dot{\omega}] = -mgl \sin \theta \hat{k}$$

$$-mgl \sin \theta = -ml \cos \theta \ddot{x} - J_3 \ddot{\theta}$$

$$J_3 = m \frac{(2l)^2}{3} = \frac{4}{3} ml^2$$

$$ml \cos \theta \ddot{x} + \frac{4}{3} ml^2 \ddot{\theta} - mgl \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\vec{a}_{cm} = \vec{a}_0 + \vec{\omega} \wedge (r - 0) + \dot{\omega} \wedge (\vec{\omega} \wedge (r - 0))$$

$$\vec{a}_{cm} = \ddot{x} \hat{i} - \dot{\theta} \hat{k} \wedge [l(\cos \theta \hat{j} + \sin \theta \hat{i})] + \dot{\theta} \hat{k} \wedge (\dot{\theta} \hat{k} \wedge [l(\sin \theta \hat{i} + \cos \theta \hat{j})])$$

$$\vec{a}_{cm} = \ddot{x} \hat{i} + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \hat{j} - l \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \hat{j} + l \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta \hat{j} - l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \hat{i}$$

$$\vec{a}_{cm} = (\ddot{x} + l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta + l \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta) \hat{i} - l \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \hat{j} - l \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta \hat{j}$$

$$R \cos \theta - mg = m(l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta + l \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta) \quad \text{com } R = U - M \ddot{x}$$

$$R \sin \theta = m(\ddot{x} + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta - l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta)$$

$$(M+m)\ddot{x} + ml \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} - ml \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 = 0$$

Lagrange:

$$T_1 = \frac{m v_0^2}{2} + m v_0 (\omega \wedge (r - 0)) + \frac{J_0 \omega^2}{2} = \frac{m \dot{x}^2}{2} + ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta + \frac{2}{3} ml^2 \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$T_2 = \frac{M \dot{x}^2}{2}$$

$$T = \frac{(m+M) \dot{x}^2}{2} + ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta + \frac{2}{3} ml^2 \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$V = mgl \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} = -m\dot{x}\dot{\theta}\sin\theta + mgl\cos\theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (m\dot{x}\cos\theta + \frac{1}{3} m l^2 \dot{\theta}^2) = m(\ddot{x}\cos\theta - \dot{x}\dot{\theta}\sin\theta) + \frac{1}{3} m l^2 \ddot{\theta}$$

$$Q=0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} m l^2 \ddot{\theta} + \ddot{x}\cos\theta - g\sin\theta = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0 \quad Q=U$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} ((M+m)\dot{x} + ml\dot{\theta}\cos\theta) = (M+m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$

$$(M+m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta - 0 = U$$