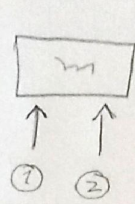
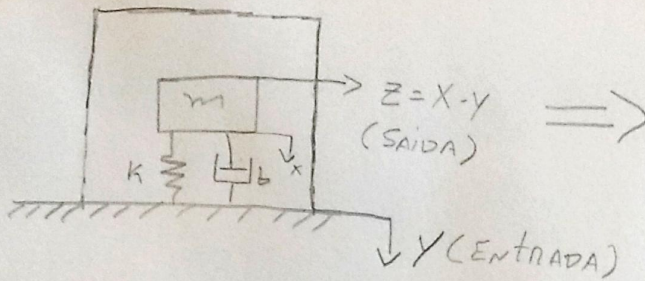


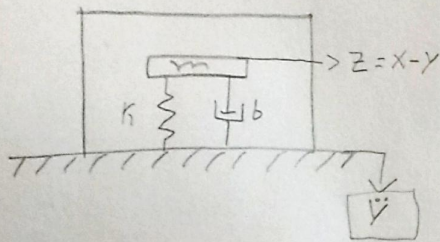
1) SISMÓGRAFO



① = $k(x-y)$
 ② = $b(\dot{x}-\dot{y})$

$$m \ddot{x} = -b\dot{x} + b\dot{y} - kx + ky$$

1b) ACELERÔMETRO

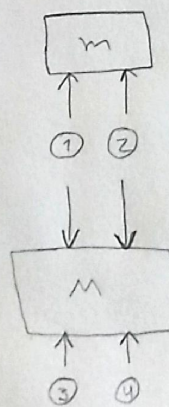
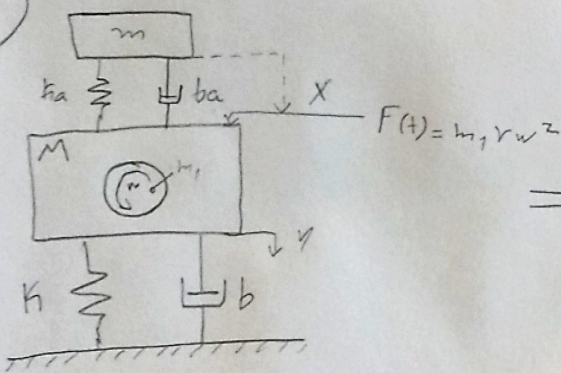


TOMANDO $z = x - y$

TEMOS DE ACORDO COM A REPETIÇÃO DO ÍTEM 1

$$m \ddot{x} = -b(\dot{z}) - k(z) \Rightarrow m(\ddot{z} + \ddot{y}) = -b\dot{z} - kz$$

2)



① = $k_a(x-y)$
 ② = $b_a(\dot{x}-\dot{y})$
 ③ = k_y
 ④ = $b_y \dot{y}$

Para m temos:

$$m \ddot{x} = -k_a(x-y) - b_a(\dot{x}-\dot{y})$$

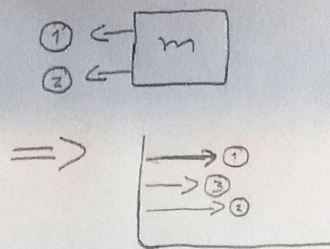
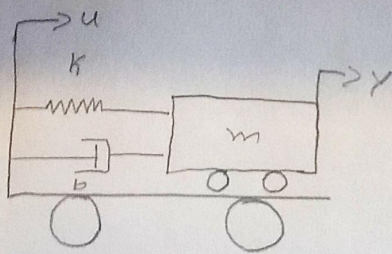
Para M temos:

$$M \ddot{y} = k_a(x-y) + b_a(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) - k_y y - b_y \dot{y} + F(t)$$

⇓

$$M \ddot{y} = k_a(x-y) + b_a(\dot{x}-\dot{y}) - k_y y - b_y \dot{y} + m_1 r \omega^2$$

Ex 3:



$$\textcircled{1} = ky \quad \textcircled{2} = b\dot{y}$$

$$\textcircled{3} = u$$

(CARRETA)

3a) Admitindo CARRETA COM MASSA DESPREZÁVEL TEMOS:

$$m(\ddot{x} + \ddot{y}) = -ky - b\dot{y} \quad (\text{MASSA})$$

$$M\ddot{x} = ky + b\dot{y} + u \quad (\text{CARRETA})$$

DESPREZANDO M TEMOS:

$$m(\ddot{x} + \ddot{y}) = -ky - b\dot{y} \quad \text{e} \quad 0 = ky + b\dot{y} + u$$

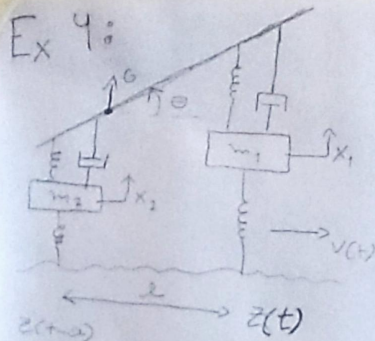
assim TEMOS $-ky - b\dot{y} = +u$

$$\text{tal que: } m(\ddot{x} + \ddot{y}) = +u$$

3b) Sem DESPREZAR M TEMOS

$$m(\ddot{x} + \ddot{y}) = -ky - b\dot{y}$$

$$M\ddot{x} = ky + b\dot{y} + u$$



$$T = \frac{m_1 \dot{x}_1^2}{2} + \frac{m_2 \dot{x}_2^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{x}_0^2 + \frac{J_0 \dot{\theta}^2}{2}$$

$$V = \frac{K_1 (x_1 - z)^2}{2} + \frac{K_2 (x_1 - x_2)^2}{2} + \frac{K_3 (x_2 - x_0 - l \sin \theta)^2}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{R} = \frac{b_1 (-\dot{x}_1 + x_0 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta)^2}{2} + \frac{b_2 (-\dot{x}_2 + \dot{x}_0 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta)^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}_1} \right) = m_1 \ddot{x}_1$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_1} = -K_1 (x_1 - z) + K_2 (x_1 - x_2 + l \sin \theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{R}}{\partial \dot{x}_1} = -b_1 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_1 + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta)$$

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + K_1 (x_1 - z) + K_2 (x_1 - x_2 + l \sin \theta) - b_1 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_1 + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}_2} \right) = m_2 \ddot{x}_2$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_2} = +K_2 (x_2 - x_1) - K_3 (x_0 - x_2 - l \sin \theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{R}}{\partial \dot{x}_2} = -b_2 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_2 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta)$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 - K_2 (x_2 - x_1) + K_3 (x_0 - x_2 - l \sin \theta) + b_2 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_2 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}_0} \right) = m \ddot{x}_0$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_0} = -K_3 (x_0 - x_1 + l \sin \theta) - K_3 (x_0 - x_2 - l \sin \theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{R}}{\partial \dot{x}_0} = b_1 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_1 + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) + b_2 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_2 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta)$$

$$m \ddot{x}_0 + K_3 (x_0 - x_1 + l \sin \theta) + K_3 (x_0 - x_2 - l \sin \theta) - b_1 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_1 + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) - b_2 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_2 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) = 0$$

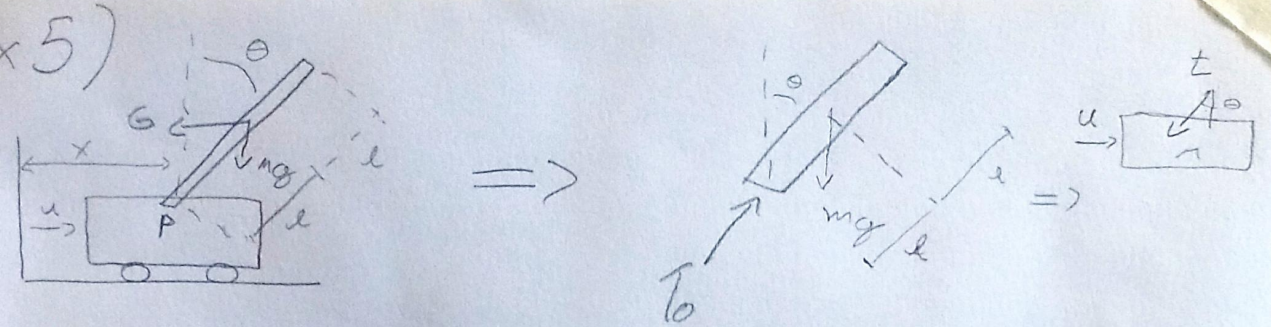
$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) = J_0 \ddot{\theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta} = -K_1 (x_1 - z) l \cos \theta + K_2 (x_1 - x_2 - l \sin \theta) l \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{R}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} = b_1 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_1 + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) l \cos \theta + b_2 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_2 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) l \cos \theta$$

$$J_0 \ddot{\theta} + K_1 (x_1 - z) l \cos \theta - K_2 (x_1 - x_2 - l \sin \theta) l \cos \theta - b_1 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_1 + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) l \cos \theta - b_2 (\dot{x}_0 - \dot{x}_2 - l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) l \cos \theta = 0$$

Ex 5)



TQMA: $\vec{M}_O = m(\vec{G}-\vec{O}) \wedge \ddot{X}_i + [J_O]\{\dot{\omega}\} + \omega \wedge (J_O\{\omega\})$

$\vec{M}_O = -mgl \sin\theta \vec{b}$

tal que

$m l \cos\theta \ddot{X} + \frac{4}{3} m l^2 \ddot{\theta} - mgl \sin\theta = 0$

$T = \frac{u - M\ddot{X}}{\sin\theta}$

Con: $T \sin\theta = \ddot{X}m + l \cos\theta \ddot{\theta}m - l \sin\theta \dot{\theta}^2 m$

temos:

$u = ml \cos\theta \ddot{\theta} - ml \sin\theta \dot{\theta}^2 + \ddot{X}M + \ddot{X}m$

$L = T - V$ onde:

$V = mgl \cos\theta$

$T = m\dot{X}\dot{\theta}l \cos\theta + \frac{M\dot{X}^2}{2} + \frac{m\dot{X}^2}{2} + \frac{2}{3} ml^2 \dot{\theta}^2$

temos

$L = \frac{M\dot{X}^2}{2} + \frac{m\dot{X}^2}{2} + \frac{2ml^2\dot{\theta}^2}{3} + m\dot{X}\dot{\theta}l \cos\theta - mgl \cos\theta$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{X}} \right) = M\ddot{X} + m\ddot{X} + m\dot{\theta}l \cos\theta - m\dot{\theta}^2 l \sin\theta = u$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) = \frac{4ml^2\dot{\theta}}{3} + ml\dot{X}\cos\theta - m\dot{X}l\dot{\theta}\sin\theta$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) - \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} \right) = \frac{4ml^2\ddot{\theta}}{3} + ml \cos\theta \ddot{X} - mgl \sin\theta$